Introduction

The prevention of healthcare-associated infections is a public health priority in North Carolina and is a collaborative effort among the healthcare and public health communities. This Healthcare-Associated Infections report is an important product of this collaboration. Included in this report is information about infections occurring in North Carolina short-term acute care hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities from January 1 through June 30, 2021. Data included in this report are preliminary and therefore subject to change.

This report focuses on six important types of healthcare-associated infections that may occur while patients are hospitalized: central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), surgical site infections (SSI) following abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries, MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), *Clostridioides difficile* laboratory-identified infections (CDI LabID) and ventilator associated events (VAE). These infections account for a large proportion of infections and deaths attributed to healthcare, but they do not represent the full spectrum of healthcare-associated infections.

This report was prepared by the North Carolina Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program located in the Communicable Disease Branch of the Epidemiology Section of the North Carolina Division of Public Health. The NC SHARPPS Program works to eliminate preventable infections in healthcare settings by:

- 1. Conducting statewide surveillance for selected healthcare-associated infections in alliance with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reporting rules;
- 2. Providing useful, unbiased information to healthcare providers and consumers;
- 3. Promoting and coordinating prevention efforts; and
- 4. Responding to outbreaks in healthcare settings.

We hope that the information in this report will be useful to healthcare providers and consumers. Data are intended to provide an understanding of the burden of healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina and an opportunity to evaluate infection rates across the state. Prevention tips are also provided so readers can take steps to minimize their risk of acquiring a healthcare-associated infection (Appendix C). We welcome your feedback to improve the usefulness of future reports (nchai@dhhs.nc.gov).

For more information on healthcare-associated infections and the NC SHARPPS Program, please visit http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html.

Acknowledgements

The NC SHARPPS Program would like to acknowledge and thank hospital infection preventionists across the state, who work tirelessly to protect patients from infection. These preventionists provided the data used to create this report and worked with their hospital colleagues to identify and reconcile any potential problems with the data. These acknowledgements and gratitude extend to the hospitals. While reporting of healthcare-associated infections is required, their support for healthcare-associated infections reporting and efforts to assure accurate reporting of infections is appreciated. The recent successes in fighting healthcare-associated infections would not have been possible without the continuing efforts, dedication and collaboration of hospitals and hospital infection preventionists.

The NC SHARPPS Program would also like to recognize the contributions of the Healthcare-Associated Infections Advisory Group members listed in Appendix D.

Finally, the program would like to acknowledge its partners, who have been important leaders and strong supporters of surveillance and prevention programs for healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina. These include the North Carolina Healthcare Association, the North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology, the North Carolina Chapter of the Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, Alliant Quality, and the Adult Care Licensure Section and Nursing Home Licensure and Certification Section of the North Carolina Division of Health Service Regulation.

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I. Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a variety of organisms – including bacteria, viruses and fungi – while people are receiving medical care. As part of the effort to reduce such types of infections, hospitals report specific types of HAIs to the NC Division of Public Health (DPH) as required by law (General Statute 130A-150). Since 2012, they have been reporting central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), and surgical site infections (SSI) occurring after inpatient abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries. Beginning in January 2013, short-term acute care hospitals began reporting laboratory-confirmed (LabID) bloodstream infections caused by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) and infections caused by *Clostridioides difficile*. In January 2016, Ventilator Associated Events (VAE) became reportable in long-term acute care hospitals. MRSA is no longer reportable in long-term acute care hospitals or inpatient rehabilitation facilities as of Q3 2018.

By North Carolina law, hospital reporting requirements are based on the reporting requirements established by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). HAI information is entered into the CDC web-based surveillance system called the National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN). The NC SHARPPS Program works with hospitals on a monthly basis to ensure their data are accurate and timely. All data in NHSN are entered and modified by hospitals; the NC SHARPPS Program cannot enter or change data in NHSN.

To learn more about CLABSIs, CAUTIS, SSIs, MRSA, *C. difficile* and other HAIs, please visit the NC SHARPPS Program website at http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html. More information on HAIs can be found in Appendix C. In addition to information about specific infections, there is a link to the "Facts and Figures" webpage (http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html), which includes current and previous reports. The Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document issued in October 2012 and revised in October 2019, contains background information on HAIs, HAI surveillance in North Carolina, and detailed information on statistics commonly used to describe and summarize HAIs. Subsequent reports, published quarterly, cover timely state-level and facility-specific data on the incidence of HAIs in hospitals across the state, as well as information on the creation and progress of various initiatives to reduce HAIs.

North Carolina Administrative Code rule 10A NCAC 41A .0106 requires hospitals to report the HAIs listed in the CMS Inpatient Prospective Payment System Rule.

II. Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

A. Explanation of the Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

Each hospital-specific summary report contains up to eight sections: 1) general hospital information, 2) central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), 3) catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), 4) surgical site infections (SSI) after abdominal hysterectomies and colon surgeries, 5) MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), 6) *C. difficile* laboratory-identified events (CDI LabID), 7) ventilator associated events (VAE) and 8) commentary from the hospital. These sections are described below.

These reports cover January 1 through June 30, 2021 and data were downloaded from NHSN on August 12, 2021 unless otherwise indicated; any changes made to the data after the provided date are not reflected in this report.

Before reviewing this report, a few clarifications about the data need to be made:

- I. The data within this report are <u>preliminary</u>. Although efforts were made by hospitals and the NC SHARPPS Program to ensure that the data were accurate and complete, the data are self-reported and have not been formally "double checked" or validated. Unless data validation is completed, numbers should be interpreted with caution.
- II. There may be differences in reporting practices among hospitals. Hospitals with more infection control personnel and resources may be able to identify and report more infections compared to a hospital with fewer infection control resources.
- III. There may be differences between results published by the NC SHARPPS Program and results published elsewhere (i.e., CMS). Results may differ due to using data from different time periods, different facility types, different patient populations, and/or different methods of analysis.
- IV. The NC SHARPPS Program chose not to present some data for individual hospital units, procedures or hospitals that did not meet a threshold (minimum value) for the reporting period. The minimum threshold numbers are based on CDC recommendations for reporting healthcare-associated infection data:
 - Central line-associated bloodstream infections: 50 central line days;
 - Catheter-associated urinary tract infections: 50 catheter days; and
 - Surgical site infections: 20 surgeries.
- V. The NC SHARPPS Program does not calculate an SIR when the number of predicted infections is less than 1. In these situations, the "How Does this Facility Compare to the National Experience" text states "No conclusion." This does not mean that hospitals failed to report data, or that hospitals did not report all necessary data; it only means that the number of patients, devices (central lines or urinary catheters), and/or procedures that were seen during this time period did not meet the established threshold (minimum value) for calculating an SIR. This minimum threshold is based on CDC recommendations. In other words, there is not enough information to make a reliable conclusion about the hospital's or the state's performance on this measure.
- VI. Laboratory-Identified Events (LabID): Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) bacteremia (blood infection) and *C. difficile* infections (CDI) LabID events rely on laboratory data. Patients did not have to be ill to have a positive result, and a positive result can be determined without requiring clinical information about the patient. This allows for a much less laborintensive means to track CDI and MRSA infections. Only those LabID events that are acquired in the hospital are displayed in this report. The sensitivity of various testing types may vary, particularly for CDI, so hospitals that use more sensitive tests might report more LabID events than hospitals that use less sensitive tests. NHSN makes risk adjustments to account for these differences when calculating SIRs for LabID CDI events.
- VII. Changes in surveillance definitions impact the number of observed and predicted events: In 2015, there were a number of notable changes to surveillance definitions and reporting requirements that should be considered when looking at this report. First, in acute care hospitals, CLABSI and CAUTI reporting was expanded to include the reporting of observed CLABSI and CAUTI infections in adult and pediatric medical, surgical, and medical/surgical ward locations in addition to ongoing ICU reporting. Secondly, the CAUTI surveillance definition was restricted to include only urine cultures with a colony count of at least 100,000 colony forming units per milliliter (CFU/mI) for at least one type of bacteria and to exclude pathogen results with only yeast, mold, dimorphic fungi or parasites.

1. General Hospital Information

This section contains general information about the hospital and includes a map of where the hospital (red star icon) is located in North Carolina. Data in this section are from the NSHN 2020 Annual Hospital Survey. If a 2020 survey had not been completed by the date of report, data from the NHSN 2019 Annual Hospital Survey were used.

2. HAI Information

A list of reporting hospitals by facility category can be found in Appendix E.

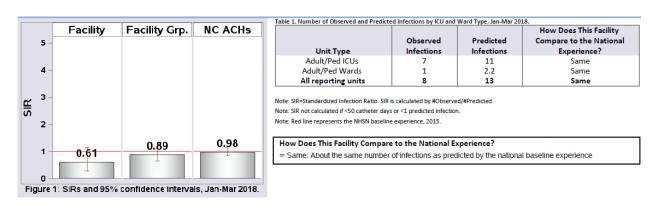
a) Below is a list of all variables shown in the data tables and figures:

- **Title:** The title of the table gives you information about the infection type, time period, facility unit(s)/group(s) included in the table
- **Procedure Type:** This is the specific type of surgery for which the surgical site infection (SSI) data are presented (e.g., abdominal hysterectomy, colon surgery).
- Unit/Unit Type: This is the specific unit/type of unit in the hospital from which the data was collected. There may be more than one reporting unit for a given facility HAI (specifically for CLABSI and CAUTI), such as multiple intensive care units. The hospital-specific report tables will summarize the year-to-date total across all reporting units in the hospital.
- Observed Infections (or Observed Events): This is the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) reported by the facility.
- **Predicted Infections (or Predicted Events):** This is a calculated value that reflects the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) that we have "predicted" to occur in this facility, based on the national experience.
- "How Does the Facility Compare to the National Experience?" Colors and symbols are used to help you quickly understand and interpret the hospital's data. This is the "take-home message" about healthcare-associated infections in this facility.
 - ★ Indicates the facility had fewer infections than were predicted (better than the national experience) = Indicates the facility had about the same number of infections as were predicted (same as the national experience)
 - ➤ Indicates the facility had more infections than were predicted (worse than the national experience)

No Conclusion: Indicates that the facility reported data, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison to the national experience (# of predicted infections was less than 1).

- Facility Group: Hospitals are grouped with similarly sized facilities and inpatient rehabilitation facilities and long-term acute care hospitals are grouped together. This allows readers to compare a facility's SIR to the SIR of similarly sized facilities within North Carolina.
- Note: Footnotes are included in the report in order to bring important data caveats to the reader's attention.

Figure 1. Example of Hospital-Specific Report Table and Figure



- b) SIR Represented by the bars in each graph.
 - SIR = number of observed infections / number of predicted infections based on the national baseline experience
 - SIR is calculated for each HAI at each facility
 - The SIR is considered a "best guess" or estimate of observed infections compared to those predicted during January 1, 2021 June 30, 2021
- c) 95% confidence intervals for the SIR Represented by the skinny, vertical red lines in each figure.

Data in this section represent a lower and a higher limit around the SIR; together these limits create an interval. It means we are statistically 95% confident the SIR estimate falls within this interval. Wider bars indicate less confidence in the SIR estimate.

How to understand the 95% confidence intervals:

- If the value of <u>1.0</u> is included between the lower and upper limit, there is NO statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- If the value of <u>1.0 is NOT included</u> between the lower and upper limit, there IS a statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- d) NHSN Baseline (i.e., national experience) Represented by the solid, horizontal red line in each figure.
 - The NHSN baseline is the number of predicted infections based on the national experience
 - The NHSN baseline year is 2015 for all HAIs.

3. Commentary from Hospital

This section includes hospital comments on their HAI data and current infection control activities. Hospitals can provide a link to their hospital website to provide lengthier comments.

Statistics

For a detailed explanation of statistics included in the HAI reports, see the Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document which was revised October 2019 (http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Explanations on concepts such as statistical significance and computation of measures including rates and standardized infection ratios (SIRs) are provided.

Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 3,242 Patient Days in 2020: 12,566 Total Number of Beds: 103 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.97

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



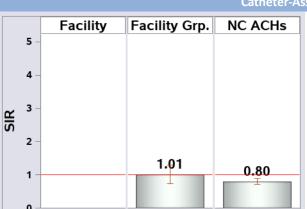


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 2 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Г | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

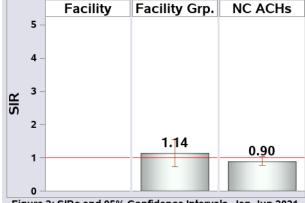


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness.

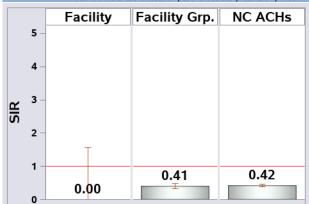


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.9 | Same |
| | | - | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021

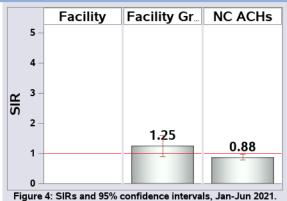
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

How Does This Facility

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

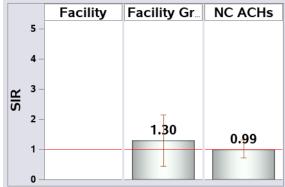
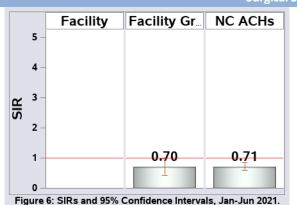


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

| 2020 Hospi | tal Survey Information |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 11,548 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 48,125 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 238 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 32 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 bed | ls: 0.63 |

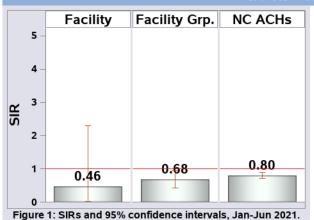




Commentary From Facility:

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 1.4 | Same | | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 2.2 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WKSA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.2 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

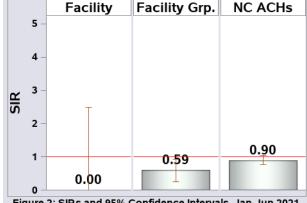
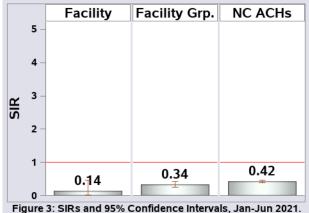


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 14 | Better | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

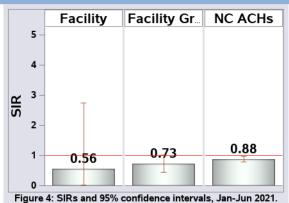
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.8 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

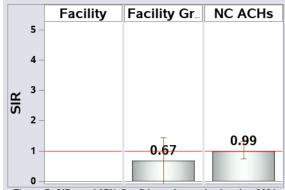
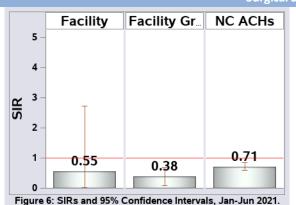


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.8 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 3,138 Patient Days in 2020: 12,598 Total Number of Beds: 53 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.94

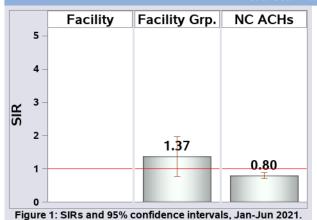
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.2 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

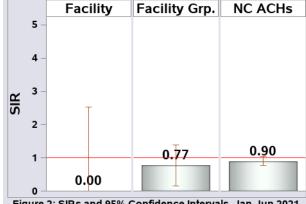
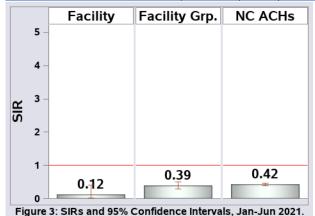


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 16 | Better | |

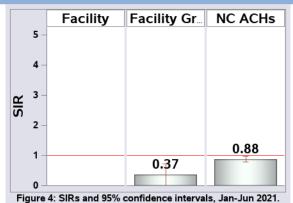
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

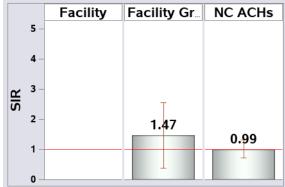
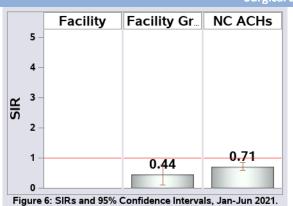


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 5,755 Patient Days in 2020: 16,572 Total Number of Beds: 117 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.71

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Facility



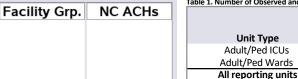


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1

Less than 1.0

Less than 1.0

O

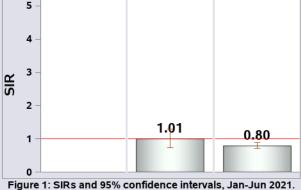
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

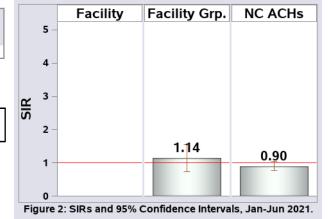
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Г | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

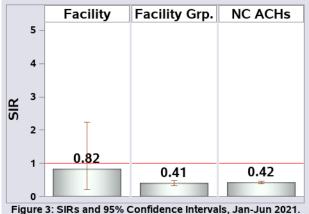


No Conclusion

No Conclusion

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 3.7 | Same | | |

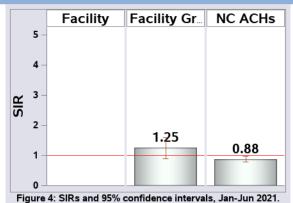
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

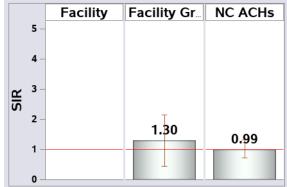
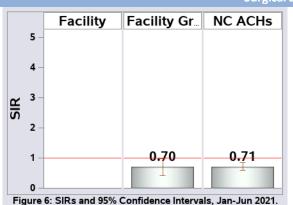


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 272 Patient Days in 2020: 8,304 Total Number of Beds: 34 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.63 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided

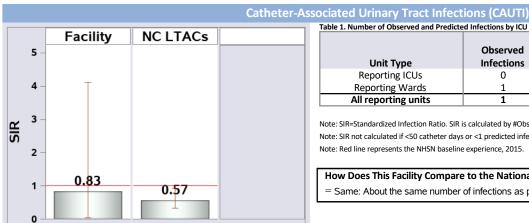


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? No Conclusion Reporting ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Reporting Wards

1.2

Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

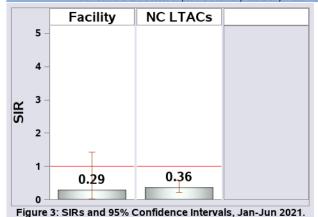
All reporting units

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.5 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Reporting ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Reporting Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.9 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 22,176 Patient Days in 2020: 116,423 Total Number of Beds: 457 Number of ICU Beds: 74 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.66

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

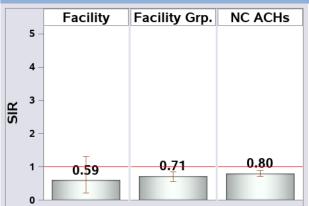


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Same 1 4.3 Adult/Ped Wards Δ 4.2 Same All reporting units 8.5 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 5 | 6.2 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

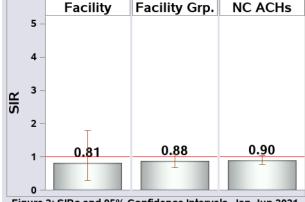
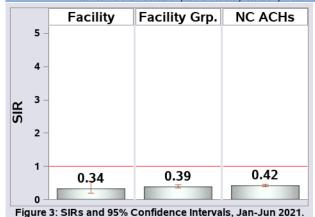


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 13 | 39 | Better | | |

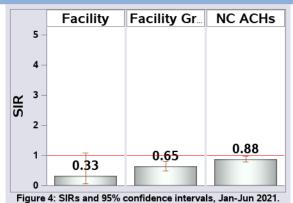
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 2.8 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 3.1 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 6.1 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

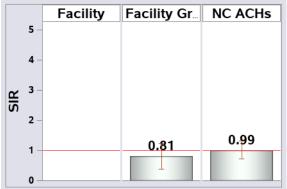
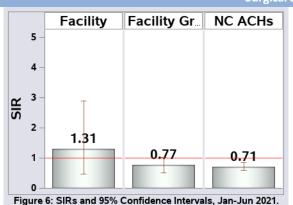


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 5 | 3.8 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

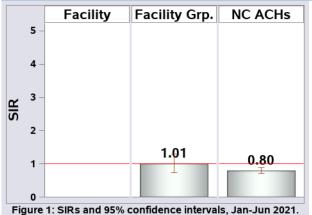
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 5,081 Patient Days in 2020: 20,249 Total Number of Beds: 101 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.74

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

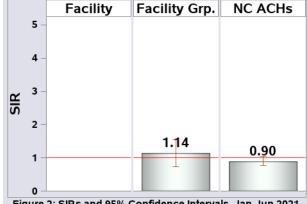
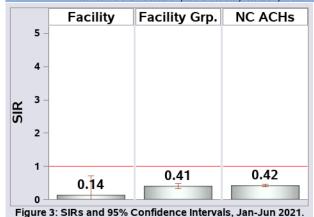


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 6.9 | Better | |

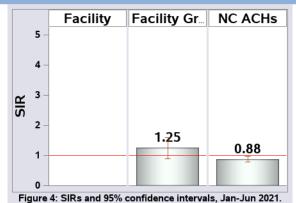
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| - | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

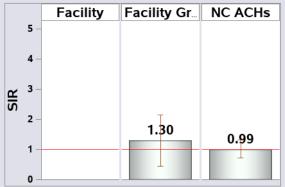
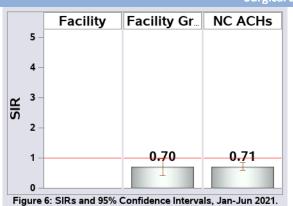


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 4,107 Patient Days in 2020: 17,396 Total Number of Beds: 109 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.92

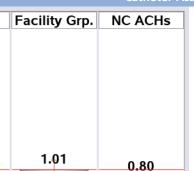
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR

Facility





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| | Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|-----|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Α | dult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Ac | dult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All | reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

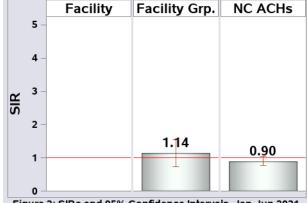
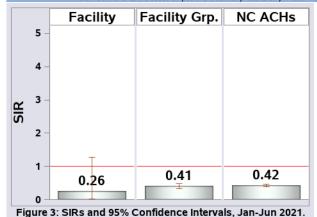


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.9 | Same | |

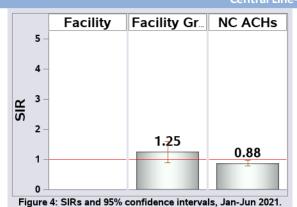
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

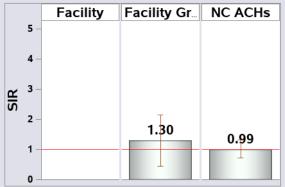
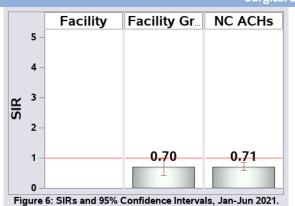


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

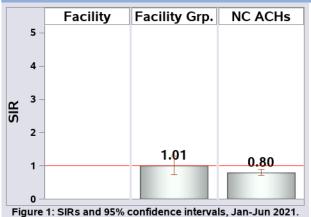
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 8,085 Patient Days in 2020: 32,367 Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 15 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.75

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

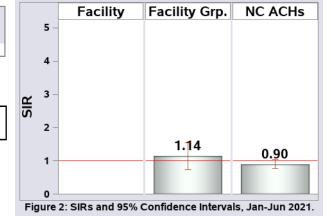
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

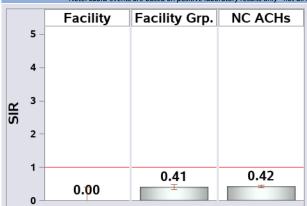


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 7.6 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Facility Gr. NC ACHs

0.88

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021

| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 4 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 5 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

1.25

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Facility

5

SIR

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

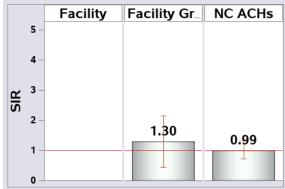
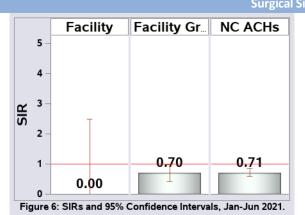


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

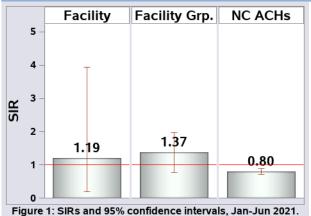
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 3,643 Patient Days in 2020: 15,423 Total Number of Beds: 87 Number of ICU Beds: 6 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.72

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| | Observed | Predicted | How Does This Facility Compare to the National |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.7 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

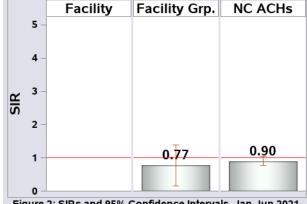
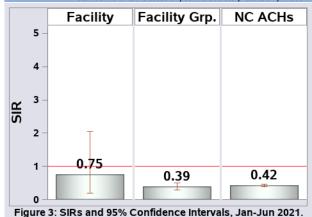


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 4.0 | Same | | |

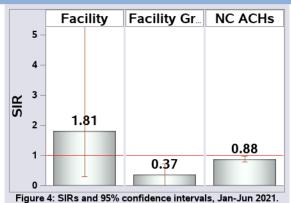
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predi | able 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

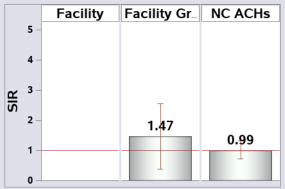
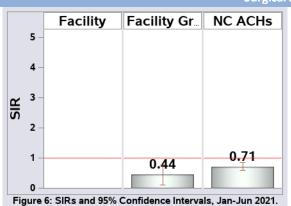


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major

Admissions in 2020: 236 Patient Days in 2020: 83,524 Total Number of Beds: 297 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.67

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| 1 | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| - | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

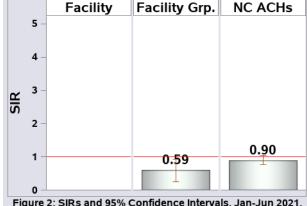
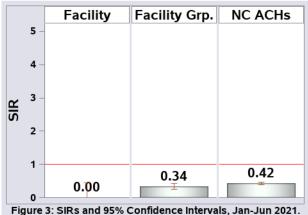


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 6.8 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County

| Central Line-Ass | ociated Blooc | lstream In | fections (| (CLABSI) |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center, Rocky Mount, Nash County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility Admissions in 2020: 469 Patient Days in 2020: 6,285 Total Number of Beds: 23 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.25

Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.09 [*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Commentary From Facility: No comments provided

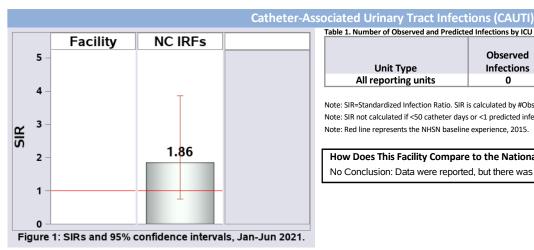


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

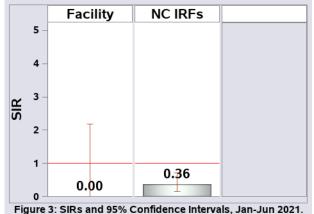
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center, Rocky Mount, Nash County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
|--|
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE) |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3 |
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Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

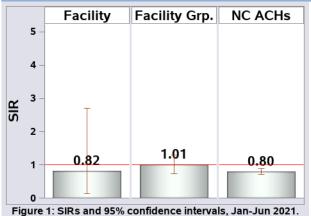
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 4,322 Patient Days in 2020: 20,147 Total Number of Beds: 106 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.65

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 1.1 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 1.4 | Same |
| All reporting units | 2 | 2.5 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

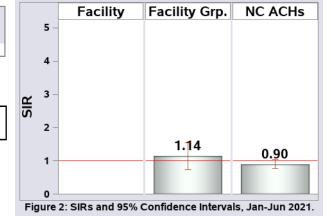
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Witton Events, Jan 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

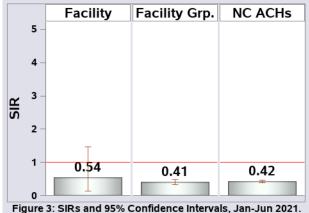
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 5.5 | Same | | |

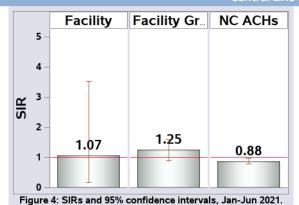
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 1.1 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.9 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

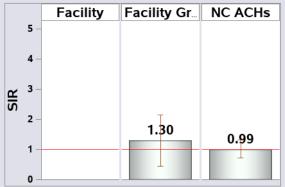
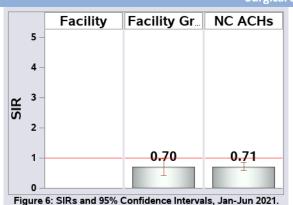


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 38,472 Patient Days in 2020: 177,495 Total Number of Beds: 775 Number of ICU Beds: 69 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 5.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.71

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR





0.71

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 3 4.6 Same Adult/Ped Wards 2.6 Same All reporting units Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

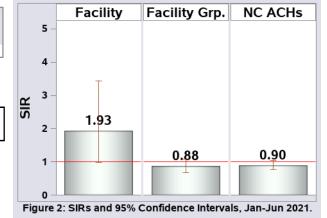
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 10 | 5.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

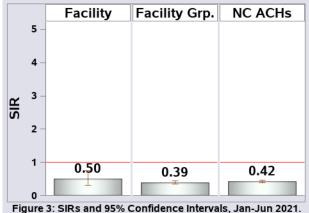
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | | How Does This Facility |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 19 | 38 | Better |

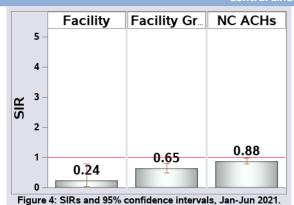
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 5.4 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.6 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 8.4 | Better |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Same 1.3

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

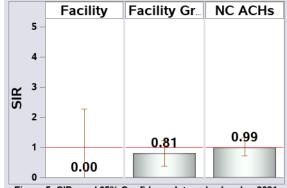
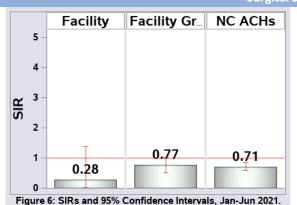


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.5 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County

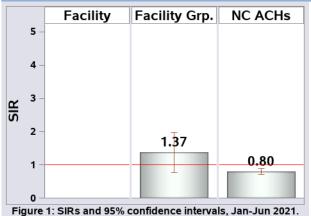
2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 1,277 Patient Days in 2020: 3,305 Total Number of Beds: 49 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.02







No comments provided



| | Observed | Predicted | How Does This Facility Compare to the National |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

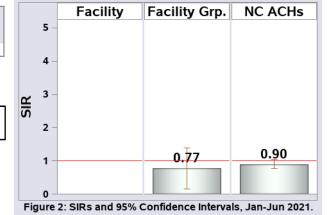
| • | Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WK3A Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|---|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Γ | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| ı | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| ı | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | How Does This Facility |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

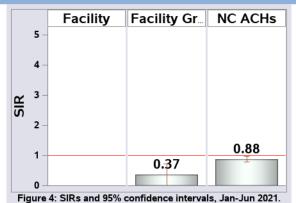
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| rabi | Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| | Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

No comments provided

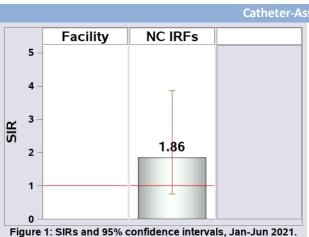
2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2020: 1.113 Patient Days in 2020: 15,482 Total Number of Beds: 78 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.25 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

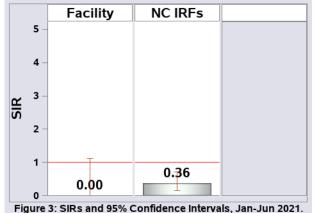
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 2.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
|--|
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE) |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3 |
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North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Admissions in 2020: 1,641
Patient Days in 2020: 22,604
Total Number of Beds: 80
FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.70
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.88

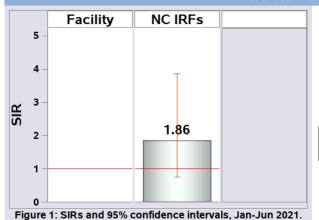
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| All reporting units | 4 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

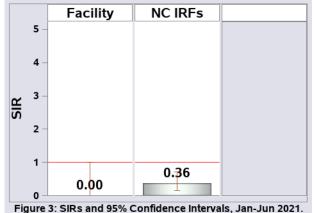
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| able 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 3.0 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
|--|
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| |
| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| |
| Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE) |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3 |
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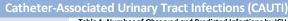
CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 13,561 Patient Days in 2020: 67,926 Total Number of Beds: 350 Number of ICU Beds: 33 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.86

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

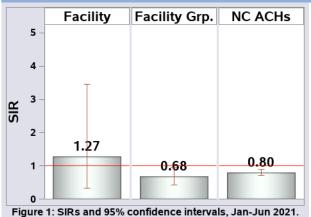


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 1.4 Same 2 Adult/Ped Wards Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units 2.4 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

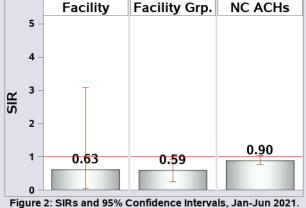
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide innatient | 1 | 1.6 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

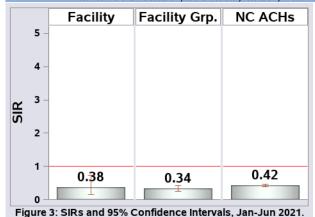
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 19 | Better | | | |

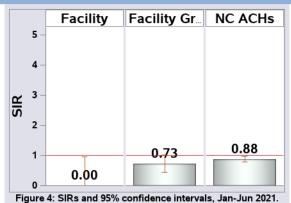
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 1.4 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 1.8 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 3.1 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

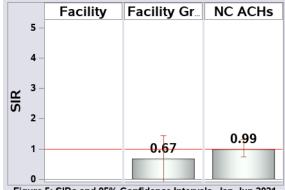
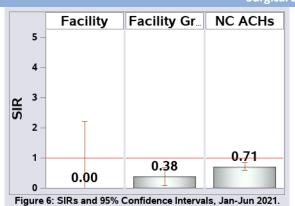


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.3 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 449 1,309 Patient Days in 2020: Total Number of Beds: 15 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.33

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

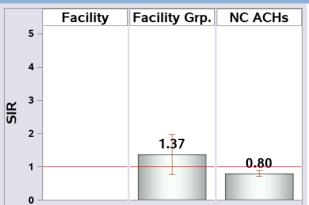


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

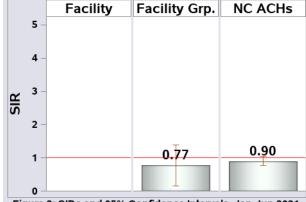
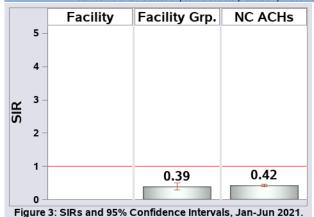


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

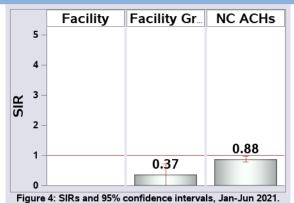
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

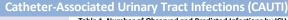
North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 6,414 Patient Days in 2020: 32,577 Total Number of Beds: 151 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.66

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

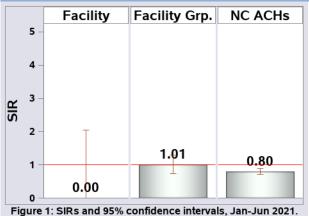


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.5 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

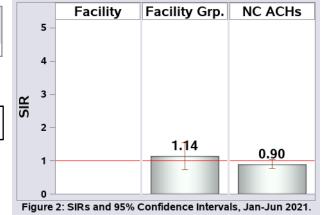
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

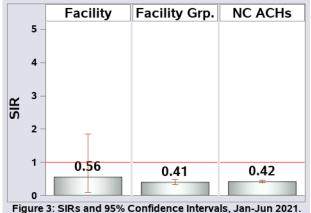
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide innationt | 2 | 3.6 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

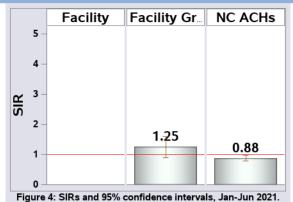
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

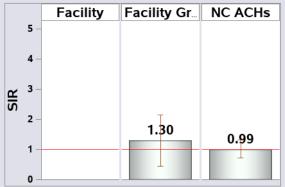
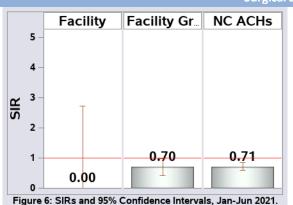


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| How Does This Facil | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

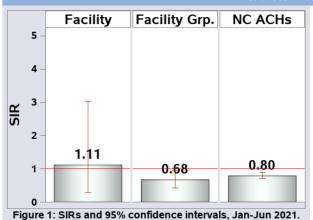
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 8,564 Patient Days in 2020: 46,993 Total Number of Beds: 241 Number of ICU Beds: 18 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.41

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 3 | 1.7 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 3 | 2.7 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabiD events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabiD events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

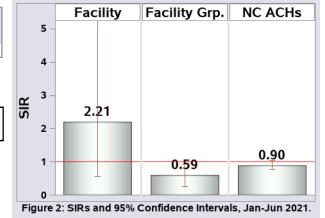
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 1.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

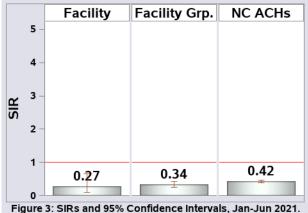
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 15 | Better | | |

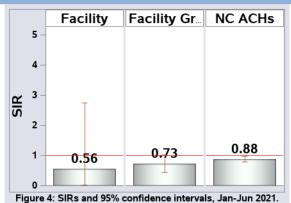
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 1.2 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.8 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

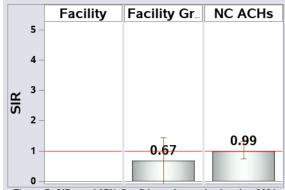
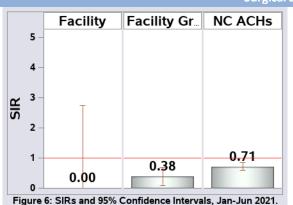


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| How Does This Facil | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

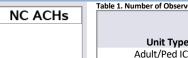
North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 33,159 Patient Days in 2020: 206,670 Total Number of Beds: 859 Number of ICU Beds: 219 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 10.3 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.19

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 18 18 Same Adult/Ped Wards 6 3.9 Same All reporting units 24 22 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

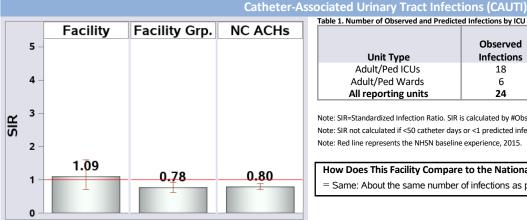


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 13 | 15 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

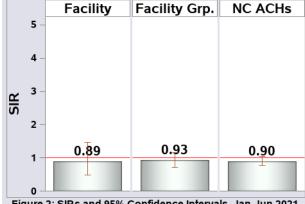
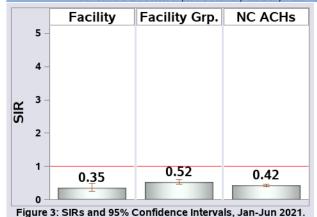


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 35 | 100 | Better | | | |

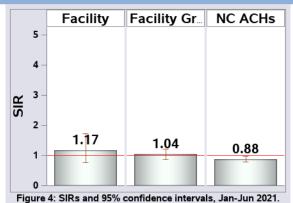
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 20 | 12 | Worse | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | 4.9 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 1 | 3.4 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 24 | 20 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 2.9 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

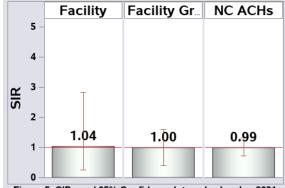
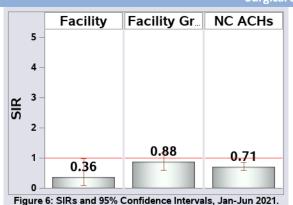


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 8.4 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

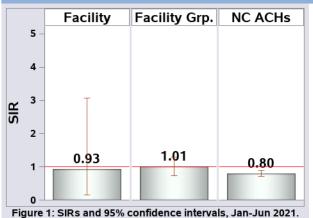
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 10,276 Patient Days in 2020: 44,699 Total Number of Beds: 196 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.77

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 1.3 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 2.2 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

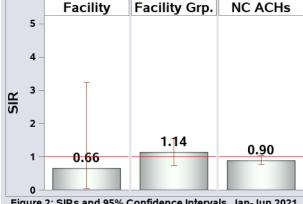
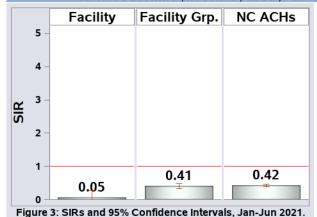


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 18 | Better | |

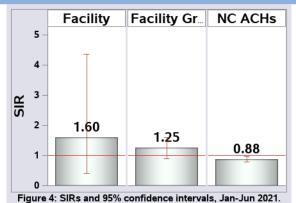
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 3 | 1.9 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 17,508 Patient Days in 2020: 70,897 Total Number of Beds: 254 Number of ICU Beds: 42 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.79

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 0.80 0.680.22 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predict | ed infections by ICO and | ward Type, Jan-Jun 202 | How Does This Facility |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 2.0 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 2.5 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 4.5 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 2.5 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

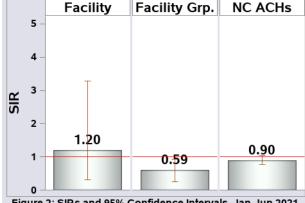
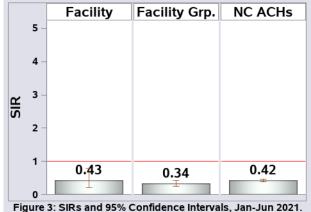


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 9 | 21 | Better | | |

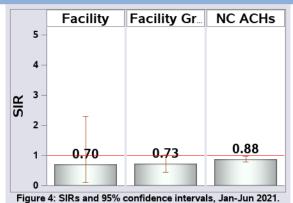
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 1.4 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 1.4 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 2.9 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

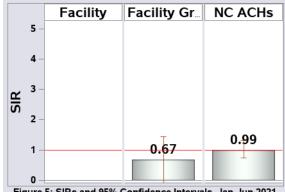
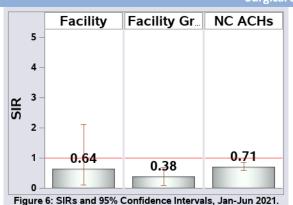


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| How Does This Facility | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.1 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 8,231 Patient Days in 2020: 37,177 Total Number of Beds: 182 Number of ICU Beds: 14 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.55

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



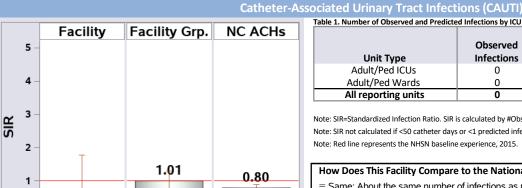


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

No comments provided

| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.7 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

0.00

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

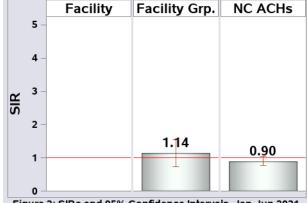


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

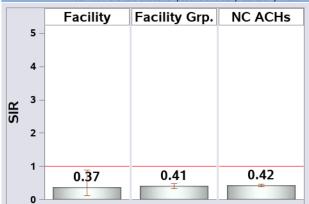


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 11 | Better | |

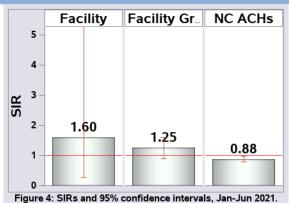
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.2 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

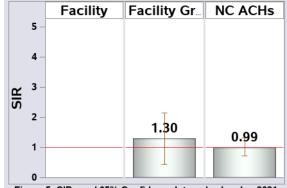
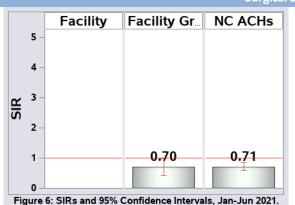


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

No comments provided

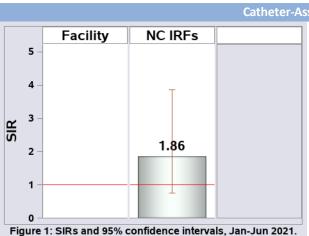
2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2020: 1.129 Patient Days in 2020: 19,576 Total Number of Beds: 70 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

How Does This Facility Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

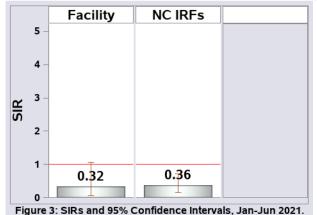
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 6.2 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly, Belmont, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2020: 742 Patient Days in 2020: 10,357 Total Number of Beds: 40 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.10 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided

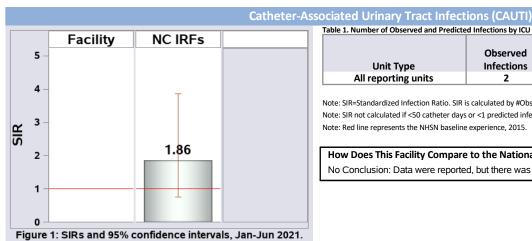


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

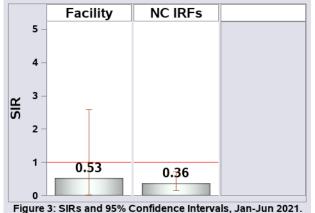
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.9 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly, Belmont, Mecklenburg County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
|--|
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| |
| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
| |
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| |
| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
| |
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| Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE) |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3 |
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North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation North East, Concord, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2020: 677 Patient Days in 2020: 1,685 Total Number of Beds: 40 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) NC IRFs **Facility** 5 1.86

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

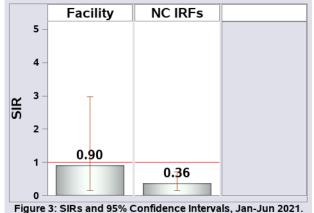
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 2.2 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation North East, Concord, Mecklenburg County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
|--|
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type |
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| Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE) |
| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3 |
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North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 314 Patient Days in 2020: 10,474 Total Number of Beds: 40 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

SIR

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Facility NC LTACs 5 0.57 0.49

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting Wards 2 Same 4.1 All reporting units 2 4.1 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

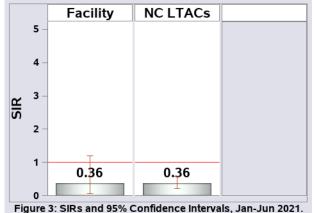
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 5.5 | Same | | |

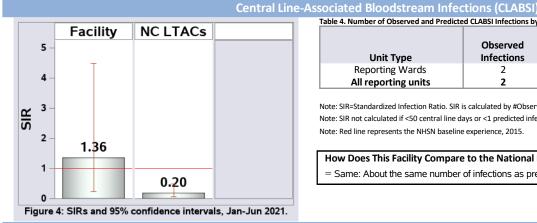
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Reporting Wards | 2 | 1.5 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County

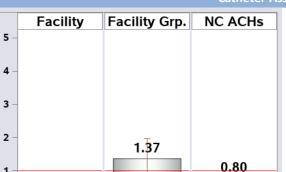
2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 6,163 Patient Days in 2020: 25,250 Total Number of Beds: 75 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

SIR





Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

 ${\tt Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted}.$

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

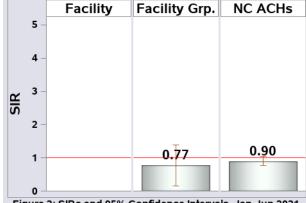
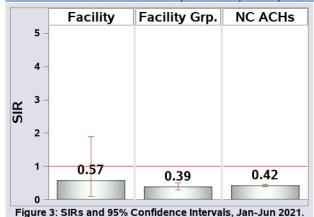


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



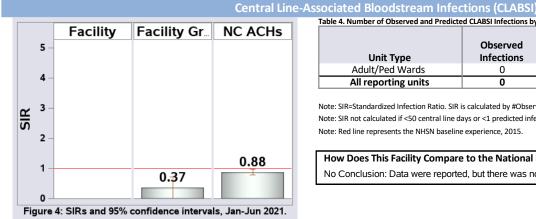
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

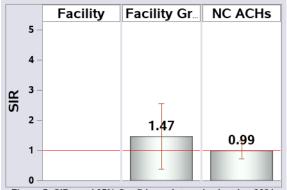
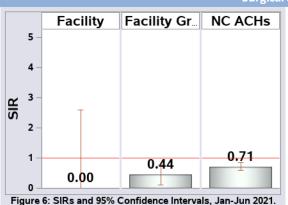


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Acute Care Hospital

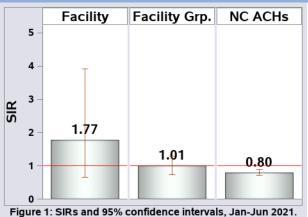
Hospital Type: Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 13,031 Patient Days in 2020: 54,241 Total Number of Beds: 190 Number of ICU Beds: 36 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.05

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 5 | 1.4 | Worse | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 1.4 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 5 | 2.8 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

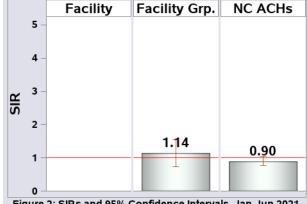
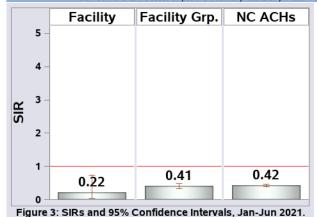


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 9.1 | Better | | |

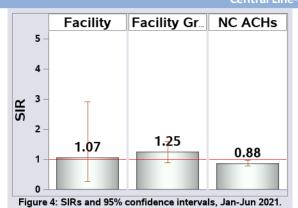
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 3 | 1.2 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 1.1 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 3 | 2.8 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

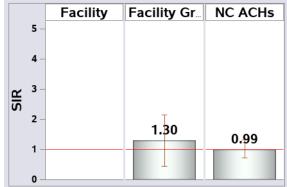
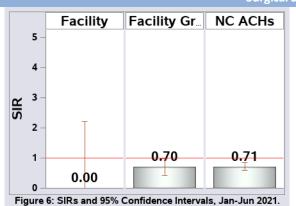


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

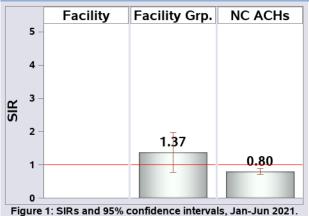
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 3,425 12,326 Patient Days in 2020: Total Number of Beds: 89 Number of ICU Beds: 9 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.56

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

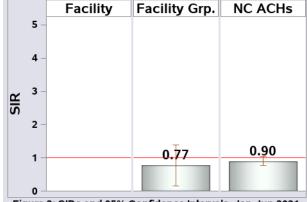
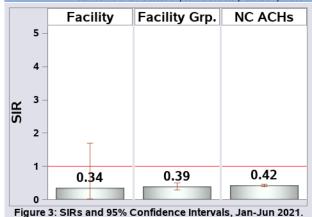


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.9 | Same | | |

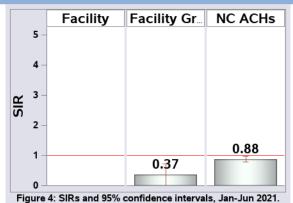
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| ı | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

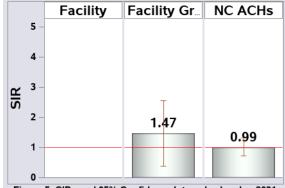
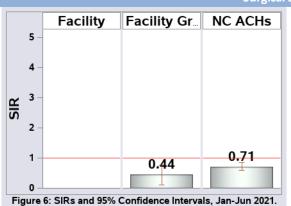


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 1,813 Patient Days in 2020: 6,933 Total Number of Beds: 44 Number of ICU Beds: 8 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.14

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



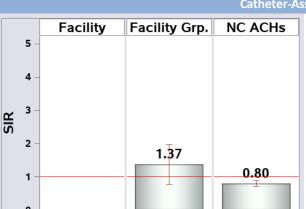


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 2: Namber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, July 2011 | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

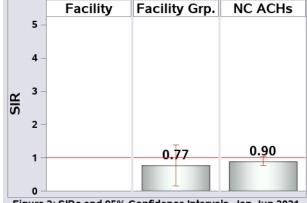


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

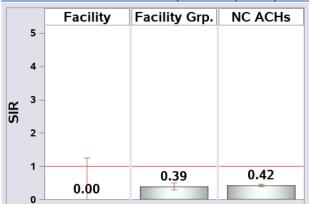


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

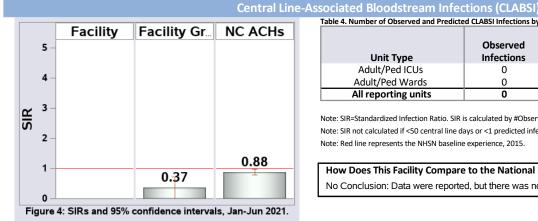
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 2.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 811 Patient Days in 2020: 132,802 Total Number of Beds: 405 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.49

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

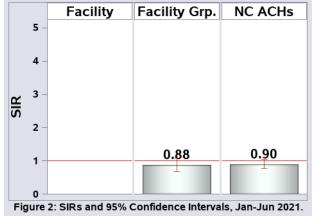
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 How Does This Facility | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

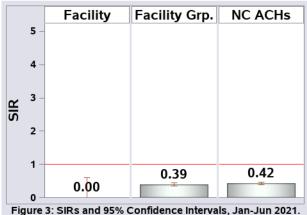
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 5.0 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

| Central Line-Associated Bloo | dstream Infections (CLABS) | ABSI) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 546 Patient Days in 2020: 2,861 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 11.1

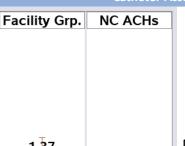
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR

Facility





0.80

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

1.37

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

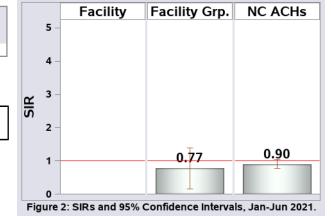
| Table 21 Hamber of Observed and Fredrick | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

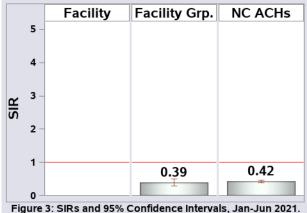
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

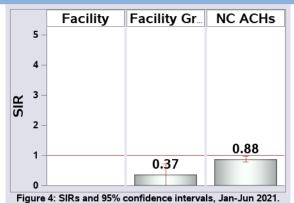
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο

Admissions in 2020: 540 Patient Days in 2020: 73,849 Total Number of Beds: 259 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.77

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

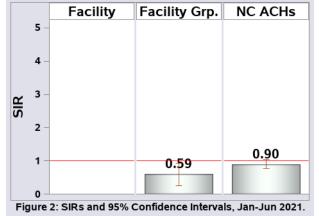
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

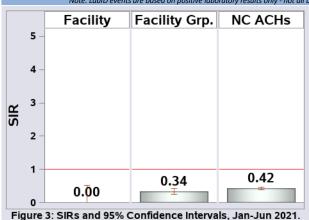
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 5.8 | Better | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

| Central Line-Ass | ociated Blooc | lstream In | fections (| (CLABSI) |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report from January 1 - June 30, 2021 CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2020: 634 Patient Days in 2020: 9,202 Total Number of Beds: 29 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Commentary From Facility:

No comments provided

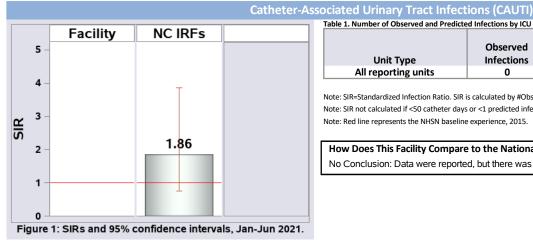


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

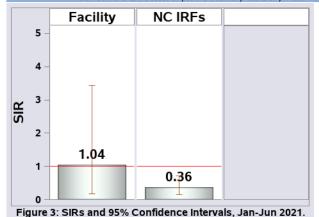
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 1.9 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 4,166 Patient Days in 2020: 18,981 Total Number of Beds: 70 Number of ICU Beds: 9 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.55 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.79

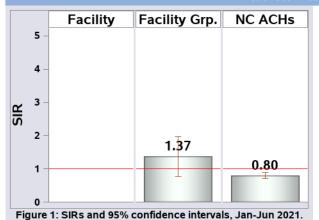
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Columbus Regional Healthcare System. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

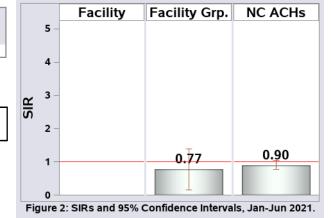
| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide innatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

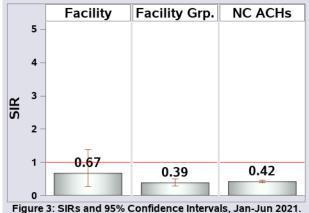
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict | ed CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 9.0 | Same |

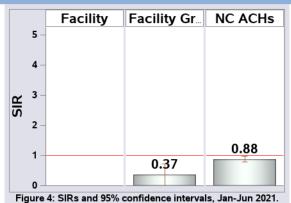
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

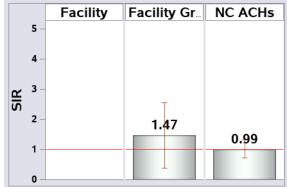
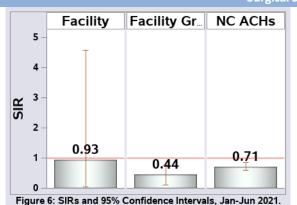


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Cone Green Valley, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 2,012 Patient Days in 2020: 13,489 Total Number of Beds: 120 Number of ICU Beds: 27 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.42

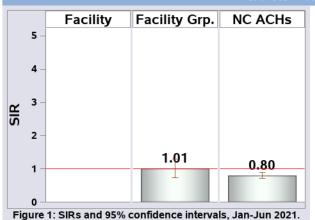
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Fredicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

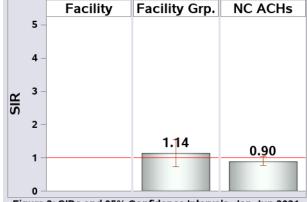
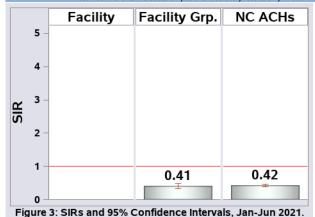


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

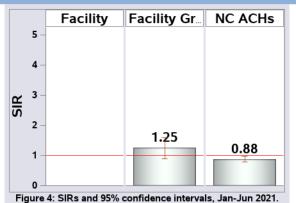
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Cone Green Valley, Greensboro, Guilford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

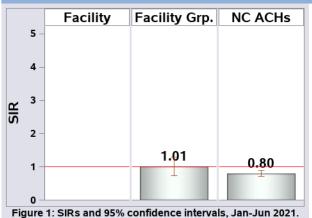
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 2,997 Patient Days in 2020: 15,717 Total Number of Beds: 144 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.69

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| rable 1. | Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|----------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | How Does This Facility |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| | Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| | Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| | All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

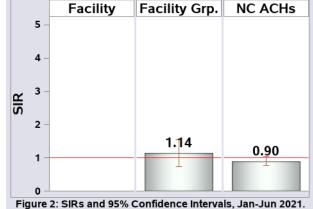
| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

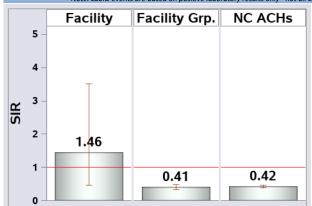


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 2.7 | Same | |

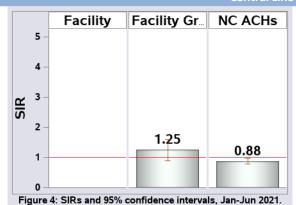
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

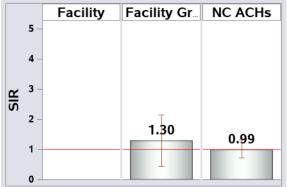
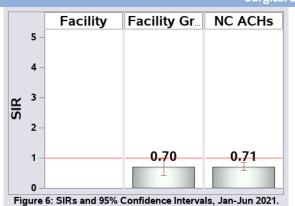


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 DLP - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 3,789 Patient Days in 2020: 13,181 Total Number of Beds: 78 Number of ICU Beds: 13 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.80 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.03

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



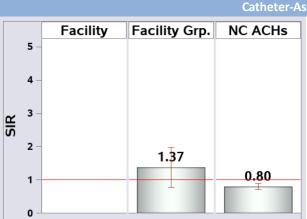


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

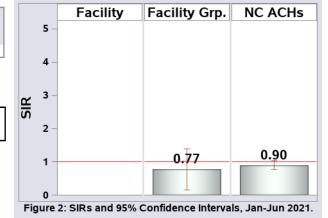
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

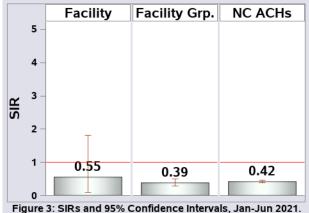
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.6 | Same | | |

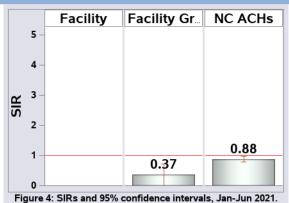
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

DLP - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

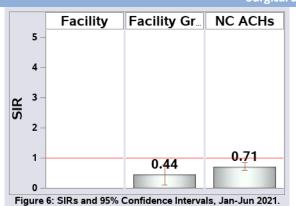
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

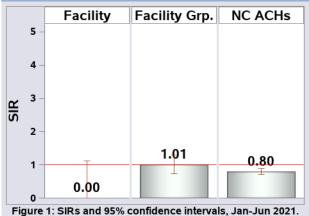
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 13,419 Patient Days in 2020: 52,824 Total Number of Beds: 186 Number of ICU Beds: 15 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.08

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Same 1.3 Adult/Ped Wards O 1.4 Same All reporting units Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide innatient | 3 | 1.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

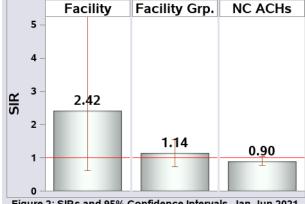
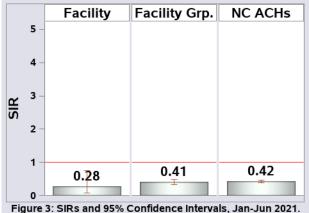


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 11 | Better | | |

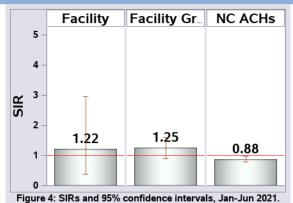
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 2.3 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 3.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

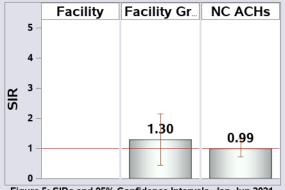
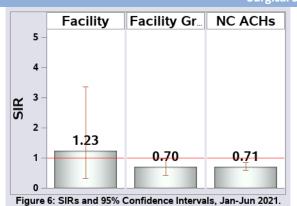


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 2.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

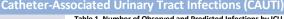
Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

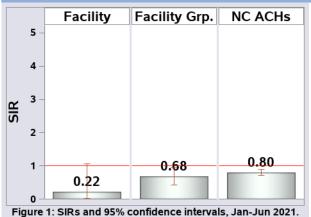
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 22,502 Patient Days in 2020: 87,860 Total Number of Beds: 223 Number of ICU Beds: 30 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.35

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 2.5 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.1 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 4.6 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

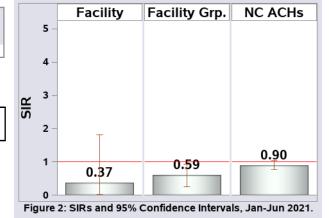
| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.7 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

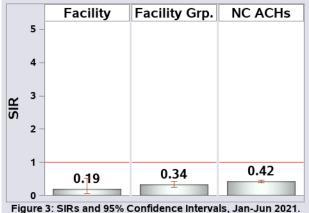
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Fable 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 16 | Better | |

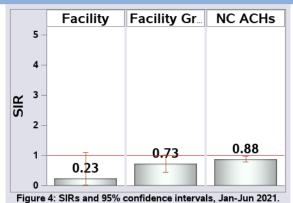
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 1.9 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.5 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 4.4 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

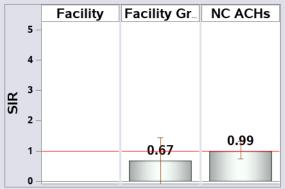
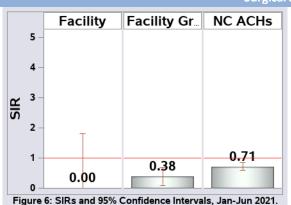


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.7 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 45,885 Patient Days in 2020: 310,752 Total Number of Beds: 952 Number of ICU Beds: 252 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 8.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.84

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 0.80 0.78 0.72 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 16 | 25 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 9 | 10 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 25 | 35 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

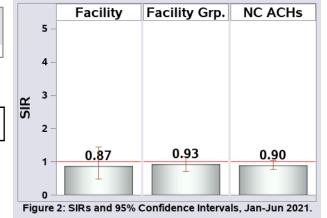
| able 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 13 | 15 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

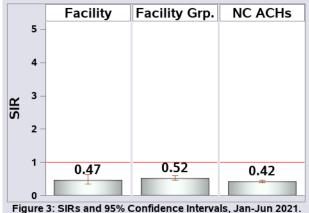
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Fable 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 39 | 83 | Better | |

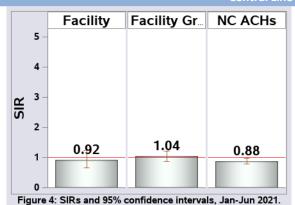
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 23 | 21 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 15 | 17 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 2 | 5.4 | Same |
| All reporting units | 40 | 43 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 1.6 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

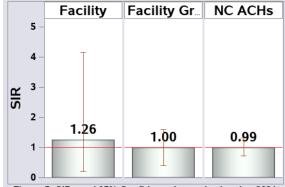
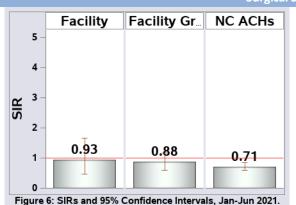


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 351 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Juli 2021. | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 10 | 11 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 23,164 Patient Days in 2020: 102,921 Total Number of Beds: 362 Number of ICU Beds: 57 3.50 FTF* Infection Preventionists: Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.97

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 0.80 0.680.26 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 1.8 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.0 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 3.8 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.5 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

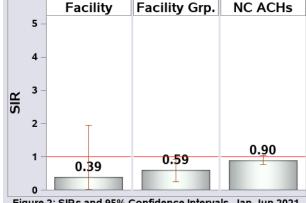
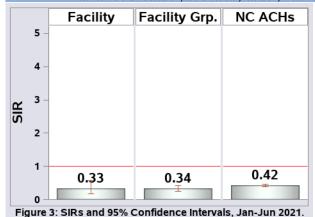


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 10 | 30 | Better | | |

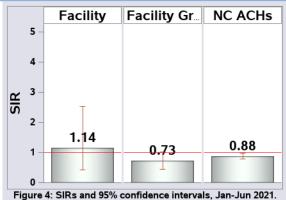
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 3 | 1.9 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 2.4 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 5 | 4.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

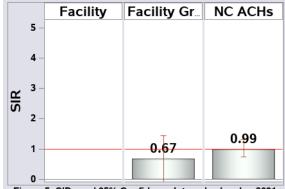
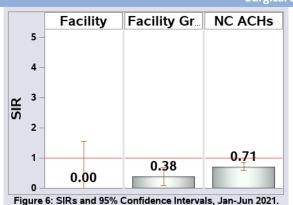


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.9 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 671 1,379 Patient Days in 2020: Total Number of Beds: 8 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.50

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



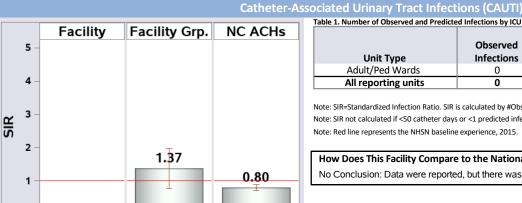


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| | | | | How Does This Facility |
|---|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| - | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| - | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| | Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| | All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredeted Minor Events, July 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

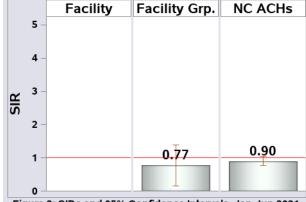
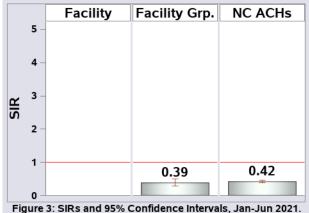


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

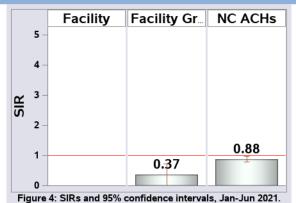
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte | d CLABSI Infections by I | CU and Ward Type, Jan | un 2021 How Does This Facility |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County

No comments provided

| 2020 Hospital Survey | Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Undergraduate |
| Admissions in 2020: | 2,779 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 8,628 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 79 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.63 |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



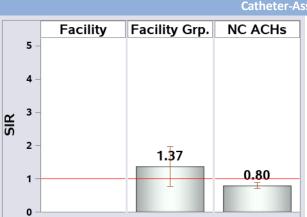


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

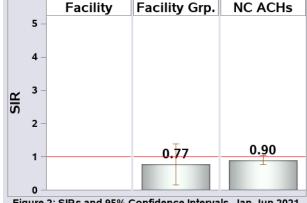
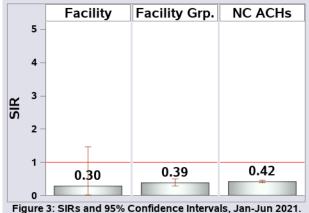


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.3 | Same | |

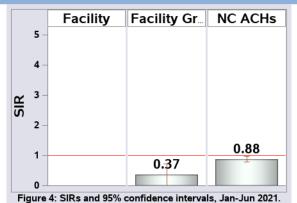
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

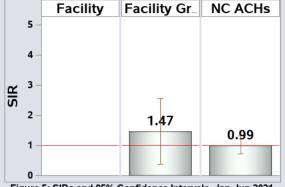


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 6,638 Patient Days in 2020: 30,094 Total Number of Beds: 190 Number of ICU Beds: 32 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.79

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



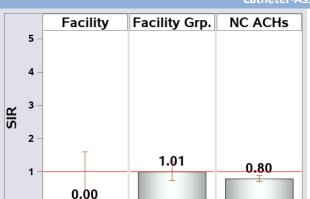


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 1.4 Same Adult/Ped Wards Less than 1.0 No Conclusion O All reporting units 1.9 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

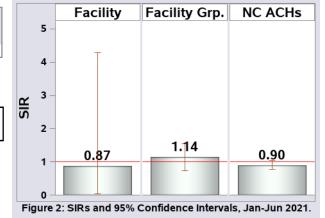
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.2 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

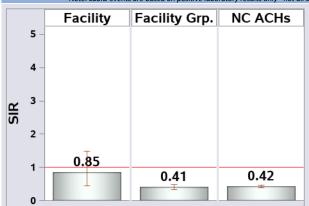


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 11 | 13 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

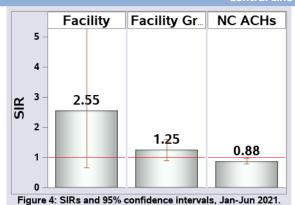
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table | Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|-------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| | Adult/Ped ICUs | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | All reporting units | 3 | 1.2 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

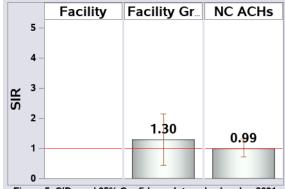
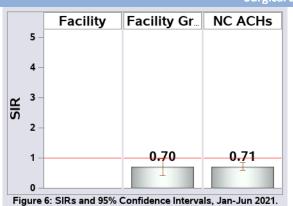


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 23,561 Patient Days in 2020: 112,240 Total Number of Beds: 435 Number of ICU Beds: 43 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 4.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.92

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

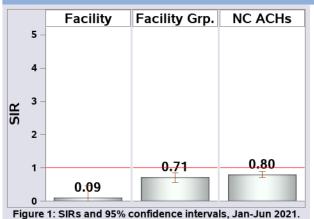


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 5.0 Better Adult/Ped Wards Better 5.8 All reporting units 11 Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted IVIKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

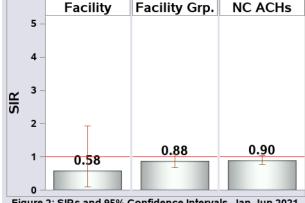
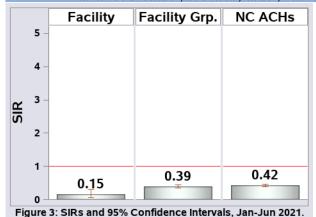


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 46 | Better | |

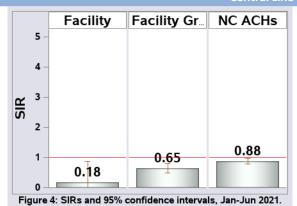
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 3.3 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.3 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 5.7 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

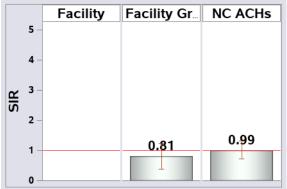
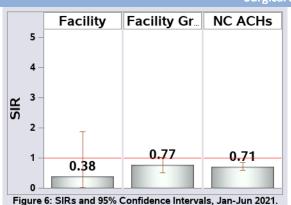


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.6 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County**

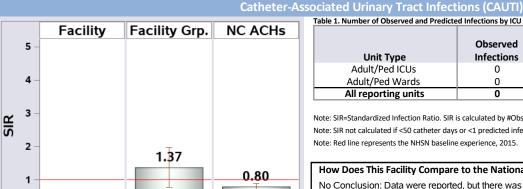
No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 3,470 Patient Days in 2020: 8,755 Total Number of Beds: 62 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.81

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

Observed

Infections

0

O

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Predicted

Infections

Less than 1.0

Less than 1.0

Less than 1.0

| Figure 1: SIRs and 95% con | fidence intervals, | Jan-Jun 2021. |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Unit Type

Adult/Ped ICUs

Adult/Ped Wards

All reporting units

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

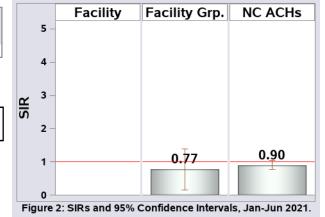
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



How Does This Facility

Compare to the National

Experience?

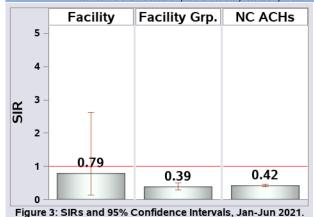
No Conclusion

No Conclusion

No Conclusion

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 2.5 | Same | | |

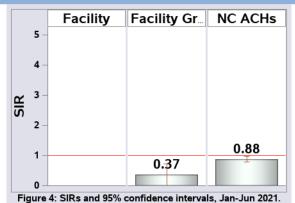
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

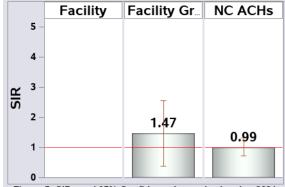
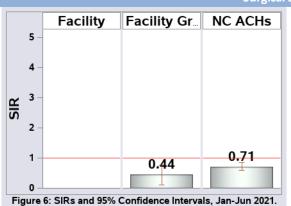


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Halifax Regional Medical Center, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

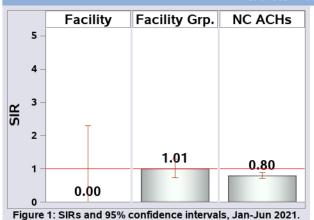
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 5,424 Patient Days in 2020: 27,009 Total Number of Beds: 149 Number of ICU Beds: 14 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.67

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

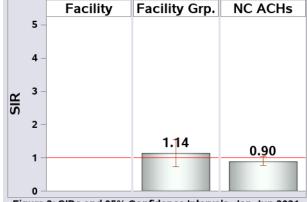


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

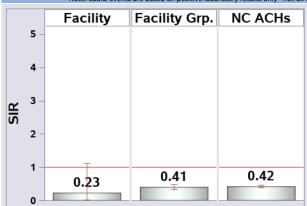


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

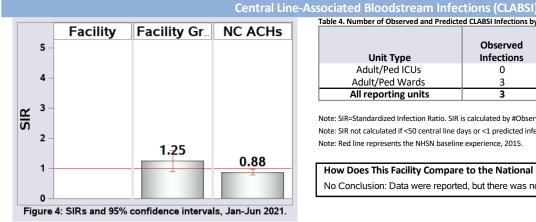
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 4.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Halifax Regional Medical Center, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Less than 1.0

No Conclusion

3

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

All reporting units

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

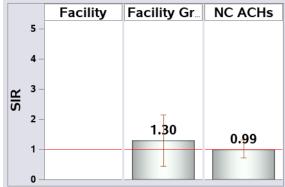
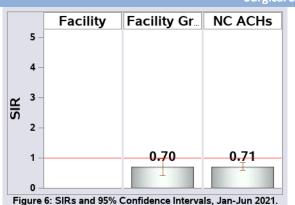


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 4,669 Patient Days in 2020: 20,211

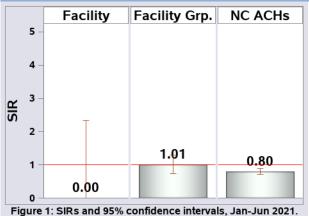
Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.3 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

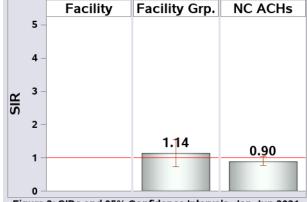
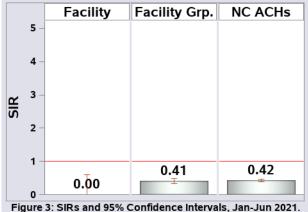


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



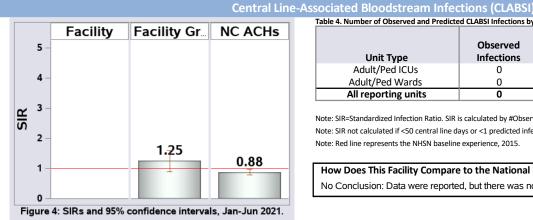
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 5.0 | Better | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|----|--------|-----|------------|
| | | | | | | Но | w Does | Thi | s Facility |
| | | _ | _ | | | _ | | | |

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

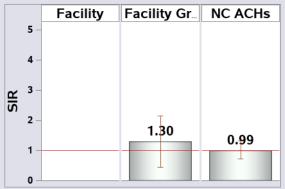
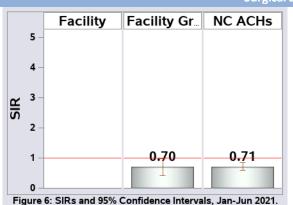


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

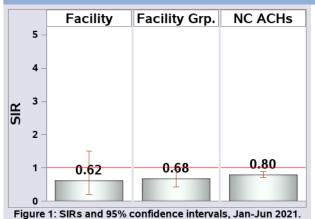
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 17,253 Patient Days in 2020: 67,069 Total Number of Beds: 300 Number of ICU Beds: 28 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.67

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 3.0 | Same | | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | 3.4 | Same | | | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 6.4 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.6 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

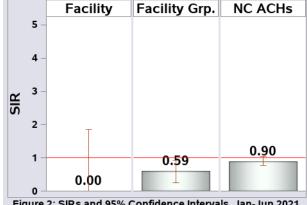
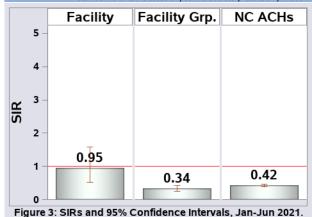


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 13 | 14 | Same | | |

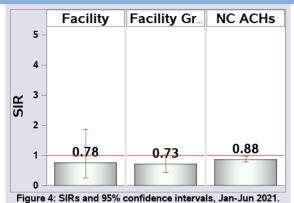
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 1.8 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 3.4 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 5.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

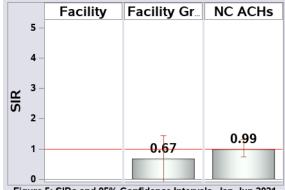
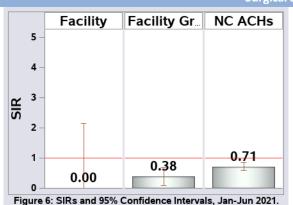


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.4 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 301 Patient Days in 2020: 22,033 Total Number of Beds: 66 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Facility NC LTACs 5 0.57 0.00 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting ICUs 0 Same 1.7

3.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

0

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Reporting Wards

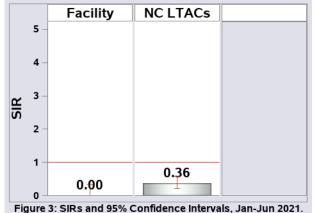
All reporting units

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict | ed CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 9.3 | Better |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

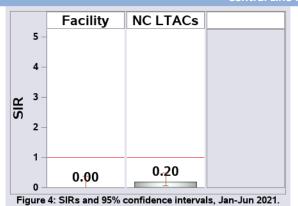
Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Better

Better

Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Reporting ICUs | 0 | 2.3 | Same |
| Reporting Wards | 0 | 5.4 | Better |
| All reporting units | 0 | 7.7 | Better |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

igstar Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 4,072 Patient Days in 2020: 17,386 Total Number of Beds: 81 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.38 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.46

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



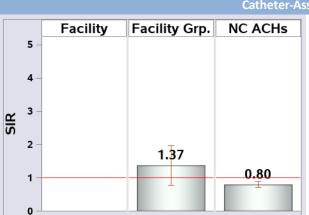


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

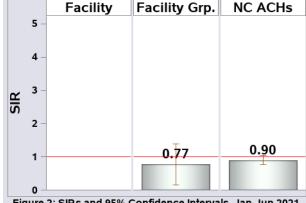
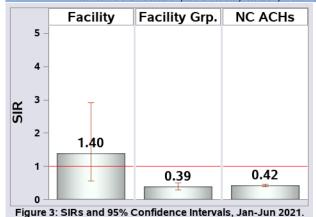


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 4.3 | Same | |

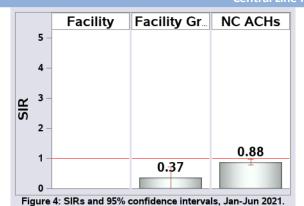
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

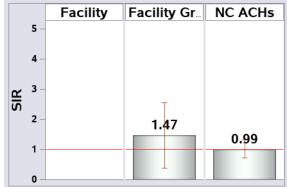
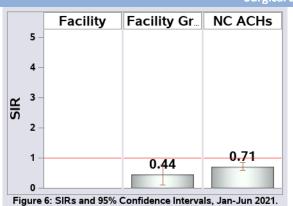


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| How Does This Fac | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

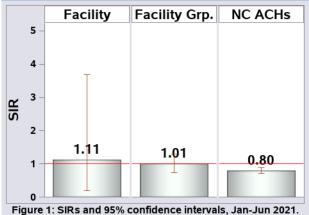
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 9,308 Patient Days in 2020: 36,303 Total Number of Beds: 199 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.50

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Same 1.2 Adult/Ped Wards Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 2 All reporting units 1.8 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

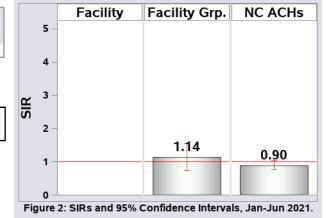
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

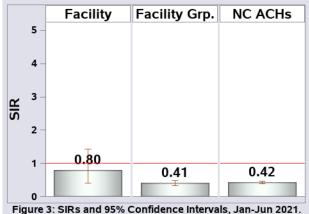
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



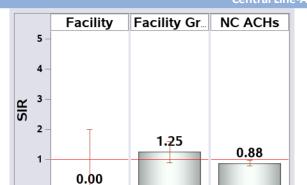
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 10 | 13 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County



Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.5 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021. Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

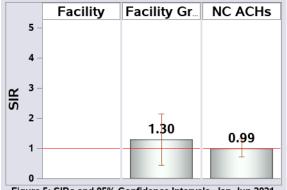
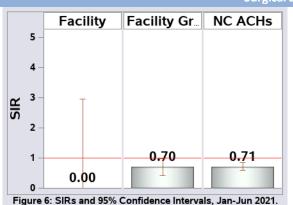


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.0 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 7,538 Patient Days in 2020: 38,913 Total Number of Beds: 173 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.25 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.72

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

No comments provided

| | | | | Cutiletel 743 | | |
|--|-----|----------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | Facility | Facility Grp. | NC ACHs | | |
| | 5 – | | | | | |
| | 4 – | | | | | |
| SIR | 3 - | T | | | | |
| 0, | 2 - | | | | | |
| | 1 — | 0.87 | 1.91 | 0.80 | | |
| | 0 | Τ | | | | |
| Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 1.4 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 2.3 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WKSA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.6 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

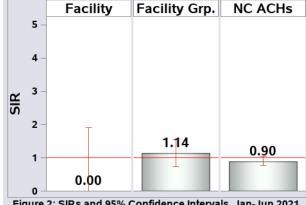
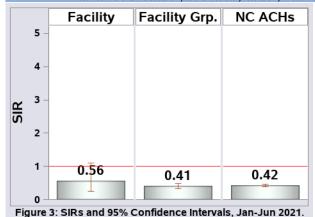


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 13 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

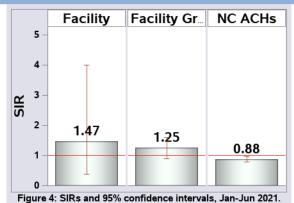
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 1.0 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 3 | 2.0 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

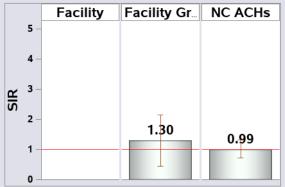
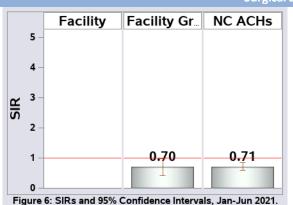


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 3,912 Patient Days in 2020: 12,553 Total Number of Beds: 75 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



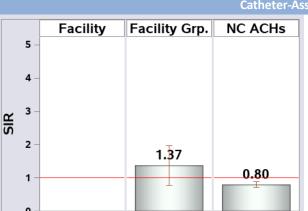


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 2 All reporting units 2 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, July July 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

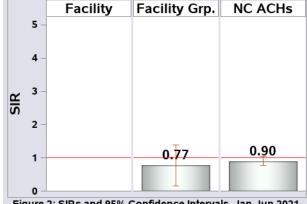
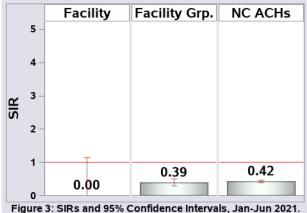


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 2.6 | Same | | | |

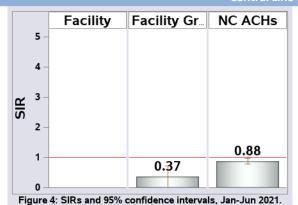
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

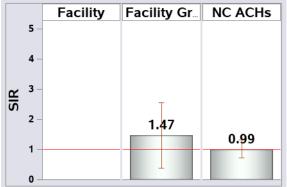
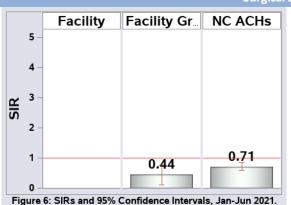


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 296 Patient Days in 2020: 12,970 Total Number of Beds: 101 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.99

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Facility NC LTACs 5 SIR 1.30 0.57 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting Wards 6 4.6 Same All reporting units 6 4.6 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

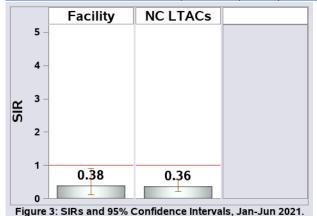
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 11 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

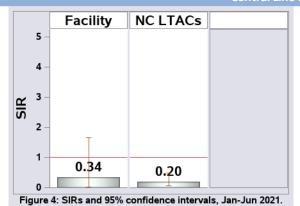
Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: August 12, 2021.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Reporting Wards | 1 | 3.0 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 3.0 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 1,892 Patient Days in 2020: 11,090 Total Number of Beds: 67 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.30

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



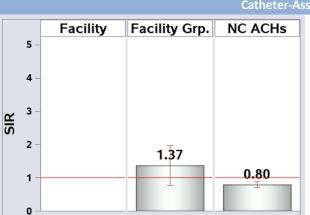


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

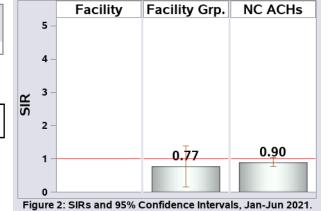
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



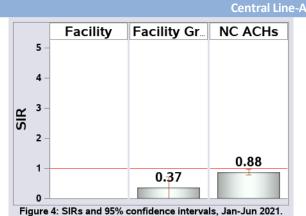
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.3 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County



| ssociated | Bloodstream I | Infections | (CLABSI) |
|-----------|---------------|------------|----------|
| | | | |

| Table 4. Number of Observed and Fredicte | | | How Does This Facility |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Facility Facility Gr. NC ACHs 5 SIR 0.71 0.44 Figure 6: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021 **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National Infections Infections Experience? **Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

No comments provided

| 2020 Hospital Survey | Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Admissions in 2020: | 4,049 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 13,653 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 123 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.81 |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



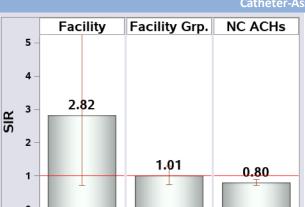


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

| Table 1. Numbe | Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|----------------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| ι | Jnit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adu | ılt/Ped ICUs | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adul | t/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All re | porting units | 3 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

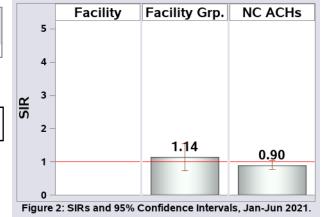
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

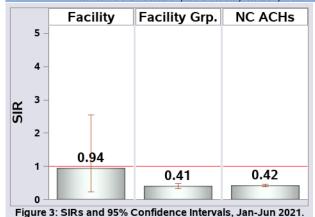
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 3.2 | Same | | |

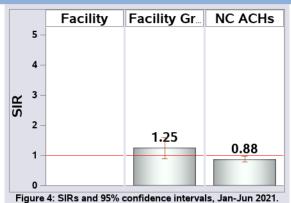
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

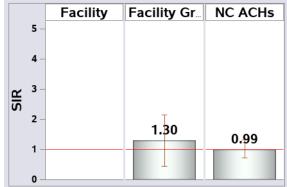
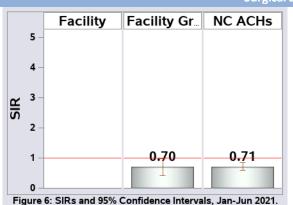


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 5,628 Patient Days in 2020: 28,962 Total Number of Beds: 167 Number of ICU Beds: 14 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.60

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



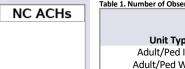


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.2 Same

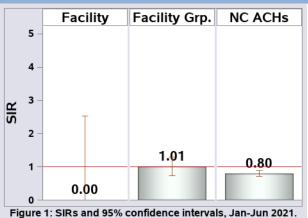
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

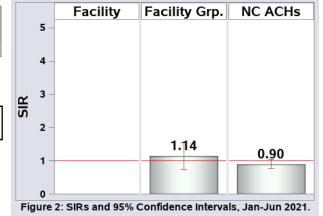
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

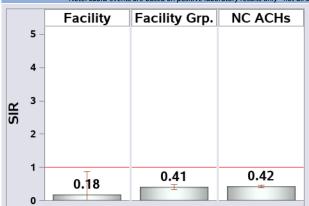


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 5.7 | Better | | |

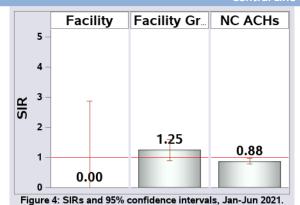
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.0 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| -1 | | | | | | | |
|----|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | l | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | l | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | l | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | Ì | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

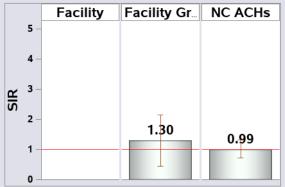
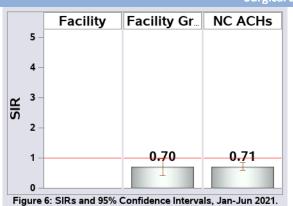


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 4,506 Patient Days in 2020: 18,925 Total Number of Beds: 99 Number of ICU Beds: 8 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.01

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



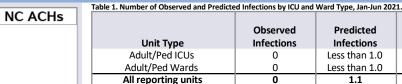
Predicted

Infections

Less than 1.0

Less than 1.0

1.1



No comments provided

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Observed

Infections

0

O

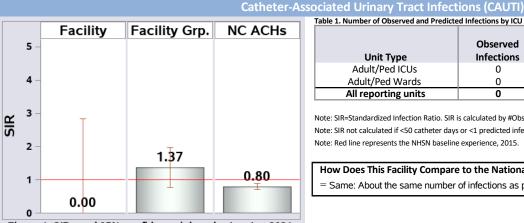


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

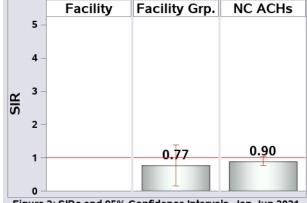
| Table 2. Halliber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, Juli Juli 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



How Does This Facility

Compare to the National

Experience?

No Conclusion

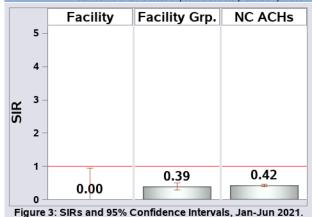
No Conclusion

Same

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 3.2 | Better | | |

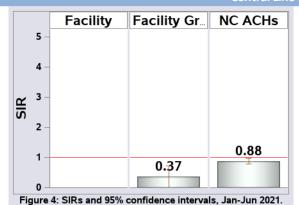
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| - | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

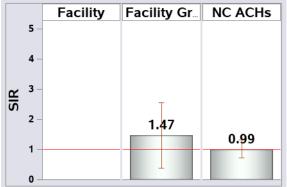
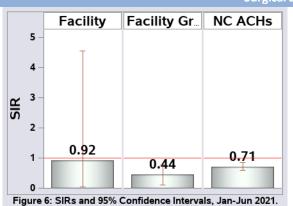


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 857 Patient Days in 2020: 4,278 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 5.56

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



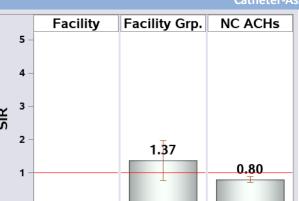


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Г | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

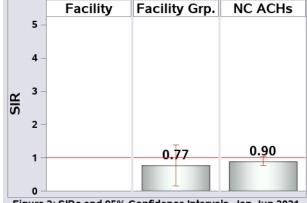
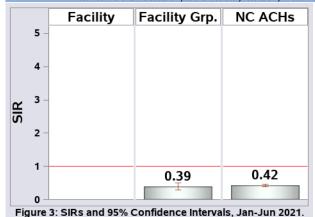


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



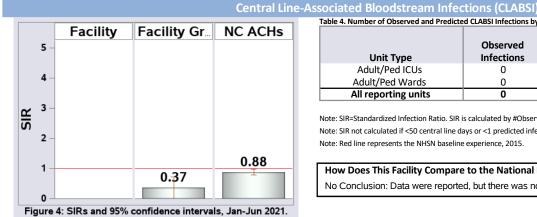
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County



| Tabl | le 4. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed CLABSI Infections by I | CU and Ward Type, Jan | lun 2021 |
|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | | | | How Do |

| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 2,789 Patient Days in 2020: 8,127 Total Number of Beds: 30 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.55 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.83

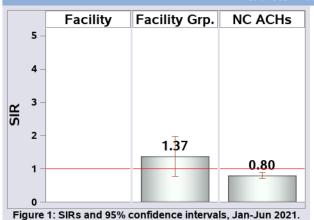
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1: Italiabel of Observed and I redicte | a infections by ico and | wara rype, san san zoz | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide innatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

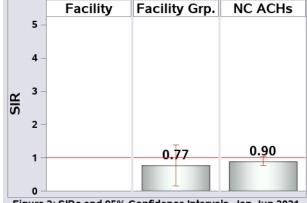
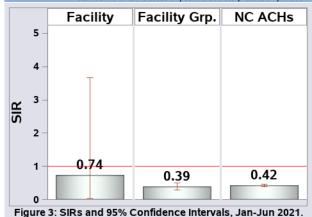


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

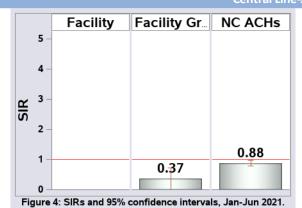
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte | d CLABSI Infections by I | CU and Ward Type, Jan | lun 2021 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

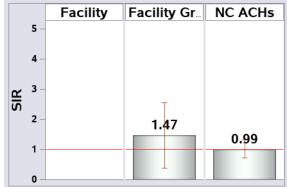
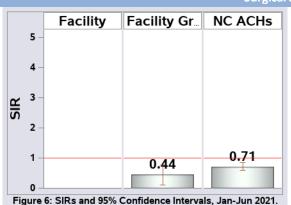


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 49,999 Patient Days in 2020: 240,026 Total Number of Beds: 880 Number of ICU Beds: 142 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 8.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.91

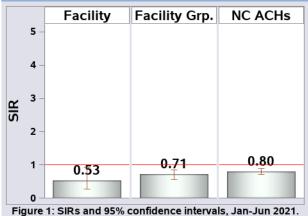
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 8 | 15 | Better |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | 5.5 | Same |
| All reporting units | 11 | 21 | Better |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| table 2: Hamber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, July 2011 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 10 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

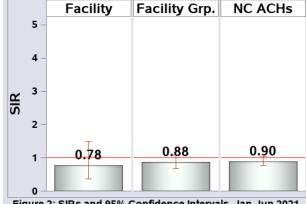
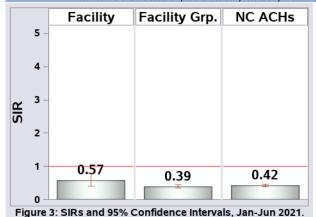


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 33 | 58 | Better | | |

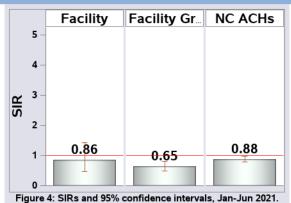
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| lable 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 10 | 7.4 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | 6.0 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | 1.7 | Same |
| All reporting units | 13 | 15 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

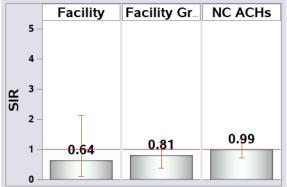
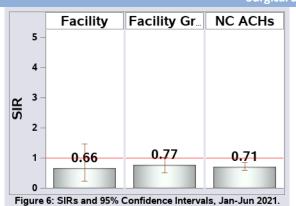


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of observed and Fredicts | | | How Does This Facility |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 5 | 7.6 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 28,290 Patient Days in 2020: 161,039 Total Number of Beds: 517 Number of ICU Beds: 109 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.48





Commentary From Facility:

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

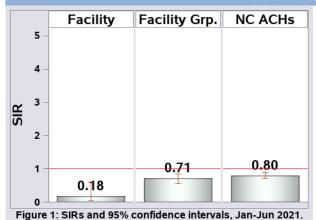


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 8.6 Better 2 Adult/Ped Wards O 2.3 Same All reporting units 11 Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | | |
| Facility-wide innatient | 4 | 7.6 | Same | | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

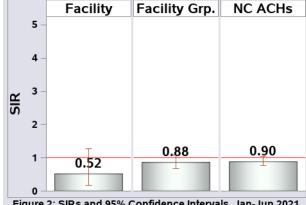
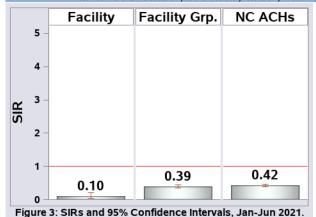


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 58 | Better | | | |

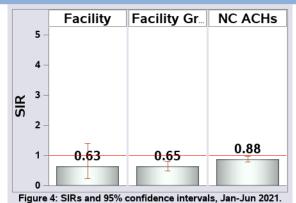
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 5 | 5.3 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 2.6 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 5 | 7.9 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

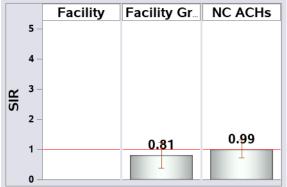
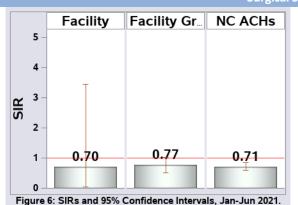


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 10,545 Patient Days in 2020: 47,923 Total Number of Beds: 150 Number of ICU Beds: 26 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.00

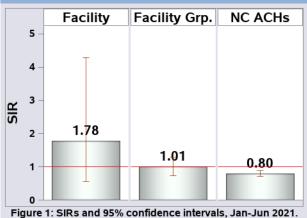
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

NHCS is actively implementing plans to review and improve processes in the prevention of MRSA bacteremia. NHCS has a Lean project and action plan to further develop on-going strategies to reduce the risks of C. diff transmission

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 1.2 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 4 | 1.1 | Worse | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 2.2 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

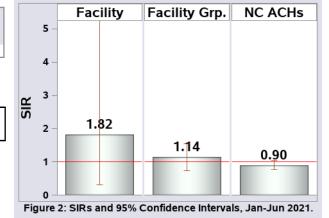
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 1.1 | Same | | |

 ${\tt Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted}.$

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

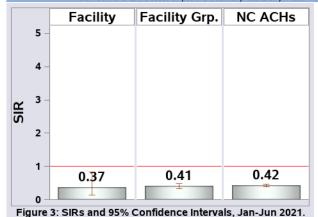
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 5 | 14 | Better | | | |

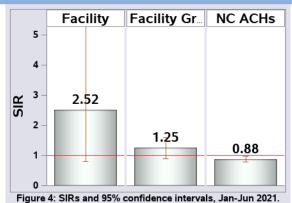
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 1.6 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

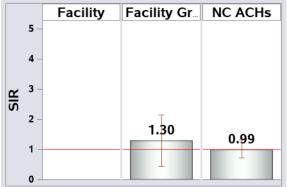
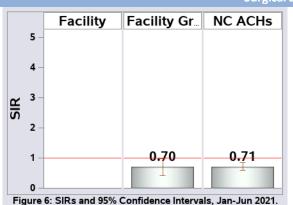


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 34,604 Patient Days in 2020: 180,349 Total Number of Beds: 734 Number of ICU Beds: 105 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 4.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.54

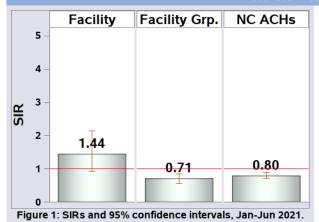
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At New Hanover Regional Medical Center we take patient safety and quality care extremely seriously. We implement the latest science-based protocols to prevent hospital-acquired infection. We study and adopt best practices, evidence-based medicine and recommendations from national agencies to deliver the best possible outcomes for our patients. We encourage patients and their families to take an active role in helping prevent infections. Our team of infection preventionists works with all staff to ensure they are focused on delivering the highest quality of care possible. We are proud of our success and our ongoing quest to keep preventable infections to an absolute minimum

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 13 | 9.3 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 9 | 6.0 | Same |
| All reporting units | 22 | 15 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabiD events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabiD events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 8.1 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

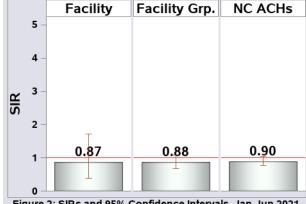
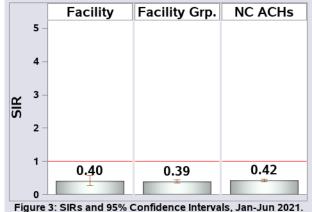


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | | How Does This Facility |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 28 | 69 | Better |

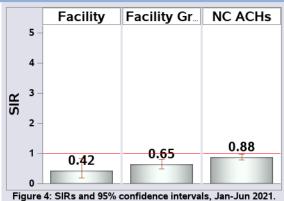
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | 6.0 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 3 | 7.3 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 2 | 3.3 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 7 | 17 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 2.4 Same 2

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

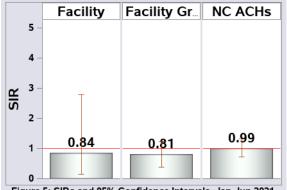
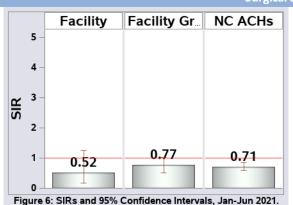


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 7.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 2,184 Patient Days in 2020: 3,370 Total Number of Beds: 26 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 3.85

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



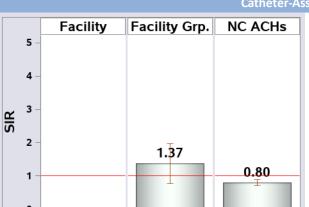


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

No comments provided

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredeted Milos Events, July 2011 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

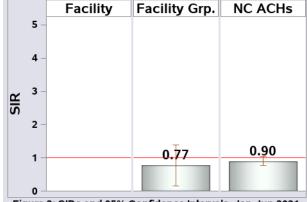
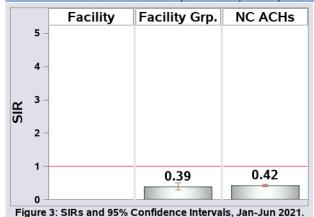


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



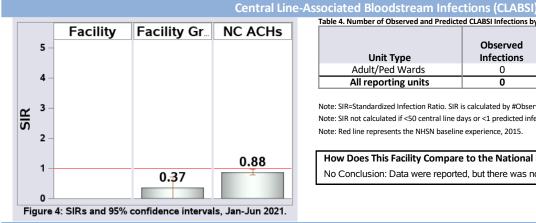
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

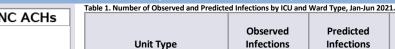
North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 4,368 Patient Days in 2020: 15,979 Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.1 Same

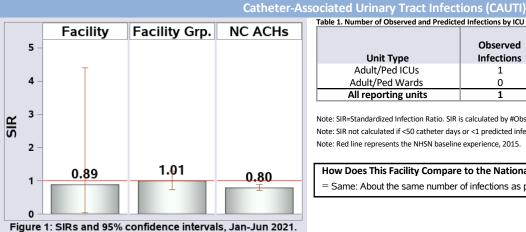
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

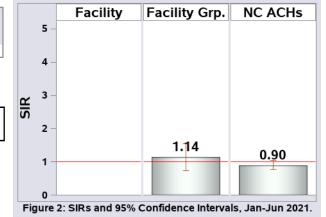
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

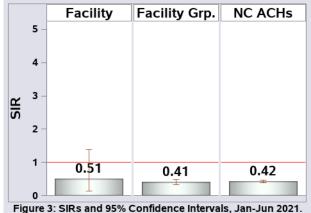
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 5.9 | Same | | |

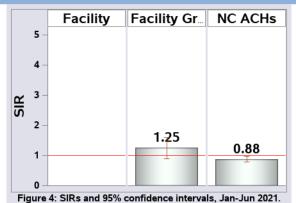
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

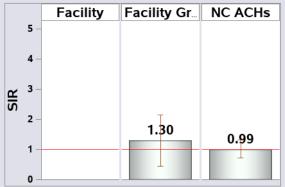
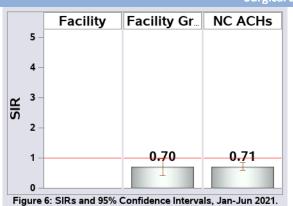


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 6,759 Patient Days in 2020: 19,962 Total Number of Beds: 74 Number of ICU Beds: 5 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.10 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.49

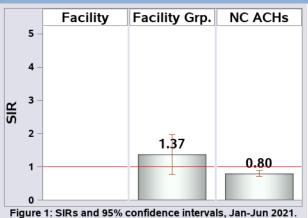




Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

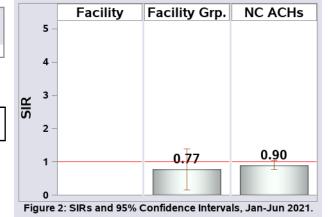
| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Г | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

 ${\bf Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted.}$

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

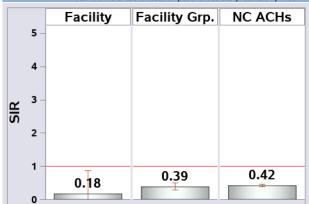


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 5.6 | Better | | |

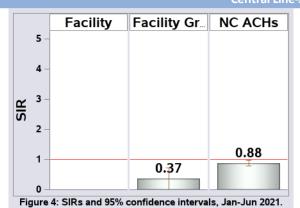
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

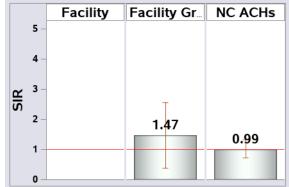
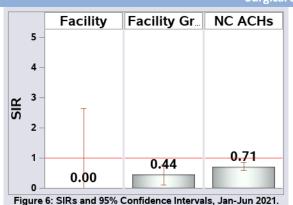


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Specialty Acute Care Hospital Hospital Type: Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 4,238 Patient Days in 2020: 11,705 Total Number of Beds: 48 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.90 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.88

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

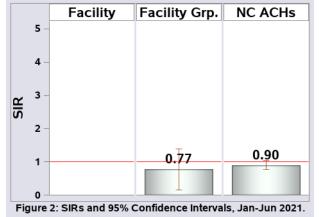
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

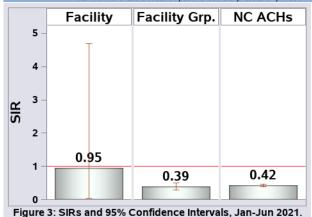
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

| Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) |
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| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period. |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies |
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| te from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period. |
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| Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries |
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| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period. |
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| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period. |
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| Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period. |
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North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County

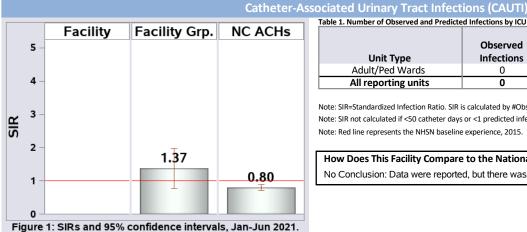
2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 3,324 Patient Days in 2020: 6,159 Total Number of Beds: 36 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.40 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.11





Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

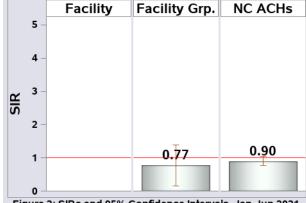
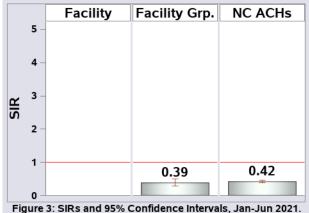


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County

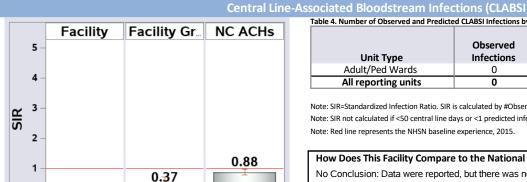


Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |

Unit Type Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Facility Facility Gr. NC ACHs 5 SIR 0.740.71 0.44

Figure 6: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021 **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National Infections Infections Experience? **Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient** 1.4 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 44,214 Patient Days in 2020: 235,678 Total Number of Beds: 859 Number of ICU Beds: 148 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 8.20 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.95

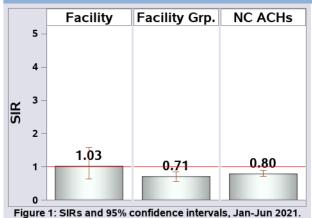




Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 17 | 14 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 4.0 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 19 | 18 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 **How Does This Facility Predicted Compare to the National** Observed **Unit Type Events Events** Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 13 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

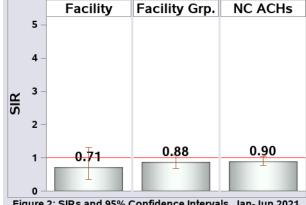
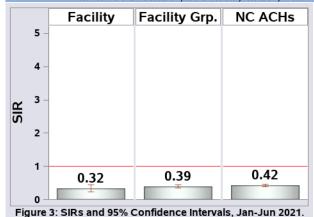


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 32 | 100 | Better | | |

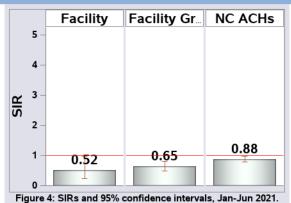
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston- Salem, Forsyth County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 7 | 9.9 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 4.7 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 8 | 15 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 1.9 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

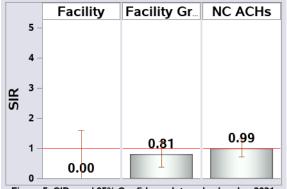
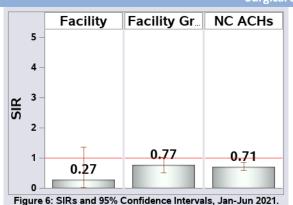


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.6 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

| 2020 Hospital S | Survey Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 13,416 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 37,837 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 151 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.30 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.86 |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

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|-----|-----|----------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Facility | Facility Grp. | NC ACHs |
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| | 4 – | | | |
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| | 1 - | | 1.01 | 0.80 |
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Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

neter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 1.0 | Same |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.6 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

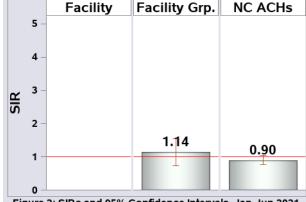
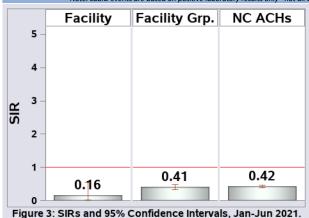


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 12 | Better | | |

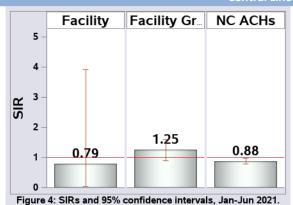
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

 \bigstar Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

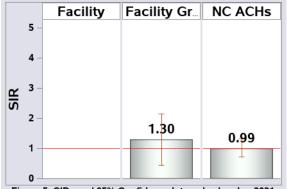
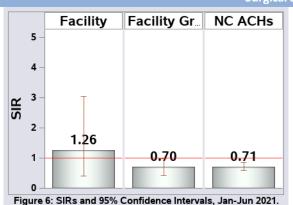


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 3.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County

| 2020 Hospital Survey | y Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 4,258 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 14,339 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 50 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 4 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.00 |
| [*FTF Full bins a surice level | |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



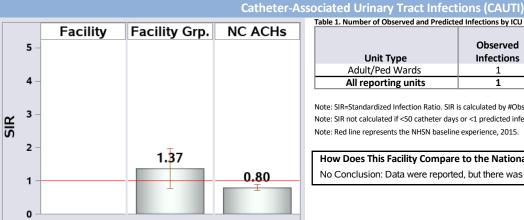


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

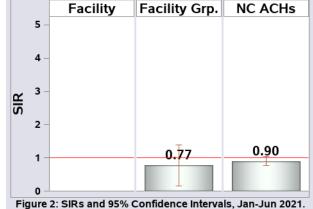
| Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredeted Wilder Events, July July 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

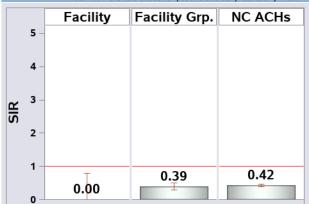


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 3.8 | Better | | |

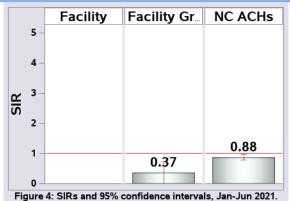
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte | d CLABSI Infections by I | CU and Ward Type, Jan | un 2021 How Does This Facility |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

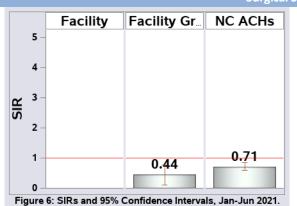
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Juli 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 16,267 Patient Days in 2020: 50,348

Total Number of Beds: 157 Number of ICU Beds: 18 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.40 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.89

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 1.01 0.80 0.56

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility**

Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.8 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

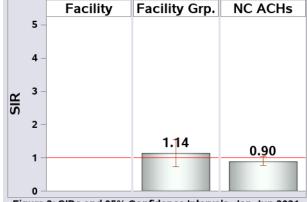
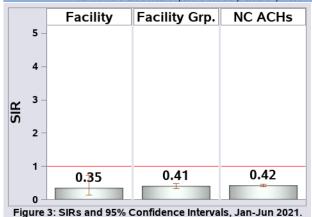


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 17 | Better | | |

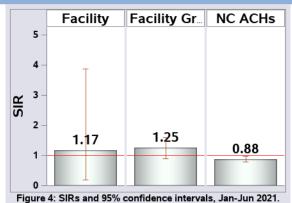
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.7 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

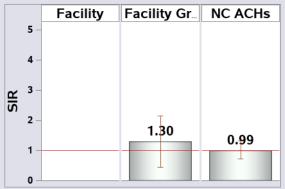
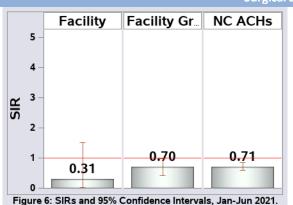


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| How Does T | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 3.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Data Generated: August 12, 2021.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston- Salem, Forsyth County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 2,632 Patient Days in 2020: 4,802 Total Number of Beds: 22 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.60 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.73





Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

| | | | Catheter-Ass |
|--------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Facility | Facility Grp. | NC ACHs |
| 5 | | | |
| 4 | _ | | |
| S 3 | | | |
| 2 | - | 1.37 | |
| 1 | | | 0.80 |
| 0 | | | |
| Figure | 1: SIRs and 95% | confidence interva | ls, Jan-Jun 2021. |

Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide innatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

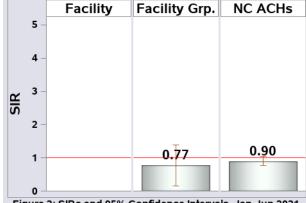
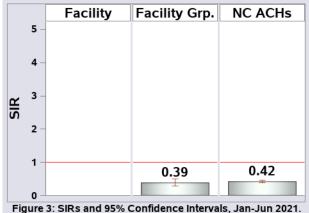


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

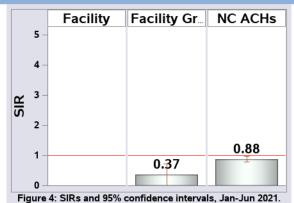
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Same 3 1.6

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

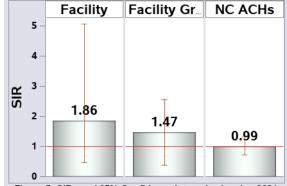
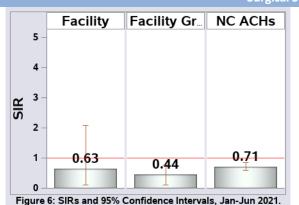


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Acute Care Hospital

Hospital Type: Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 40,292 Patient Days in 2020: 186,466 Total Number of Beds: 624 Number of ICU Beds: 94 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 6.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.04

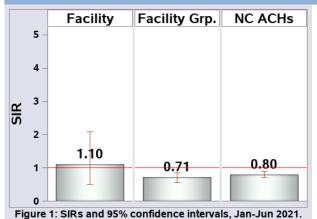
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Observed | Predicted | How Does This Facility Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 7 | 5.6 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 1.7 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 8 | 7.3 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 5.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

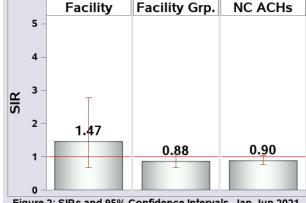


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

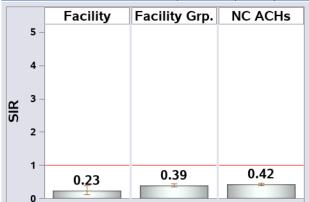


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 12 | 52 | Better | | |

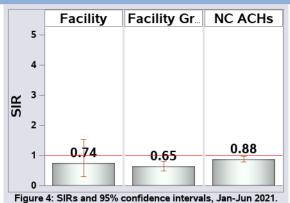
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 4 | 4.1 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 1.9 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 1 | 2.1 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 6 | 8.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| -1 | | | | | |
|----|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (abdom | inal hysterectomies), Jai | n-Jun 2021. | _ |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | ı |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | ı |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 3.0 | Same | l |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

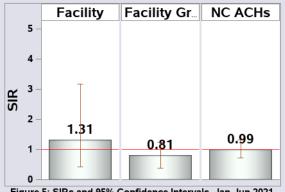
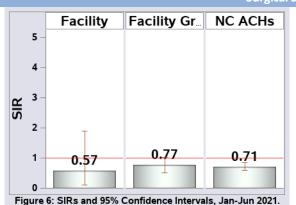


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 14,183 Patient Days in 2020: 59,198 Total Number of Beds: 268 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.10 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.78

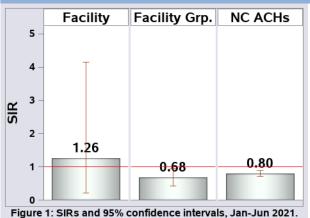
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.6 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide innatient | 0 | 1.3 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

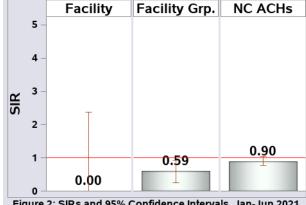
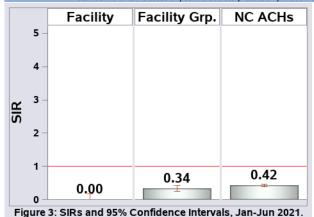


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



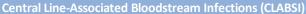
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 17 | Better | |

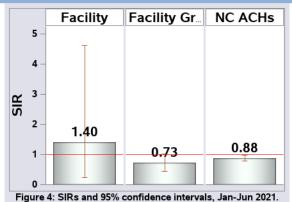
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County





| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 2 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

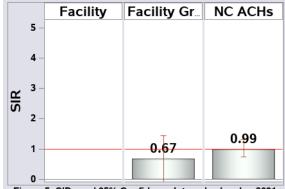
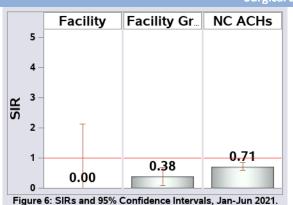


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 5,903 Patient Days in 2020: 26,697 Total Number of Beds: 145 Number of ICU Beds: 13 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.20 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.83

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

0

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 1.01 0.80

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Less than 1.0

No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

All reporting units

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

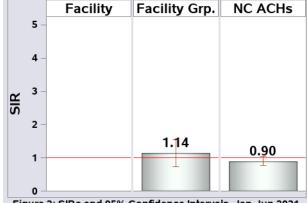
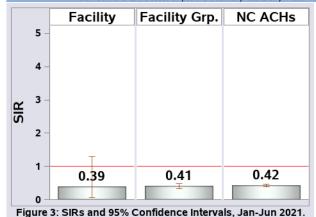


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| able 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 5.1 | Same | |

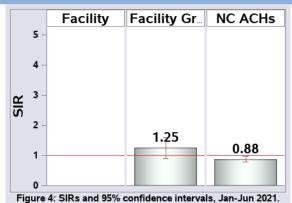
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte | d CLABSI Infections by I | CU and Ward Type, Jan | lun 2021 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

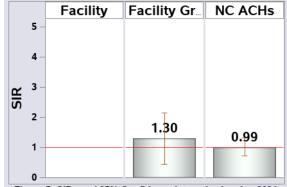
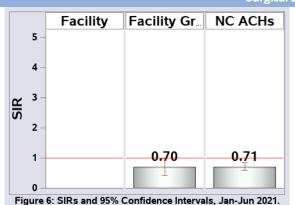


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Data Generated: August 12, 2021.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 6,782 Patient Days in 2020: 30,067 Total Number of Beds: 162 Number of ICU Beds: 30 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.62

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

| | | | How Does This Facility |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

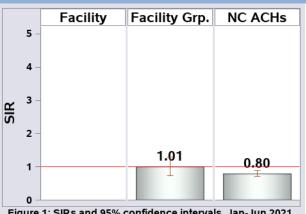


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

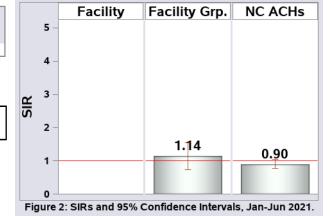
| Table 21 Training of the action of the actio | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

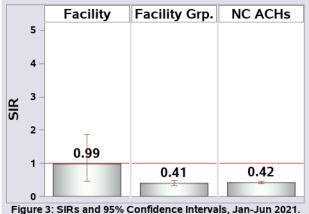
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 8.1 | Same | | | |

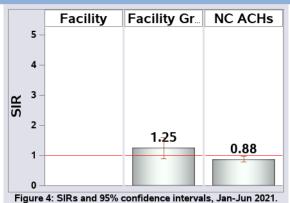
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicte | d SSI Infections (abdom | inal hysterectomies), Jai | n-Jun 2021. | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

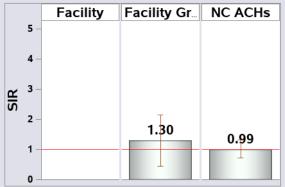
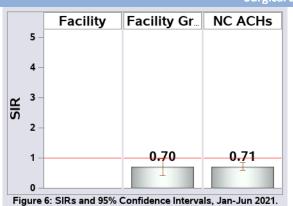


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

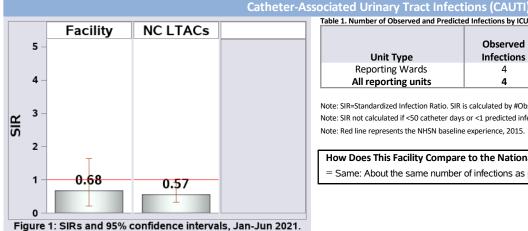
Admissions in 2020: 511 Patient Days in 2020: 14,676 Total Number of Beds: 50 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Reporting Wards | 4 | 5.9 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 4 | 5.9 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

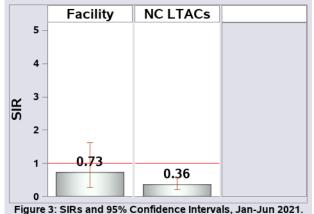
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 5 | 6.8 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

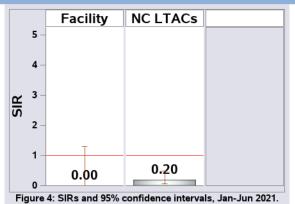
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Reporting Wards | 0 | 2.3 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 2.3 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 7,292 Patient Days in 2020: 31,299 Total Number of Beds: 142 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.70

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

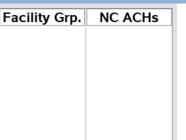
5

SIR

Facility

1.83





0.80

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 3 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.6 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

1.01

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

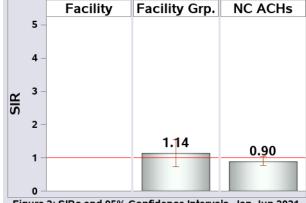
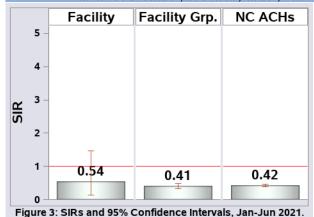


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| able 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 5.6 | Same | | | |

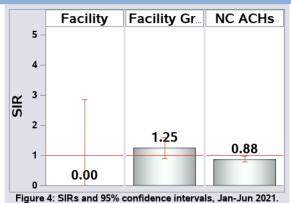
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

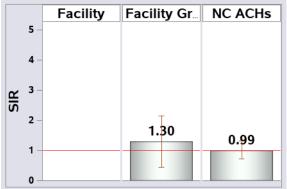
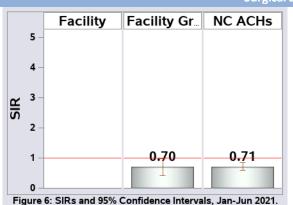


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: Patient Days in 2020: 3,674 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 2.78

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| able 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

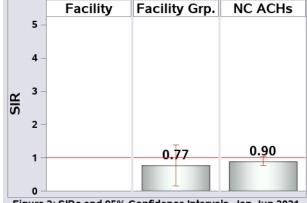
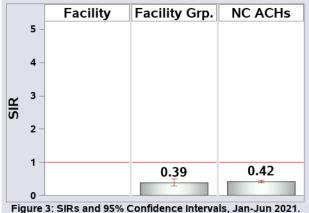


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



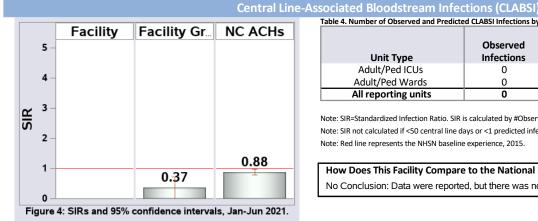
| Fable 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

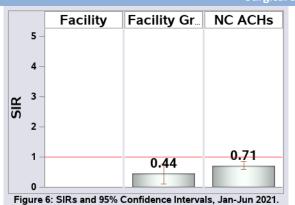
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| | Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 351 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Juli 2021. | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| 1 | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| 1 | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

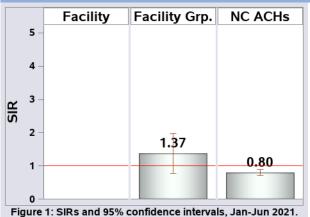
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 5,990 Patient Days in 2020: 15,402 Total Number of Beds: 75 Number of ICU Beds: 11 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.33

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

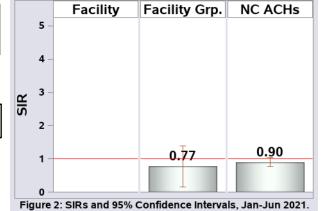
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

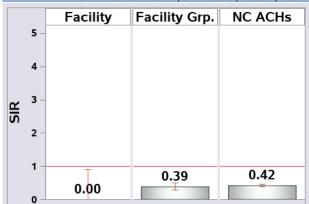


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 3.3 | Better | | |

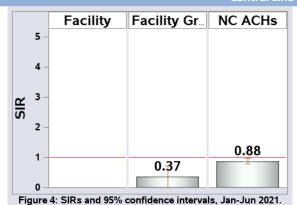
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

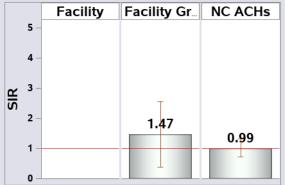
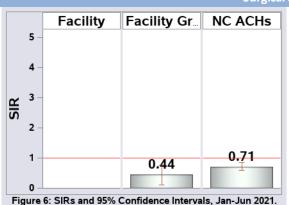


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 27,867 Patient Days in 2020: 146,237 Total Number of Beds: 560 Number of ICU Beds: 91 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 4.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.80

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



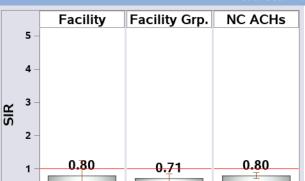


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Same 12 7 Adult/Ped Wards 10 97 Same All reporting units 17 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

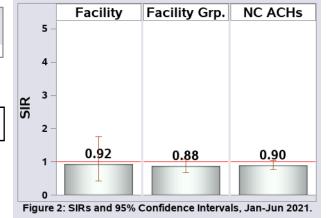
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 8.7 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

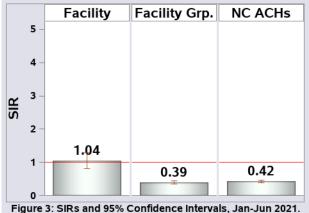
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



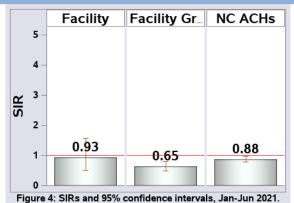
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 71 | 69 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 7 | 5.6 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 5 | 7.0 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 12 | 13 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 3.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

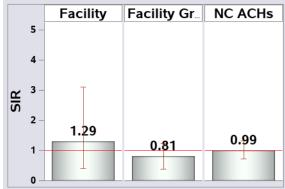
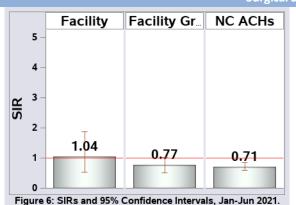


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 10 | 9.6 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 3,088 Patient Days in 2020: 13,388 Total Number of Beds: 125 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.80

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



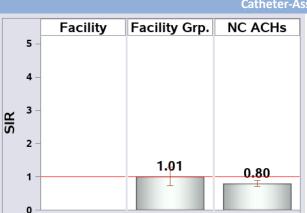


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 2 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

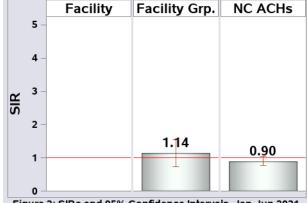
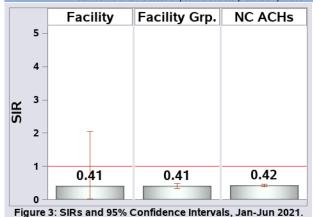


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

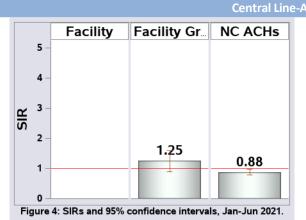


| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County



| Bloodstream | |
|-------------|--|
| | |

| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

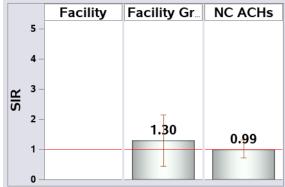
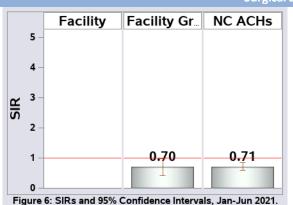


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| | Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Fac | | | | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

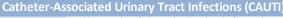
Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

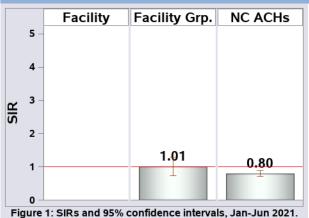
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 3,988 Patient Days in 2020: 10,869 Total Number of Beds: 116 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.86

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| rable 1. | Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|----------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| | Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

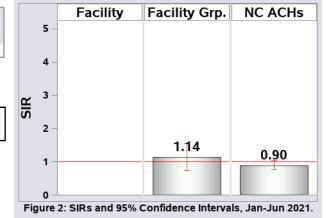
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

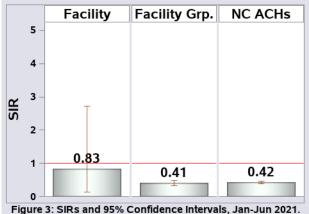
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



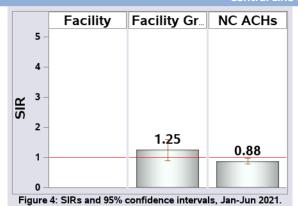
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 2.4 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

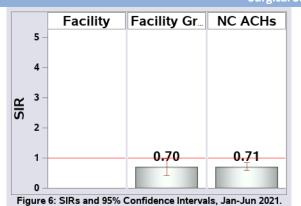
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| | Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Juli 2021. | | | | |
|-----|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| - 1 | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| - 1 | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| L | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

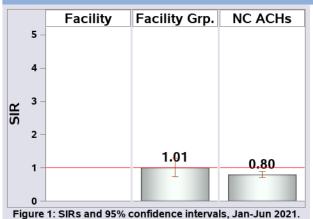
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 6,635 Patient Days in 2020: 29,042 Total Number of Beds: 104 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.96

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

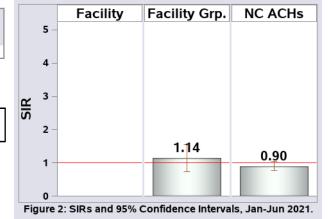
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

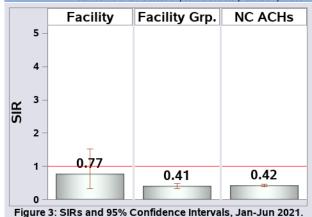
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 9.1 | Same | | |

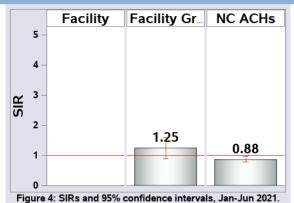
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

Scouland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scouland County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

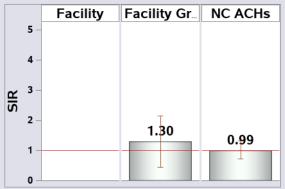
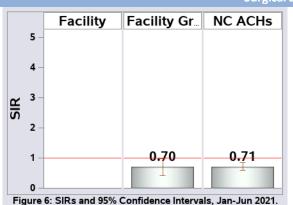


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Durham, Durham, Durham County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 294 Patient Days in 2020: 10,622 Total Number of Beds: 30 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.40 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Facility NC LTACs 5 0.660.57

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting Wards Same 1 1.5 All reporting units 1.5 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

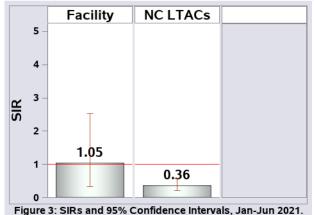
Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 3.8 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 20, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2020: 362 Patient Days in 2020: 10,474 Total Number of Beds: 30 FTE* Infection Preventionists: 0.40 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:

0.00

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Facility NC LTACs 5

0.57

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting Wards 0 Same 2.6 All reporting units 0 2.6 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

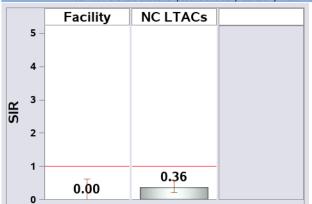


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 4.9 | Better | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: August 12, 2021.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: August 20, 2021 N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 4,026 Patient Days in 2020: 15,787 Total Number of Beds: 115 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.87

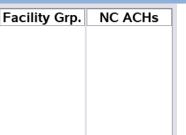
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR

Facility





0.80

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

| 0 - | | | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|------------|------------|---------|-------|
| Figure ' | 1: SIRs | and 95% | confidence | intervals, | Jan-Jun | 2021. |

1.01

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

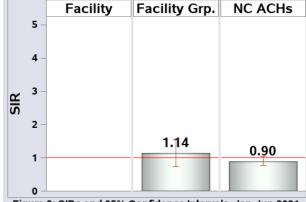
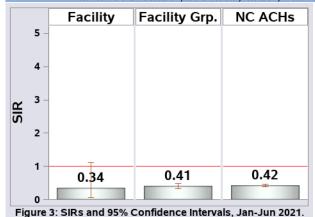


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



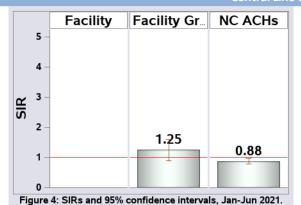
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 5.9 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

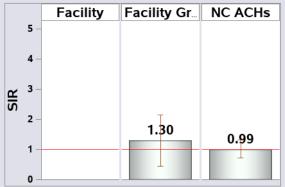
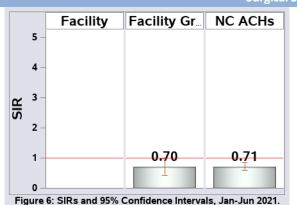


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 12,705 Patient Days in 2020: 60,006 Total Number of Beds: 246 Number of ICU Beds: 32 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.02

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



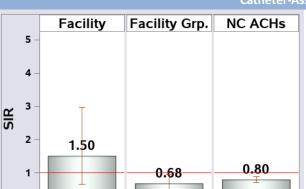


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 4 1.9 Same Adult/Ped Wards 3 2.7 Same All reporting units Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 2.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

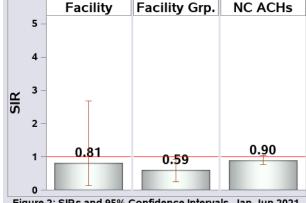
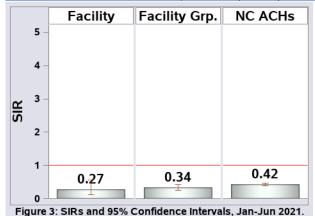


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 22 | Better | | |

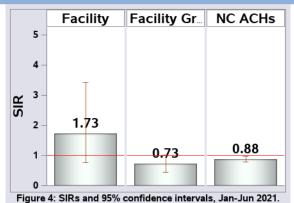
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | 1.7 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 6 | 2.3 | Worse | |
| All reporting units | 7 | 4.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

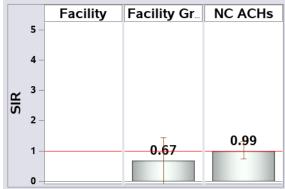
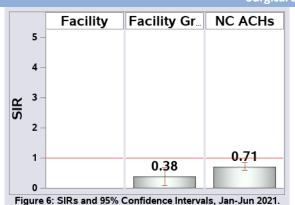


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicte | Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Juli 2021. | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 41,308 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 293,596 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 914 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 201 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 10.0 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.09 |

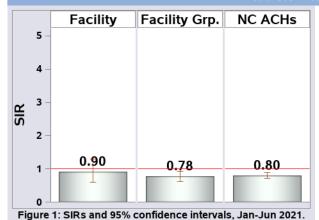
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

UNC Health Care is pleased that rates of all reported healthcare-associated infections are statistically similar or better than similarly-sized hospitals despite care in a tertiary referral hospital for highly vulnerable populations (e.g., organ transplant, HIV infected, cancer, severely burned, and very premature infants). NC residents should be aware that the reported information is NOT entirely adjusted for the severity of illness of the hospital's patients. UNC Health Care supports the need for the data presented in this report to be validated (i.e., demonstration by independent monitors that the submitted data is correct).

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 15 | 22 | Same | | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 11 | 6.7 | Same | | | |
| All reporting units | 26 | 29 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

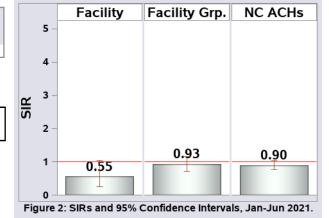
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WKSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 15 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

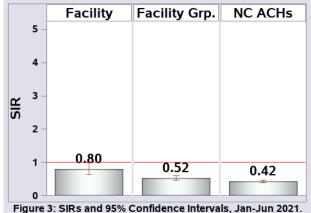
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 79 | 99 | Better | | |

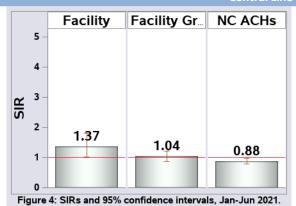
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 37 | 19 | Worse | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 8 | 11 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 1 | 3.0 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 46 | 34 | Worse | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 2.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

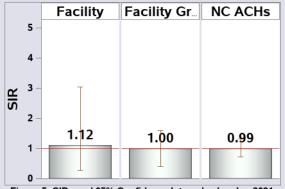
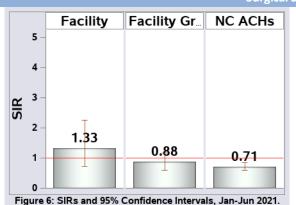


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 12 | 9.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County**

No comments provided

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 3,467 Patient Days in 2020: 11,619 Total Number of Beds: 108 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.13 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.04

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



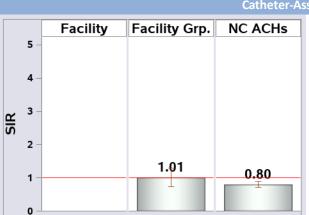


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| | Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Г | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

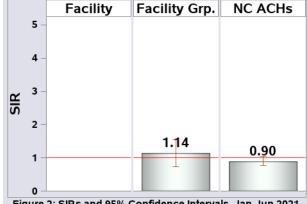
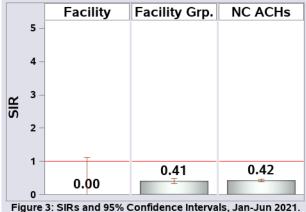


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

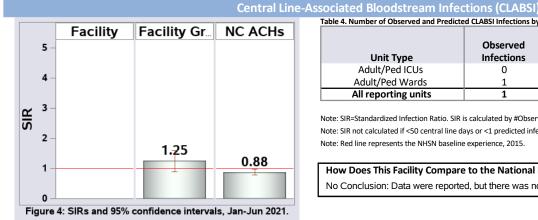


| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 2.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 **UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County**



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| - | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
| | | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

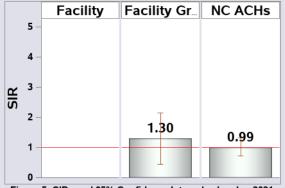
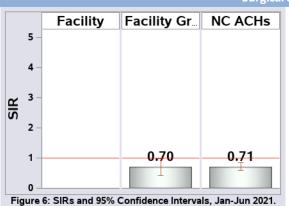


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Fac | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

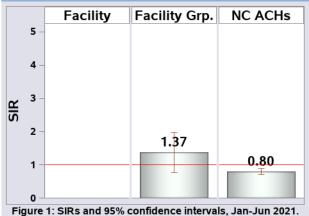
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 2,959 Patient Days in 2020: 12,191 Total Number of Beds: 81 Number of ICU Beds: 11 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.23

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| | Observed | Predicted | How Does This Facility Compare to the National |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WittsA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

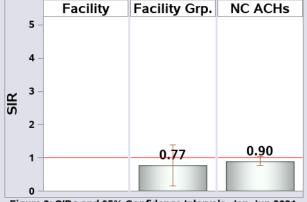
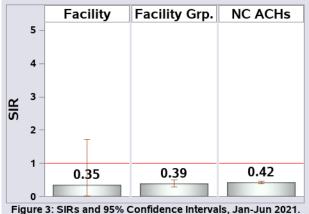


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



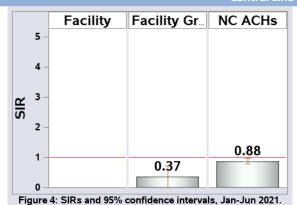
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.9 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| | Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---------------|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This | | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

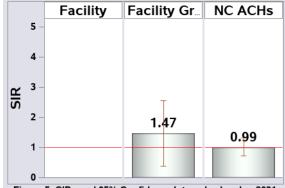
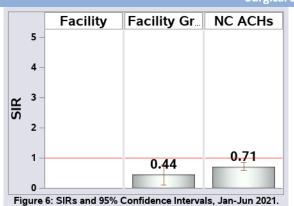


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

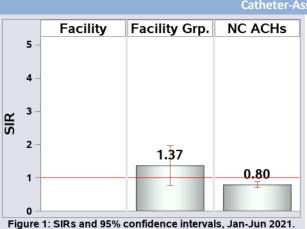
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Vidant Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County

| 2020 Hospital Survey | Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 3,412 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 16,560 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 89 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.12 |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

All reporting units

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

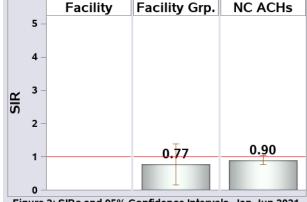
| able 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

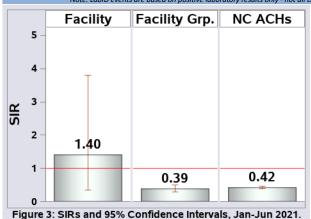


No Conclusion

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

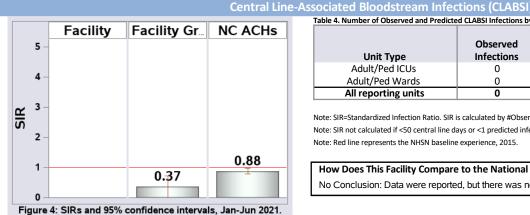


| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 2.1 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County



| lable 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Dad ICUs | _ | Locathan 1 O | No Conclusion | |

Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Less than 1.0 0 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion All reporting units n Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

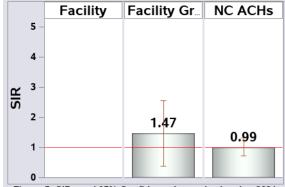
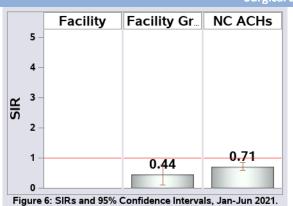


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| 1 | Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | |
|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| | Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 3,384 Patient Days in 2020: 14,853 Total Number of Beds: 111 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.90

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

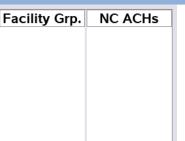
5

3 SIR

Facility

2.73





0.80

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 3 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1.1 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

1.01

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

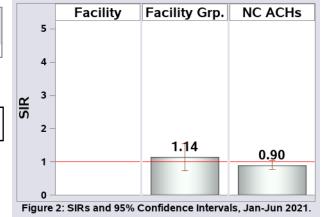
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wik3A Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

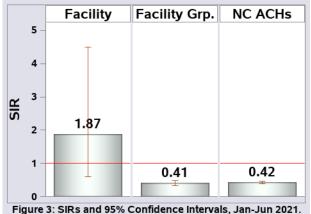
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



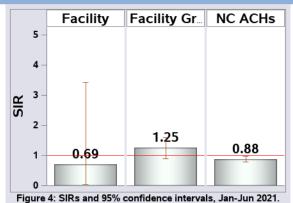
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 2.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

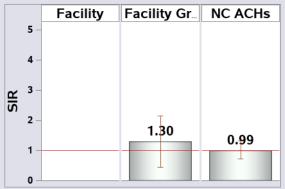
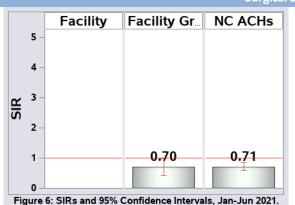


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

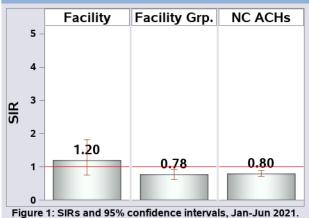
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 43,045 Patient Days in 2020: 258,559 Total Number of Beds: 974 Number of ICU Beds: 180 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 7.50 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.77

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 18 | 13 | Same | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 3.9 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 20 | 17 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 13 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

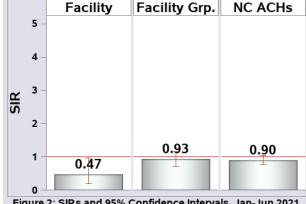
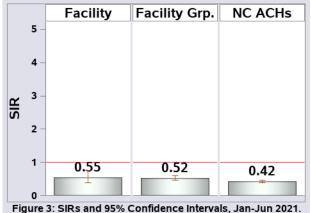


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 34 | 62 | Better | | | |

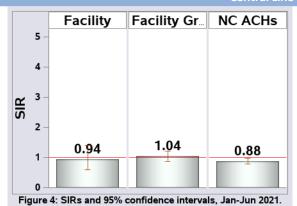
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 14 | 12 | Same | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 4 | 8.7 | Same | |
| Neonatal Units | 3 | 1.6 | Same | |
| All reporting units | 21 | 22 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

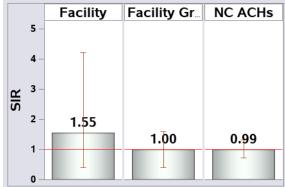
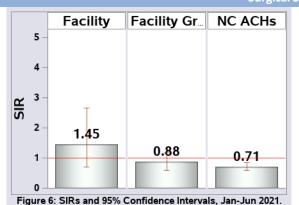


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 9 | 6.2 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

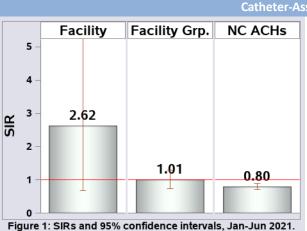
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 4,775 Patient Days in 2020: 23,791 Total Number of Beds: 114 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.88

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 3 | 1.1 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

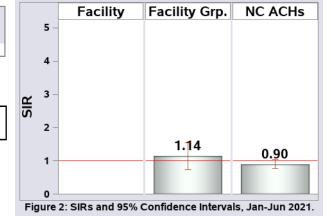
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan Juli 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

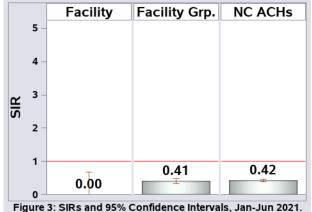
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 4.4 | Better | | | |

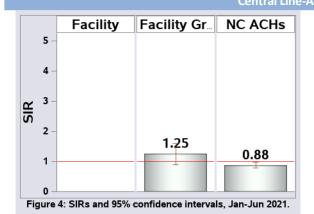
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

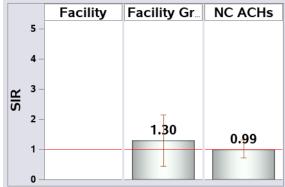
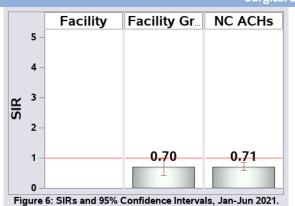


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte | ed SSI Infections (colon s | urgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

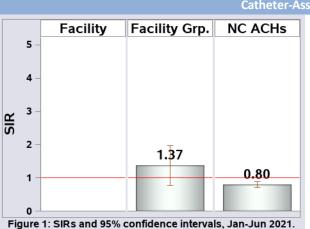
No comments provided

Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 2,881 Patient Days in 2020: 7,186 Total Number of Beds: 52 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.30 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.58

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 21 Training of the Control of | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

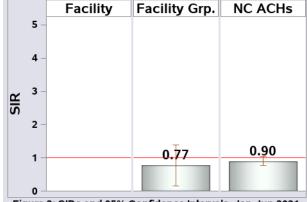
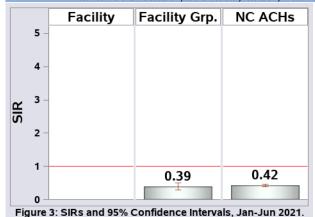


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

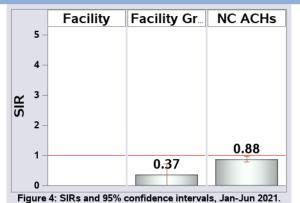
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

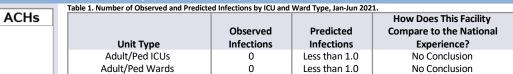
No comments provided

Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

| 2020 Hospital Surv | ey Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 4,863 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 14,950 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 65 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.40 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.62 |







Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

1.0

Same

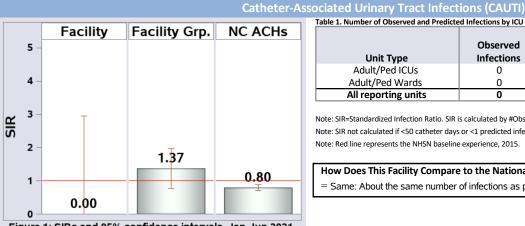


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

All reporting units

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| able 2. Halliber of Observed und Fredicted Willow Events, Juli 2021 | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

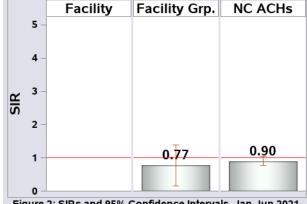
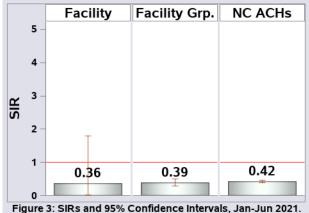


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



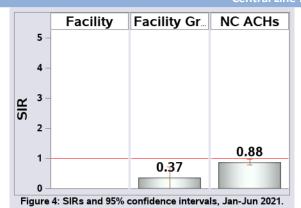
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict | ed CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 2.7 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

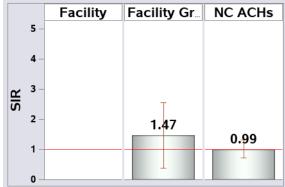
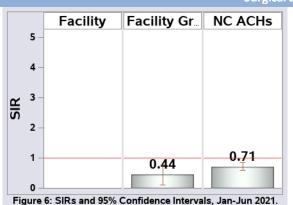


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

No comments provided

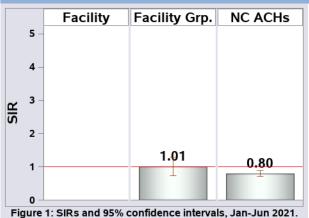
2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2020: 3,763 Patient Days in 2020: 15,909 Total Number of Beds: 130 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.70 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.54

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

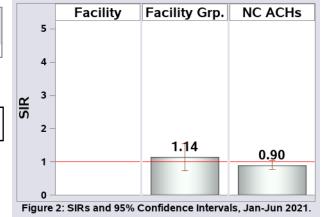
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

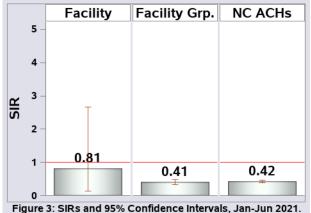
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



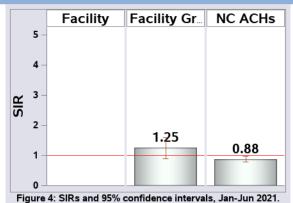
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 2.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021.

How Does This Facility
Observed Predicted Compare to the National
Unit Type Infections Infections Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient 1 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

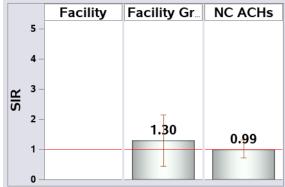
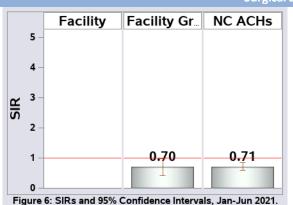


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

| 2020 Hospital S | urvey Information |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Admissions in 2020: | 44,641 |
| Patient Days in 2020: | 266,262 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 885 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 176 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 9.00 |
| Number of FTFs* per 100 beds: | 1.02 |

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

Wake Forest Baptist Health continuously strives to provide a safe environment for patients, their families and our community. We have launched targeted programs to reduce the risk of acquiring Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infection and Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia events and are reinforcing appropriate infection prevention and identification methods.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

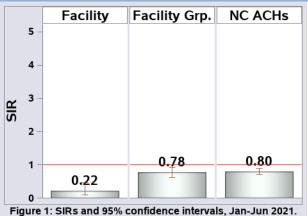


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 3 19 Better Adult/Ped Wards 3 8.7 Better All reporting units 6 27 **Better**

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 25 | 13 | Worse | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

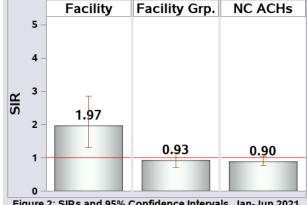
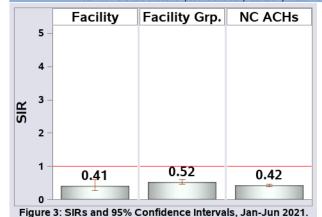


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| | Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| | Facility-wide inpatient | 23 | 56 | Better | |

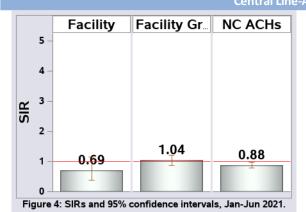
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 6 | 7.7 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | 6.3 | Better |
| Neonatal Units | 7 | 4.8 | Same |
| All reporting units | 13 | 19 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | 1.9 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

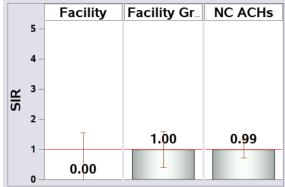
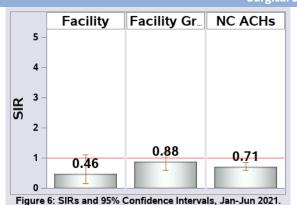


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 4 | 8.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - June 30, 2021 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2020: 42,195 Patient Days in 2020: 213,583 Total Number of Beds: 787 Number of ICU Beds: 134 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 8.00

1.02

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:



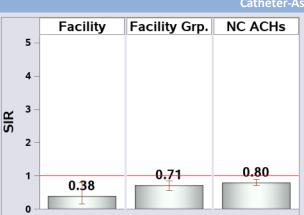


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

| THE A NUMBER OF STREET AND A ST | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 4 | 11 | Better | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 2 | 4.4 | Same | | |
| All reporting units | 6 | 16 | Better | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

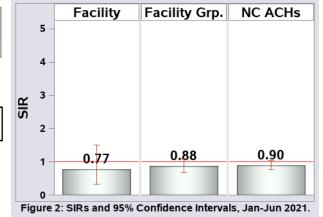
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 7 | 9.1 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

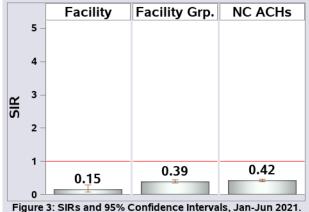
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 8 | 53 | Better | | |

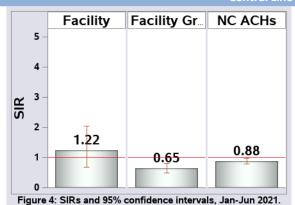
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | | | How Does This Facility |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 7 | 5.1 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 5 | 3.3 | Same |
| Neonatal Units | 1 | 2.2 | Same |
| All reporting units | 13 | 11 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

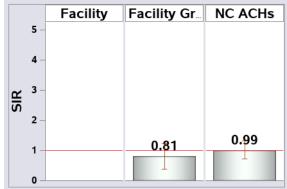
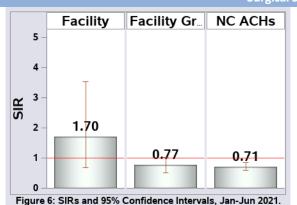


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 6 | 3.5 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

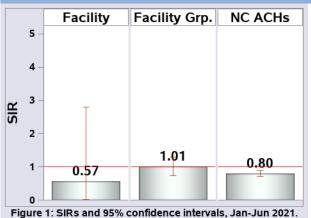
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 15,289 Patient Days in 2020: 53,820 Total Number of Beds: 180 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.56

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predic | teu illiections by ico and | VVara Type, san san 202 | How Does This Facility |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 1.0 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 1.8 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | How Does This Facility | | | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.0 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

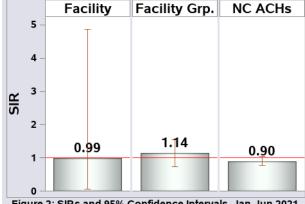
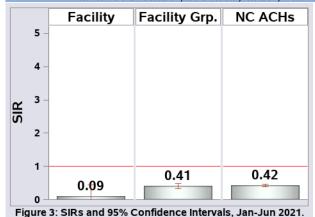


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 11 | Better | | |

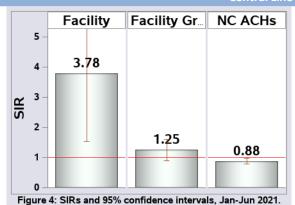
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 4 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 6 | 1.6 | Worse | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

| Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

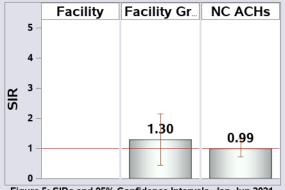
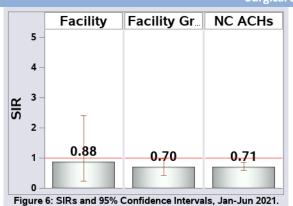


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 3.4 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021

Wakemed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate

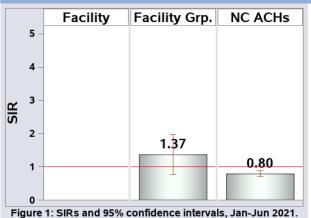
Admissions in 2020: 6,066 Patient Days in 2020: 15,925 Total Number of Beds: 44 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.70

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided



| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

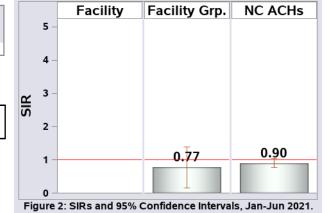
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wits A Events, Jan 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

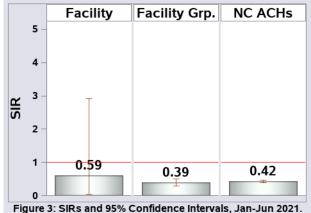
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



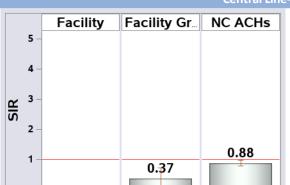
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.7 | Same | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wakemed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County



Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| | | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

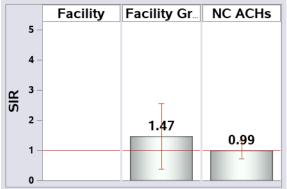
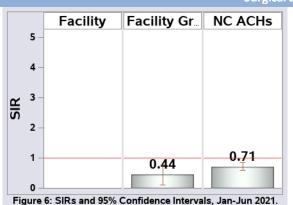


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Report Generated: August 19, 2021

N.C. HAI 2021 Q2 Report

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

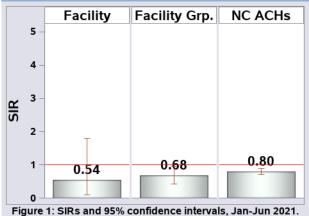
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2020: 9,608 Patient Days in 2020: 49,366 Total Number of Beds: 263 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.76

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



How Does This Facility Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Same 1.6 Adult/Ped Wards 2 2.1 Same All reporting units Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

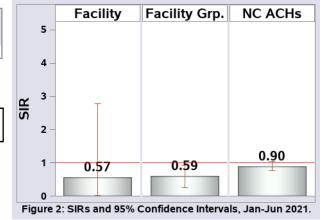
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.8 | Same | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

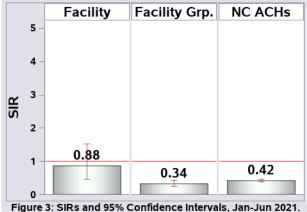
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes



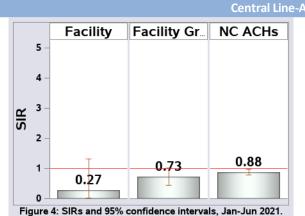
| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 11 | 13 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County



| \ccociated | Rioodetraam in | fections (CLABSI) | 1 |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----|
| 1550 Clared | DIUUUSII CAIII III | ICCHOID ICLADOL | - / |
| | | | |

| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | 1.6 | Same |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | 2.2 | Same |
| All reporting units | 1 | 3.7 | Same |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Jun 2021. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

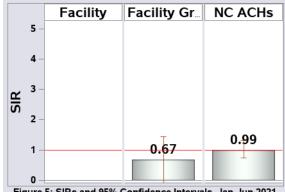
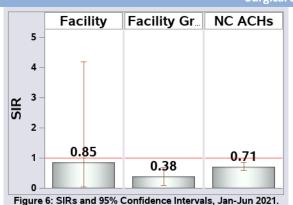


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 1.2 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 8,210 Patient Days in 2020: 39,664 Total Number of Beds: 150 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 0.67

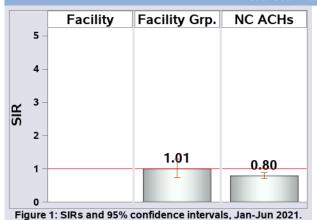




Commentary From Facility:

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



| Unit Type | Observed Infections | Predicted Infections | How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 2 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

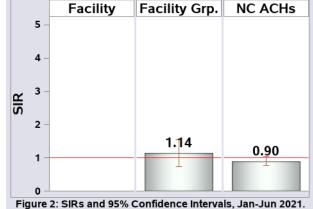
| Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



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Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

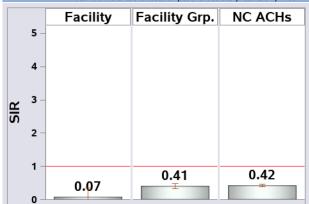


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 1 | 14 | Better | | |

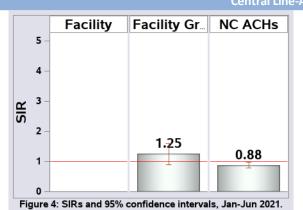
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| нэ. | sociated bloodstream infections (CLADSI) |
|-----|--|
| | Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 |

| | Observed | Predicted | How Does This Facility Compare to the National |
|---------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? |
| Adult/Ped ICUs | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

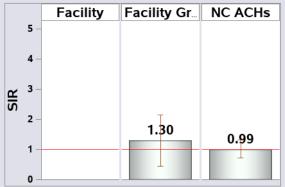
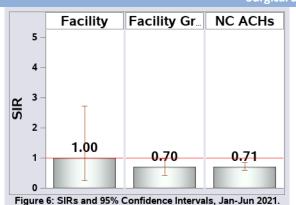


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | 3.0 | Same | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2020: 7,318 Patient Days in 2020: 31,729 Total Number of Beds: 137 Number of ICU Beds: FTF* Infection Preventionists: 1.63 Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: 1.19

[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



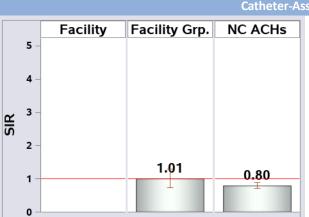


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

| Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |
| All reporting units | 1 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Jun 2021

| Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, July July 2021 | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

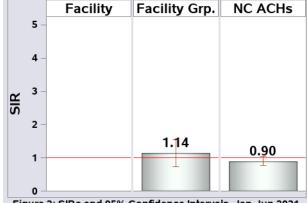
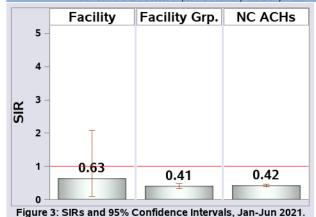


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



| Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | | |
| Unit Type | Events | Events | Experience? | | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 2 | 3.2 | Same | | | |

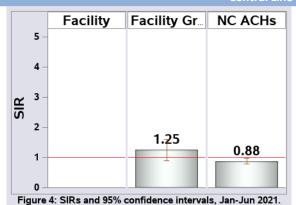
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – June 30, 2021 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



| Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Jun 2021 | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | |
| Adult/Ped Wards | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |
| All reporting units | 0 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

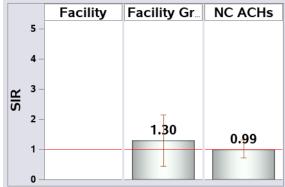
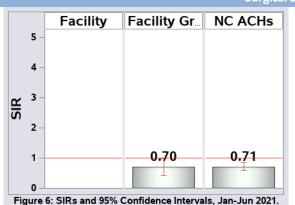


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Jun 2021.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



| Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Jun 2021. | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | How Does This Facility | | |
| | Observed | Predicted | Compare to the National | | |
| Unit Type | Infections | Infections | Experience? | | |
| Facility-wide inpatient | 3 | Less than 1.0 | No Conclusion | | |

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A. Definitions

| <u>Term</u> | <u>Definition</u> |
|---|--|
| Aggregate data | Sum or total data. For example, aggregate N.C. HAI data refers to the sum, or total, of HAI data for all hospitals in N.C. |
| ASA Class | Anesthesiologist's pre-operative assessment of the patient's physical condition, using the American Society of Anesthesiologists' (ASA) Classification of Physical Status. 1. Normally healthy patient 2. Patient with mild systemic disease 3. Patient with severe systemic disease that is not incapacitating 4. Patient with an incapacitating systemic disease, constant threat to life 5. Patient not expected to survive for 24 hours with or without the operation |
| Beds | The number of staffed beds in a facility or patient care location. This may be different from the number of licensed beds. |
| Catheter days | A daily count of the number of patients with an indwelling urinary catheter. For example, one patient with an indwelling catheter in place for two days or two patients with indwelling catheters in place for one day each would both result in two catheter days. This number is used when presenting rates of catheter-associated urinary tract infections. |
| Catheter-associated urinary tract infection | Urinary tract infection (UTI) that occurs in a patient who had an indwelling urinary catheter in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the UTI. |
| Central line | A catheter (tube) that doctors place in a large vein in the neck, chest, or groin ending in a large vein near the heart. It is used to give medication or fluids or to collect blood for medical tests. Also known as a central venous catheter. |
| Central line-associated bloodstream infection | A bloodstream infection (BSI) that occurs in a patient who had a central line in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the BSI and is not related to an infection at another site. |
| Central line days | A daily count of the number of patients with a central line. For example, one patient with a central line in place for two days or two patients with central lines in place for one day each would both result in two central line days. This number is used when presenting rates of central line-associated bloodstream infections. |
| Device days | A daily count of the number of patients with a specific device (e.g., central line, umbilical catheter, or urinary catheter) in the patient care location. For example, one patient with a device in place for two days or two patients with devices in place for one day each would both result in two device days. This number is used when presenting rates of infections associated with the use of devices. |
| Full-time equivalent | The equivalent of one person working full time for one year: 8 hours per day at 5 days per week for 52 weeks per year = 2080 hours per year |
| Hand hygiene | A general term that applies to routine hand washing, antiseptic hand wash, antiseptic hand rub, or surgical hand antisepsis. |
| | <i>Routine hand washing</i> is the use of clean water and non-antimicrobial soap to remove germs, soil and other debris from the hands. |
| | Antiseptic hand washing is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs on the hands. |

| Term | Definition |
|---------|------------|
| 1 (1111 | Delilition |

Antiseptic hand rub is the use of alcohol-based hand rubs to remove or destroy germs from the hands. Antiseptic hand rubs are less effective when hands are visibly dirty. Surgical hand antisepsis is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs and takes 2-6 minutes to complete as both hands and forearms are cleaned. Water and nonantimicrobial soap can also be used but must be followed with an alcohol-based surgical hand scrub. Healthcare-associated Healthcare-associated infections (HAI) are infections caused by a wide variety of common and infections unusual bacteria, fungi, and viruses during the course of receiving medical care. Intensive care unit A nursing care area that provides intensive observation, diagnosis, and therapeutic procedures for adults and/or children who are critically ill. Also referred to as critical care unit. Medical affiliation Affiliation with a medical school. There are four categories: *Major teaching* – Facility has a program for medical students and post-graduate medical training. Graduate - Facility has a program for post-graduate medical training (i.e., residency and/or fellowships). *Undergraduate* – Facility has a program for medical/nursing students only. No – Hospital is not a teaching hospital for physicians and/or physicians in training Patient days A daily count of the number of patients in the patient care location during a specified time period. Rate Describes the speed with which disease or events occur. The number of diseases or events per unit of time. Standardized infection A ratio of observed to expected (or predicted) numbers of events that is adjusted for selected risk ratio factors. Infection that occurs after surgery, in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Surgical site infection Umbilical catheter Long, thin plastic tubes that travel from the stump of a newborn baby's umbilical cord into the large vessels near the heart Urinary catheter A drainage tube that is inserted into the urinary bladder through the urethra, is left in place, and is connected to a closed collection system. Validity (data) The extent to which reported cases of a disease or event correspond accurately to cases of a disease event that actually occurred.

APPENDIX B. Acronyms

ACL Adult Care Licensure

APIC-NC Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, N.C. Chapter

ASA American Society of Anesthesiologists

BSI Bloodstream infection

CAUTI Catheter-associated urinary tract infection
CCME Carolinas Center for Medical Excellence

CCU Critical care unit

CDB Communicable Disease Branch

CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

C. diff Clostridioides difficile

CDI *Clostridioides difficile* infection

CI Confidence interval

CMS Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CLABSI Central line-associated bloodstream infections

CRE Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales

DHHS Department of Health and Human Services

DHSR Division of Health Service Regulation

DPH Division of Public Health
ED Emergency department

HAI Healthcare-associated Infections

ICU Intensive care unit

IPs Infection preventionists

MRSA Methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*NCHA North Carolina Healthcare Association

N.C. SPICE North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology

NCQC North Carolina Quality Center

NHLC Nursing Home Licensure and Certification

NHSN National Healthcare Safety Network
NICU Neonatal intensive (critical) care unit
QIO Quality improvement organization

SIR Standardized infection ratio

SSI Surgical site infection

VAE Ventilator-associated event

VRE Vancomycin-resistant Enterococci

APPENDIX C. Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Tips. Appendix C1. Catheter (Central Line)-Associated Bloodstream Infections



about

"Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infections"

(also known as "Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections")

What is a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

A "central line" or "central catheter" is a tube that is placed into a patient's large vein, usually in the neck, chest, arm, or groin. The catheter is often used to draw blood, or give fluids or medications. It may be left in place for several weeks. A bloodstream infection can occur when bacteria or other germs travel down a "central line" and enter the blood. If you develop a catheter-associated bloodstream infection you may become ill with fevers and chills or the skin around the catheter may become sore and red.

Can a catheter-related bloodstream infection be treated?

A catheter-associated bloodstream infection is serious, but often can be successfully treated with antibiotics. The catheter might need to be removed if you develop an infection.

What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections?

To prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections doctors and nurses will:

- Choose a vein where the catheter can be safely inserted and where the risk for infection is small.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before putting in the catheter.
- Wear a mask, cap, sterile gown, and sterile gloves when putting in the catheter to keep it sterile. The patient will be covered with a sterile sheet.
- Clean the patient's skin with an antiseptic cleanser before putting in the catheter.
- Clean their hands, wear gloves, and clean the catheter opening
 with an antiseptic solution before using the catheter to draw
 blood or give medications. Healthcare providers also clean their
 hands and wear gloves when changing the bandage that covers
 the area where the catheter enters the skin.
- Decide every day if the patient still needs to have the catheter.
 The catheter will be removed as soon as it is no longer needed.
- Carefully handle medications and fluids that are given through the catheter.

What can I do to help prevent a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

Ask your doctors and nurses to explain why you need the catheter and how long you will have it.

- Ask your doctors and nurses if they will be using all of the prevention methods discussed above.
- Make sure that all doctors and nurses caring for you clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- If the bandage comes off or becomes wet or dirty, tell your nurse or doctor immediately.
- Inform your nurse or doctor if the area around your catheter is sore or red.
- Do not let family and friends who visit touch the catheter or the tubing.
- Make sure family and friends clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you.

What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

Some patients are sent home from the hospital with a catheter in order to continue their treatment. If you go home with a catheter, your doctors and nurses will explain everything you need to know about taking care of your catheter.

- Make sure you understand how to care for the catheter before leaving the hospital. For example, ask for instructions on showering or bathing with the catheter and how to change the catheter dressing.
- Make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- Make sure you wash your hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before handling your catheter.
- Watch for the signs and symptoms of catheter-associated bloodstream infection, such as soreness or redness at the catheter site or fever, and call your healthcare provider immediately if any occur.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.













Appendix C2. Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections



"Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection"

What is "catheter-associated urinary tract infection"?

A urinary tract infection (also called "UTI") is an infection in the urinary system, which includes the bladder (which stores the urine) and the kidneys (which filter the blood to make urine). Germs (for example, bacteria or yeasts) do not normally live in these areas; but if germs are introduced, an infection can occur.

If you have a urinary catheter, germs can travel along the catheter and cause an infection in your bladder or your kidney; in that case it is called a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (or "CA-UTI").

What is a urinary catheter?

A urinary catheter is a thin tube placed in the bladder to drain urine. Urine drains through the tube into a bag that collects the urine. A urinary catheter may be used:

- . If you are not able to urinate on your own
- To measure the amount of urine that you make, for example, during intensive care
- · During and after some types of surgery
- · During some tests of the kidneys and bladder

People with urinary catheters have a much higher chance of getting a urinary tract infection than people who don't have a catheter.

How do I get a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (CA-UTI)?

If germs enter the urinary tract, they may cause an infection. Many of the germs that cause a catheter-associated urinary tract infection are common germs found in your intestines that do not usually cause an infection there. Germs can enter the urinary tract when the catheter is being put in or while the catheter remains in the bladder.

What are the symptoms of a urinary tract infection?

Some of the common symptoms of a urinary tract infection are:

- · Burning or pain in the lower abdomen (that is, below the stomach)
- Fever
- Bloody urine may be a sign of infection, but is also caused by other problems
- Burning during urination or an increase in the frequency of urination after the catheter is removed.

Sometimes people with catheter-associated urinary tract infections do not have these symptoms of infection.

Can catheter-associated urinary tract infections be treated?

Yes, most catheter-associated urinary tract infections can be treated with antibiotics and removal or change of the catheter. Your doctor will determine which antibiotic is best for you.

What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheterassociated urinary tract infections?

To prevent urinary tract infections, doctors and nurses take the following actions.

Catheter insertion

- Catheters are put in only when necessary and they are removed as soon as possible.
- Only properly trained persons insert catheters using sterile ("clean") technique.
- The skin in the area where the catheter will be inserted is cleaned before inserting the catheter.
- o Other methods to drain the urine are sometimes used, such as
- External catheters in men (these look like condoms and are placed over the penis rather than into the penis)
- Putting a temporary catheter in to drain the urine and removing it right away. This is called intermittent urethral catheterization.

Catheter care

 Healthcare providers clean their hands by washing them with soap and water or using an alcohol-based hand rub before and after touching your catheter.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- Avoid disconnecting the catheter and drain tube. This helps to prevent germs from getting into the catheter tube.
- o The catheter is secured to the leg to prevent pulling on the catheter.
- o Avoid twisting or kinking the catheter.
- o $\,$ Keep the bag lower than the bladder to prevent urine from backflowing to the bladder.
- Empty the bag regularly. The drainage spout should not touch anything while emptying the bag.

What can I do to help prevent catheter-associated urinary tract infections if I have a catheter?

- · Always clean your hands before and after doing catheter care.
- Always keep your urine bag below the level of your bladder.
- · Do not tug or pull on the tubing.
- · Do not twist or kink the catheter tubing.
- Ask your healthcare provider each day if you still need the catheter.

What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- If you will be going home with a catheter, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of the catheter. Make sure you understand how to care for it before you leave the hospital.
- If you develop any of the symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such as burning or pain in the lower abdomen, fever, or an increase in the frequency of urination, contact your doctor or nurse immediately.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.















"Surgical Site Infections"

What is a Surgical Site Infection (SSI)?

A surgical site infection is an infection that occurs after surgery in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Most patients who have surgery do not develop an infection. However, infections develop in about 1 to 3 out of every 100 patients who have surgery.

Some of the common symptoms of a surgical site infection are:

- · Redness and pain around the area where you had surgery
- · Drainage of cloudy fluid from your surgical wound
- Fever

Can SSIs be treated?

Yes. Most surgical site infections can be treated with antibiotics. The antibiotic given to you depends on the bacteria (germs) causing the infection. Sometimes patients with SSIs also need another surgery to treat the infection.

What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent SSIs?

To prevent SSIs, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands and arms up to their elbows with an antiseptic agent just before the surgery.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for each patient.
- May remove some of your hair immediately before your surgery using electric clippers if the hair is in the same area where the procedure will occur. They should not shave you with a razor.
- Wear special hair covers, masks, gowns, and gloves during surgery to keep the surgery area clean.
- Give you antibiotics before your surgery starts. In most cases, you should get antibiotics within 60 minutes before the surgery starts and the antibiotics should be stopped within 24 hours after surgery.
- Clean the skin at the site of your surgery with a special soap that kills germs.

What can I do to help prevent SSIs?

Before your surgery:

Tell your doctor about other medical problems you may have.
 Health problems such as allergies, diabetes, and obesity could affect your surgery and your treatment.

- Quit smoking. Patients who smoke get more infections. Talk to your doctor about how you can quit before your surgery.
- Do not shave near where you will have surgery. Shaving with a razor can irritate your skin and make it easier to develop an infection.

At the time of your surgery:

- Speak up if someone tries to shave you with a razor before surgery.
 Ask why you need to be shaved and talk with your surgeon if you have any concerns.
- · Ask if you will get antibiotics before surgery.

After your surgery:

 Make sure that your healthcare providers clean their hands before examining you, either with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- Family and friends who visit you should not touch the surgical wound or dressings.
- Family and friends should clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you. If you do not see them clean their hands, ask them to clean their hands.

What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- Before you go home, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of your wound. Make sure you understand how to care for your wound before you leave the hospital.
- Always clean your hands before and after caring for your wound.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- If you have any symptoms of an infection, such as redness and pain at the surgery site, drainage, or fever, call your doctor immediately.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.













Appendix C4. Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus LabID Events



"MRSA"

(Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus)

What is MRSA?

Staphylococcus aureus (pronounced staff-ill-oh-KOK-us AW-ree-us), or "Staph" is a very common germ that about 1 out of every 3 people have on their skin or in their nose. This germ does not cause any problems for most people who have it on their skin. But sometimes it can cause serious infections such as skin or wound infections, pneumonia, or infections of the blood.

Antibiotics are given to kill Staph germs when they cause infections. Some *Staph* are resistant, meaning they cannot be killed by some antibiotics. "Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus" or "MRSA" is a type of Staph that is resistant to some of the antibiotics that are often used to treat *Staph* infections.

Who is most likely to get an MRSA infection?

In the hospital, people who are more likely to get an MRSA infection are people who:

- · have other health conditions making them sick
- · have been in the hospital or a nursing home
- · have been treated with antibiotics.

People who are healthy and who have not been in the hospital or a nursing home can also get MRSA infections. These infections usually involve the skin. More information about this type of MRSA infection, known as "community-associated MRSA" infection, is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). http://www.cdc.gov/mrsa

How do I get an MRSA infection?

People who have MRSA germs on their skin or who are infected with MRSA may be able to spread the germ to other people. MRSA can be passed on to bed linens, bed rails, bathroom fixtures, and medical equipment. It can spread to other people on contaminated equipment and on the hands of doctors, nurses, other healthcare providers and visitors.

Can MRSA infections be treated?

Yes, there are antibiotics that can kill MRSA germs. Some patients with MRSA abscesses may need surgery to drain the infection. Your healthcare provider will determine which treatments are best for you.

What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent MRSA infections?

To prevent MRSA infections, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for every patient.
- · Carefully clean hospital rooms and medical equipment.
- Use Contact Precautions when caring for patients with MRSA. Contact Precautions mean:
 - o Whenever possible, patients with MRSA will have a single room or will share a room only with someone else who also has MRSA.
 - Healthcare providers will put on gloves and wear a gown over their clothing while taking care of patients with MRSA.

- o Visitors may also be asked to wear a gown and gloves.
- When leaving the room, hospital providers and visitors remove their gown and gloves and clean their hands.
- Patients on Contact Precautions are asked to stay in their hospital rooms as much as possible. They should not go to common areas, such as the gift shop or cafeteria. They may go to other areas of the hospital for treatments and tests.
- May test some patients to see if they have MRSA on their skin. This test involves rubbing a cotton-tipped swab in the patient's nostrils or on the skin.

What can I do to help prevent MRSA infections?

In the hospital

 Make sure that all doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

When you go home

 If you have wounds or an intravascular device (such as a catheter or dialysis port) make sure that you know how to take care of them.

Can my friends and family get MRSA when they visit me?

The chance of getting MRSA while visiting a person who has MRSA is very low. To decrease the chance of getting MRSA your family and friends should:

- · Clean their hands before they enter your room and when they leave.
- Ask a healthcare provider if they need to wear protective gowns and gloves when they visit you.

What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

To prevent another MRSA infection and to prevent spreading MRSA to others:

- Keep taking any antibiotics prescribed by your doctor. Don't take halfdoses or stop before you complete your prescribed course.
- Clean your hands often, especially before and after changing your wound dressing or bandage.
- People who live with you should clean their hands often as well.
- Keep any wounds clean and change bandages as instructed until healed.
- · Avoid sharing personal items such as towels or razors.
- Wash and dry your clothes and bed linens in the warmest temperatures recommended on the labels.
- Tell your healthcare providers that you have MRSA. This includes home health nurses and aides, therapists, and personnel in doctors' offices.
- · Your doctor may have more instructions for you.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.













OSTRIDIOIDES FFICILE (formerly known as Clostridium difficile)

Clostridioides difficile (also known as C. diff) is a bacterium that causes diarrhea and colitis (an inflammation of the colon). C. diff infection can be life-threatening.

IMPACT



C. diff infection is estimated to cause almost half a million illnesses in the United States each year, and an estimated 29,300 deaths.1



About 1 in 6 patients who get C. diff infection will get it again in the subsequent 2-8 weeks.1



One in 11 people over 65 diagnosed with a healthcare-associated C. diff infection die within a month.2



People are 7 to 10 times more likely to get C. diff infection while taking an antibiotic and during the month after.3



Extended stays in healthcare settings, such as hospitals and nursing homes, also increase their risk.



More than 80% of C. diff deaths occur. in people 65 and older.

SPREAD





C. diff spreads when people touch surfaces that are contaminated with poop from an infected person.



Or when people don't wash their hands with soap and water.



It can also happen when one healthcare facility fails to notify another when it transfers a patient with C. diff.

Healthcare professionals can help PREVENT C. diff by:



Optimizing the way they prescribe antibiotics.



Using the tests that give the most accurate results.



Rapidly identifing and isolating patients with C. diff.



Wearing gloves and gowns when treating patients with C. diff—and remembering that hand sanitizer doesn't kill C. diff.



Cleaning surfaces in rooms where C. diff patients are treated with EPA-approved, spore-killing disinfectant (see list K).

cdc.gov/cdiff

Guh AV, Mu Y, Winston LG et al. N Engl J Med 2020;382:1320—30. DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1910215 Lessa FC, Mu YT, Bamberg WM et al. N Engl J Med 2015;372:825—34. DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1408913 Hensgens MPM, Goorhuis A, Dekkers OM, Kuijper EJ. J Antimicrob Chemother 2011. DOI: 10.1093/jac/dkr508



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Appendix D. NC SHARPPS Advisory Group

Sheryl A. Bedno, MD, DrPH, FACPM, LTC, MC Chief, Preventive Medicine Womack Army Medical Center

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Shermalyn Greene, PhD Molecular Diagnostics & Epidemiology Program Manager

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Representative Verla Insko (Orange County) N.C. House of Representatives

Shelby Lassiter, BSN, RN, CPHQ Director, Clinical Improvement N.C. Healthcare Association

Sarah Lewis, MD

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Jennifer MacFarquhar, MPH, BSN, RN, CIC (Chair) Director, SHARPPS Program N.C. Division of Public Health

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Becky Smith, MD Duke University Health System

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Elizabeth Dodds-Ashley, PharmD, MHS, FCCP, BCPS Associate Professor of Medicine Duke Center for Antimicrobial Stewardship and Infection Prevention

Appendix E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2020 (or 2019 if 2020 survey not submitted by date of dataset generation) National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey

Appendix E1 Healthcare Facility Group: Short-term Acute Care Hospitals

| SurveyYear | Hospital Name | Number of Beds |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 2020 | FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus | 8 |
| 2020 | DLP - Swain Community Hospital | 15 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Healthcare System Anson | 15 |
| 2020 | Cherokee Indian Hospital | 18 |
| 2020 | Martin General Hospital | 18 |
| 2020 | Person Memorial Hospital | 18 |
| 2020 | The Outer Banks Hospital | 21 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Medical Park Hospital | 22 |
| 2020 | Dosher Memorial Hospital | 23 |
| 2020 | Highlands Cashiers Hospital | 24 |
| 2020 | St. Luke's Hospital | 25 |
| 2020 | Murphy Medical Center | 25 |
| 2020 | Vidant Chowan Hospital | 25 |
| 2020 | North Carolina Specialty Hospital | 26 |
| 2020 | McDowell Hospital | 30 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center | 36 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Mint Hill Medical Center | 36 |
| 2020 | Transylvania Regional Hospital | 37 |
| 2020 | Blue Ridge Regional Hospital | 38 |
| 2020 | WakeMed North Family Health & Women's Hospital | 44 |
| 2020 | Central Harnett Hospital | 44 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital | 48 |
| 2020 | Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital | 49 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center | 50 |
| 2020 | Wake Forest Baptist Health – Davie Medical Center | 52 |
| 2020 | Annie Penn Hospital | 53 |
| 2020 | Granville Medical Center | 62 |
| 2020 | Wake Forest Baptist Health – Lexington Medical | 02 |
| 2020 | Center | 65 |
| 2020 | Kings Mountain Hospital | 67 |
| 2020 | Columbus Regional Healthcare System | 70 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center | 74 |
| 2020 | Randolph Hospital DBA Randolph Health | 75 |
| 2020 | Carteret General Hospital | 75 |
| 2020 | Johnston Health Clayton | 75 |
| 2020 | DLP – Harris Regional Hospital | 78 |
| | FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond | |
| 2020 | Campus | 79 |
| 2020 | Vidant Beaufort Hospital | 81 |
| 2020 | Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital | 81 |
| 2020 | Betsy Johnson Hospital | 87 |
| C Dissiples of Desklip | Hoolth CHADDDC Drogram | NC H |

| 2020 | Vidant Duplin Hospital | 89 |
|------|--|-----|
| 2020 | Central Carolina Hospital | 89 |
| 2020 | Maria Parham Medical Center | 99 |
| 2020 | Atrium Health University City | 100 |
| 2020 | Haywood Regional Medical Center | 100 |
| 2020 | Northern Regional Hospital | 100 |
| 2020 | Atrium Health Lincoln | 101 |
| 2020 | Advent Health Hendersonville | 103 |
| 2020 | Scotland Memorial Hospital | 104 |
| 2020 | Caldwell Memorial Hospital | 106 |
| 2020 | UNC Rockingham Health | 108 |
| 2020 | Atrium Health Stanly | 109 |
| 2020 | Vidant Edgecombe Hospital | 111 |
| 2020 | Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital | 114 |
| 2020 | Sentara Albemarle Medical Center | 115 |
| 2020 | Sampson Regional Medical Center | 116 |
| 2020 | ARHS-Watauga Medical Center | 117 |
| 2020 | Cone Green Valley | 120 |
| 2020 | Lake Norman Regional Medical Center | 123 |
| 2020 | Rutherford Regional Medical Center | 125 |
| 2020 | Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center | 130 |
| 2020 | Wilson Medical Center | 137 |
| 2020 | Pardee Hospital | 142 |
| 2020 | Davis Regional Medical Center | 144 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center | 145 |
| 2020 | Halifax Regional Medical Center | 149 |
| 2020 | Nash Health Care Systems | 150 |
| 2020 | Wesley Long Hospital | 150 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center | 145 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Healthcare System Blue Ridge | 151 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Matthews Medical Center | 157 |
| 2020 | Onslow Memorial Hospital | 162 |
| 2020 | Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Inc | 167 |
| 2020 | Johnston Health | 173 |
| 2020 | WakeMed Cary Hospital | 180 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Medical Center - Union | 182 |
| 2020 | Duke Raleigh Hospital | 186 |
| 2020 | Frye Regional Medical Center | 190 |
| 2020 | Catawba Valley Medical Center | 190 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Medical Center – Mercy | 196 |
| 2020 | Iredell Memorial Hospital | 199 |
| 2020 | Duke Regional Hospital | 223 |
| 2020 | Alamance Regional Medical Center | 238 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland | 241 |
| 2020 | Southeastern Regional Medical Center | 246 |

| 2020 | Carolinas Medical Center – Pineville | 254 |
|------|---|-----|
| 2020 | Cherry Hospital | 259 |
| 2020 | Wayne Memorial Hospital | 263 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Rowan Medical Center | 268 |
| 2020 | Broughton Hospital | 297 |
| 2020 | High Point Regional Health System | 300 |
| 2020 | CarolinaEast Medical Center | 350 |
| 2020 | FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital | 361 |
| 2020 | Central Regional Hospital | 405 |
| 2020 | Gaston Memorial Hospital | 435 |
| 2020 | Atrium Health Cabarrus | 457 |
| 2020 | Moses Cone Hospital | 517 |
| 2020 | Rex Healthcare | 560 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center | 624 |
| 2020 | New Hanover Regional Medical Center | 734 |
| 2020 | Cape Fear Valley Health System | 775 |
| 2020 | WakeMed | 787 |
| 2020 | Carolinas Medical Center | 859 |
| 2020 | Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center | 859 |
| 2020 | Mission Hospital | 880 |
| 2020 | Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center | 885 |
| 2020 | UNC Health Care | 914 |
| 2020 | Duke University Hospital | 952 |
| 2020 | Vidant Medical Center | 974 |

Appendix E2 Healthcare Facility Group: Long-term Acute Care Hospitals

Hospital Name

Select Specialty Hospital, Greensboro Select Specialty Hospital, Durham

Carolinas Specialty Hospital

LifeCare Hospitals of North Carolina

Kindred Hospital Greensboro

Carolinas ContinueCARE Hospital at Kings Mountain

Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital

Asheville Specialty Hospital

CHS Pineville Rehabilitation

Appendix E3 Healthcare Facility Group: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities

Facility Name

Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center CarePartners Health Services Carolinas Rehabilitation Carolinas Rehabilitation North East Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly