

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
Data from January 1 – June 30 2016
Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

2015 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Specialty Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2015:	1,236
Patient Days in 2015:	126,984
Total Number of Beds:	405
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.49

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:
 No comments provided.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2016

Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.7	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2010-2011.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

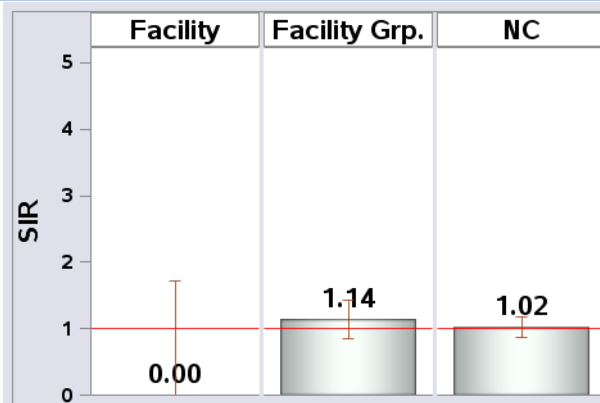


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2016.

Clostridium difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2016

Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	2	17	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2010-2011.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

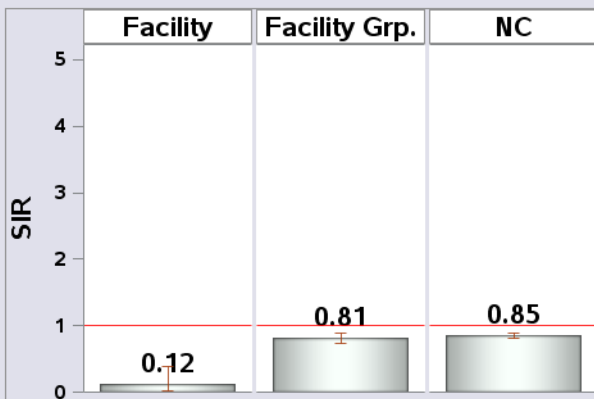


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2016.

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Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAE are not reportable at this facility type