

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
Data from January 1 – March 31, 2016
Chs Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2015 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
 Admissions in 2015: 301
 Patient Days in 2015: 5,517
 Total Number of Beds: 40
 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.20
 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.50

(*FTE = Full-time equivalent)



Commentary From Facility:
 No comments provided.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

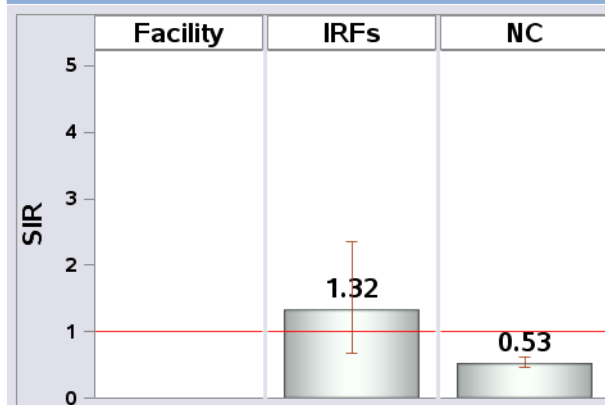


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2016.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2016.

Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2009.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities began reporting Laboratory identified MRSA in January 2015 but these data are not presented in this report. The data collected do not meet the minimum threshold to calculate an SIR at this time. Laboratory identified MRSA data from this facility type will be included in future reports.

Clostridium difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness.

Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities began reporting Laboratory identified CDI in January 2015 but these data are not presented in this report. The data collected do not meet the minimum threshold to calculate an SIR at this time. Laboratory identified CDI data from this facility type will be included in future reports.

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Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs, or SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs, or SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAE are not reportable at this facility type