

## Issued June 2022

# Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

**Reporting Period:** 

January 1, 2021—December 31, 2021

Product of:

NC Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program

Communicable Disease Branch

**Division of Public Health** 

NC Department of Health and Human Services

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NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Division of Public Health

### Introduction

The prevention of healthcare-associated infections is a public health priority in North Carolina and is a collaborative effort among the healthcare and public health communities. This healthcare-associated infections report is an important product of this collaboration. Included in this report is information about infections occurring in North Carolina short-term acute care hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities from January 1 through December 31, 2021. Data included in this report are preliminary and therefore subject to change.

This report focuses on six important types of healthcare-associated infections that may occur while patients are hospitalized: central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), surgical site infections (SSI) following abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries, MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), *Clostridioides difficile* laboratory-identified infections (CDI LabID) and ventilator-associated events (VAE). These infections account for a large proportion of infections and deaths attributed to healthcare, but they do not represent the full spectrum of healthcare-associated infections.

This report was prepared by the North Carolina Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program located in the Communicable Disease Branch of the Epidemiology Section of the North Carolina Division of Public Health. The NC SHARPPS Program works to eliminate preventable infections in healthcare settings by:

- 1. Conducting statewide surveillance for selected healthcare-associated infections in alliance with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reporting rules;
- 2. Providing useful, unbiased information to healthcare providers and consumers;
- 3. Promoting and coordinating prevention efforts; and
- 4. Responding to outbreaks in healthcare settings.

We hope that the information in this report will be useful to healthcare providers and consumers. Data are intended to provide an understanding of the burden of healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina and an opportunity to evaluate infection rates across the state. Prevention tips are also provided so readers can take steps to minimize their risk of acquiring a healthcare-associated infection (Appendix C). We welcome your feedback to improve the usefulness of future reports (<u>nchai@dhhs.nc.gov</u>).

For more information on healthcare-associated infections and the NC SHARPPS Program, please visit <u>http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html</u>.

## Acknowledgements

The NC SHARPPS Program would like to acknowledge and thank hospital infection preventionists across the state, who work tirelessly to protect patients from infection. These preventionists provided the data used to create this report and worked with their hospital colleagues to identify and reconcile any potential problems with the data. These acknowledgements and gratitude extend to the hospitals. While reporting of healthcare-associated infections is required, their support for healthcare-associated infections reporting and efforts to assure accurate reporting of infections is appreciated. The recent successes in fighting healthcare-associated infections would not have been possible without the continuing efforts, dedication, and collaboration of hospitals and hospital infection preventionists.

The NC SHARPPS Program would also like to recognize the contributions of the Healthcare-Associated Infections Advisory Group members listed in Appendix D.

Finally, the program would like to acknowledge its partners, who have been important leaders and strong supporters of surveillance and prevention programs for healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina. These include the North Carolina Healthcare Association, the North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology, the North Carolina Chapter of the Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, Alliant Quality, and the Adult Care Licensure Section and Nursing Home Licensure and Certification Section of the North Carolina Division of Health Service Regulation.

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## I. Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a variety of organisms – including bacteria, viruses, and fungi – while people are receiving medical care. As part of the effort to reduce such types of infections, hospitals report specific types of HAIs to the NC Division of Public Health (DPH) as required by law (General Statute 130A-150). Since 2012, they have been reporting central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), and surgical site infections (SSI) occurring after inpatient abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries. Beginning in January 2013, short-term acute care hospitals began reporting laboratory-confirmed (LabID) bloodstream infections caused by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) and infections caused by *Clostridioides difficile*. In January 2016, ventilator-associated events (VAE) became reportable in long-term acute care hospitals. MRSA is no longer reportable in long-term acute care hospitals or inpatient rehabilitation facilities as of Q3 2018.

By North Carolina law, hospital reporting requirements are based on the reporting requirements established by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). HAI information is entered into the CDC web-based surveillance system called the National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN). The NC SHARPPS Program works with hospitals on a monthly basis to ensure their data are accurate and timely. All data in NHSN are entered and modified by hospitals; the NC SHARPPS Program cannot enter or change data in NHSN.

To learn more about CLABSIs, CAUTIS, SSIS, MRSA, *C. difficile* and other HAIS, please visit the NC SHARPPS Program website at <u>http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html</u>. More information on HAIs can be found in Appendix C. In addition to information about specific infections, there is a link to the "Facts and Figures" webpage (<u>http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html</u>), which includes current and previous reports. The Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document, issued in October 2012 and revised in October 2019, contains background information on HAIs, HAI surveillance in North Carolina, and detailed information on statistics commonly used to describe and summarize HAIs. Subsequent reports, published quarterly, cover timely state-level and facility-specific data on the incidence of HAIs in hospitals across the state, as well as information on the creation and progress of various initiatives to reduce HAIs.

North Carolina Administrative Code rule 10A NCAC 41A .0106 requires hospitals to report the HAIs listed in the CMS Inpatient Prospective Payment System Rule.

## II. Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

#### A. Explanation of the Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

Each hospital-specific summary report contains up to eight sections: 1) general hospital information, 2) central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), 3) catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), 4) surgical site infections (SSI) after abdominal hysterectomies and colon surgeries, 5) MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), 6) *C. difficile* laboratory-identified events (CDI LabID), 7) ventilator-associated events (VAE) and 8) commentary from the hospital. These sections are described below.

These reports cover January 1 through December 31, 2021 and data were downloaded from NHSN on May 09, 2022, unless otherwise indicated; any changes made to the data after the provided date are not reflected in this report.

#### Before reviewing this report, a few clarifications about the data need to be made:

- I. The data within this report are <u>preliminary</u>. Although efforts were made by hospitals and the NC SHARPPS Program to ensure that the data were accurate and complete, the data are self-reported and have not been formally "double checked" or validated. Unless data validation is completed, numbers should be interpreted with caution.
- II. There may be differences in reporting practices among hospitals. Hospitals with more infection control personnel and resources may be able to identify and report more infections compared to a hospital with fewer infection control resources.
- III. There may be differences between results published by the NC SHARPPS Program and results published elsewhere (i.e., CMS). Results may differ due to using data from different time periods, different facility types, different patient populations, and/or different methods of analysis.
- IV. The NC SHARPPS Program chose not to present some data for individual hospital units, procedures or hospitals that did not meet a threshold (minimum value) for the reporting period. The minimum threshold numbers are based on CDC recommendations for reporting healthcare-associated infection data:
  - Central line-associated bloodstream infections: 50 central line days;
  - Catheter-associated urinary tract infections: 50 catheter days; and
  - Surgical site infections: 20 surgeries.
- V. The NC SHARPPS Program does not calculate an SIR when <u>the number of predicted infections is less than 1</u>. In these situations, the "How Does this Facility Compare to the National Experience" text states "No conclusion." This does not mean that hospitals failed to report data, or that hospitals did not report all necessary data; it only means that the number of patients, devices (central lines or urinary catheters), and/or procedures that were seen during this time period did not meet the established threshold (minimum value) for calculating an SIR. This minimum threshold is based on CDC recommendations. In other words, there is not enough information to make a reliable conclusion about the hospital's or the state's performance on this measure.
- VI. Laboratory-Identified Events (LabID): Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) bacteremia (blood infection) and C. difficile infections (CDI) LabID events rely on laboratory data. Patients did not have to be ill to have a positive result, and a positive result can be determined without requiring clinical information about the patient. This allows for a much less labor-intensive means to track CDI and MRSA infections. Only those LabID events that are acquired in the hospital are displayed in this report. The sensitivity of various testing types may vary, particularly for CDI, so hospitals that use more sensitive tests might report more LabID events than hospitals that use less sensitive tests. NHSN makes risk adjustments to account for these differences when calculating SIRs for LabID CDI events.
- VII. Changes in surveillance definitions impact the number of observed and predicted events: In 2015, there were a number of notable changes to surveillance definitions and reporting requirements that should be considered when looking at this report. First, in acute care hospitals, CLABSI and CAUTI reporting was expanded to include the reporting of observed CLABSI and CAUTI infections in adult and pediatric medical, surgical, and medical/surgical ward locations in addition to ongoing ICU reporting. Secondly, the CAUTI surveillance definition was restricted to include only urine cultures with a colony count of at

least 100,000 colony forming units per milliliter (CFU/ml) for at least one type of bacteria and to exclude pathogen results with only yeast, mold, dimorphic fungi, or parasites.

#### 1. General Hospital Information

This section contains general information about the hospital and includes a map of where the hospital (red star icon) is located in North Carolina. Data in this section are from the NSHN 2020 Annual Hospital Survey. If a 2020 survey had not been completed by the date of report, data from the NHSN 2019 Annual Hospital Survey were used.

#### 2. HAI Information

A list of reporting hospitals by facility category can be found in Appendix E.

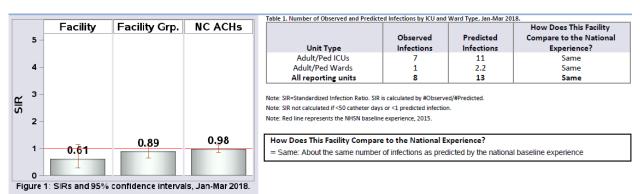
#### a) Below is a list of all variables shown in the data tables and figures:

- **Title:** The title of the table gives you information about the infection type, time period, and facility unit(s)/group(s) included in the table.
- **Procedure Type:** This is the specific type of surgery for which the surgical site infection (SSI) data are presented (e.g., abdominal hysterectomy, colon surgery).
- Unit/Unit Type: This is the specific unit/type of unit in the hospital from which the data was collected. There may be more than one reporting unit for a given facility HAI (specifically for CLABSI and CAUTI), such as multiple intensive care units. The hospital-specific report tables will summarize the year-to-date total across all reporting units in the hospital.
- **Observed Infections (or Observed Events):** This is the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) reported by the facility.
- **Predicted Infections (or Predicted Events):** This is a calculated value that reflects the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) that we have "predicted" to occur in this facility, based on the national experience.
- **"How Does the Facility Compare to the National Experience?"** Colors and symbols are used to help you quickly understand and interpret the hospital's data. This is the "take-home message" about healthcare-associated infections in this facility.
  - ★ Indicates the facility had fewer infections than were predicted (better than the national experience) = Indicates the facility had about the same number of infections as were predicted (same as the national experience)

★ Indicates the facility had more infections than were predicted (worse than the national experience) No Conclusion: Indicates that the facility reported data, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison to the national experience (# of predicted infections was less than 1).

- Facility Group: Short-term acute care hospitals are grouped with similarly-sized facilities, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities and long-term acute care hospitals are grouped together. This allows readers to compare a facility's SIR to the SIR of similarly-sized facilities within North Carolina.
- Note: Footnotes are included in the report in order to bring important data caveats to the reader's attention.

#### Figure 1. Example of Hospital-Specific Report Table and Figure



#### **b) SIR** - Represented by the bars in each graph.

- SIR = number of *observed* infections / number of *predicted* infections based on the national baseline experience
- SIR is calculated for each HAI at each facility
- The SIR is considered a "best guess" or estimate of observed infections compared to those predicted during January 1, 2021 December 31, 2021
- c) 95% confidence intervals for the SIR Represented by the skinny, vertical red lines in each figure.

Data in this section represent a lower and a higher limit around the SIR; together these limits create an interval. It means we are statistically 95% confident the SIR estimate falls within this interval. Wider bars indicate less confidence in the SIR estimate.

#### How to understand the 95% confidence intervals:

- If the value of <u>1.0 is included</u> between the lower and upper limit, there is NO statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- If the value of <u>1.0 is NOT included</u> between the lower and upper limit, there IS a statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- d) NHSN Baseline (i.e., national experience) Represented by the solid, horizontal red line in each figure.
  - The NHSN baseline is the number of predicted infections based on the national experience
  - The NHSN baseline year is 2015 for all HAIs.

#### 3. Commentary from Hospital

This section includes hospital comments on their HAI data and current infection control activities. Hospitals can provide a link to their hospital website to provide lengthier comments.

#### Statistics

For a detailed explanation of statistics included in the HAI reports, see the Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document which was revised October 2019 (<u>http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html</u>. Explanations on concepts such as statistical significance and computation of measures including rates and standardized infection ratios (SIRs) are provided.

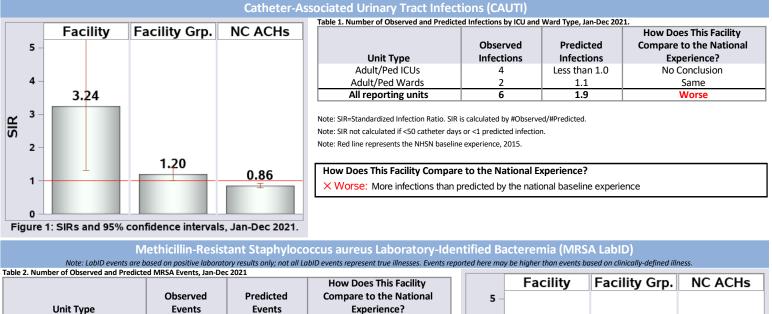
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	3,242
Patient Days in 2020:	12,566
Total Number of Beds:	103
Number of ICU Beds:	6
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.97



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

1

**Facility-wide inpatient** 

SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Less than 1.0

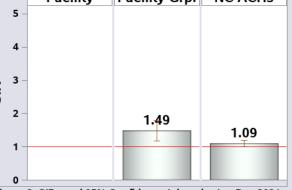


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

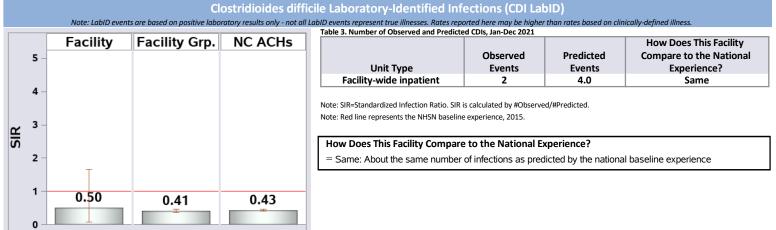
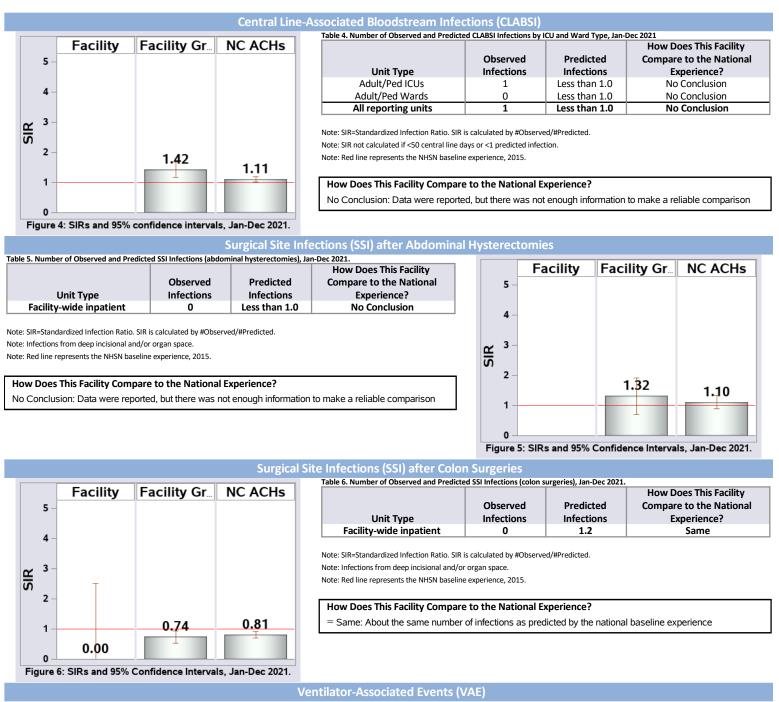


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

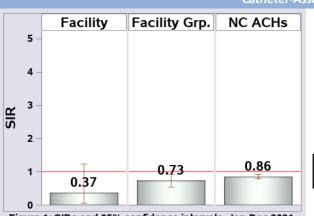


#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

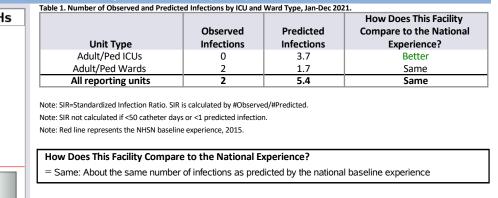
2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	11,548
Patient Days in 2020:	48,125
Total Number of Beds:	238
Number of ICU Beds:	32
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.63
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.



## **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**



#### Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

le 2. Number of Observed and Predict	eu ivir sa events, Jan-De	2021	How Doos This Escility		Facility	Facility Grp	. NC ACH
	Ob second a	Durallational	How Does This Facility	_	Facility	Facility Grp	. NC ACH
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	5 –			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.5	Same	4 -			
				4 -			
SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Observe	ed/#Predicted.					
Red line represents the NHSN baselin	e experience, 2015.			. 3 –			
				SIR			
w Does This Facility Compar	e to the National E	xperience?		SI			
		•					
amo: About the same number	of infactions as prov	dicted by the notions	l basolino ovnorionco	2 –			
Same: About the same number	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	al baseline experience	2 –			
Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	al baseline experience	2 -		0.99	1.09
Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	al baseline experience	2 -	T	0.99	1.09
Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	Il baseline experience	2		0.99	1.09
Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	Il baseline experience	2 -	0.00	0.99	1.09
Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	Il baseline experience	2 - 1	0.00	0.99	1.09
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Same: About the same numbe	r of infections as pred	dicted by the nationa	Il baseline experience	1		0.99	T
Same: About the same numbe				1 0 Figure 2:	SIRs and 95%		T
	Clo	ostridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified In	1 0 Figure 2:	SIRs and 95% DI LabID)	6 Confidence Inter	vals, Jan-Dec 20
Note: LabID events are	Clo based on positive labora	ostridioides diffi		1 Figure 2: Infections (C	SIRs and 95% DI LabID) be higher than rates	6 Confidence Inter	vals, Jan-Dec 20
Note: LabID events are	Clo	ostridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified In	1 Figure 2: Infections (C	SIRs and 95% DI LabID) be higher than rates	6 Confidence Inter	vals, Jan-Dec 20
Note: LabID events are	Clo based on positive labora	ostridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified In	1 Figure 2: Infections (C	SIRs and 959 DI LabID) Di LabID) Di LabID	6 Confidence Intern based on clinically-defined	vals, Jan-Dec 20 Illness. Does This Facility
Note: LabID events are	Clo based on positive labora	ostridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified In	1 Figure 2: fections (C ported here may b ted CDIs, Jan-Dec	SIRs and 95% DI LabID) the higher than rates 2021	6 Confidence Internet based on clinically-defined How I licted Compa	vals, Jan-Dec 20

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.29

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

0.10

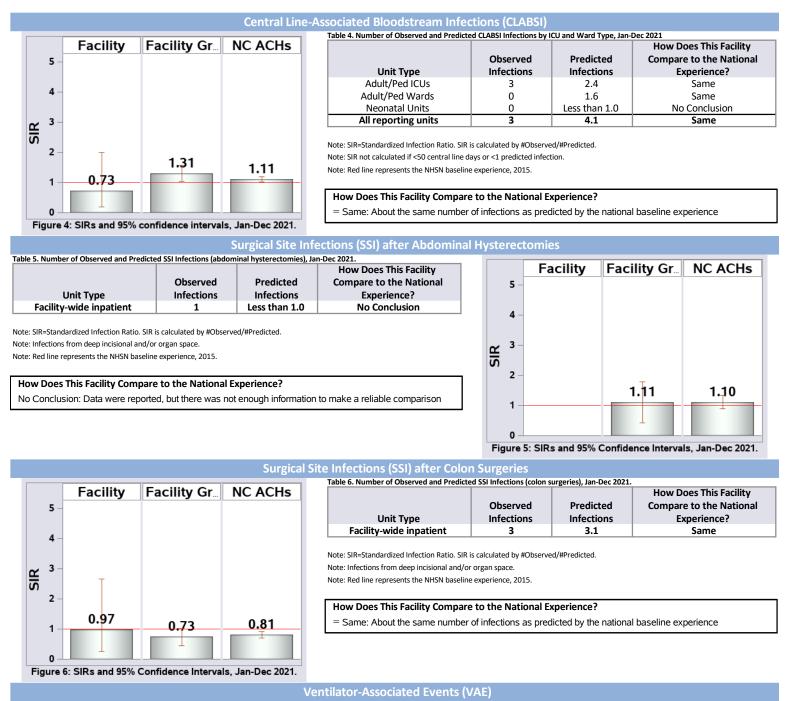
3 SIR

2

1

0

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County



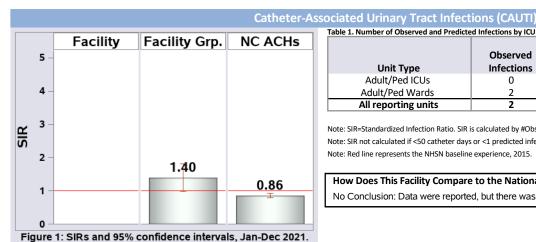
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

2020 Hospital Surv	ey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,138
Patient Days in 2020:	12,598
Total Number of Beds:	53
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.94
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021.



Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	Compare to the National Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.				

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Dec 2021 NC ACHs Facility Facility Grp. How Does This Facility Predicted Compare to the National Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events** Experience? Facility-wide inpatient Better 0 4.1 Δ Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1.35 1.09 1 0.00 0 Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

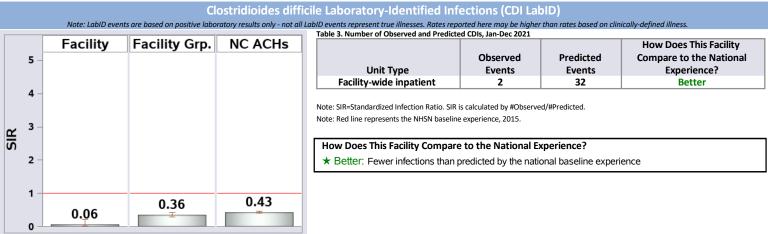
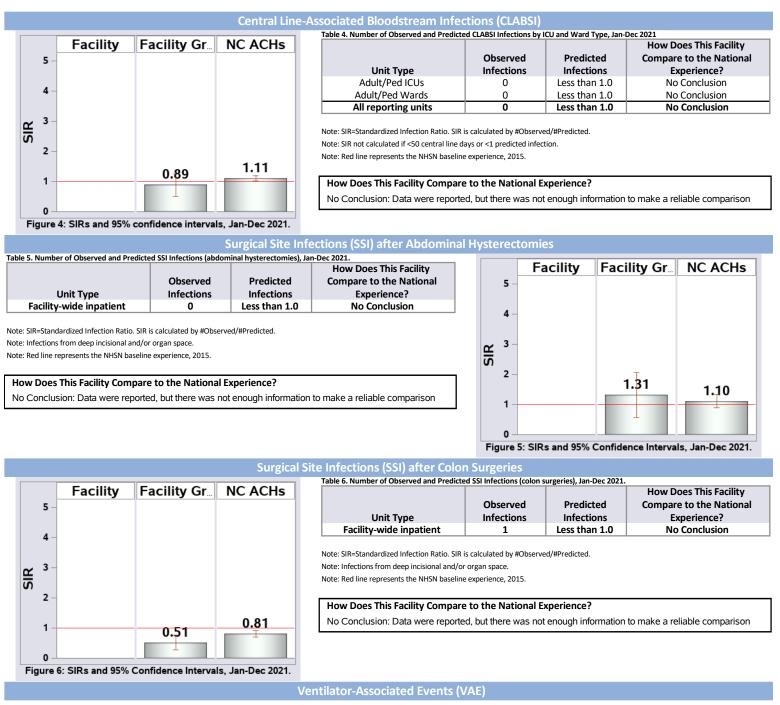


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

How Does This Facility

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County



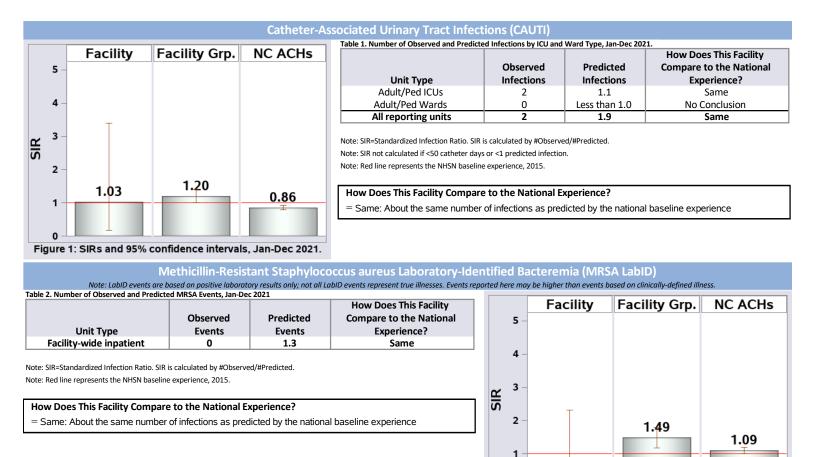
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	5,755
Patient Days in 2020:	16,572
Total Number of Beds:	117
Number of ICU Beds:	10
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.71



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



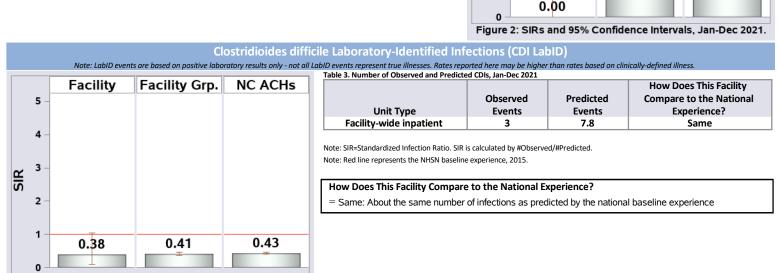
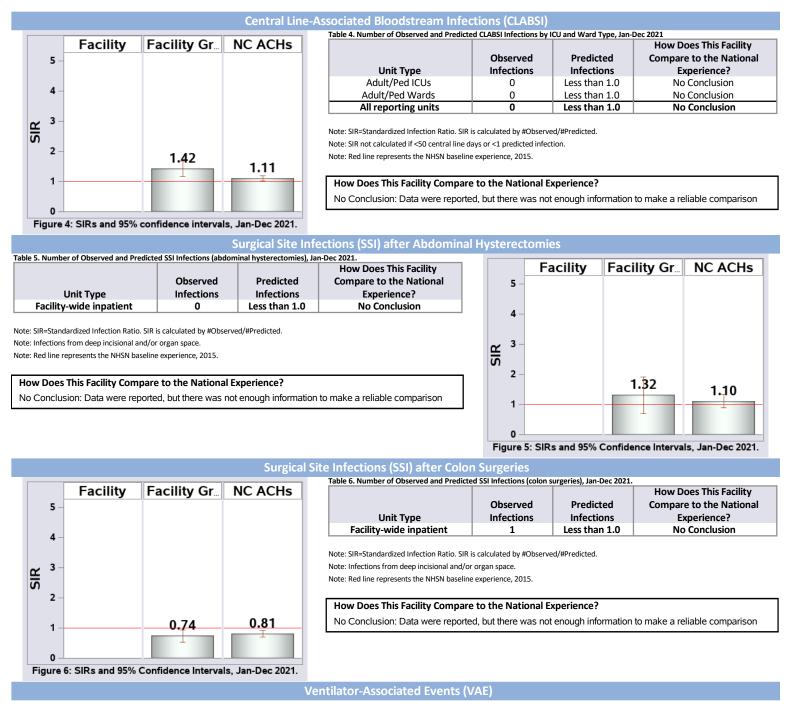


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County



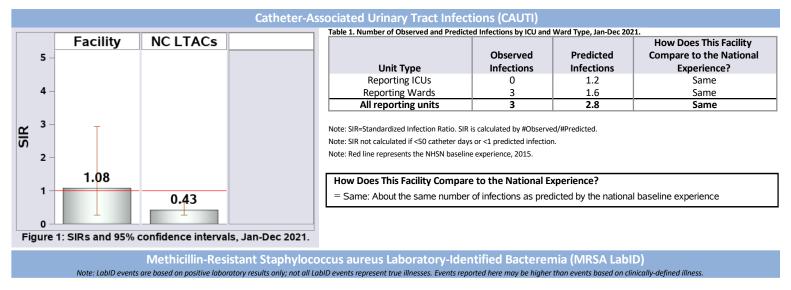
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

#### 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	272
Patient Days in 2020:	8,304
Total Number of Beds:	34
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.63
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.84
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

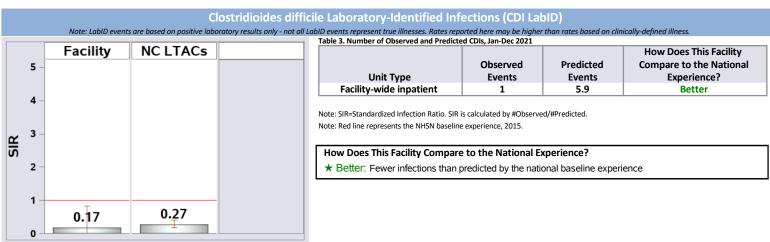
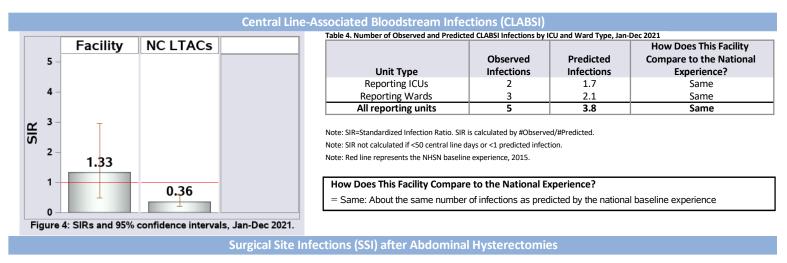


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

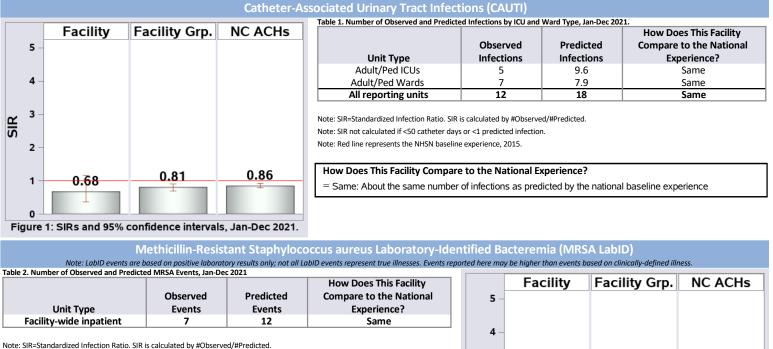
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	22,176
Patient Days in 2020:	116,423
Total Number of Beds:	457
Number of ICU Beds:	74
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	3.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.66



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

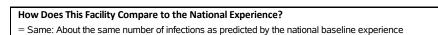




Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

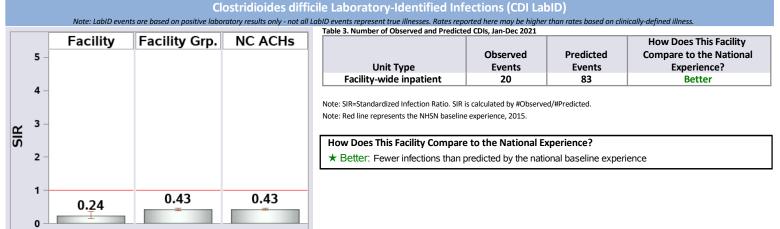
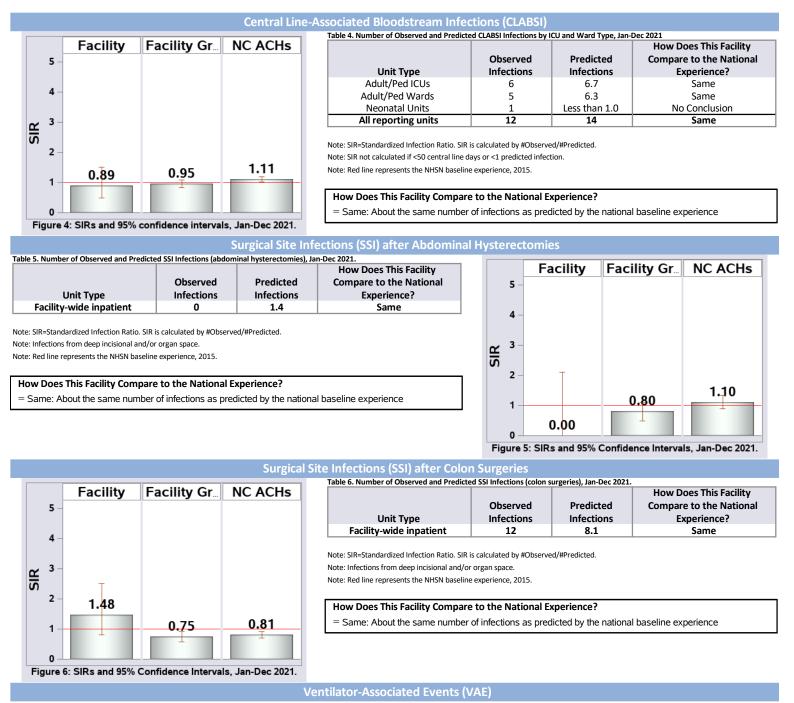


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County



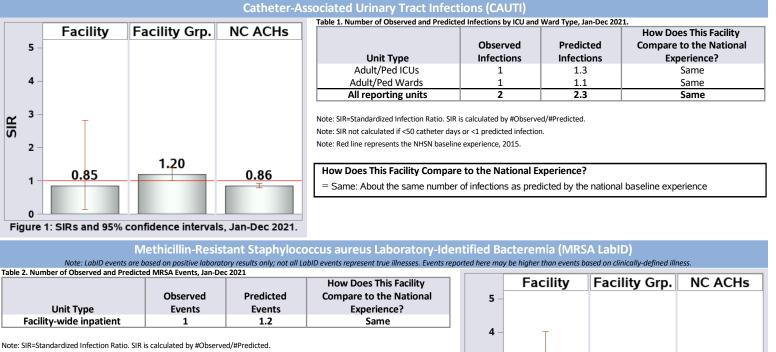
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

2020 Hospita	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	5,081
Patient Days in 2020:	20,249
Total Number of Beds:	101
Number of ICU Beds:	10
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.75
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.74

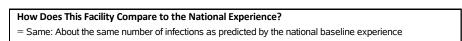


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



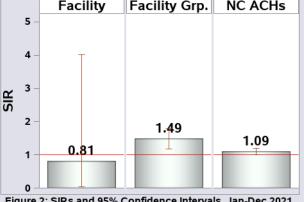


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

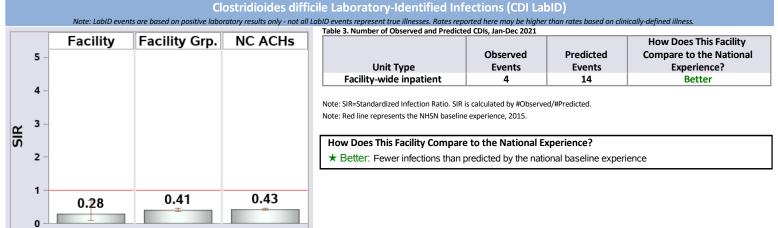
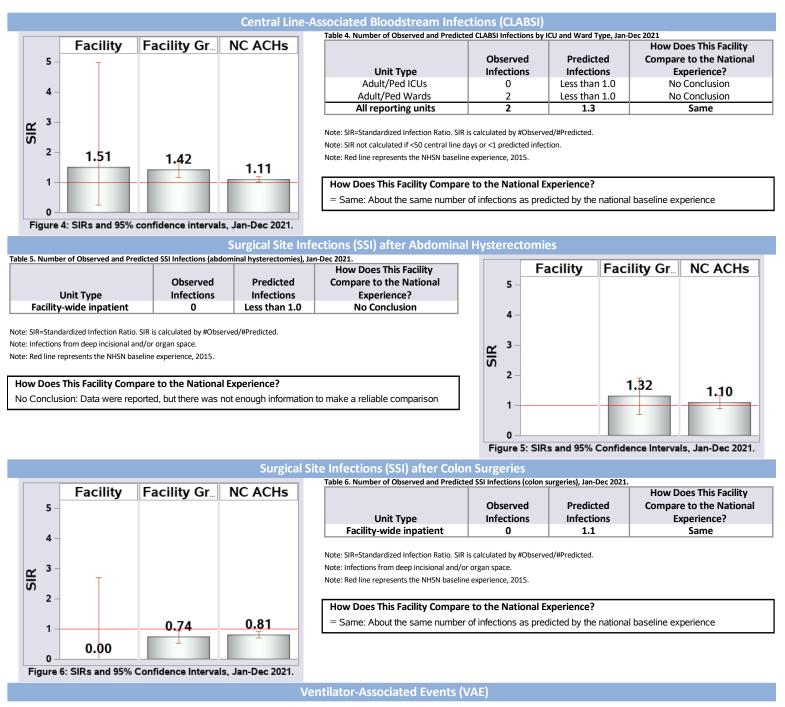


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County



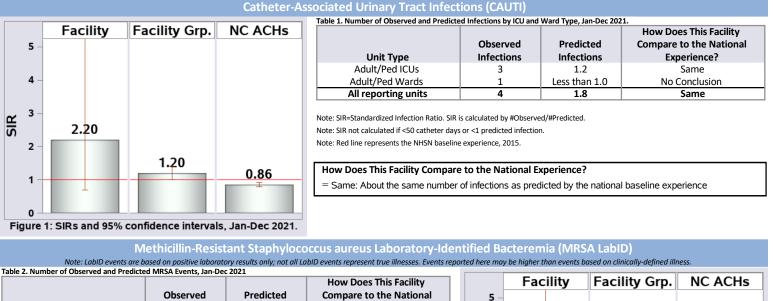
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	4,107
Patient Days in 2020:	17,396
Total Number of Beds:	109
Number of ICU Beds:	10
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.92



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Unit Type Events Events Experience? Facility-wide inpatient 2 1.0 Same 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 1.99 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1.49 1.09 1 0

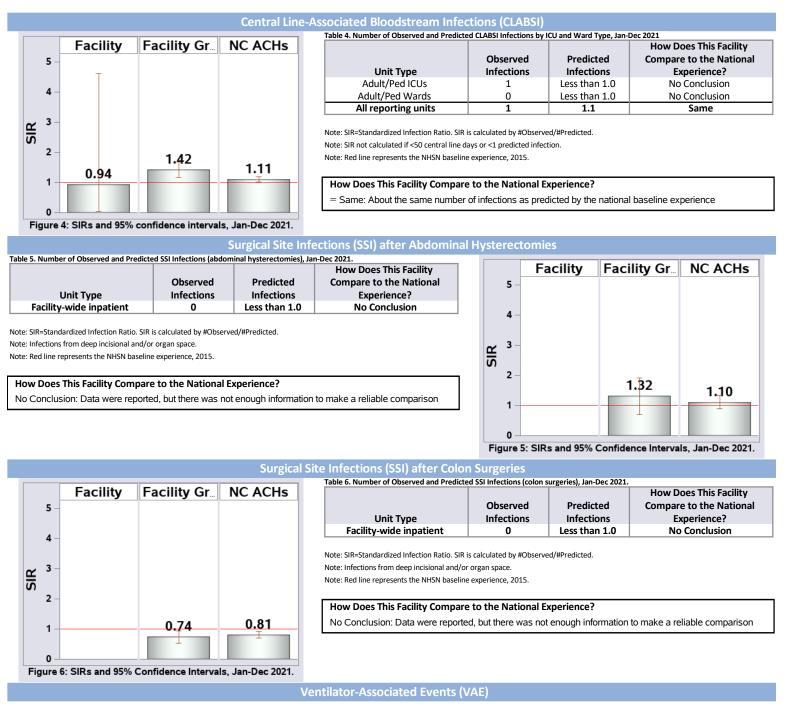
Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021								
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
	4 –				Facility-wide inpatient       3       9.2       Better         Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.       Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.         How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?       ★         Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience			
SIR	3 -							
0,	2 -							
	1-	0.33	0.41 	0.43				

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County



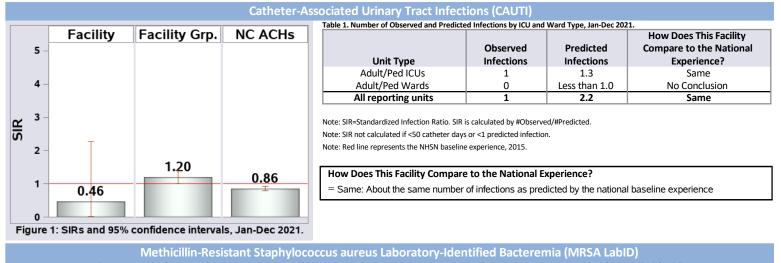
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

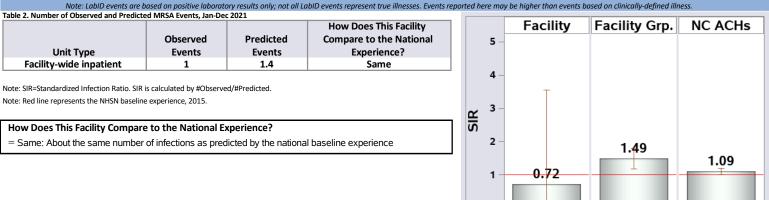
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	8,085
Patient Days in 2020:	32,367
Total Number of Beds:	100
Number of ICU Beds:	15
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.75
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.75



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





0

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

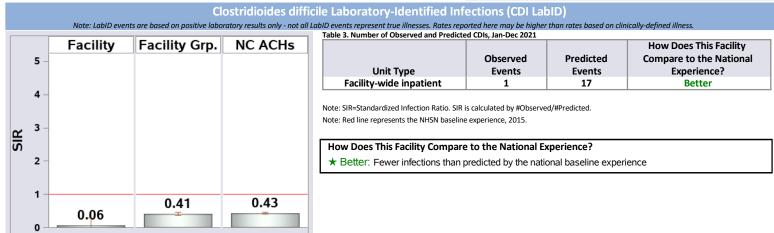
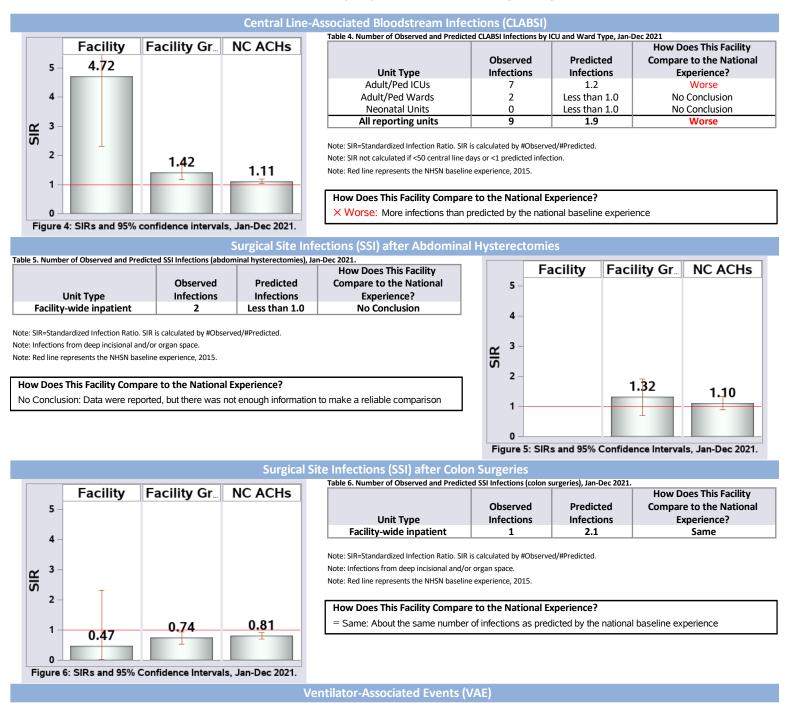


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



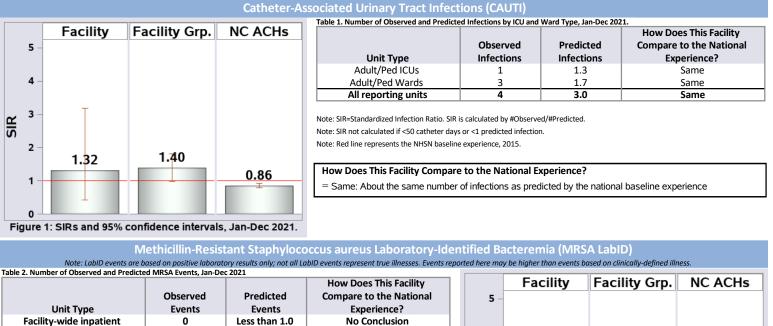
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County

2020 Hospital S	2020 Hospital Survey Information				
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital				
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate				
Admissions in 2020:	3,643				
Patient Days in 2020:	15,423				
Total Number of Beds:	87				
Number of ICU Beds:	6				
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50				
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.72				



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

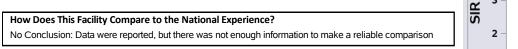




Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

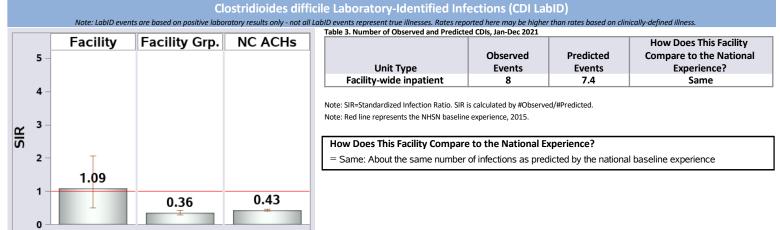


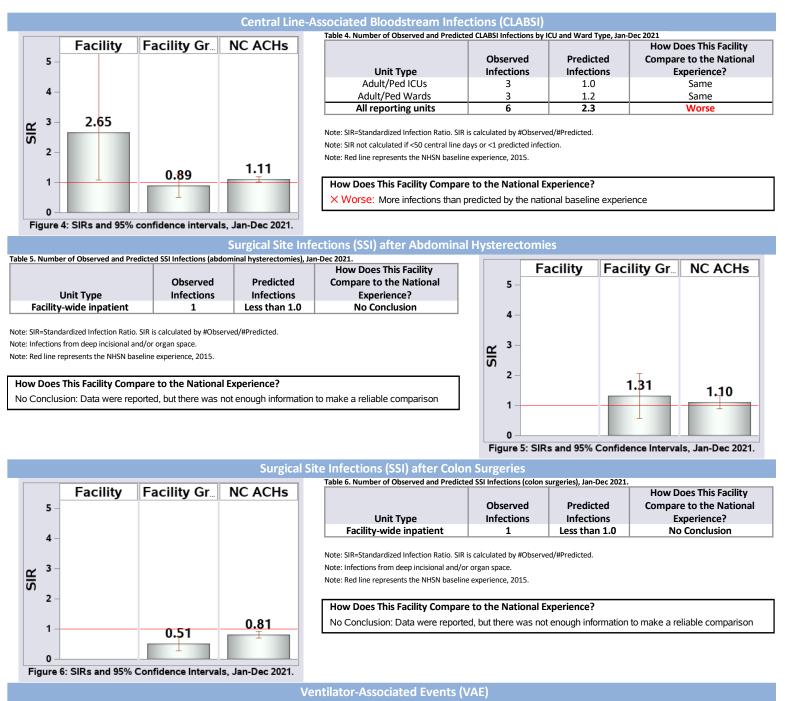
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 **Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County**

2020 Hospital Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Specialty Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Major		
Admissions in 2020:	236		
Patient Days in 2020:	83,524		
Total Number of Beds:	297		
Number of ICU Beds:	0		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.67		



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

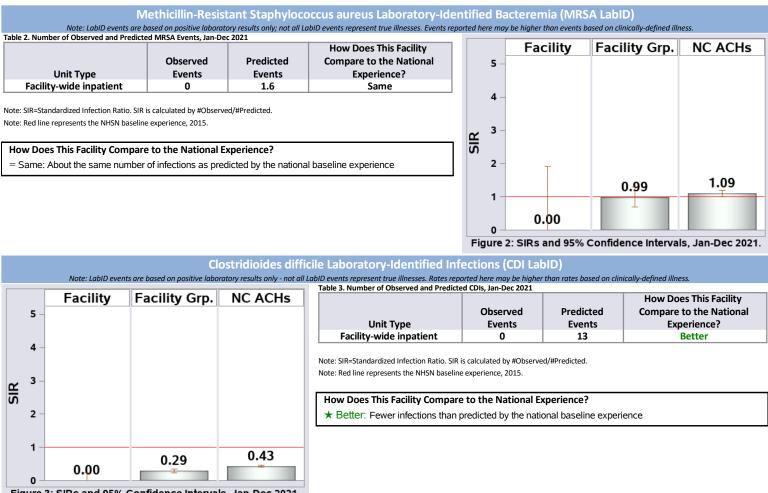


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

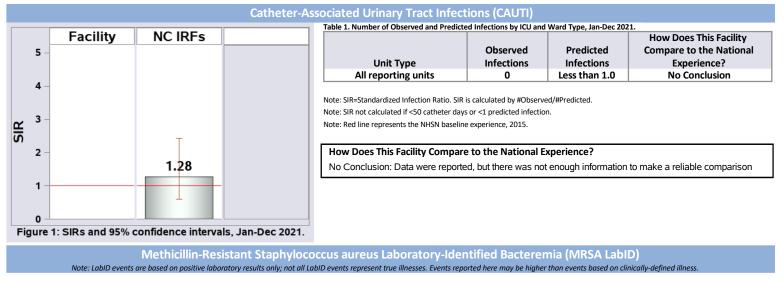
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center, Rocky Mount, Nash County

#### 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	469
Patient Days in 2020:	6,285
Total Number of Beds:	23
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.25
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.09
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

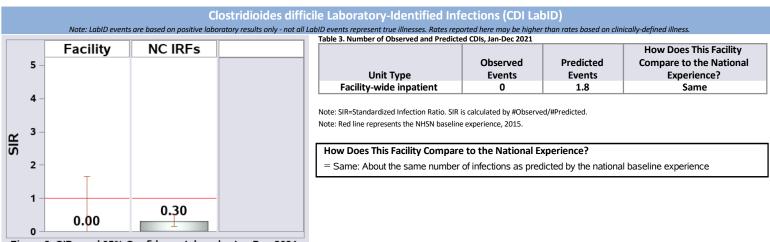


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

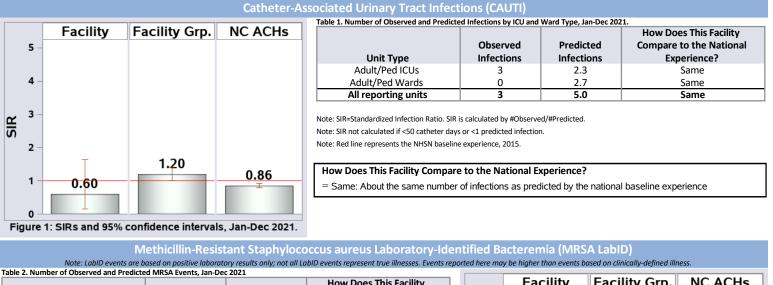
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	4,322
Patient Days in 2020:	20,147
Total Number of Beds:	106
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.75
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.65



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



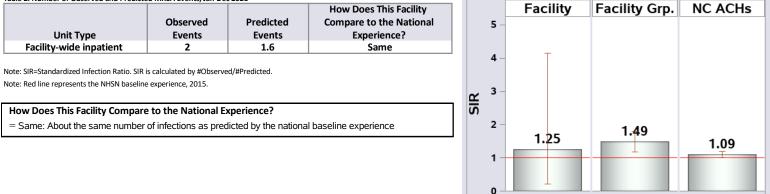


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

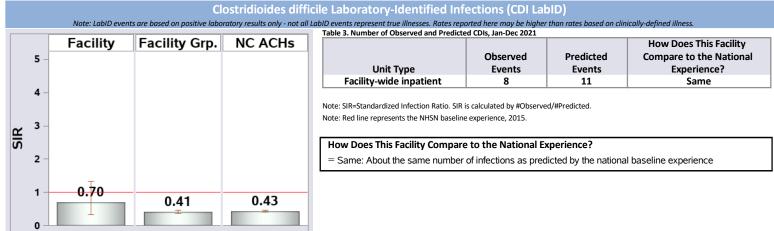
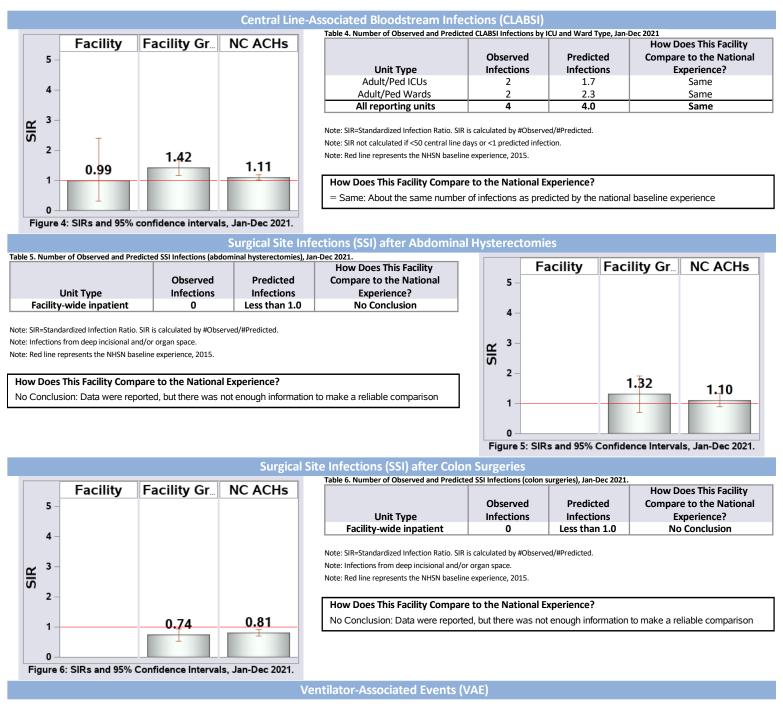


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County



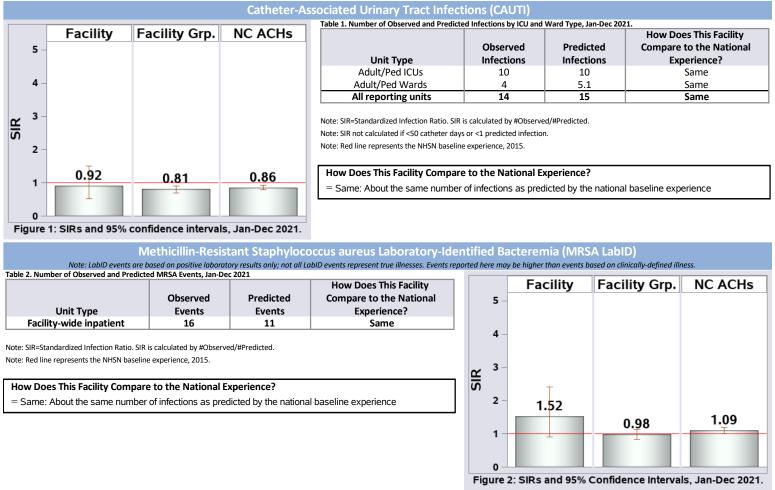
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

2020 Hospital Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Major		
Admissions in 2020:	38,472		
Patient Days in 2020:	177,495		
Total Number of Beds:	775		
Number of ICU Beds:	69		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	5.50		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.71		



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



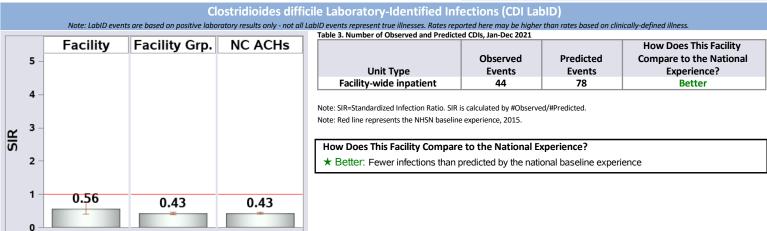
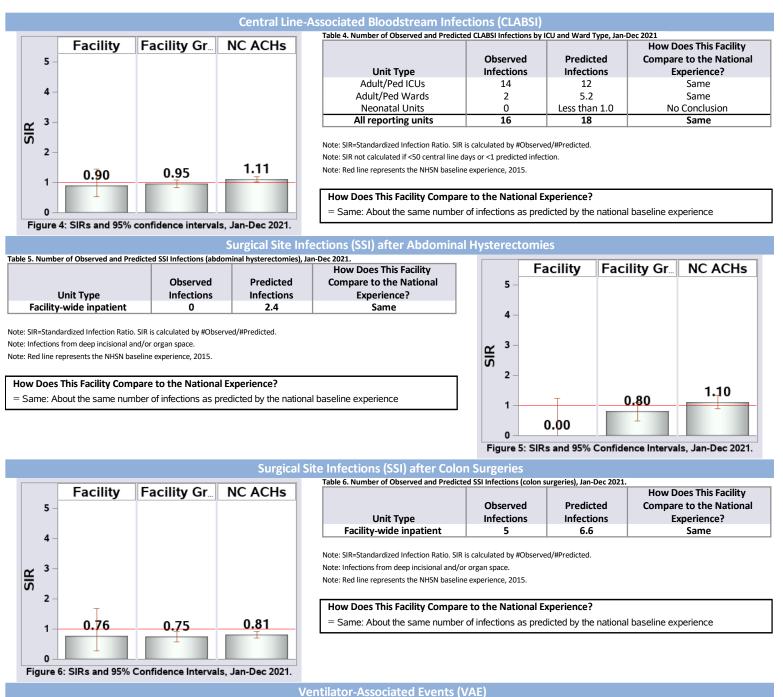


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County



## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	1,277
Patient Days in 2020:	3,305
Total Number of Beds:	49
Number of ICU Beds:	4
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.02



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

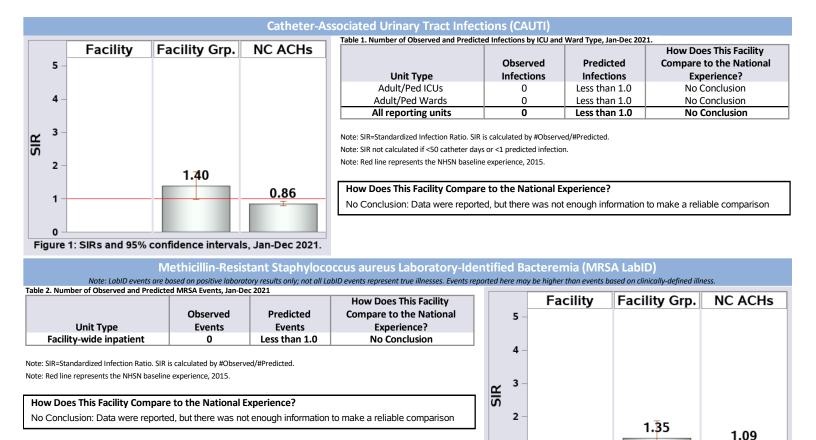


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility **Compare to the National** Observed Predicted 5 Unit Type Events **Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 0 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison 1 0.43 0.36 ٥

1

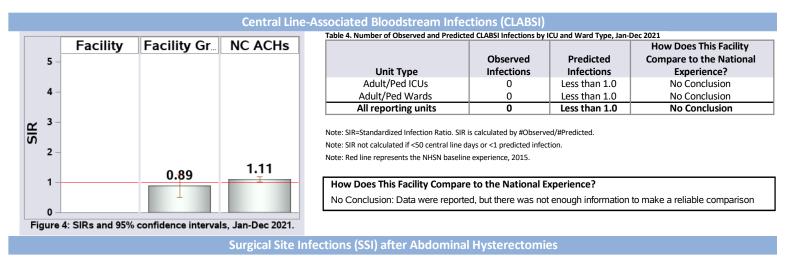
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Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

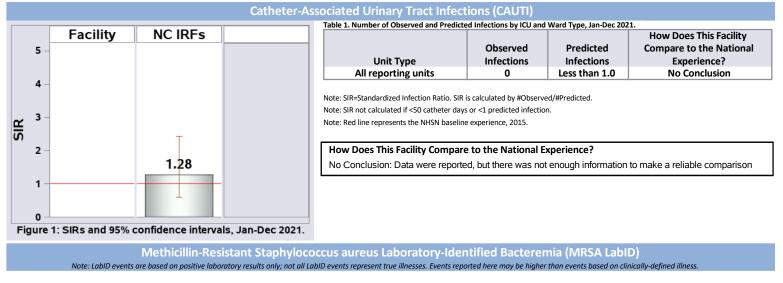
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

## 2020 Hospital Survey Information

-	
Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	1,113
Patient Days in 2020:	15,482
Total Number of Beds:	78
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.25
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.32
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

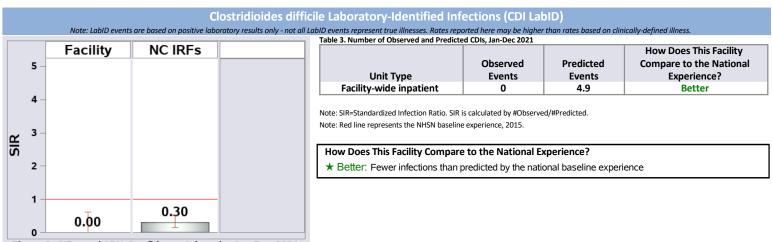


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County

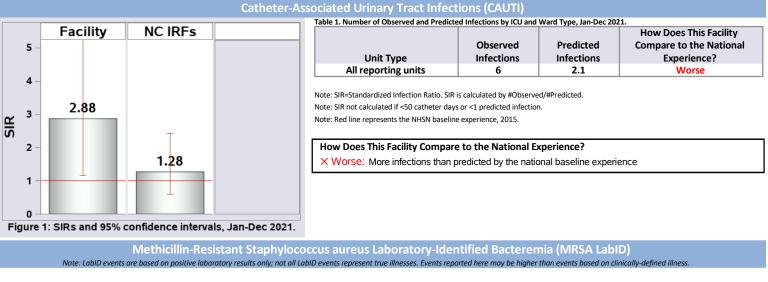
## 2020 Hospital Survey Information

-	
Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	1,641
Patient Days in 2020:	22,604
Total Number of Beds:	80
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.70
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.88
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Mission Health strives to improve the guality and safety of the

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

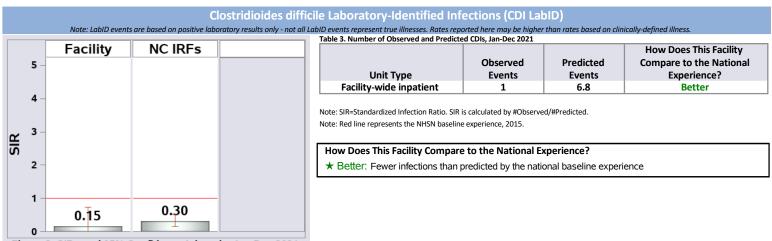


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

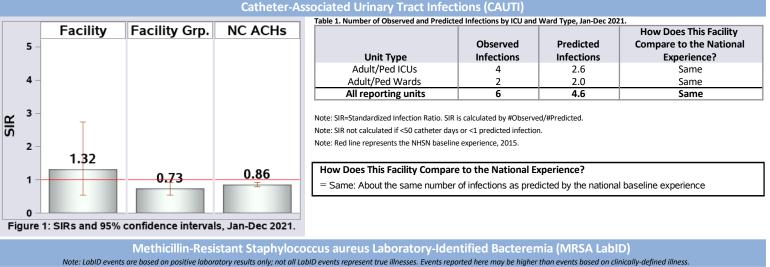
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	13,561
Patient Days in 2020:	67,926
Total Number of Beds:	350
Number of ICU Beds:	33
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	3.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.86



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



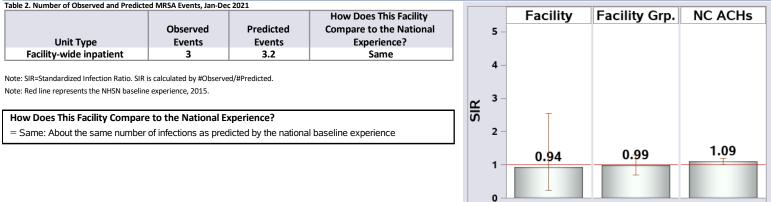


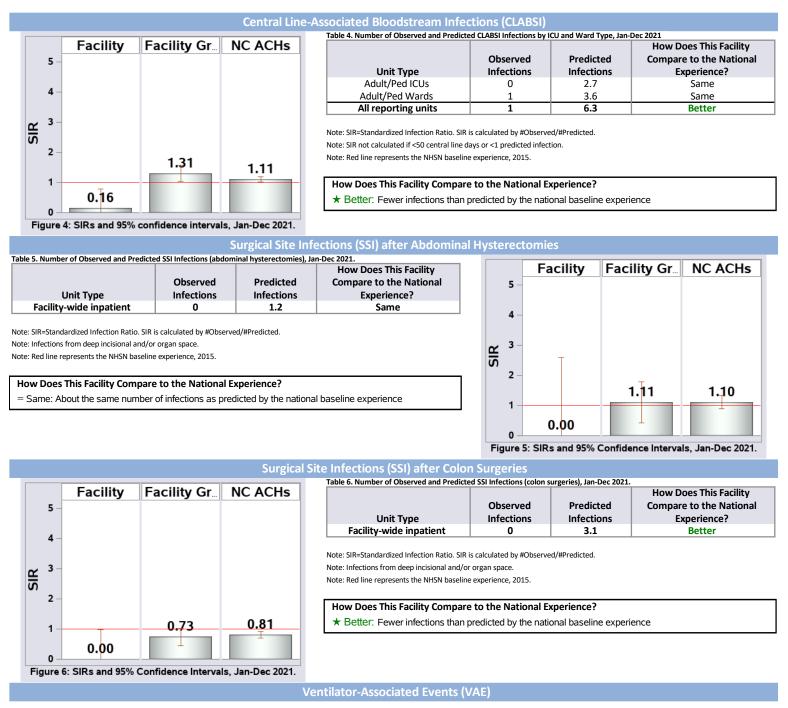
Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?			
	4 -				Facility-wide inpatient     11     32     Be       Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.     Be						
SIR	3 –				Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?						
	2 -				$\star$ Better: Fewer infections than p	predicted by the nati	onal baseline exper	ience			
	1	0.34	0.29 	0.43							

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County



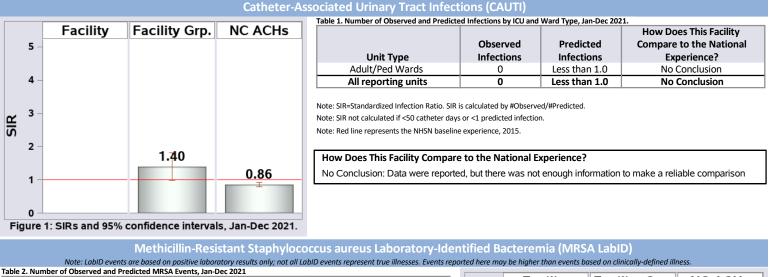
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	449
Patient Days in 2020:	1,309
Total Number of Beds:	15
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.20
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.33



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



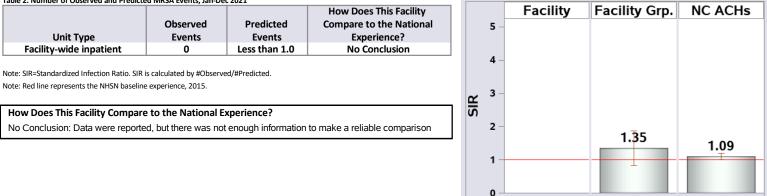


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

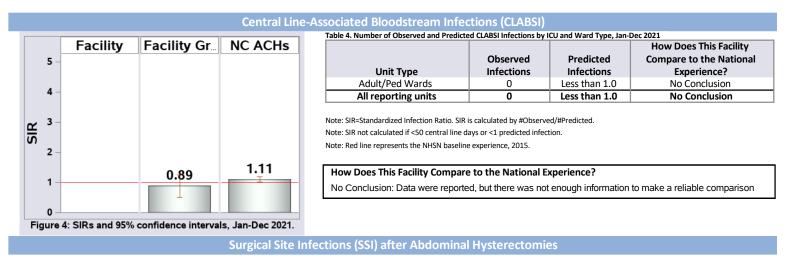
		Note: LabID ever			cile Laboratory-Identified Info LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates repo Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	orted here may be high		ically-defined illness.
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
	4 –				Facility-wide inpatient Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR		Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
SIR	3 –				Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline How Does This Facility Compare	. ,	Experience?	
	2 -				No Conclusion: Data were reporte	d, but there was no	ot enough information	to make a reliable comparison
	0		0.36 ±	0.43				

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

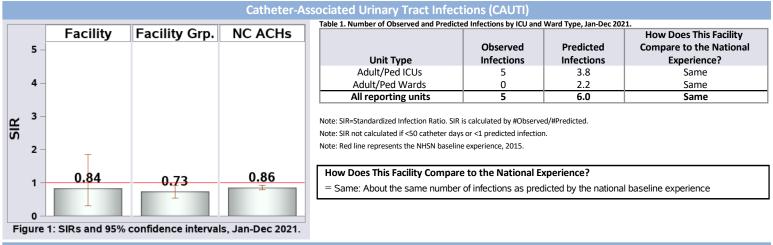
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	8,564
Patient Days in 2020:	46,993
Total Number of Beds:	241
Number of ICU Beds:	18
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.41



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.								
Table 2. Number of Obs	erved and Predi	cted MRSA Events, Jan-D Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	5 –	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
Unit Ty	pe	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide	npatient	8	3.5	Worse		Т		
Note: SIR=Standardized I Note: Red line represent		IR is calculated by #Obsen line experience, 2015.	ved/#Predicted.		4 - 8 3 -	2.31		
How Does This Fa	cility Compa	are to the National	Experience?		S	2.21		
			ional baseline experi	ence	2 -			
					1 0 Figure 2	SIRs and 95%	0.99	1.09
Note	: LabID events a			cile Laboratory-Identified Inf LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	orted here may	be higher than rates ba	sed on clinically-defined illne	:55.
Fac	ility    F	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs				How Do	es This Facility
5 -					Observ	ed Predic	ted Compare	to the National
				Unit Type	Event	s Ever	its Exp	perience?
				Facility-wide inpatient	5	29		Better
4 - cr. <sup>3</sup> -				Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR Note: Red line represents the NHSN baselin				
SIR				How Does This Facility Compare	e to the Nat	ional Experience?	)	
2 -				★ Better: Fewer infections than		-		

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.29

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

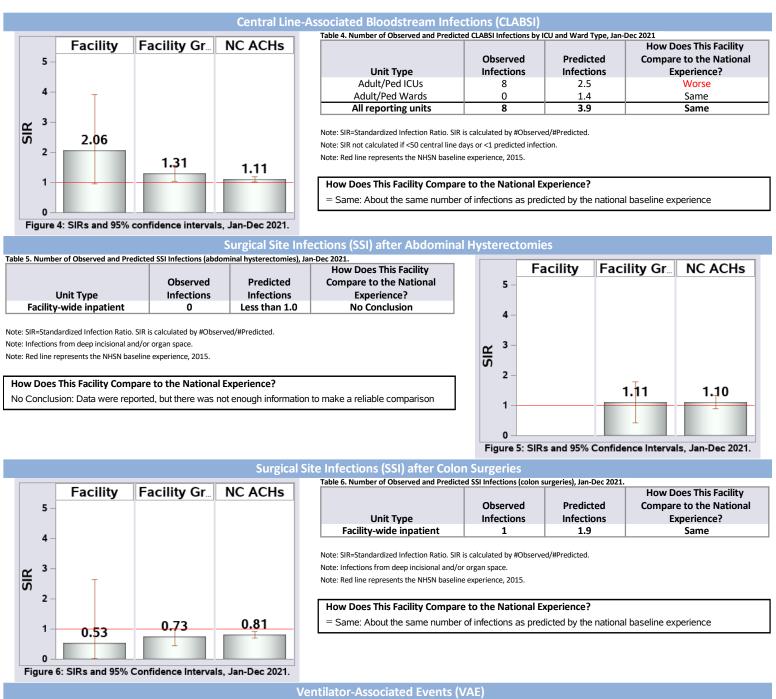
0.17

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Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County



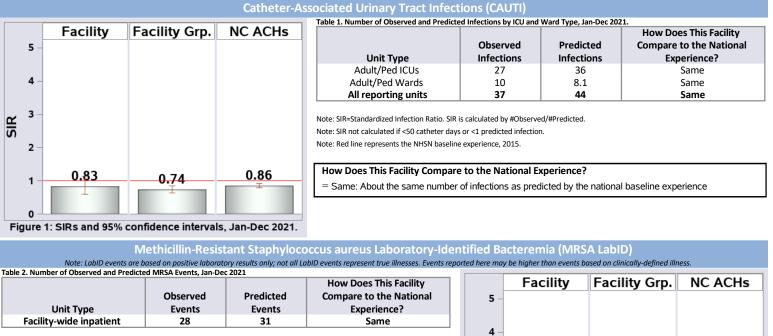
### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	33,159
Patient Days in 2020:	206,670
Total Number of Beds:	859
Number of ICU Beds:	219
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	10.3
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.19

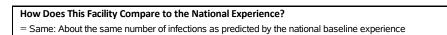


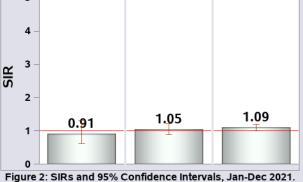
**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.





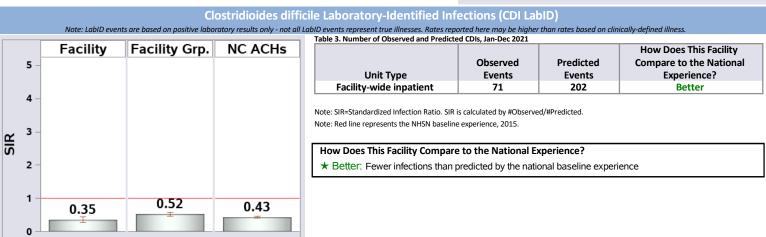
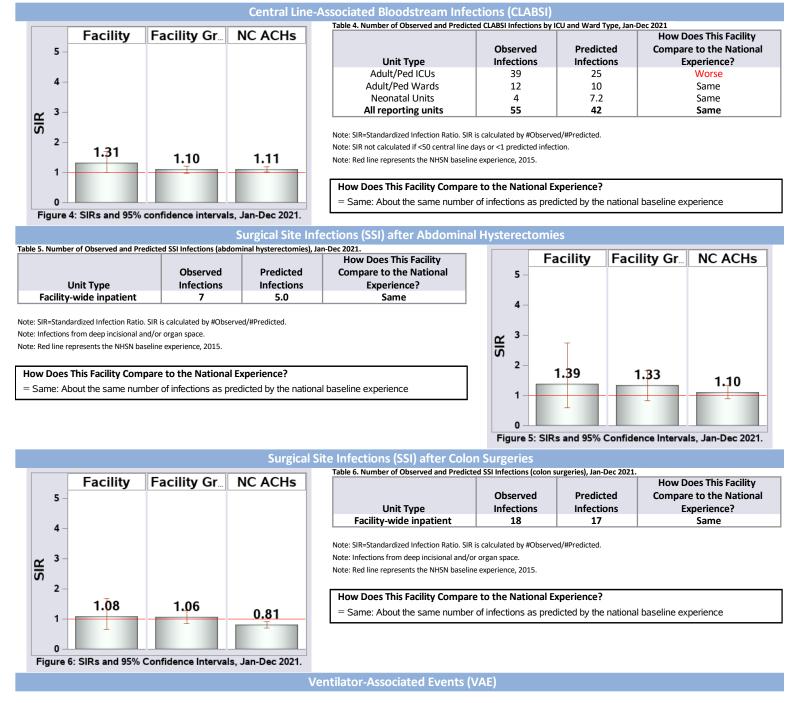


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



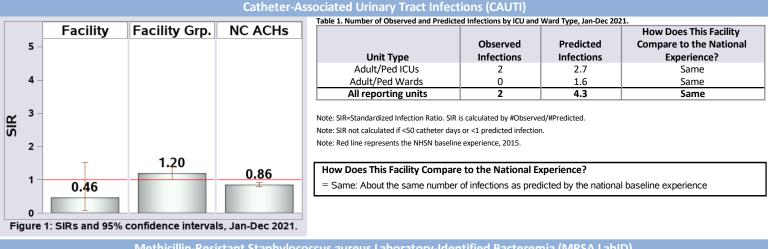
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	10,276
Patient Days in 2020:	44,699
Total Number of Beds:	196
Number of ICU Beds:	20
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.77



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: LabID events are	based on positive laborate	ory results only; not all La	occus aureus Laboratory-Ider bD events represent true illnesses. Events rep				255.
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predict Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR Note: Red line represents the NHSN baselin How Does This Facility Compar = Same: About the same number	Observed Events 2 is calculated by #Observe e experience, 2015. e to the National E	Predicted Events 4.1 d/#Predicted.	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? Same	4 - ¥ - 2 -	acility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Clo	stridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified Inf	-		onfidence Interval	s, Jan-Dec 2021
		· · · ·	abID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict			d on clinically-defined illne	SS.
Facility F	acility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient	Observed Events 3	Predicte Events 36	d Compare Exp	es This Facility to the National erience? Better
4 -			Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Obse	erved/#Predicted	·	

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

0 Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.41

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

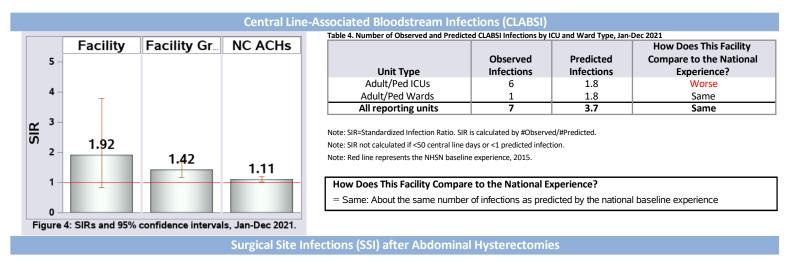
0.08

3 SIR

2

1

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

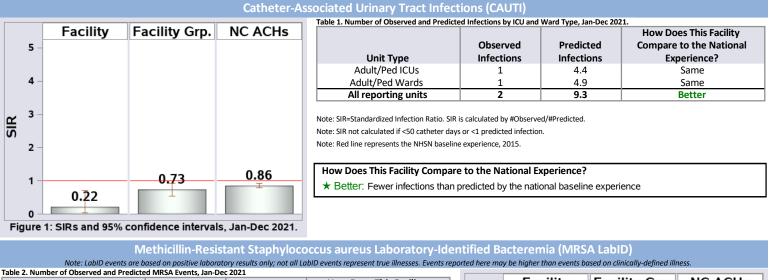
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	17,508
Patient Days in 2020:	70,897
Total Number of Beds:	254
Number of ICU Beds:	42
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.79



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



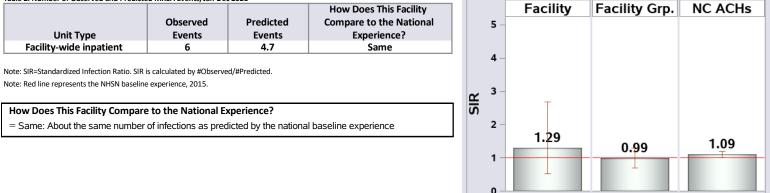


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

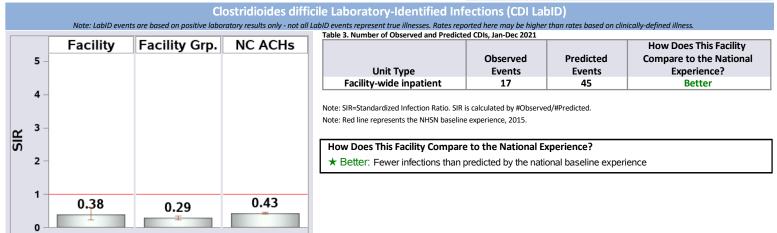
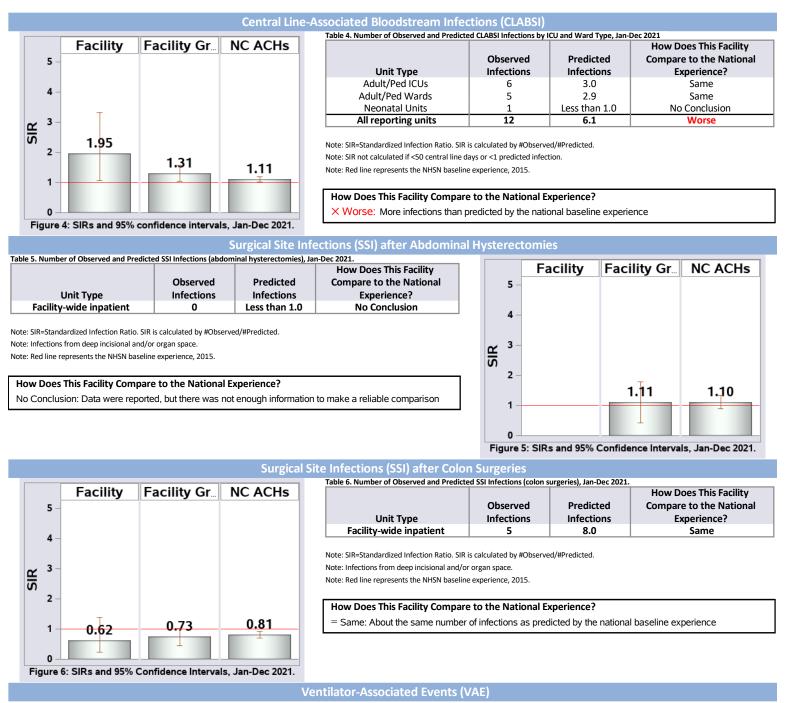


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



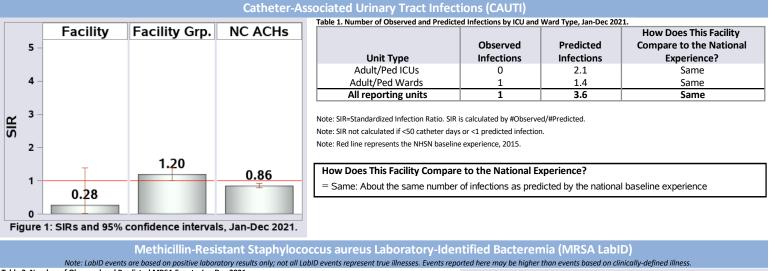
### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	8,231
Patient Days in 2020:	37,177
Total Number of Beds:	182
Number of ICU Beds:	14
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.55



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



	ed MRSA Events, Jan-De		How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	7	2.3	Worse					
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?			1	SIR 3 -	3.11			
X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience		]	2 -		1.49	1.09		
					1			

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

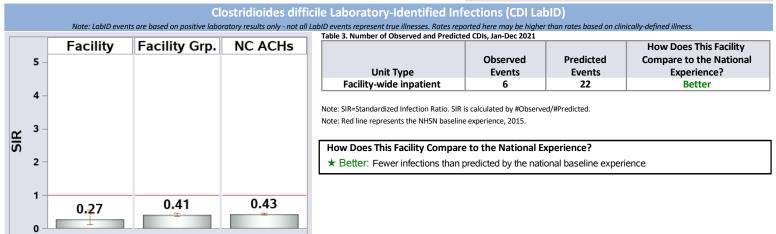
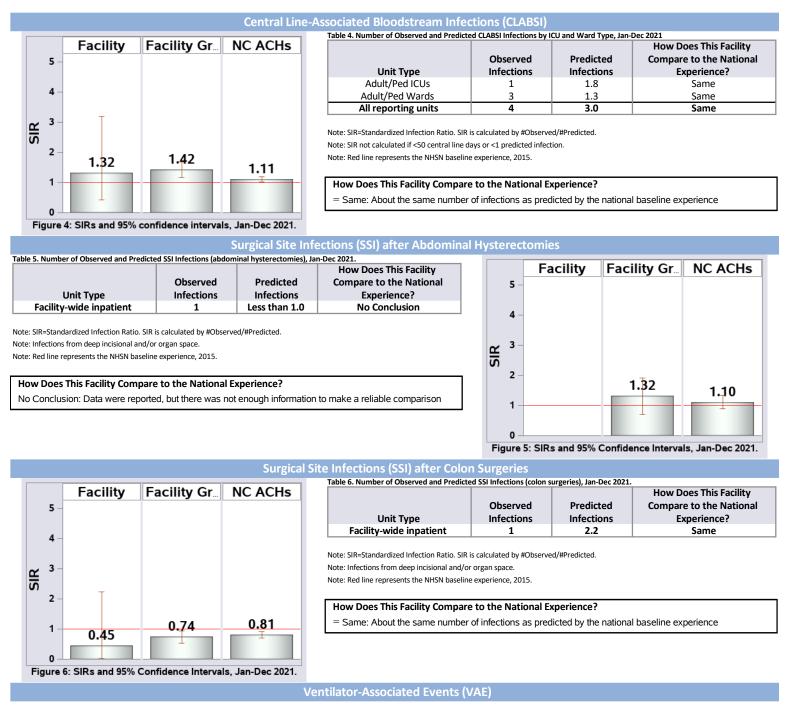


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

No comments provided

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

-	
Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	1,129
Patient Days in 2020:	19,576
Total Number of Beds:	70
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.08
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.11
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021. NC IRFs Facility How Does This Facility Observed Predicted **Compare to the National** 5 Unit Type Infections Infections **Experience?** All reporting units No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection. 3 SIR Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 1.28 No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison 1 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabiD events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabiD events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

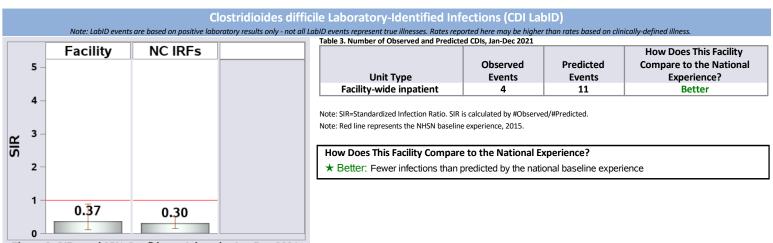


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

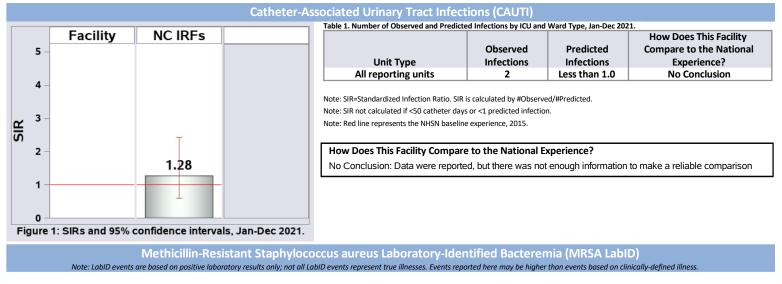
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly, Belmont, Gaston County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	742
Patient Days in 2020:	10,357
Total Number of Beds:	40
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.10
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.25
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

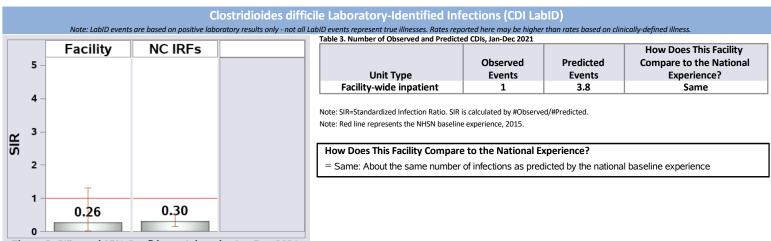


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

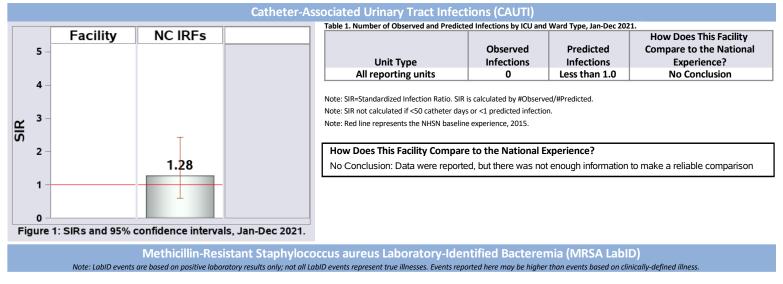
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Rehabilitation North East, Concord, Cabarrus County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

-	
Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	677
Patient Days in 2020:	1,685
Total Number of Beds:	40
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.08
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.19
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

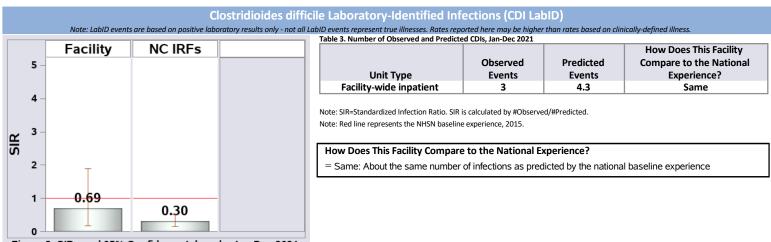


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Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

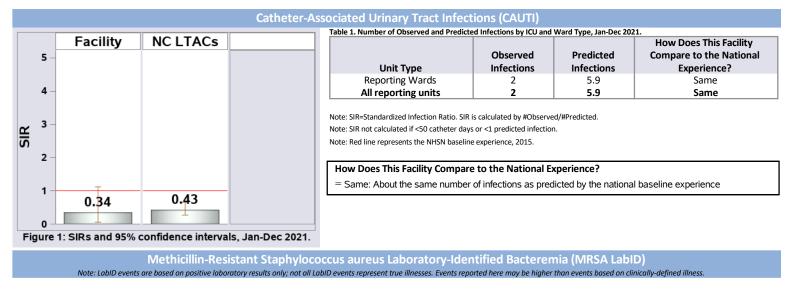
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	314
Patient Days in 2020:	10,474
Total Number of Beds:	40
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.75
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.88
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

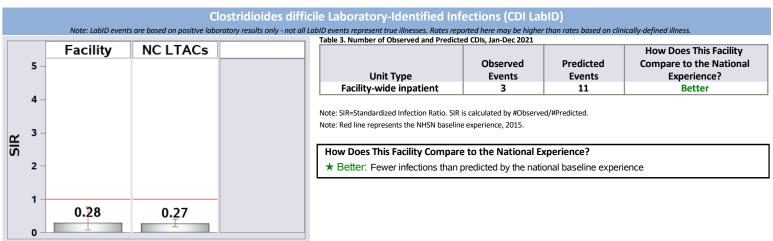
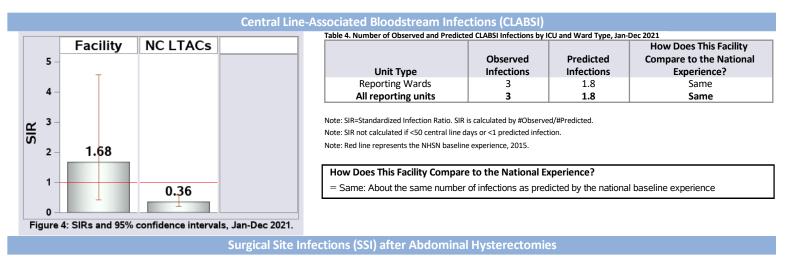


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

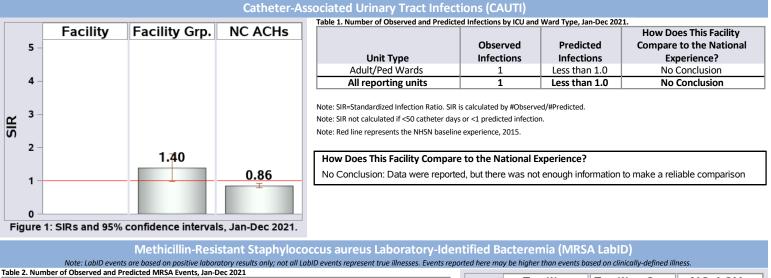
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	6,163
Patient Days in 2020:	25,250
Total Number of Beds:	75
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.00



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



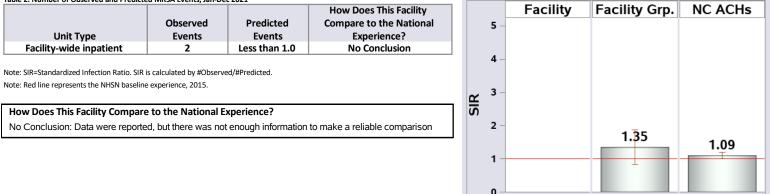


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

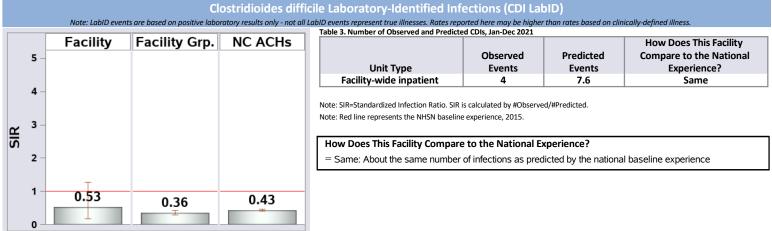


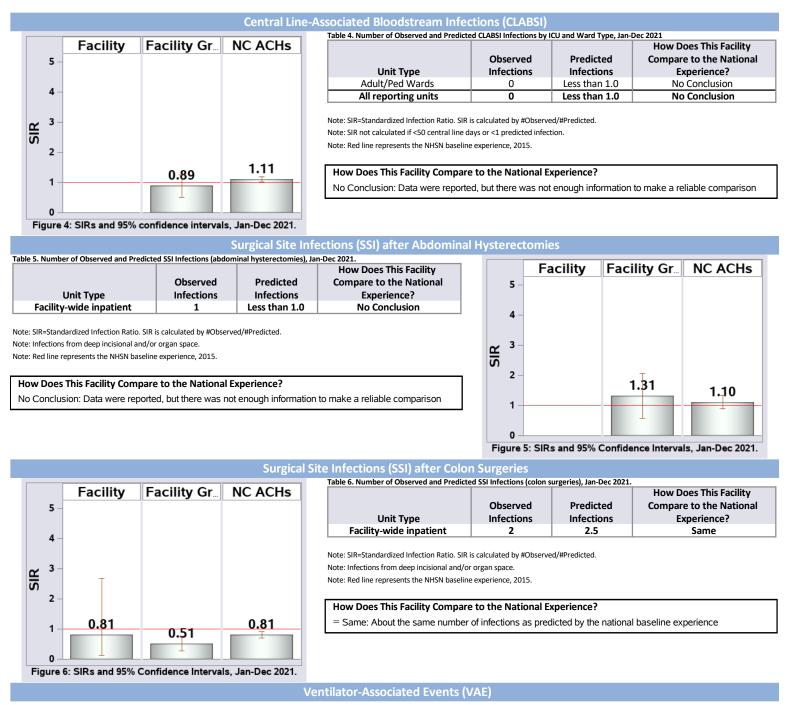
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County



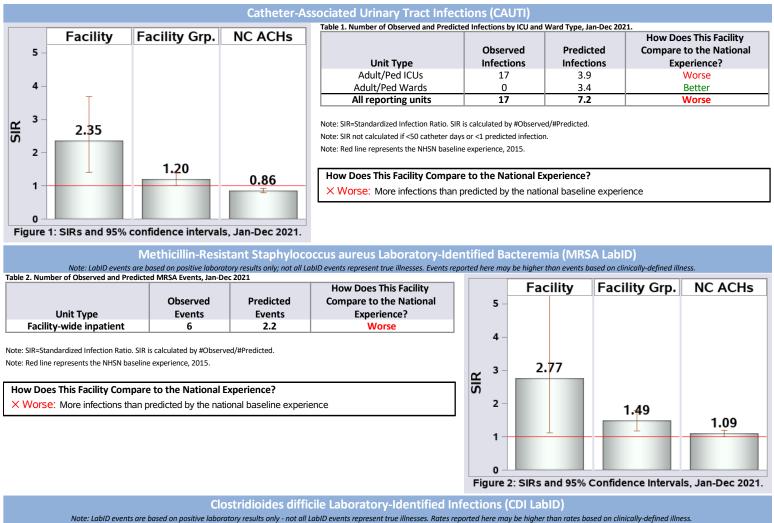
### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

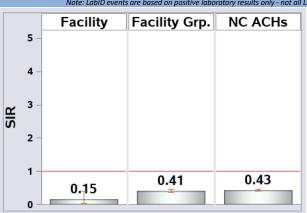
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	13,031
Patient Days in 2020:	54,241
Total Number of Beds:	190
Number of ICU Beds:	36
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.05



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





			How Does This Facility	l
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	l
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	l
Facility-wide inpatient	3	20	Better	l

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021

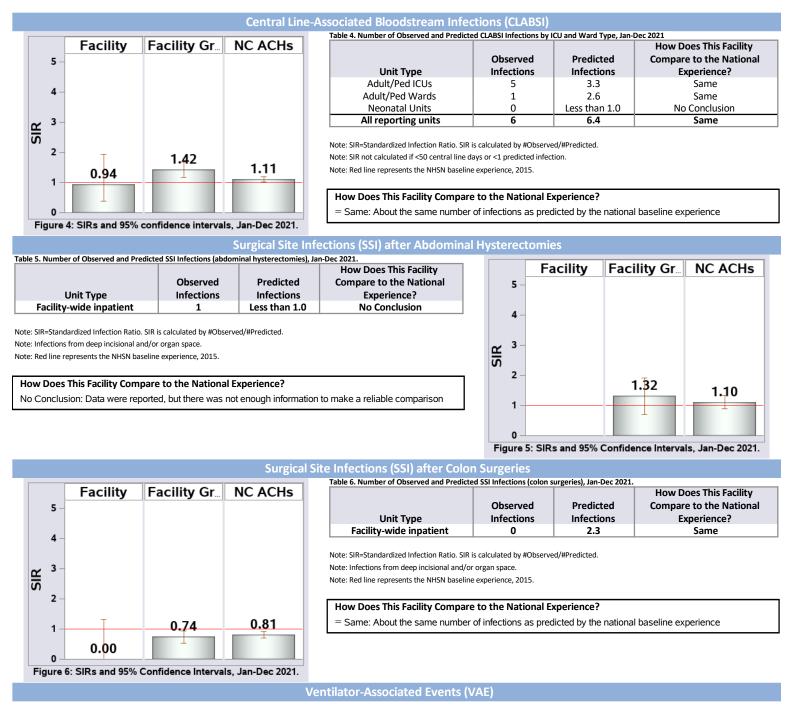
How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County



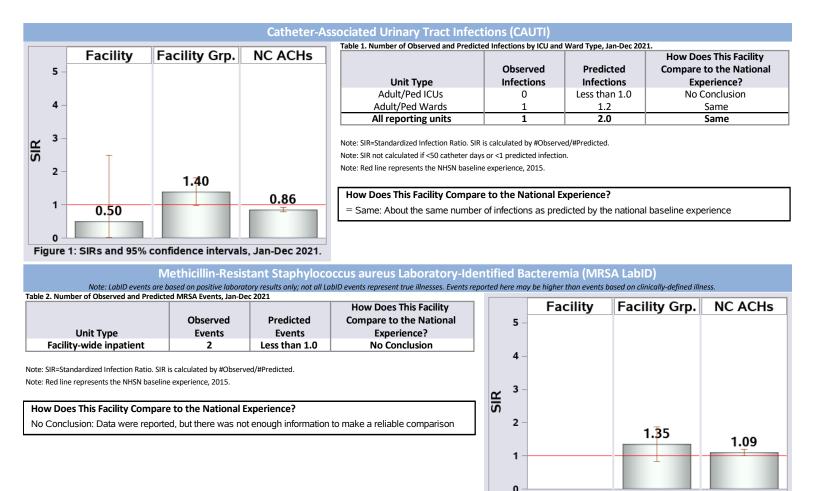
## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,425
Patient Days in 2020:	12,326
Total Number of Beds:	89
Number of ICU Beds:	9
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.56



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



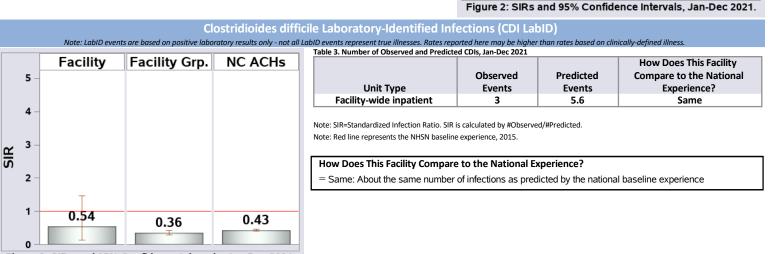


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County



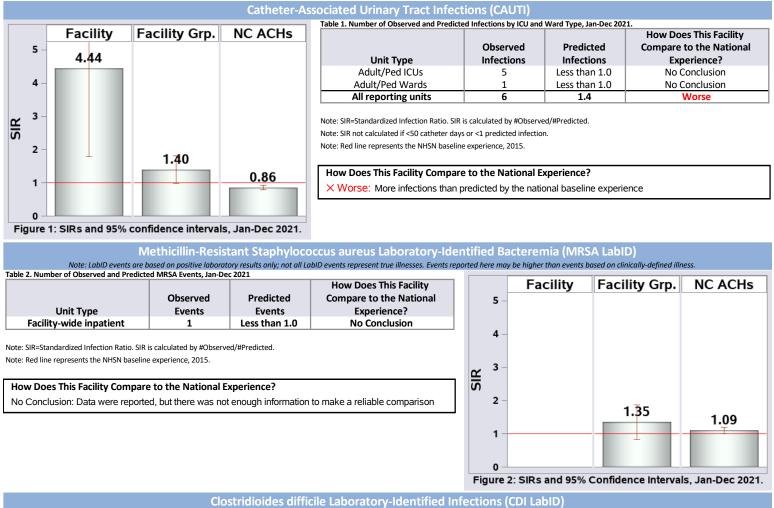
## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	1,813
Patient Days in 2020:	6,933
Total Number of Beds:	44
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.14



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 1 4.7 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.36 0.21 ٥

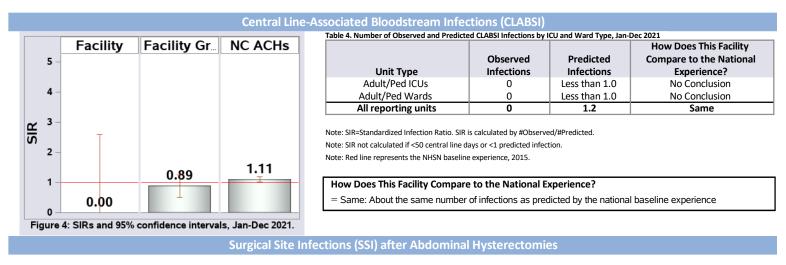
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

#### 2020 Hospital Survey Information ital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital

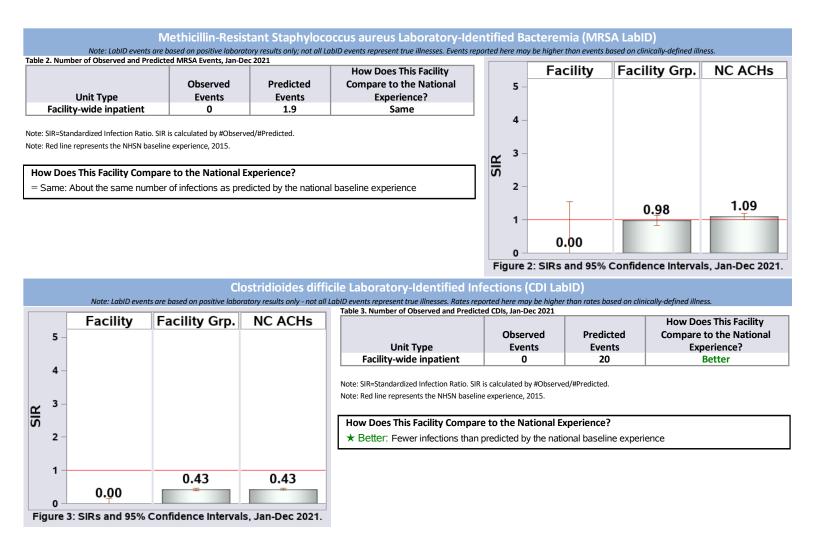
Hospital Type:	Specialty Acute Care
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	811
Patient Days in 2020:	132,802
Total Number of Beds:	405
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.49
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period



Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

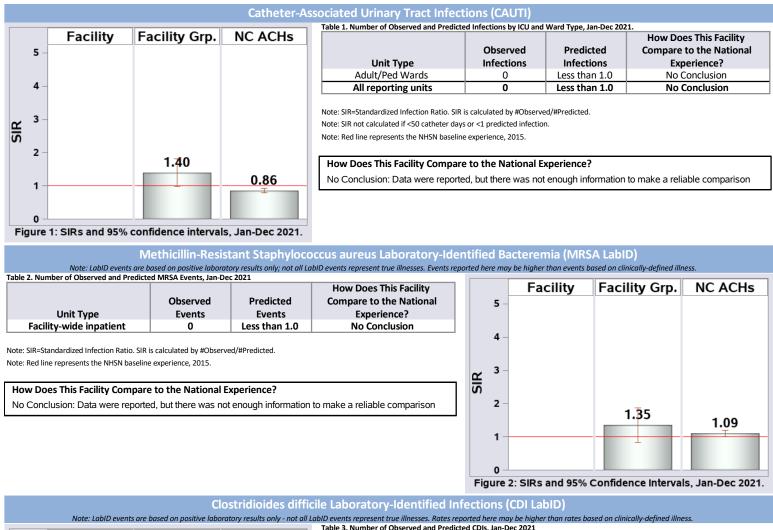
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County

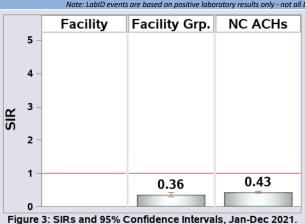
2020 Hospita	al Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	546
Patient Days in 2020:	2,861
Total Number of Beds:	18
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds	: 11.1



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide innatient	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

lote: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

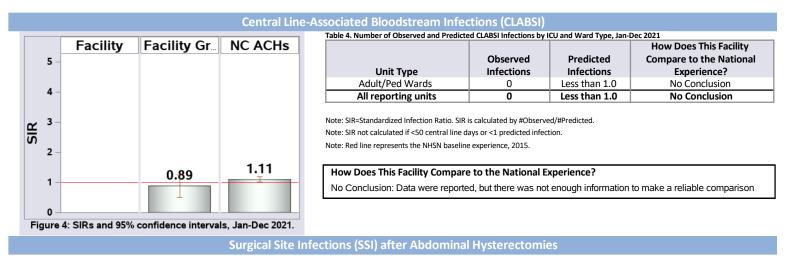
## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

2020 Hospita	al Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Specialty Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	540
Patient Days in 2020:	73,849
Total Number of Beds:	259
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.77



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

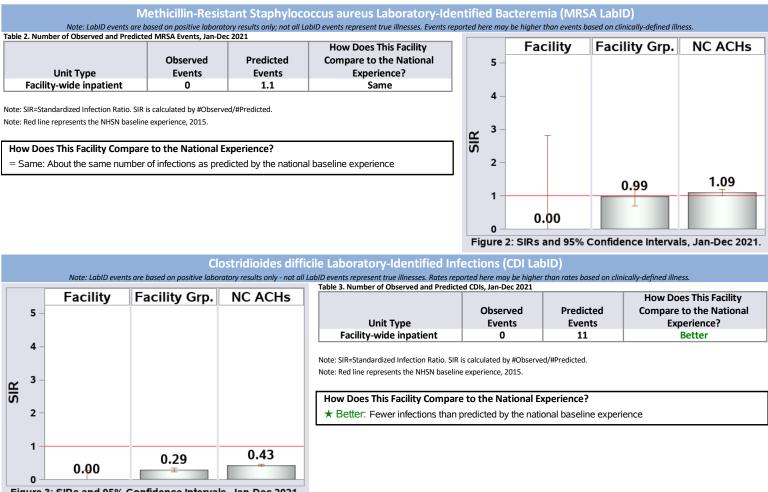


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

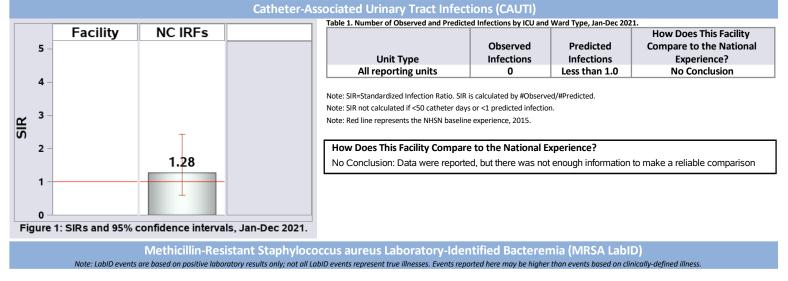
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

### 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility
Admissions in 2020:	634
Patient Days in 2020:	9,202
Total Number of Beds:	29
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.08
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.26
[*ETE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

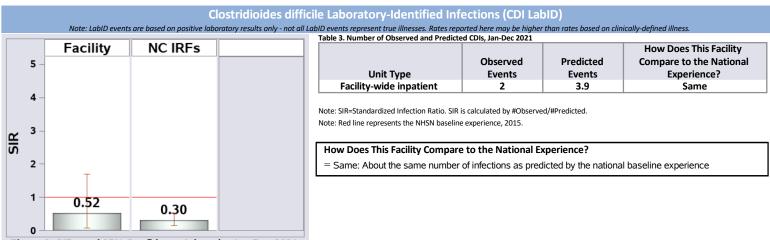


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

2020 Hospital Surv	vey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	4,166
Patient Days in 2020:	18,981
Total Number of Beds:	70
Number of ICU Beds:	9
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.55
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.79
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Predicted

Infections

**Commentary From Facility:** 

The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Columbus Regional Healthcare System. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

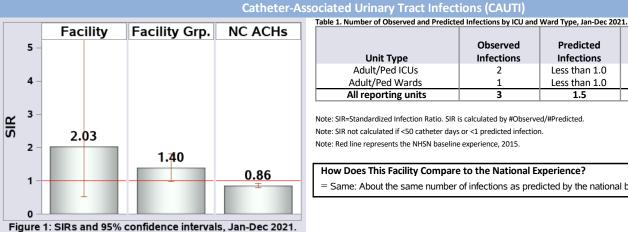
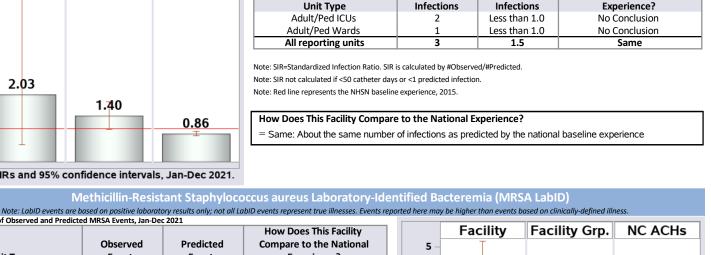


Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Dec 2021

# Observed



	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	•			
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.3	Same				
				4 –			
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline	e experience, 2015.			<u>ع</u> 3 –			
How Does This Facility Compare	e to the National E	xperience?		<u>s</u>			
= Same: About the same number	of infections as pred	licted by the nationa	al baseline experience	2 –	1.57	4.75	
				1		1.35	1.09

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 9 16 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 0.56 0.43 0.36 n

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

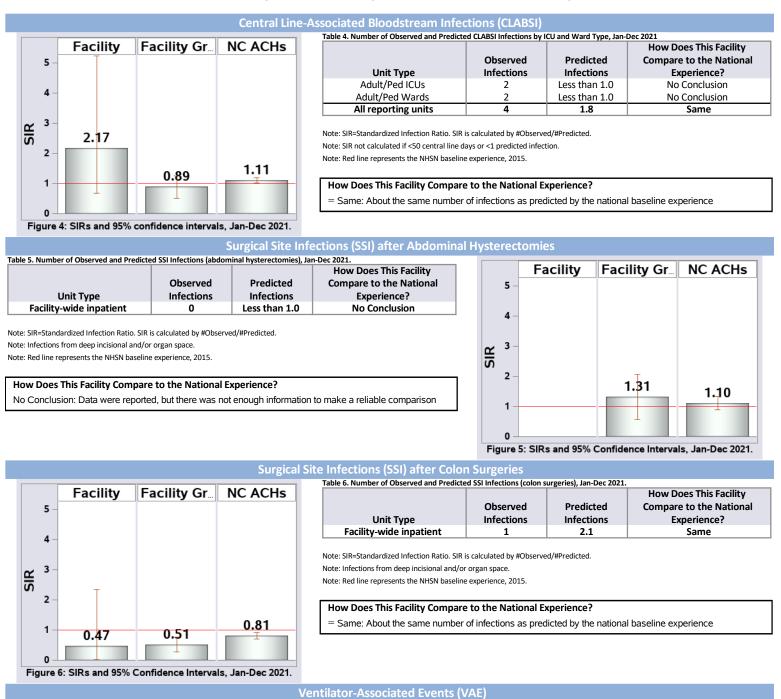
Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

How Does This Facility

**Compare to the National** 

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County



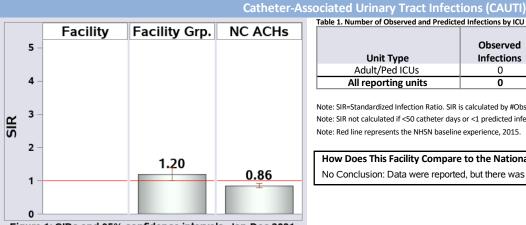
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cone Green Valley, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Surv	ey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	2,012
Patient Days in 2020:	13,489
Total Number of Beds:	120
Number of ICU Beds:	27
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.42
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Predicted

**Commentary From Facility:** Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.



#### Unit Type Infections Infections Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021.

Observed

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

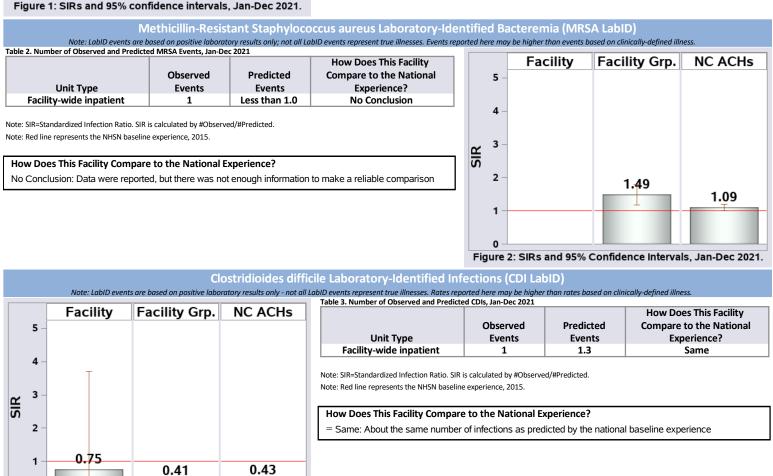


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

How Does This Facility

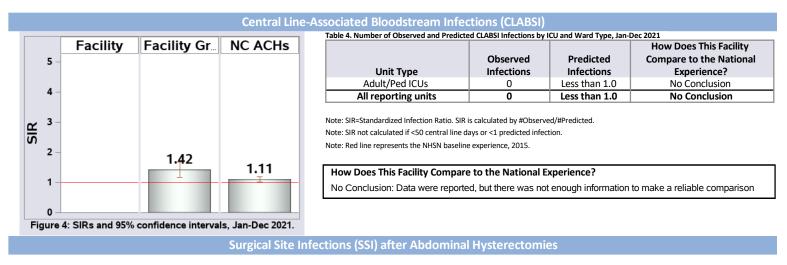
**Compare to the National** 

**Experience?** 

No Conclusion

No Conclusion

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Cone Green Valley, Greensboro, Guilford County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	2,997
Patient Days in 2020:	15,717
Total Number of Beds:	144
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.69



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

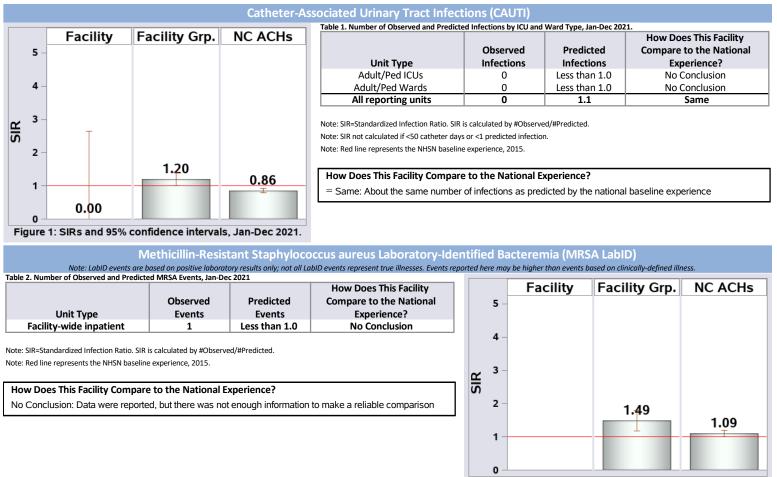


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

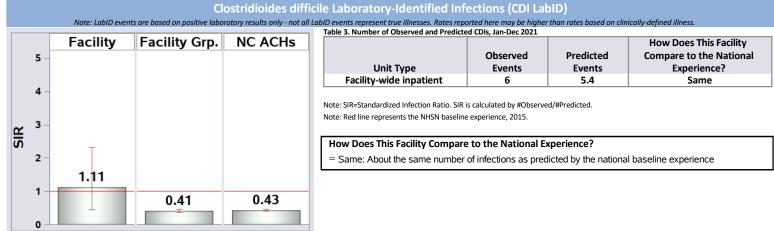
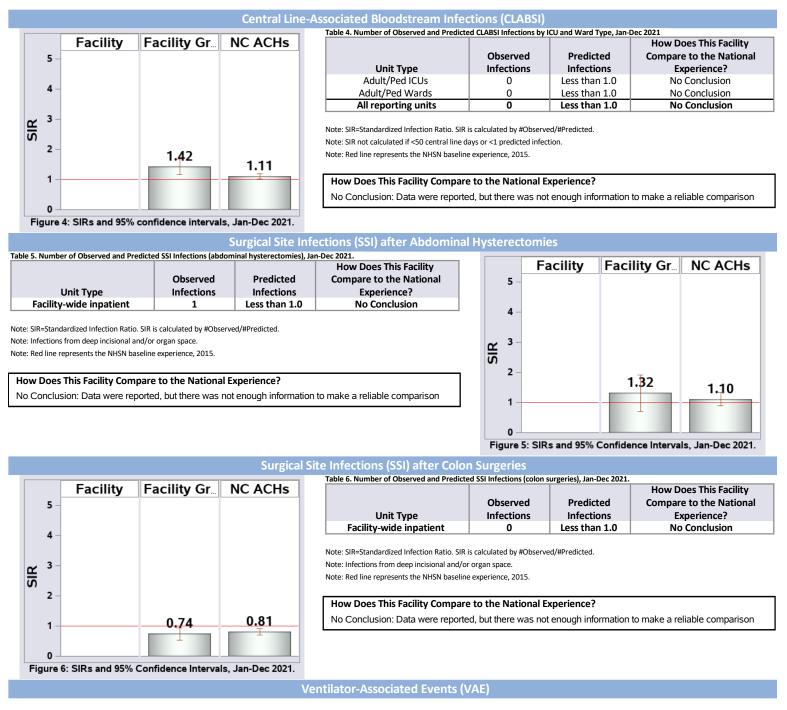


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County



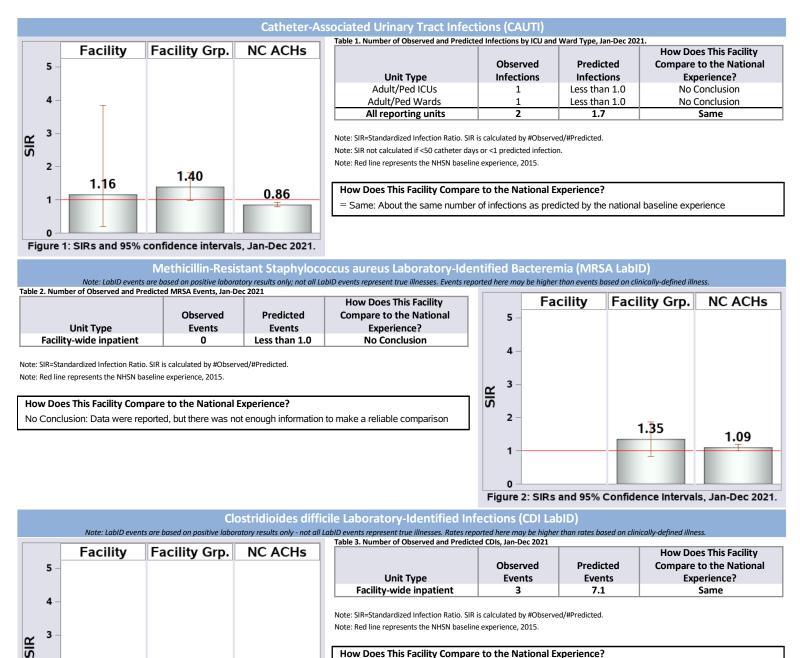
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Dlp - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,789
Patient Days in 2020:	13,181
Total Number of Beds:	78
Number of ICU Beds:	13
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.80
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.03



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.36

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

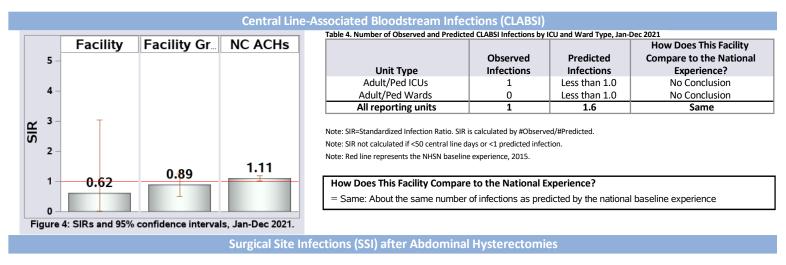
0.42

2

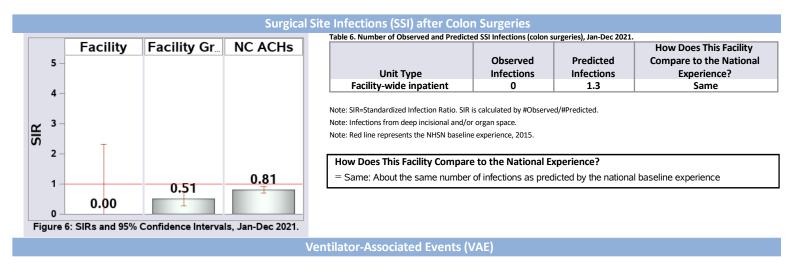
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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 DIp - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



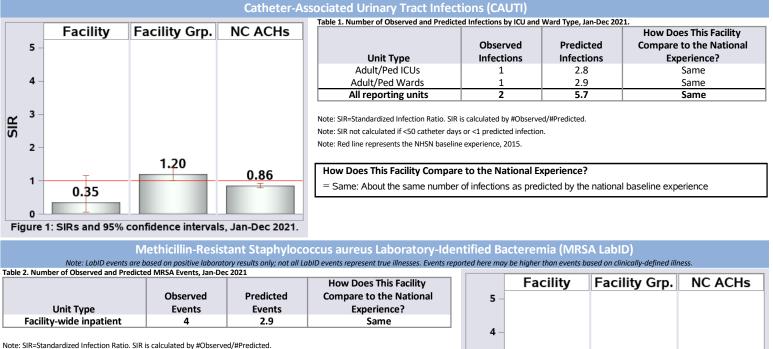
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	13,419
Patient Days in 2020:	52,824
Total Number of Beds:	186
Number of ICU Beds:	15
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.08



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



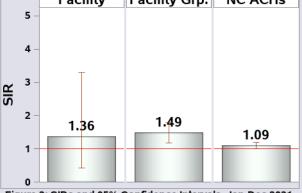


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

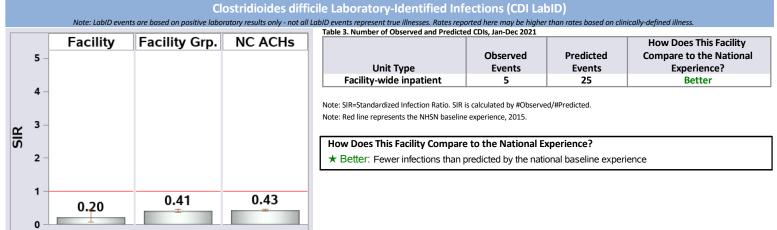
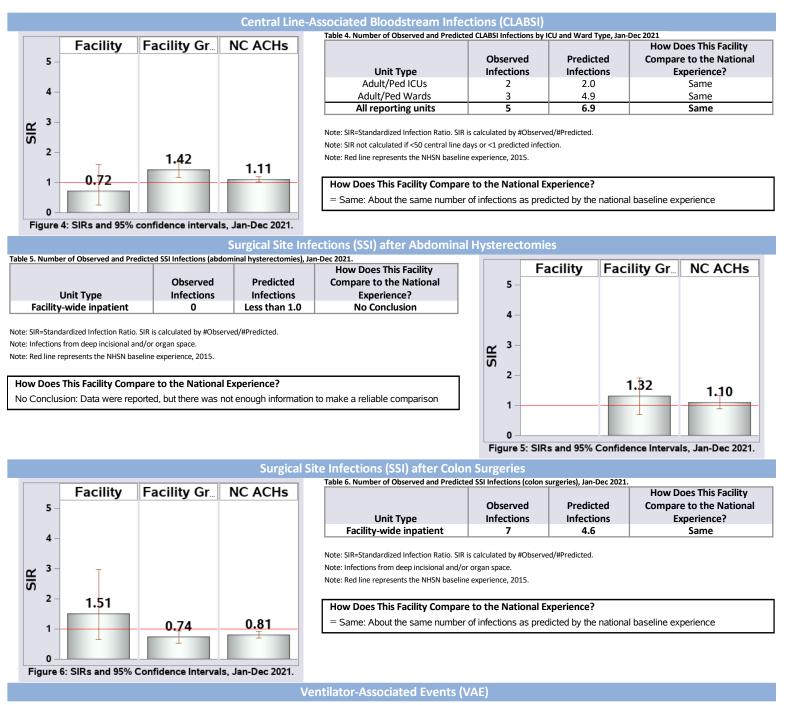


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County



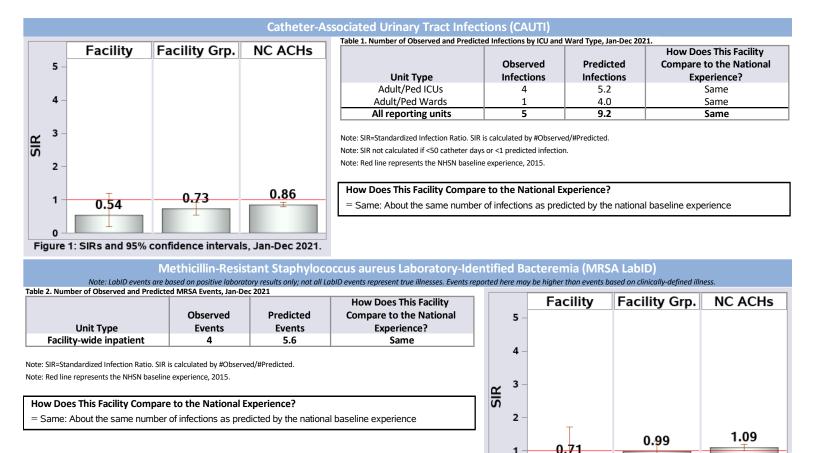
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County

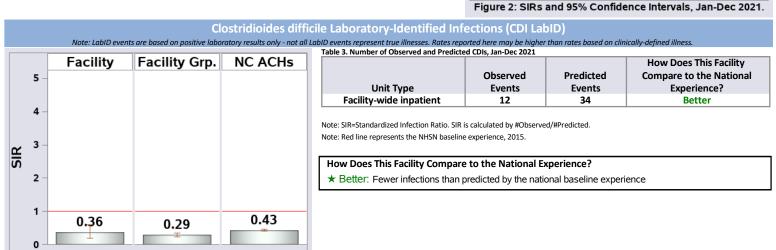
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	22,502
Patient Days in 2020:	87,860
Total Number of Beds:	223
Number of ICU Beds:	30
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	3.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.35



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





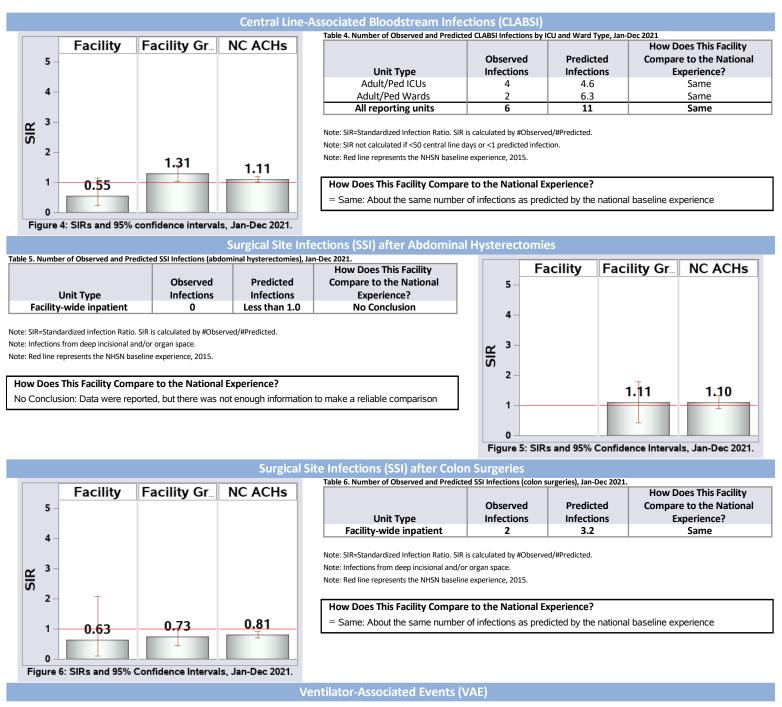
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Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County



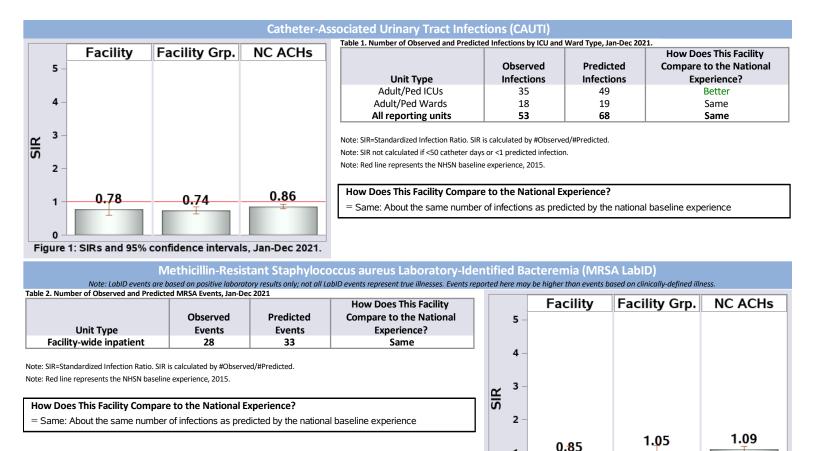
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	45,885
Patient Days in 2020:	310,752
Total Number of Beds:	952
Number of ICU Beds:	252
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	8.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.84



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



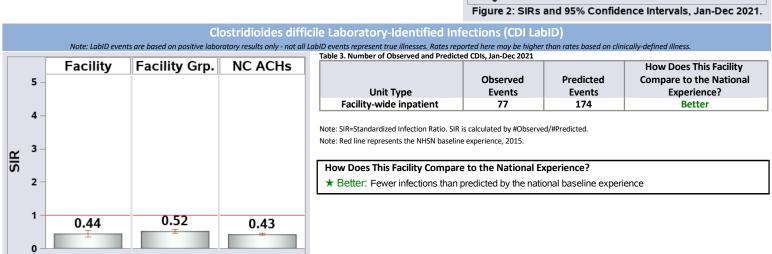


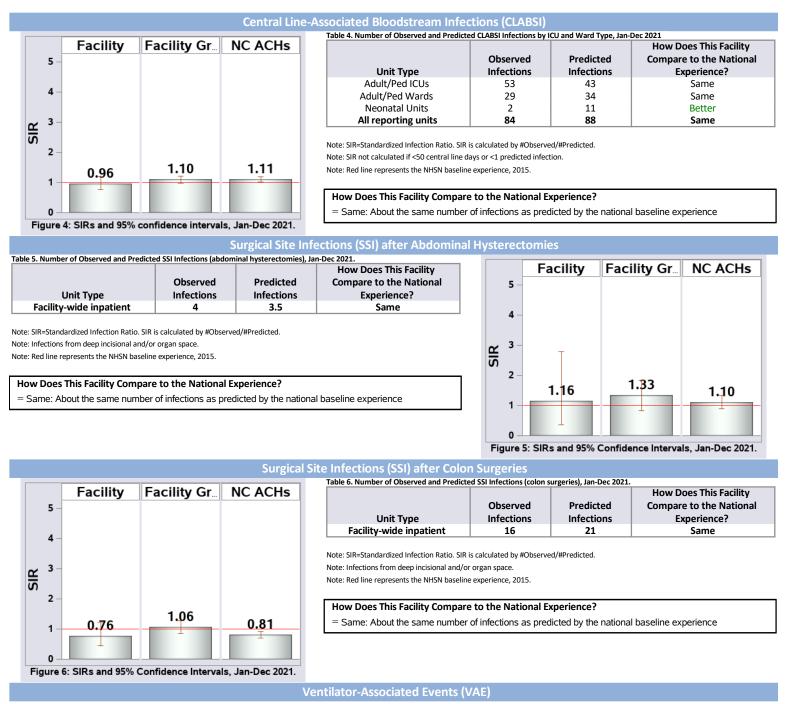
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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County



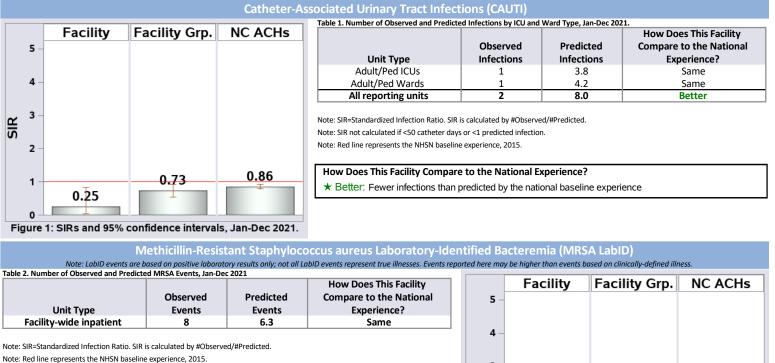
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	23,164
Patient Days in 2020:	102,921
Total Number of Beds:	362
Number of ICU Beds:	57
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	3.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.97

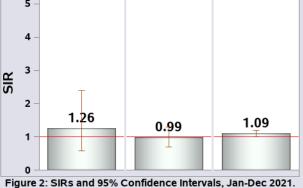


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



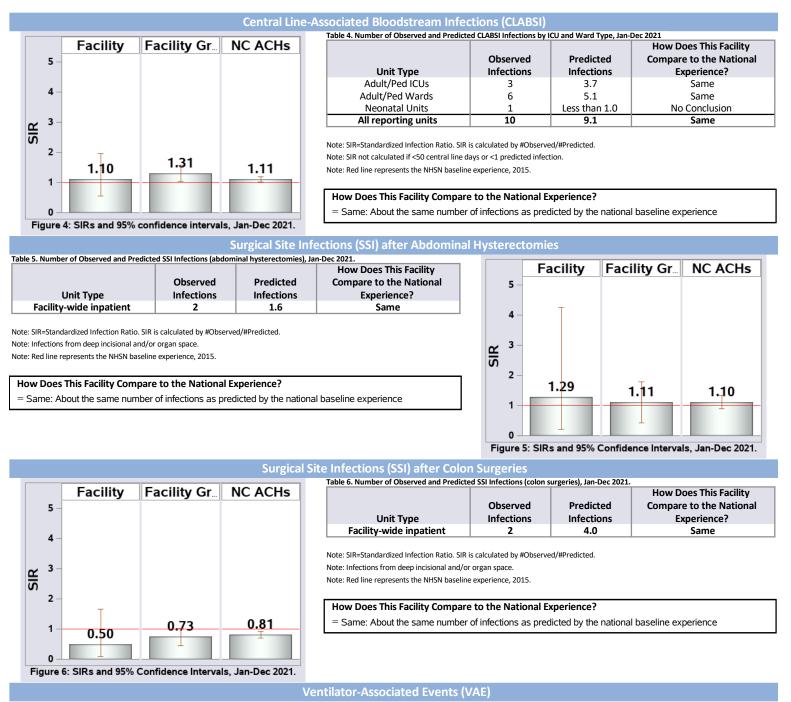
Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 18 61 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.29 0.29

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	671
Patient Days in 2020:	1,379
Total Number of Beds:	8
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.20
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.50



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

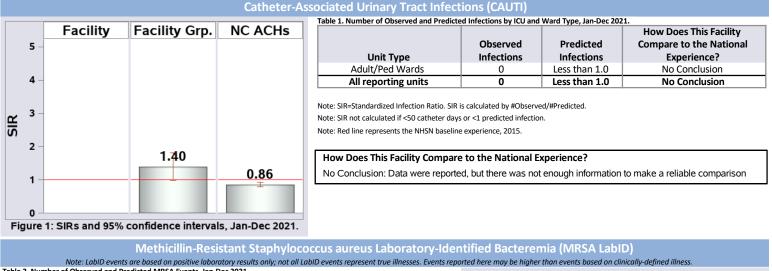


Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed MRSA Events, Jan-De	c 2021						
			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion					
					4 –			
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Observe	ed/#Predicted.						
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline	e experience, 2015.				3			
					ער <sub>ג</sub> ר			
How Does This Facility Compare	e to the National E	xperience?		Ū	n			
No Conclusion: Data were reporte	d, but there was not	enough information	to make a reliable comparison		2 -			
		-					1.35	1.09
								1.09
					1-		±	
					0			

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	ints are based on positive labo	ratory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates repo Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte			ically-defined illness.
Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
. –			Facility-wide inpatient Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR i	1 is calculated by #Observ	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
_				· ·	xperience?	
-					•	to make a reliable comparison
-	0.36	0.43				
				Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline How Does This Facility Compare No Conclusion: Data were reported	Unit Type       Events         Facility-wide inpatient       1         Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observ. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.         How Does This Facility Compare to the National E No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was no	Unit Type       Deserved Events       Predicted Events         Facility-wide inpatient       1       Less than 1.0         Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.       How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information

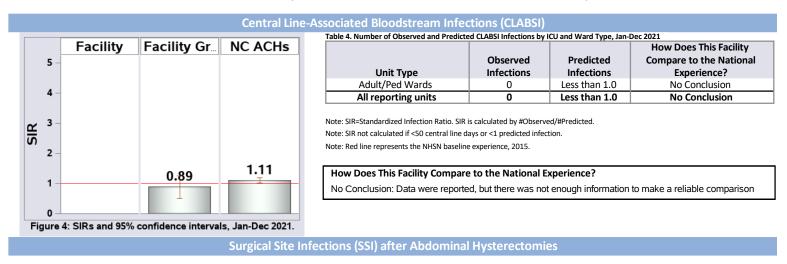
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County

2020 Hospital S	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	2,779
Patient Days in 2020:	8,628
Total Number of Beds:	79
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.63



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

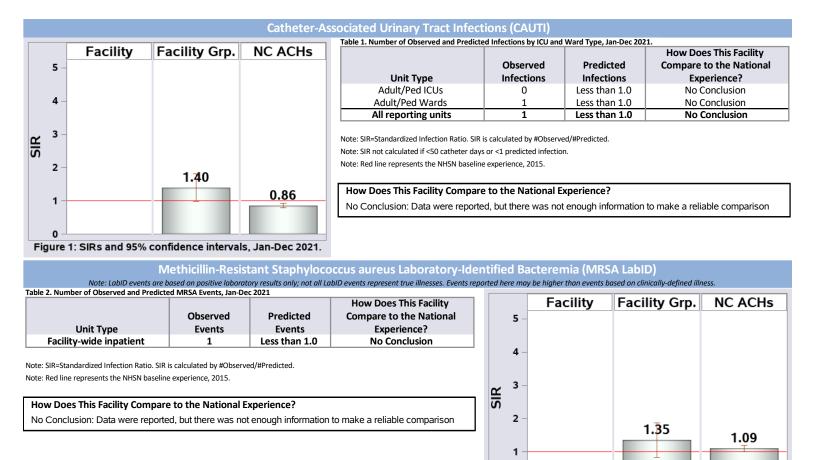


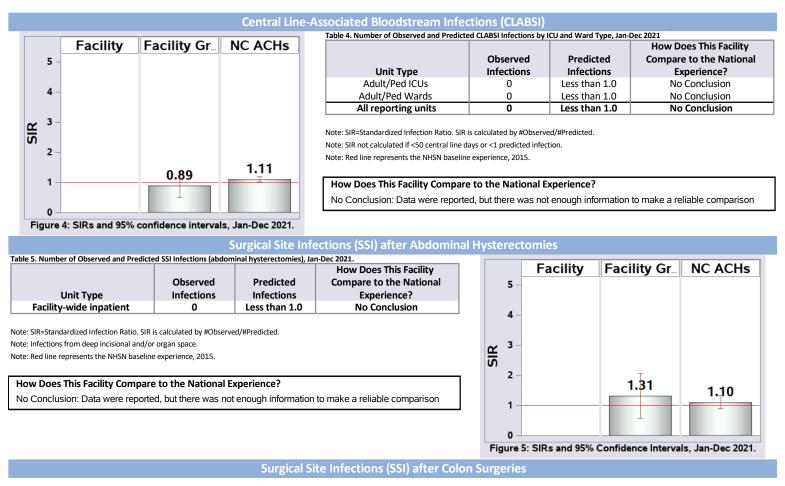
Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 1 5.9 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.36 0.17 ٥

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Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

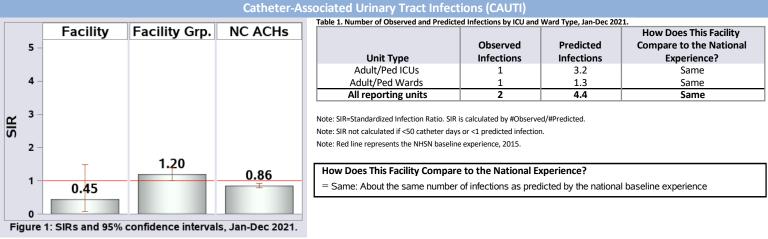
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	6,638
Patient Days in 2020:	30,094
Total Number of Beds:	190
Number of ICU Beds:	32
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.79



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



	11.12	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACH
Fac	Unit Type ility-wide inpatient	Events 6	Events 2.3	Experience? Worse				
Red li	ine represents the NHSN b	. ,			SIR 3 -	2.58		
	-	hpare to the National han predicted by the na	•	ience	0 2 –		1. <mark>4</mark> 9	1 00
					1			1.09
					0			
					-		Confidence Interva	s, Jan-Dec 20
	Note: LabID even			icile Laboratory-Identified In LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re			pased on clinically-defined illne	255.
	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic	ted CDIs, Jan-De	c 2021	How Do	es This Facility
-		<u> </u>		Unit Type	Observ Even	ts Eve	icted Compare ents Exp	to the National perience?
5				Facility-wide inpatient	16	2	2	Same
5 - 4 -	_							
4 -				Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SI Note: Red line represents the NHSN basel			d.	
-	-				ine experience, 2	) 15.		

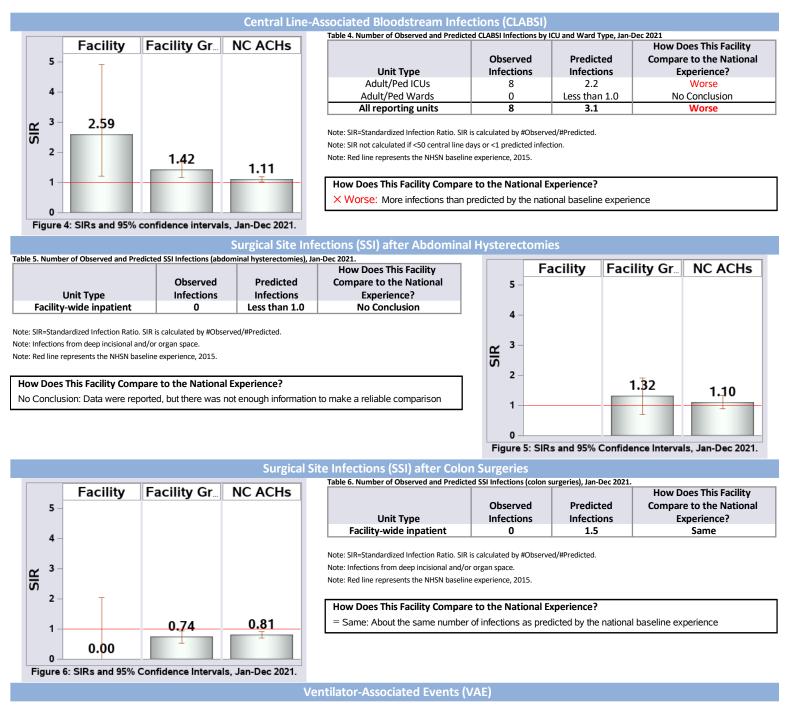
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	23,561
Patient Days in 2020:	112,240
Total Number of Beds:	435
Number of ICU Beds:	43
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	4.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.92



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

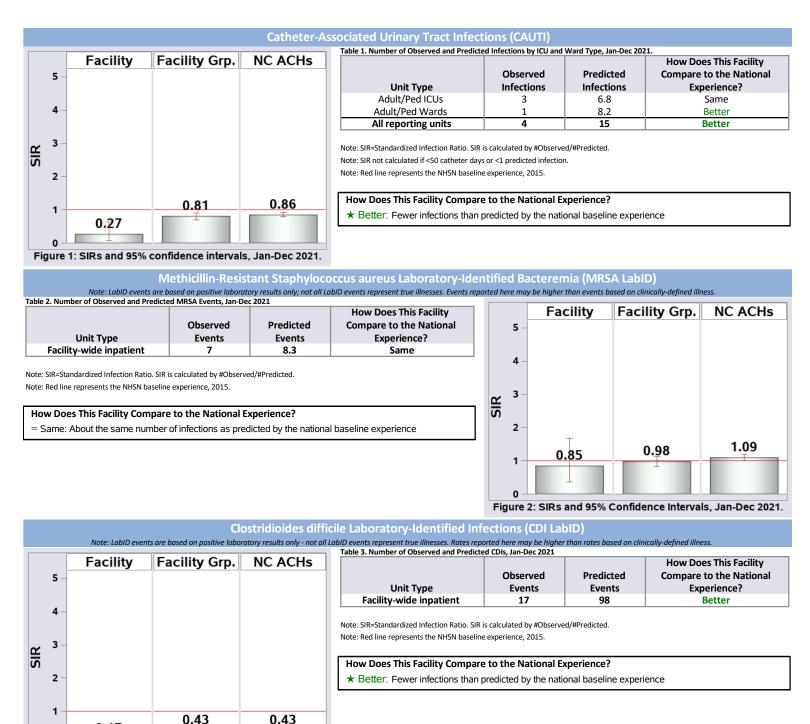


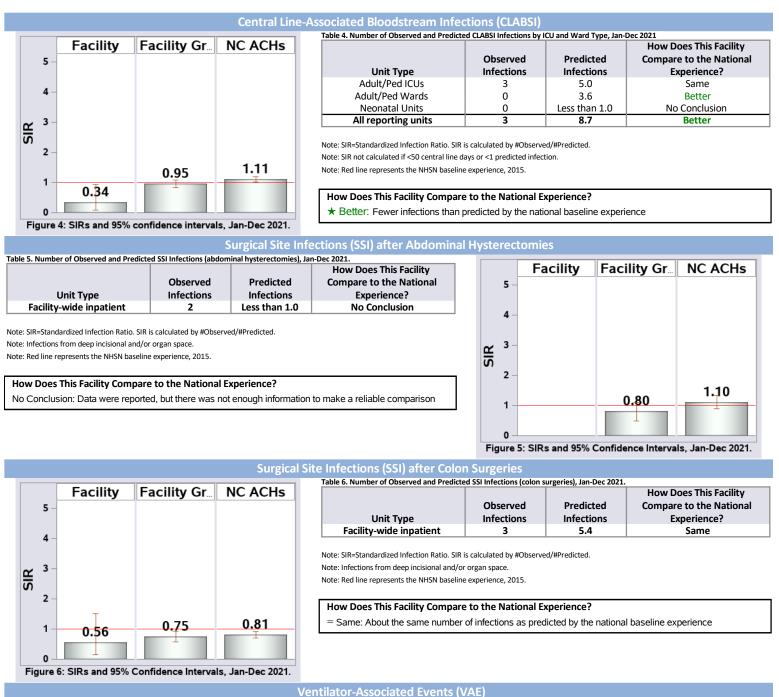
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.17

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County



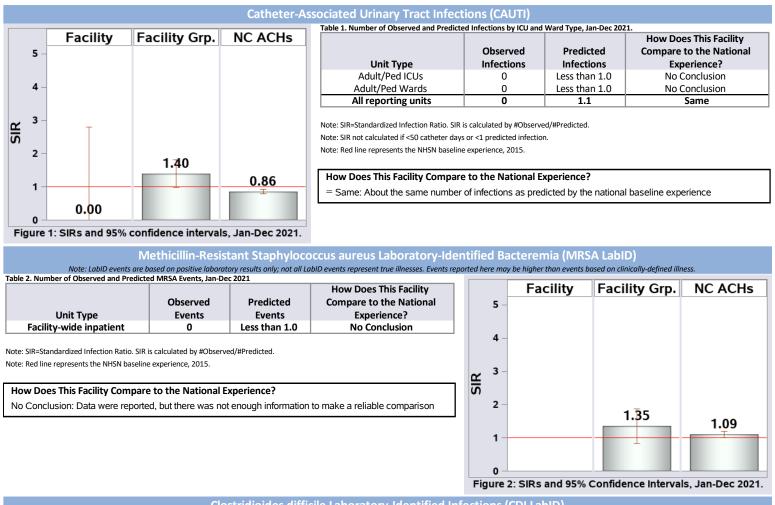
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	3,470
Patient Days in 2020:	8,755
Total Number of Beds:	62
Number of ICU Beds:	6
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.81



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



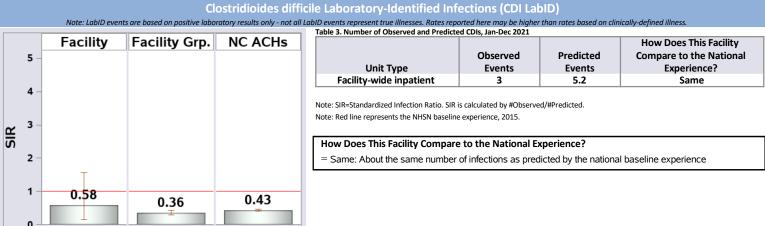
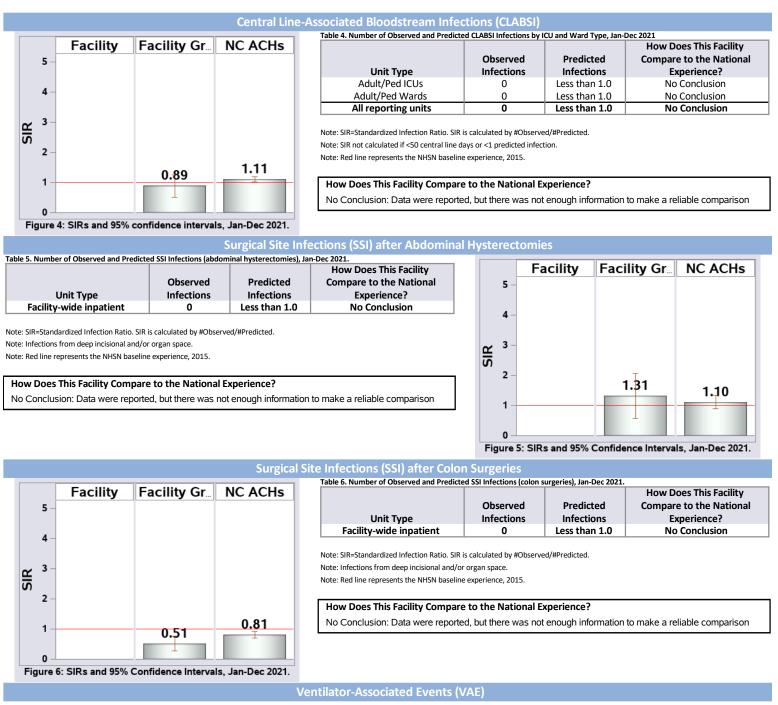


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County



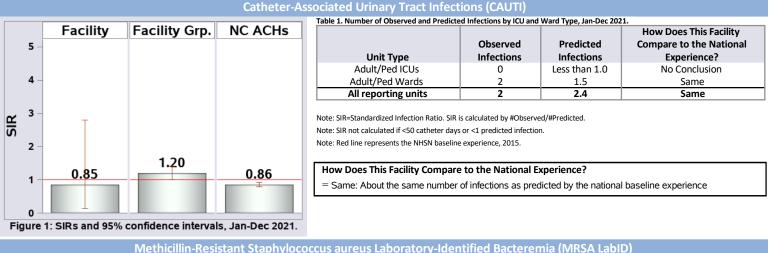
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Halifax Regional Medical Center, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	5,424
Patient Days in 2020:	27,009
Total Number of Beds:	149
Number of ICU Beds:	14
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.67



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.7	Same					
					4 –			
te: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Observ	ed/#Predicted.						
te: Red line represents the NHSN baselin	e experience, 2015.				-			
				~	3 -	т		
low Does This Facility Compare	e to the National E	xperience?		SIR				
, ,		•	al baseline experience	SII	2 -		1.40	
, ,		•	al baseline experience	SII	2 -		1. <mark>4</mark> 9	1.00
, ,		•	al baseline experience	SII	2 -		1.49	1.09
How Does This Facility Compare = Same: About the same number		•	al baseline experience	l IS	2 -	0.60	1.49	1.09

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

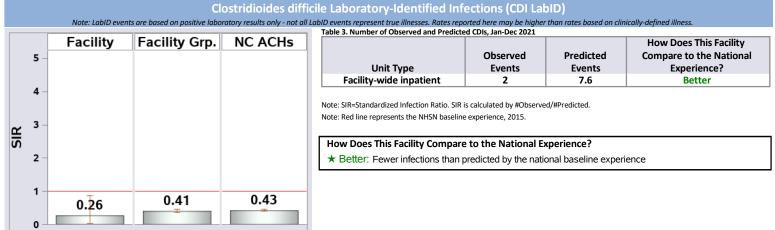
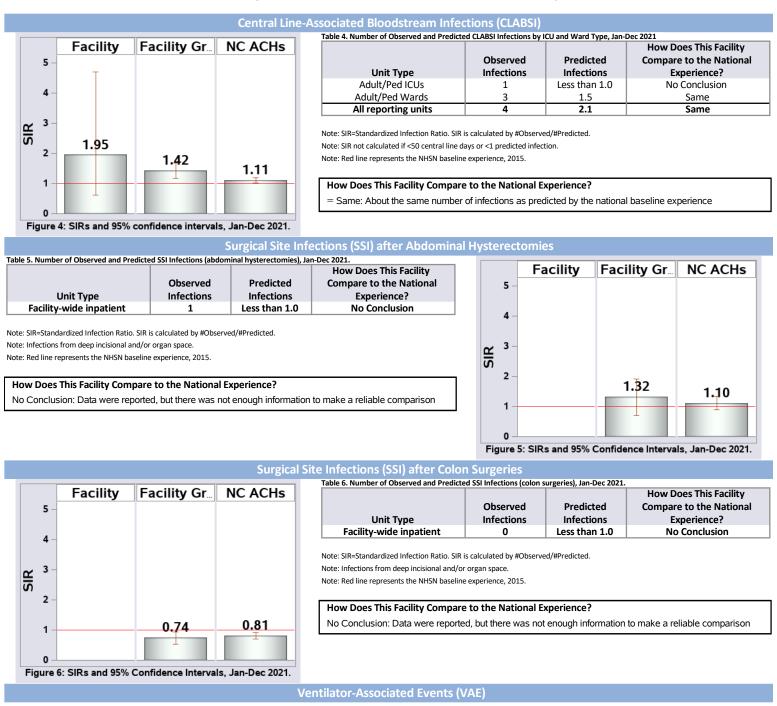


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Halifax Regional Medical Center, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County



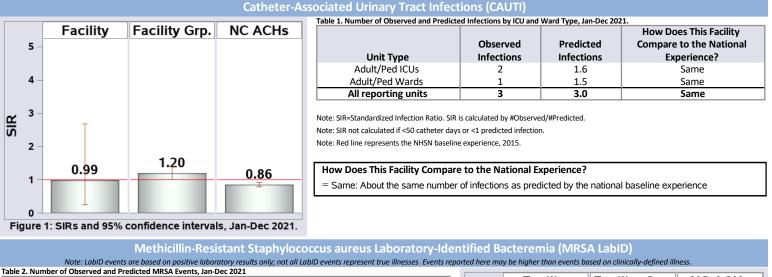
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County

2020 Hospital Survey Informati			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Major		
Admissions in 2020:	4,669		
Patient Days in 2020:	20,211		
Total Number of Beds:	100		
Number of ICU Beds:	10		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.00		



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



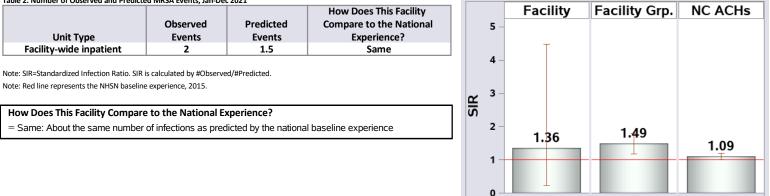


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

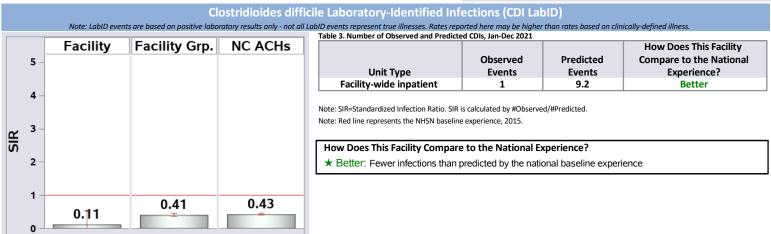
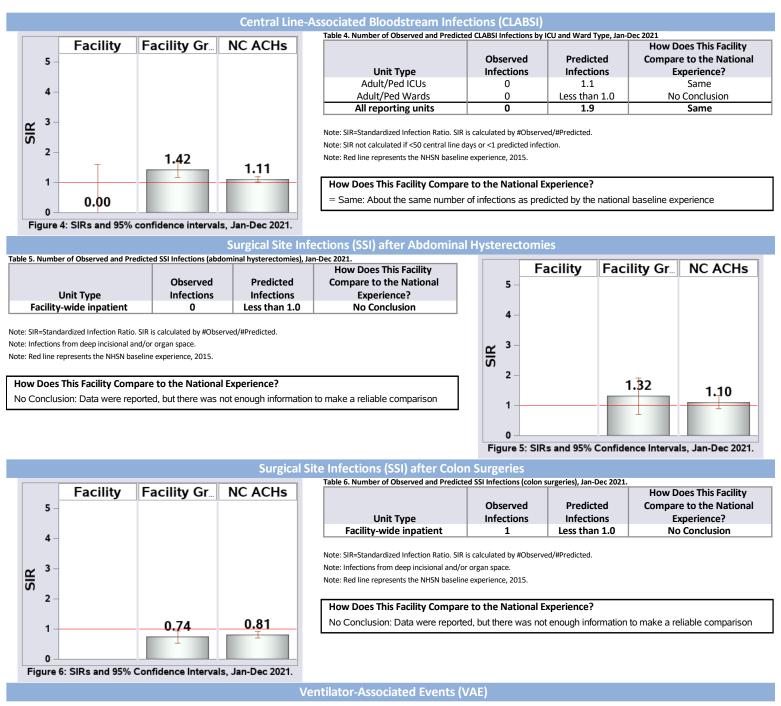


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County



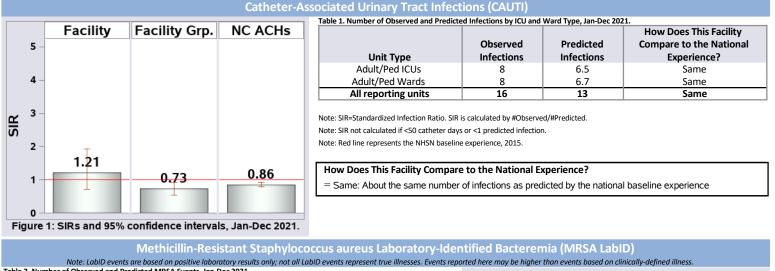
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

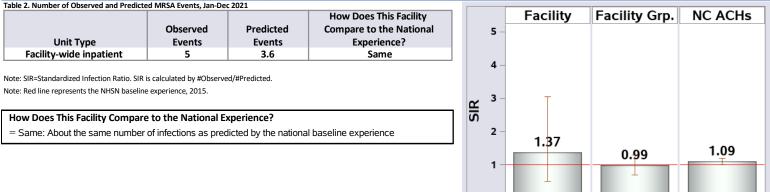
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	17,253
Patient Days in 2020:	67,069
Total Number of Beds:	300
Number of ICU Beds:	28
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.67



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





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Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

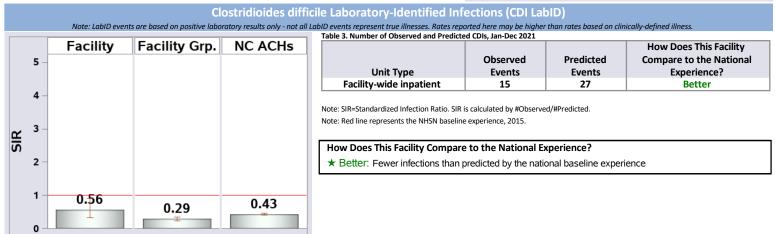
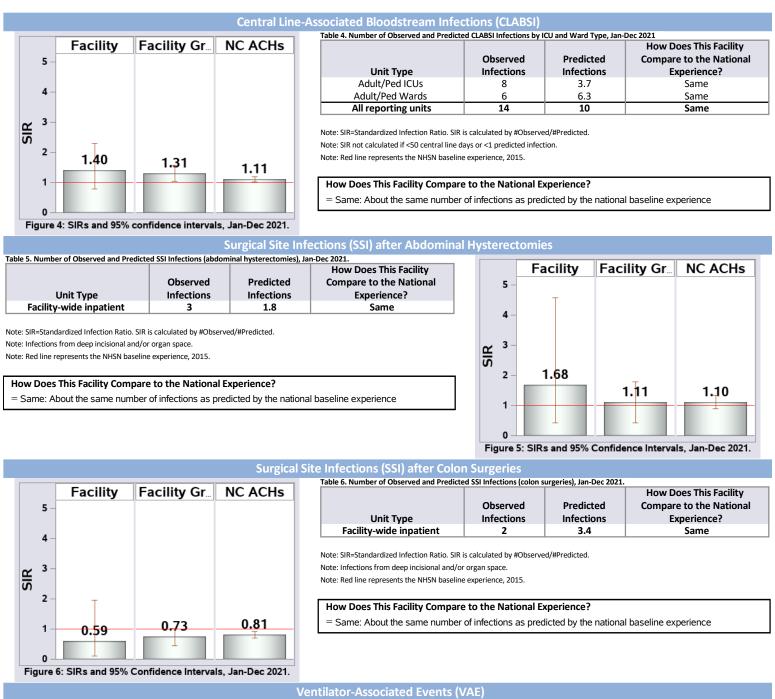


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County



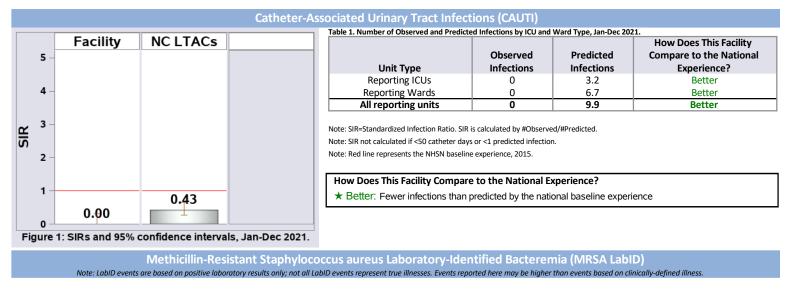
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

## 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	301
Patient Days in 2020:	22,033
Total Number of Beds:	66
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.76
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

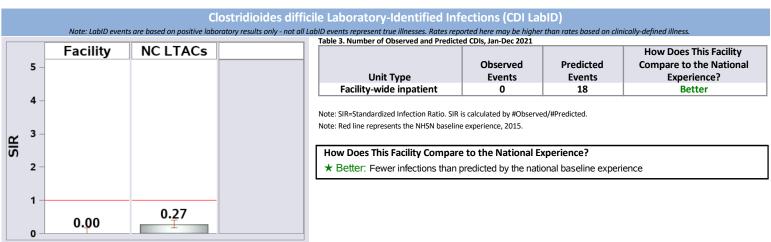
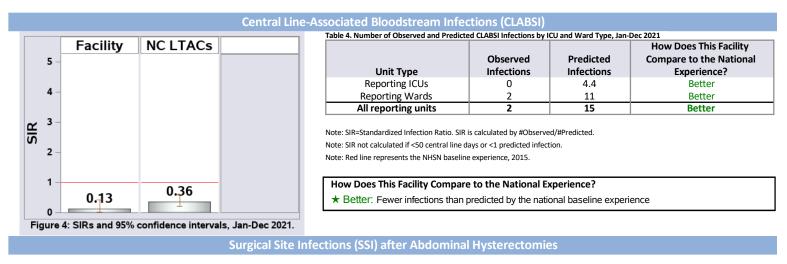


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	4,072
Patient Days in 2020:	17,386
Total Number of Beds:	81
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.38
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.46



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

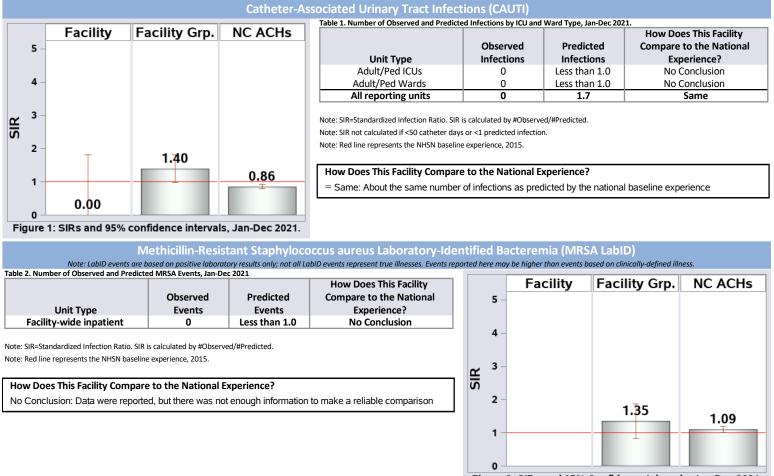


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

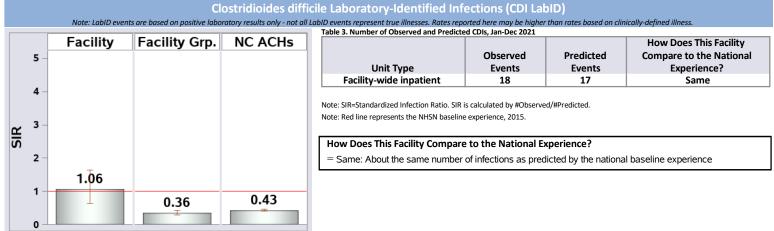


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County

2020 Hospital Survey Information				
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital			
Medical Affiliation:	No			
Admissions in 2020:	9,308			
Patient Days in 2020:	36,303			
Total Number of Beds:	199			
Number of ICU Beds:	16			
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00			
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.50			



Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

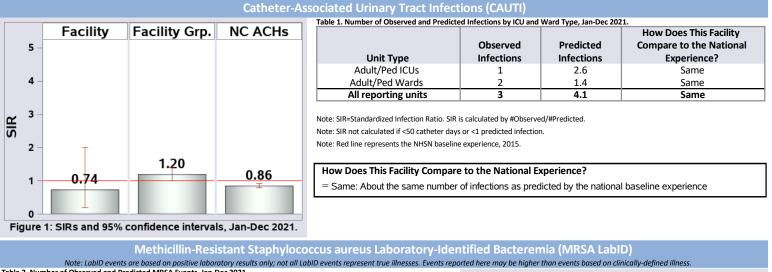


Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicte	d MRSA Events, Jan-De	c 2021						
			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	4	1.5	Same					
					4 –			
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR i	is calculated by #Observe	d/#Predicted.						
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline	e experience, 2015.				. 3 -	2.74		
					s	2.7 4		
How Does This Facility Compare	e to the National Ex	kperience?		ĺ	S			
= Same: About the same number	of infections as prec	licted by the nationa	I baseline experience		2 –		1.49	
						1.49	1.09	
							1	1.09
					1-	<b>—</b>		
					0			

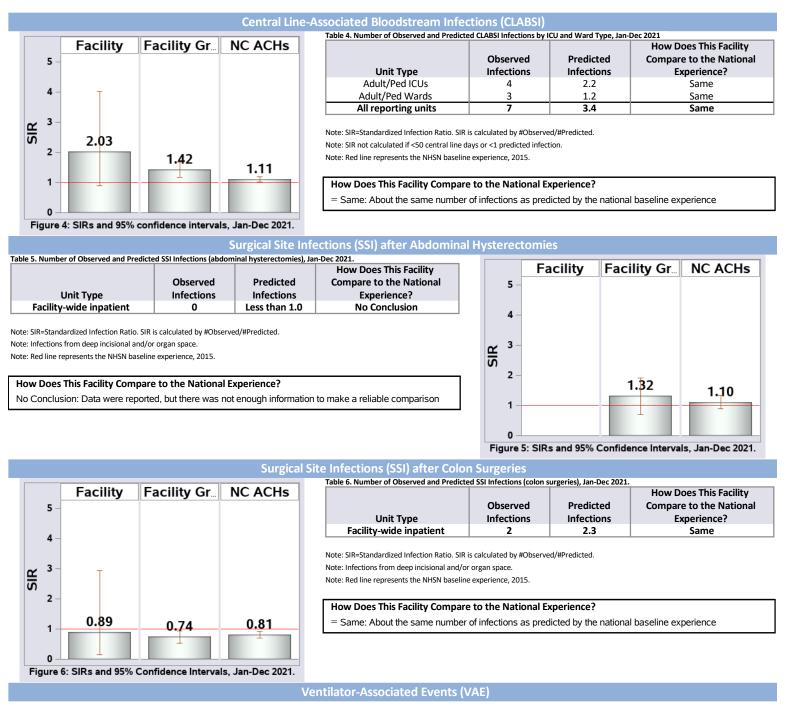
Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient 28 Same 28 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 0.99 1 0.43 0.41 ٥

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County



### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

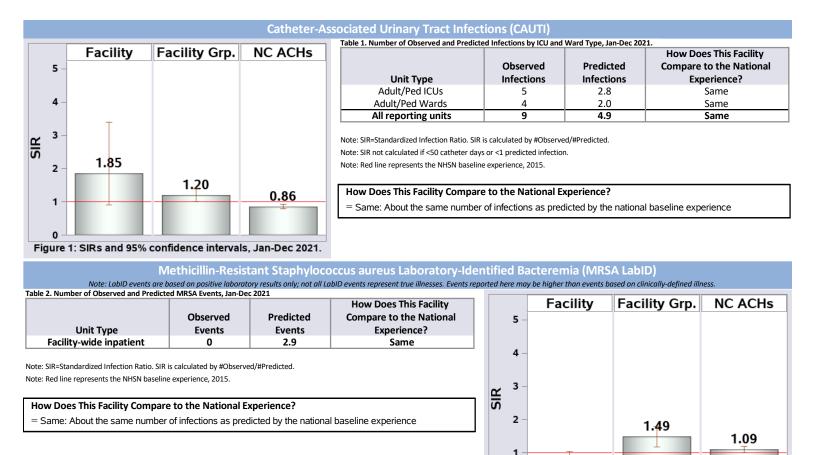
2020 Hospital Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate		
Admissions in 2020:	7,538		
Patient Days in 2020:	38,913		
Total Number of Beds:	173		
Number of ICU Beds:	16		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.25		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.72		



0.00

**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



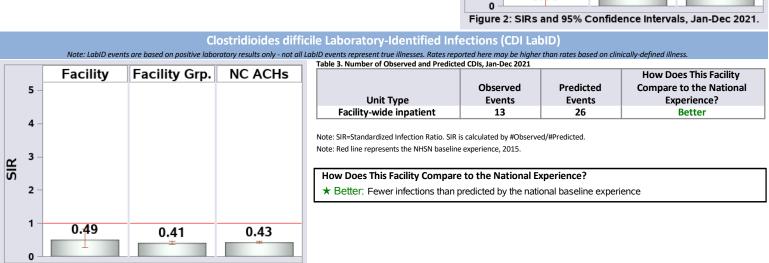
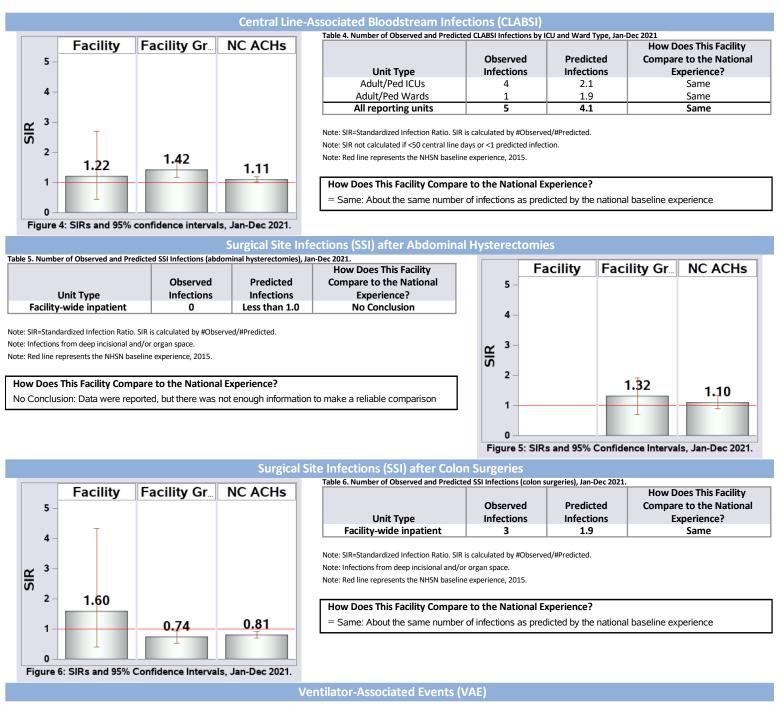


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County



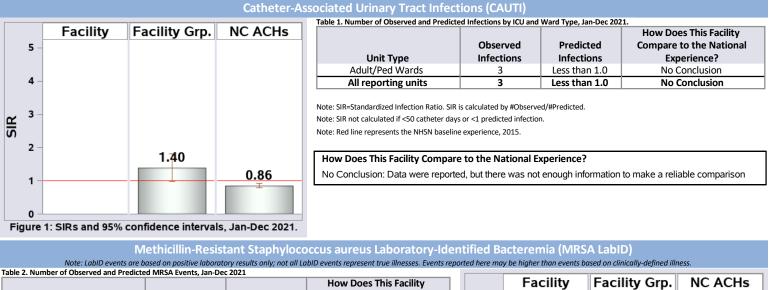
### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County

2020 Hospital Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate		
Admissions in 2020:	3,912		
Patient Days in 2020:	12,553		
Total Number of Beds:	75		
Number of ICU Beds:	0		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.75		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.00		



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



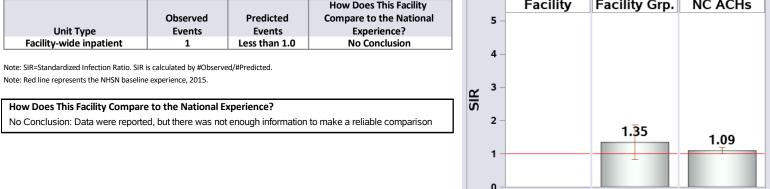


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

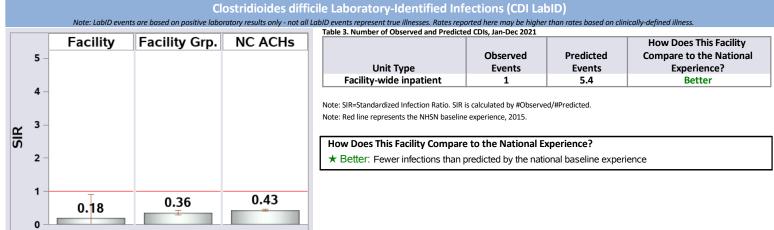
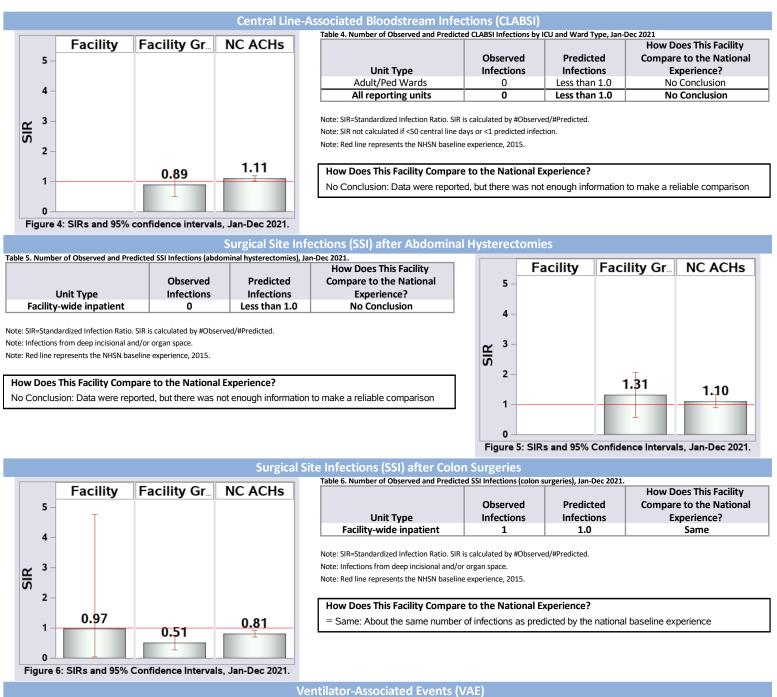


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County



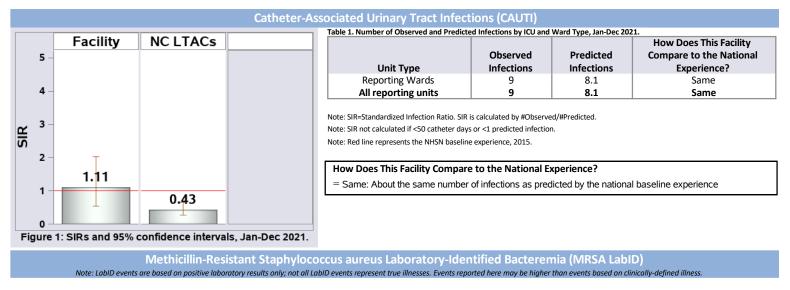
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	296
Patient Days in 2020:	12,970
Total Number of Beds:	101
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.99
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

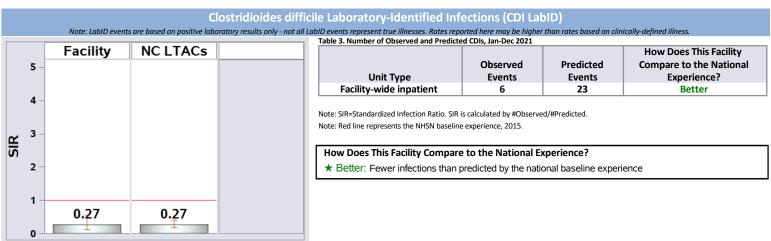
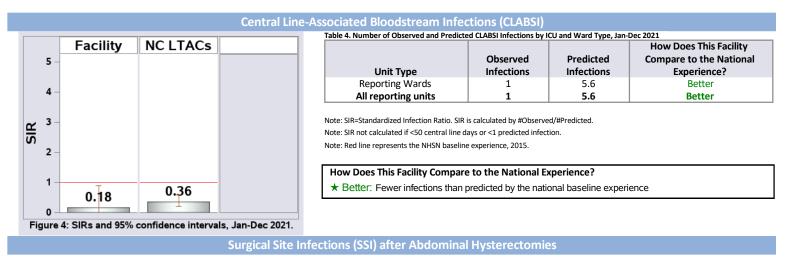


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

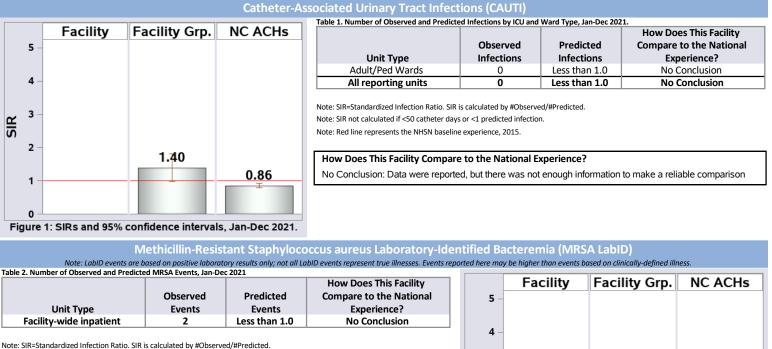
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County

2020 Hospital Survey Informat			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate		
Admissions in 2020:	1,892		
Patient Days in 2020:	11,090		
Total Number of Beds:	67		
Number of ICU Beds:	0		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.20		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.30		



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

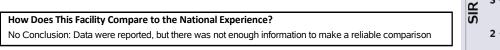




Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

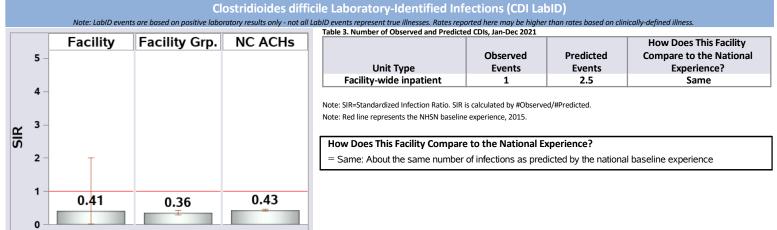
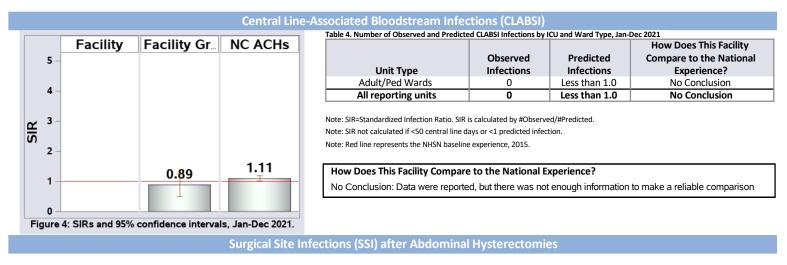


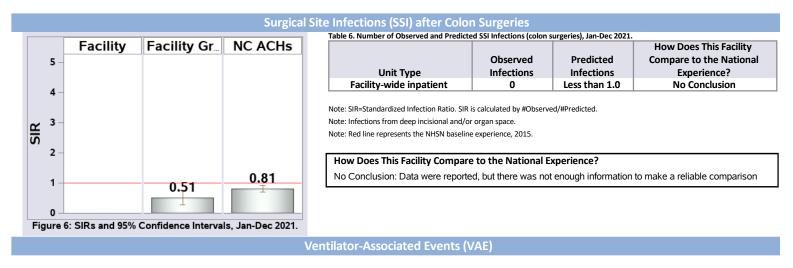
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



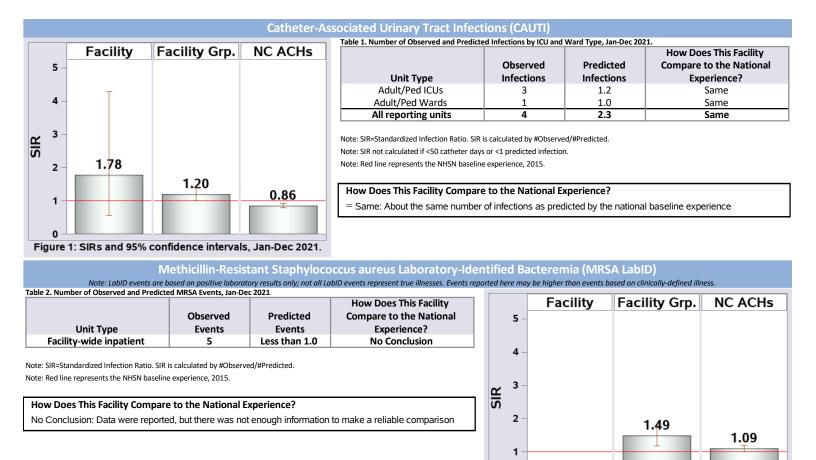
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

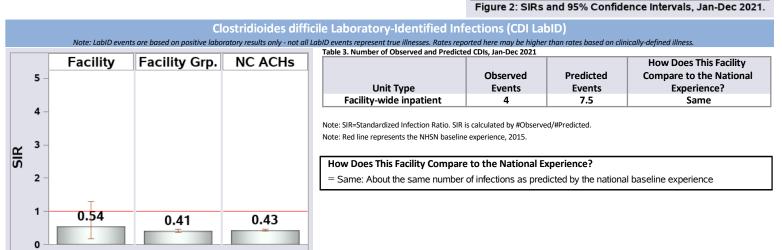
2020 Hospital Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	No		
Admissions in 2020:	4,049		
Patient Days in 2020:	13,653		
Total Number of Beds:	123		
Number of ICU Beds:	12		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.81		



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





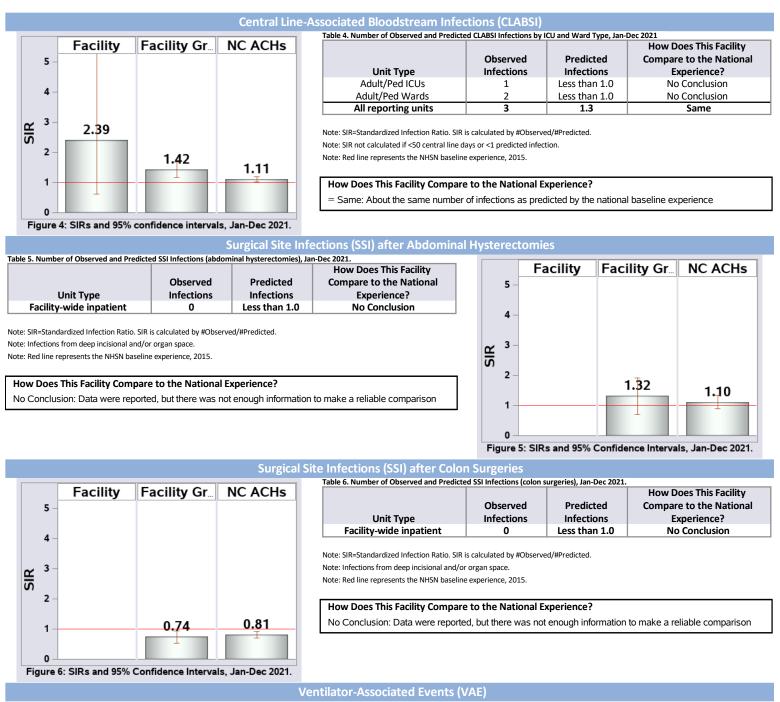
0

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County



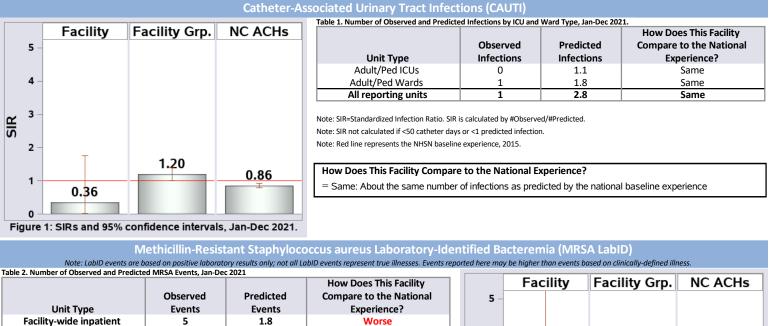
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	5,628
Patient Days in 2020:	28,962
Total Number of Beds:	167
Number of ICU Beds:	14
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.60



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

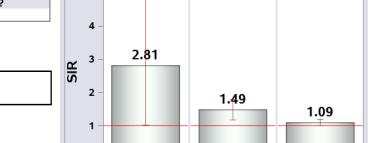
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

× Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience



0

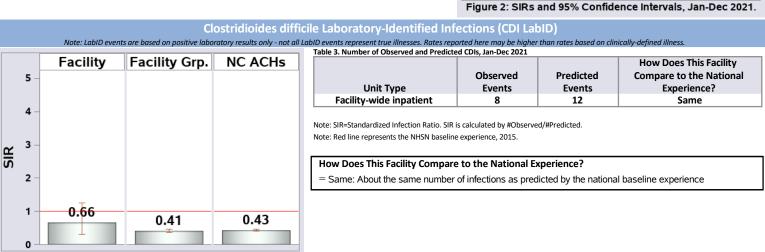
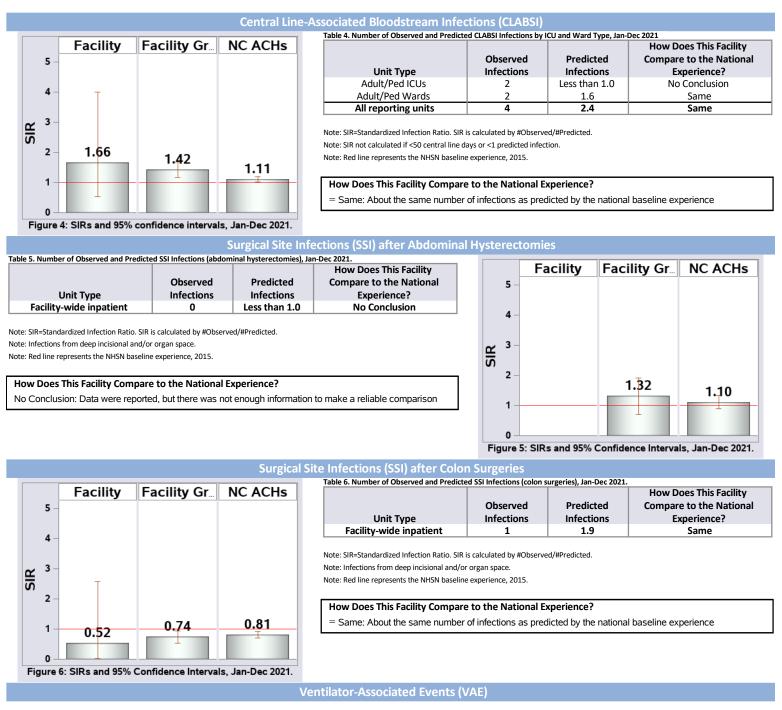


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County



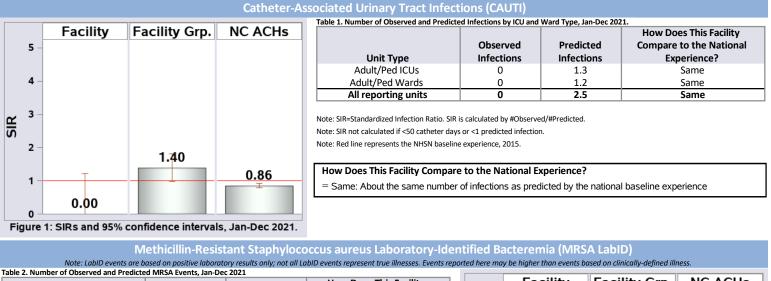
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	4,506
Patient Days in 2020:	18,925
Total Number of Beds:	99
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.01



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



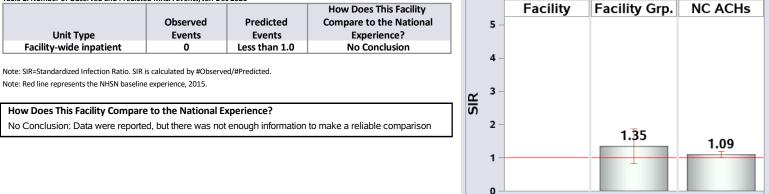


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

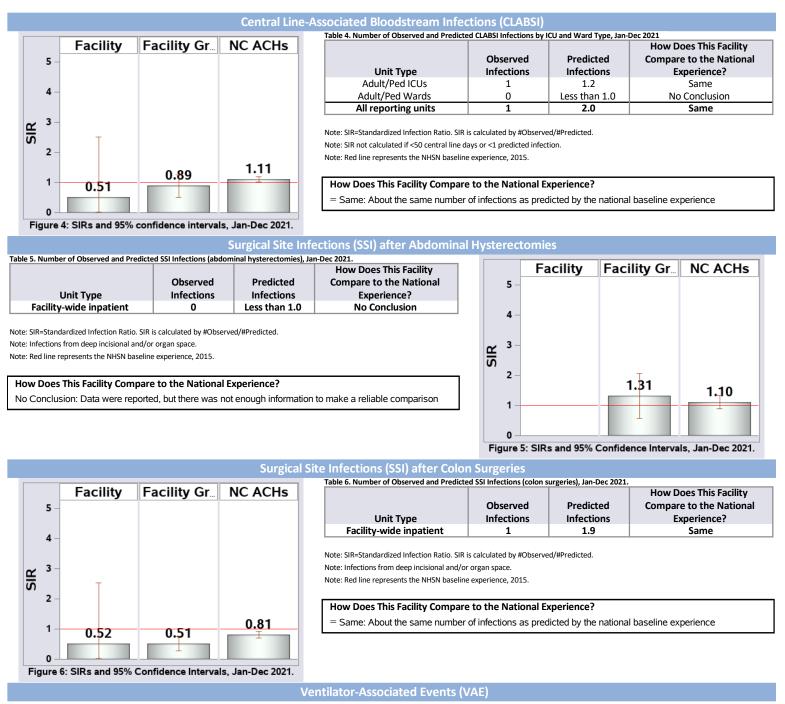
		Note: LabID event			cile Laboratory-Identified Inf LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	orted here may be highe		nically-defined illness.			
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	71		How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?			
	4 -				Facility-wide inpatient         1         6.5         Better           Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.         Image: Content of the second						
SIR	3 –				Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.         How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?         ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience						
	2 -										
	1	0.15	0.36 	0.43							

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County



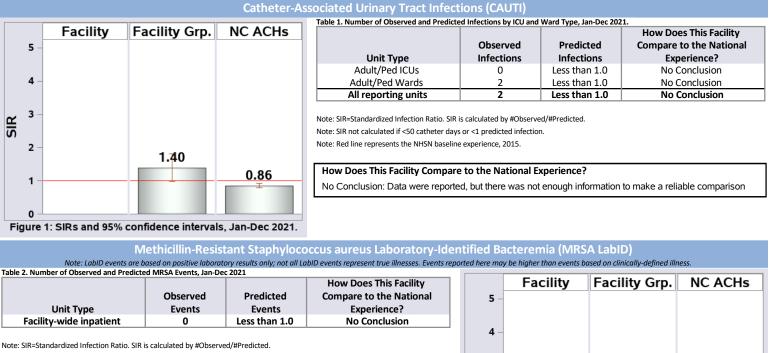
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	857
Patient Days in 2020:	4,278
Total Number of Beds:	18
Number of ICU Beds:	6
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	5.56

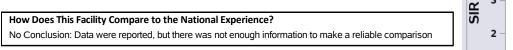


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



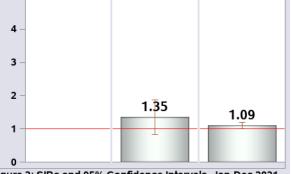


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

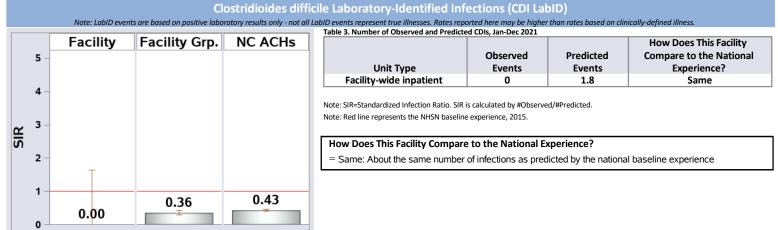
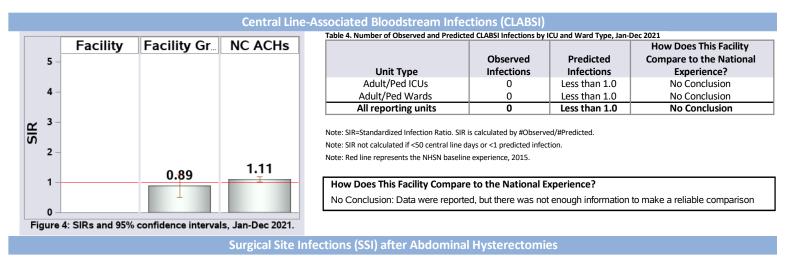


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

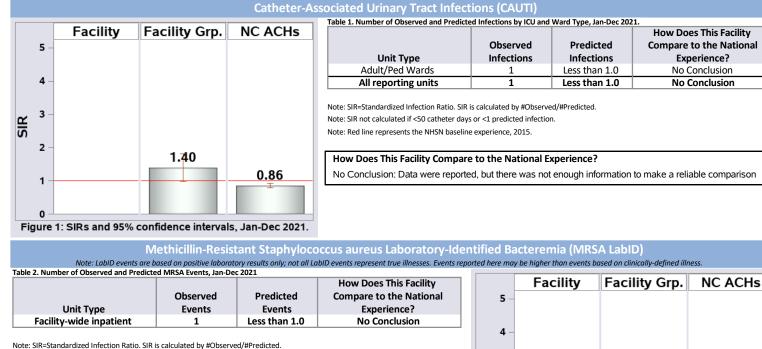
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

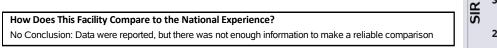
2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	2,789
Patient Days in 2020:	8,127
Total Number of Beds:	30
Number of ICU Beds:	6
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.55
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.83
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



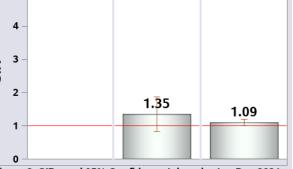


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

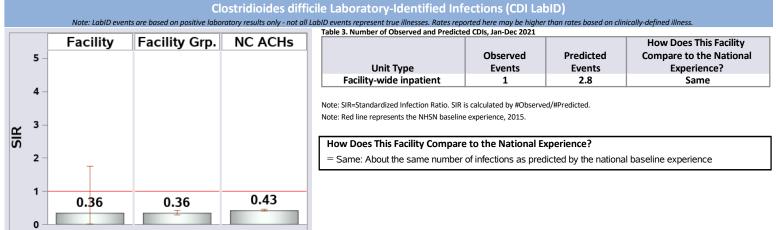
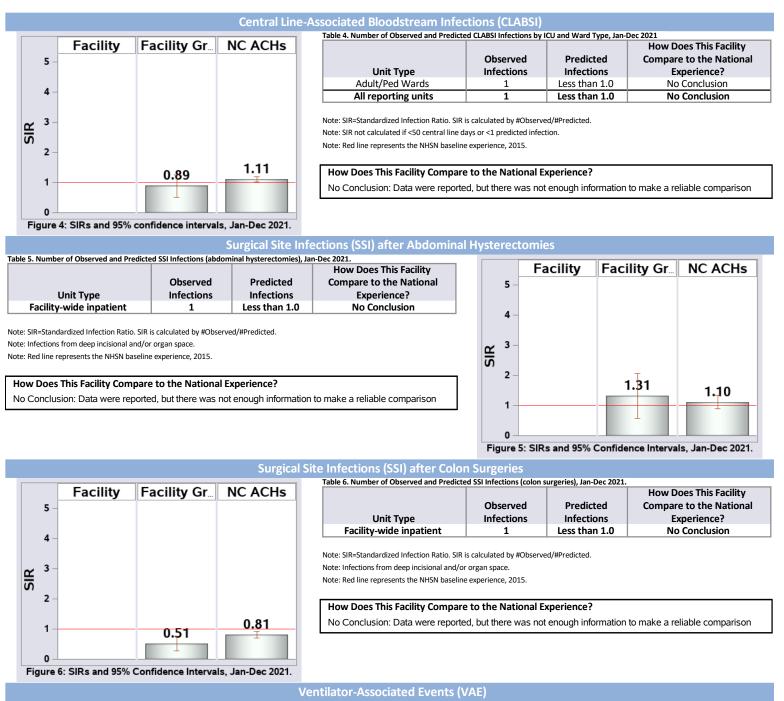


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

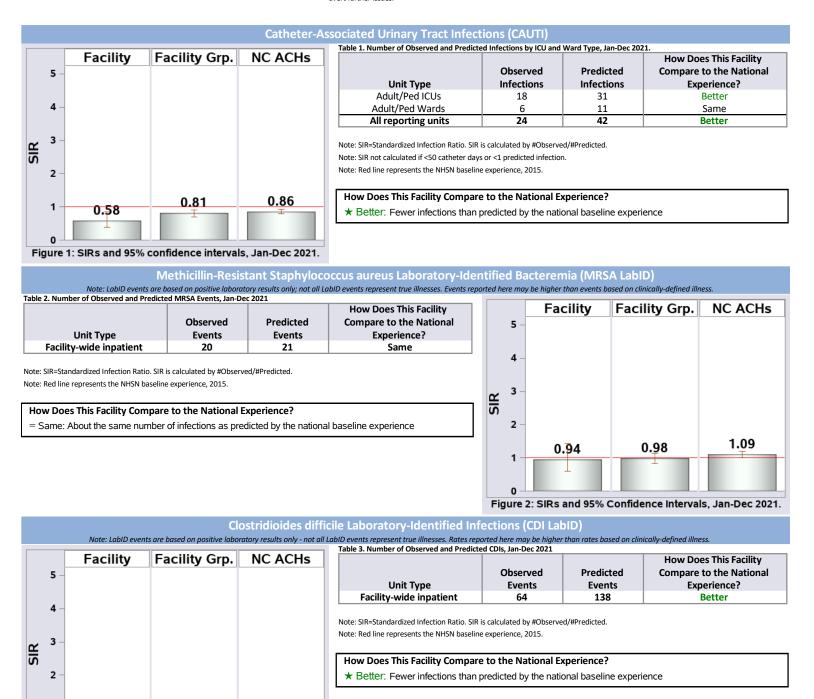


### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

2020 Hospital Surv	vey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	49,999
Patient Days in 2020:	240,026
Total Number of Beds:	880
Number of ICU Beds:	142
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	8.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.91
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.



N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

0.43

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.43

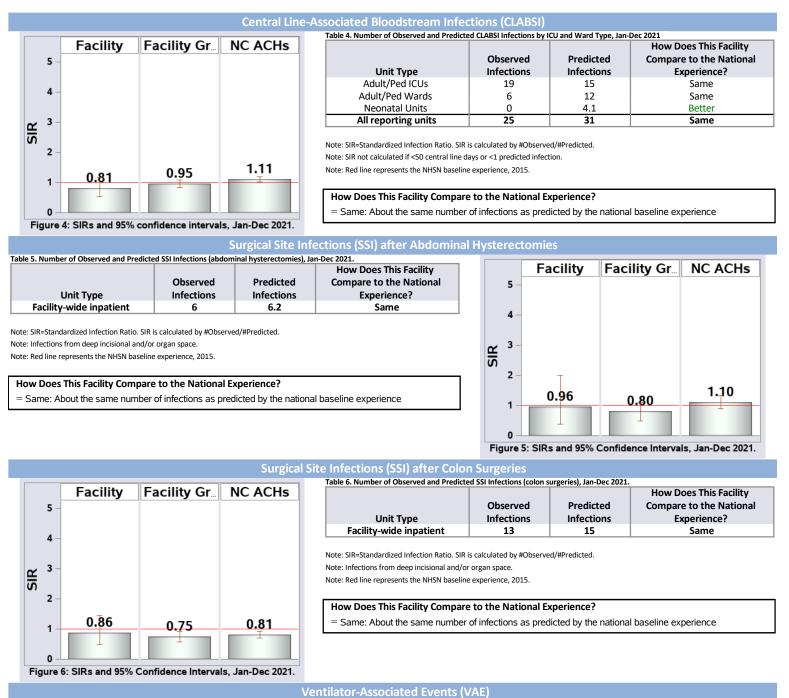
Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).

0.46

Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

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### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

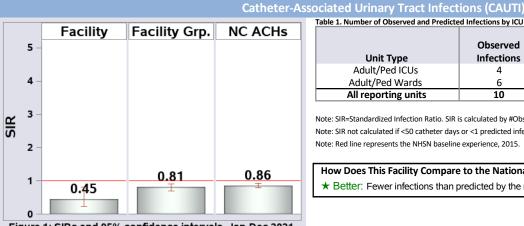


### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Sur	vey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	28,290
Patient Days in 2020:	161,039
Total Number of Beds:	517
Number of ICU Beds:	109
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.48
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.



# Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021. Observed

	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	4	18	Better
Adult/Ped Wards	6	4.5	Same
All reporting units	10	22	Better
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	•	•	
Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter day	o or si predicted intection		

 $\star$  Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Dec 2021 NC ACHs Facility Facility Grp. How Does This Facility Predicted Compare to the National Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events** Experience? Facility-wide inpatient Better 5 15 Δ Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1.09 0.98 1 0.33 0

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

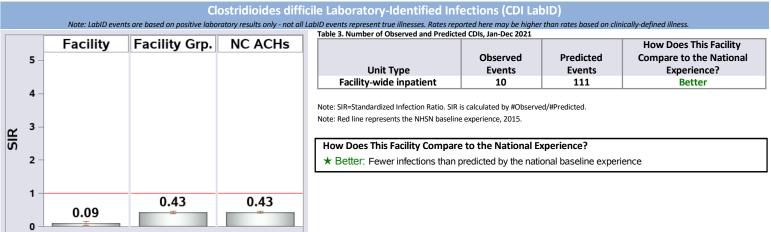
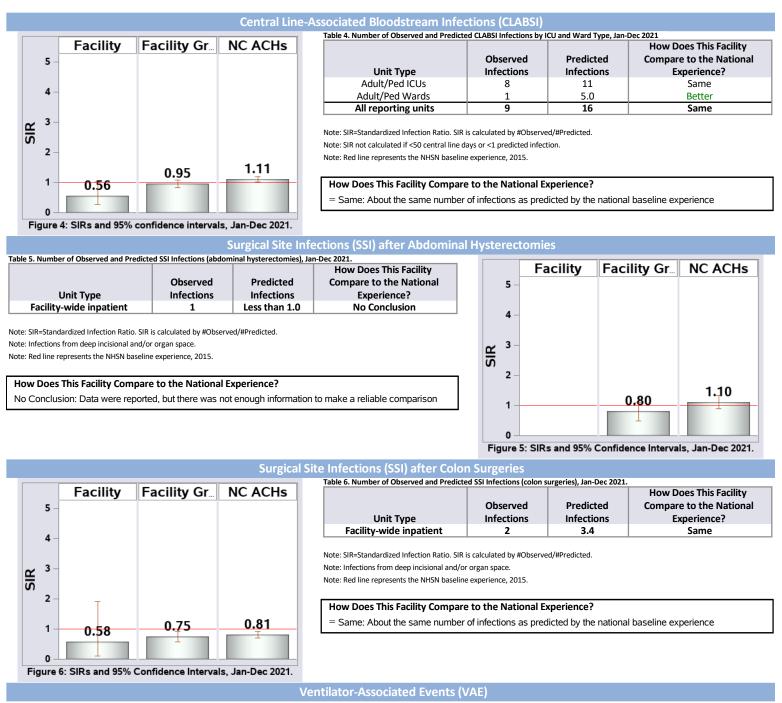


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

How Does This Facility

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County



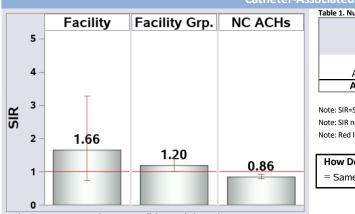
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	10,545
Patient Days in 2020:	47,923
Total Number of Beds:	150
Number of ICU Beds:	26
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	3.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.00

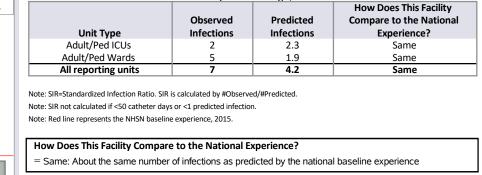


**Commentary From Facility:** NHCS is actively implementing plans to review and improve processes in the prevention of MRSA bacteremia. NHCS has a Lean project and action plan to further develop on-going strategies to reduce the risks of C. diff transmission

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

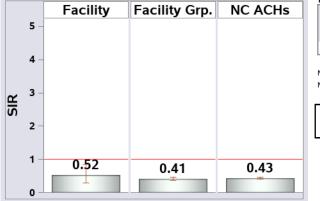


#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021.



#### Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

				occus aureus Laboratory-Ide					d illness
able 2. Numb		cted MRSA Events, Jan-Dee				a nere may i			11
				How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Gr	NC ACHs
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility	y-wide inpatient	3	2.4	Same					
						4 –			
lote: SIR=Stan	dardized Infection Ratio. SI	IR is calculated by #Observe	ed/#Predicted.				_		
lote: Red line	represents the NHSN basel	line experience, 2015.				-	T		
						¥ <sup>3</sup> –			
How Does	s This Facility Compa	are to the National Ex	xperience?			ה			
= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience				al baseline experience		2 -			
Same. About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience					-	1.26	1. <mark>4</mark> 9		
							1.20		1.09
						1			
						0			
					F	Figure 2	SIRs and 95%	Confidence Inter	vals, Jan-Dec 2021.
Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)									
	Note: LabID events a			LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep	porte	d here may	be higher than rates	based on clinically-defined	illness.
	Cacility (			Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ted C	Dis, Jan-De	2021		
	Facility F	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs						Does This Facility
5 -						Observ	ed Pred	icted Comp	are to the National



#### edicted e to the National Unit Type Events **Events Experience?** Facility-wide inpatient Better 14 27

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

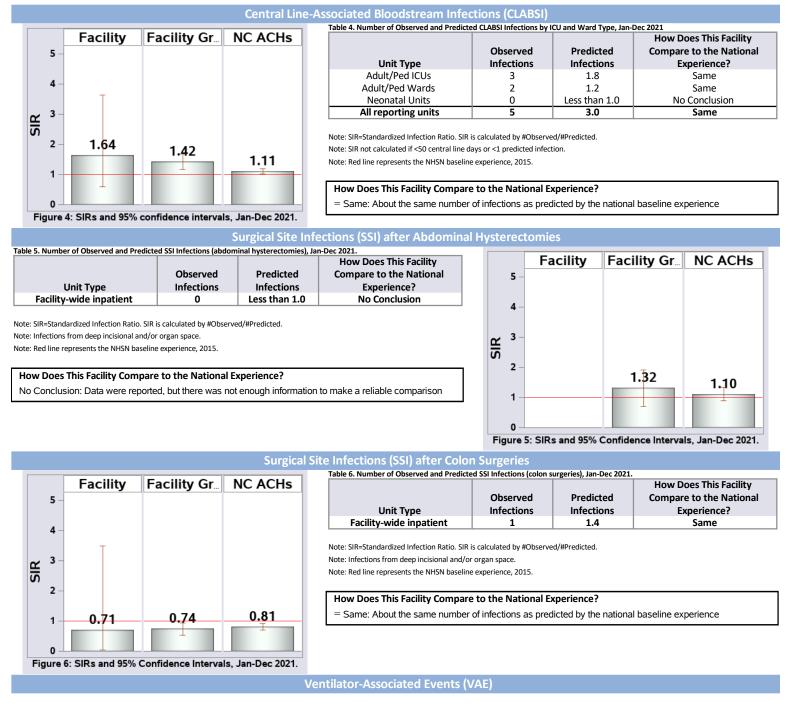
# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

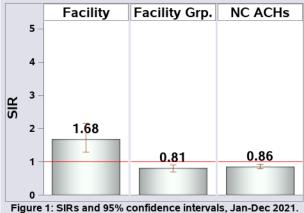
2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information		
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
Medical Affiliation:	Major		
Admissions in 2020:	34,604		
Patient Days in 2020:	180,349		
Total Number of Beds:	734		
Number of ICU Beds:	105		
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	4.00		
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.54		
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]			



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

At New Hanover Regional Medical Center we take patient safety and quality care extremely seriously. We implement the latest science-based protocols to prevent hospital-acquired infection. We study and adopt best practices, evidence-based medicine and recommendations from national agencies to deliver the best possible outcomes for our patients. We encourage patients and their families to take an active role in helping prevent infections. Our team of infection preventionists works with all staff to ensure they are focused on delivering the highest quality of care possible. We are proud of our success and our ongoing quest to keep preventable infections to an absolute minimum





#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

× Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

1

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Dec 2021 NC ACHs Facility Facility Grp. How Does This Facility Predicted Compare to the National Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events** Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 35 18 Worse Δ Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 1.91 2 × Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1.09 0.98

0 Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient 154 Same 154 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1.00 1 0.43 0.43

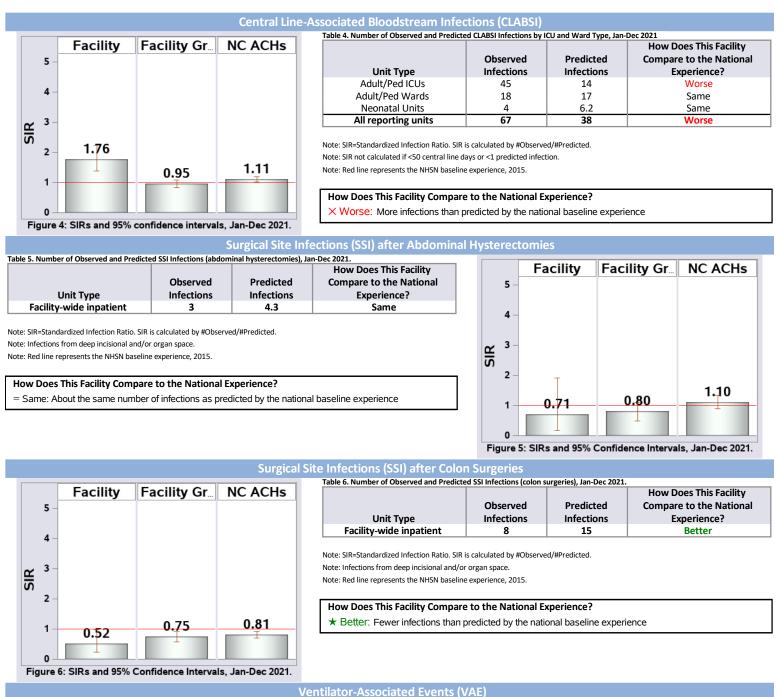
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County



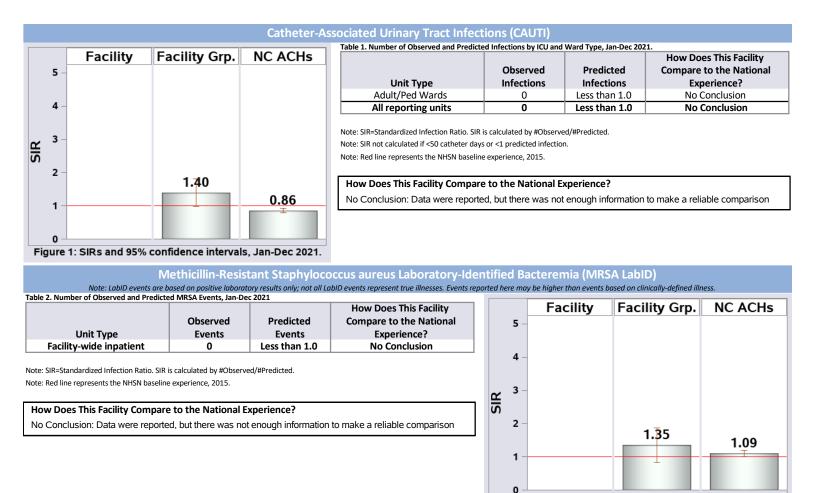
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County

2020 Hospital S	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	2,184
Patient Days in 2020:	3,370
Total Number of Beds:	26
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	3.85



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



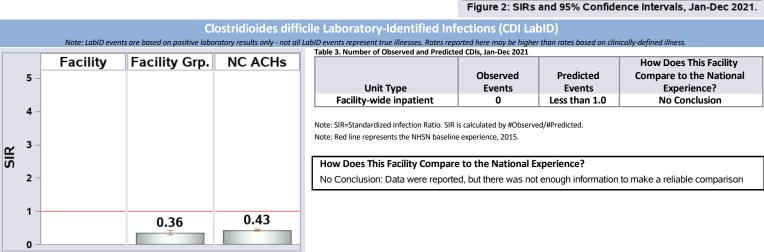
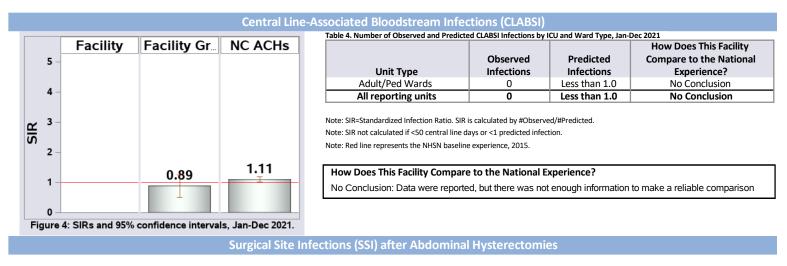


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

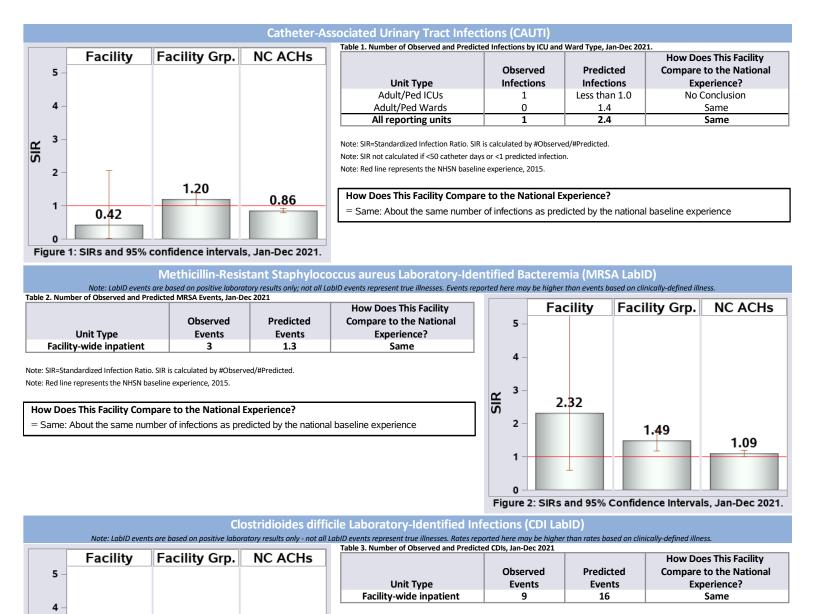
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	4,368
Patient Days in 2020:	15,979
Total Number of Beds:	100
Number of ICU Beds:	10
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.00



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.41

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

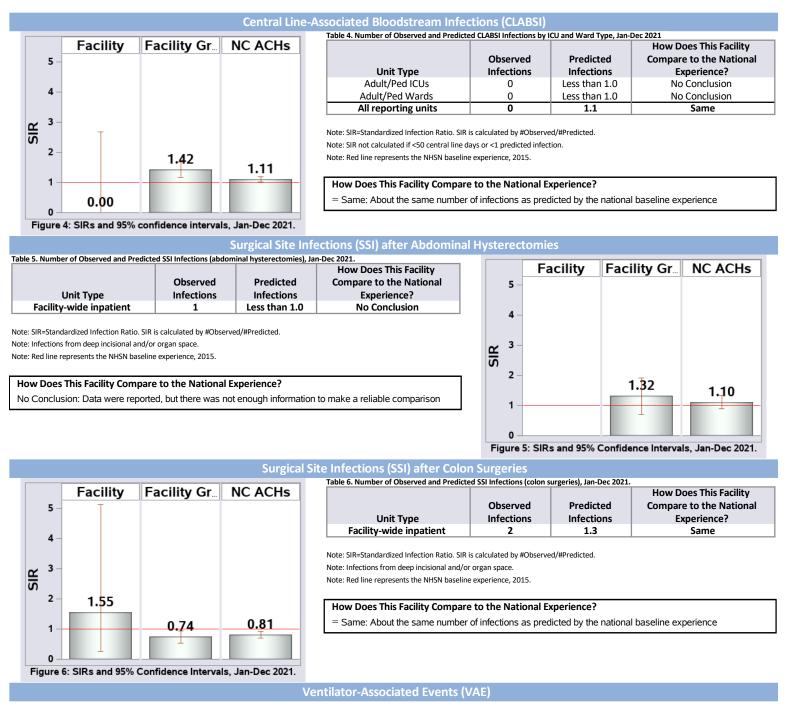
0.58

SIR 3

2

n

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	6,759
Patient Days in 2020:	19,962
Total Number of Beds:	74
Number of ICU Beds:	5
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.10
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.49



**Commentary From Facility:** At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

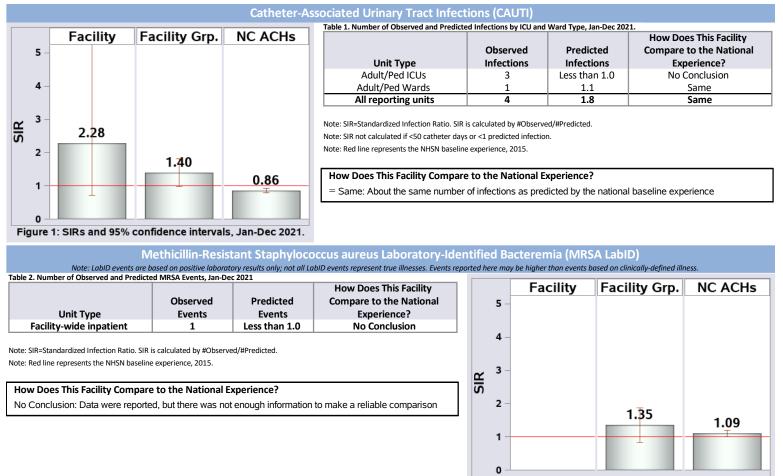


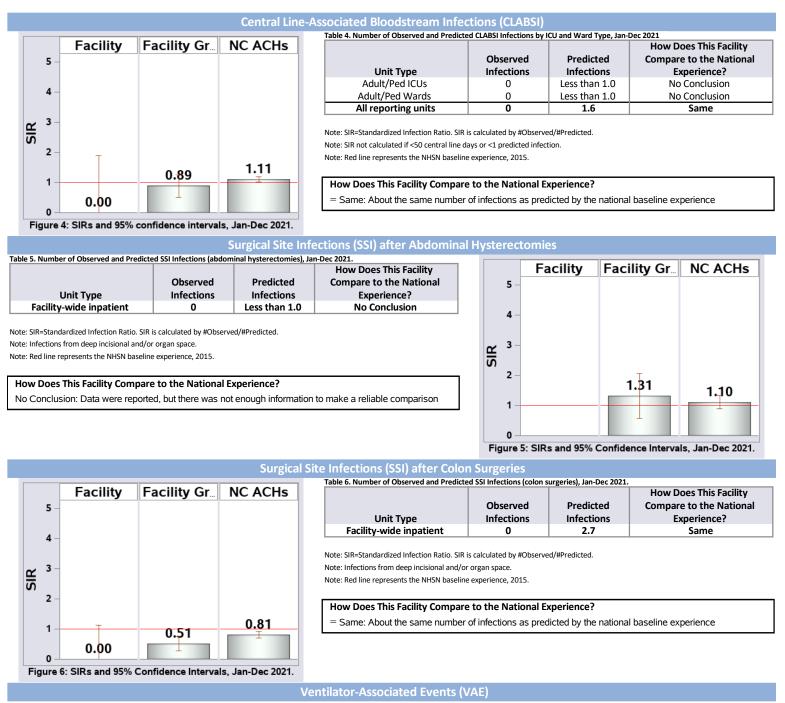
Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021										
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?			
	4 –				Facility-wide inpatient         1         13         Better           Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.         Image: Content of the second						
<u>د</u>					Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline How Does This Facility Compare	• •	xperience?				
	2 –				$\star$ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience		rience				
	1	0.08	0.36 	0.43							

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

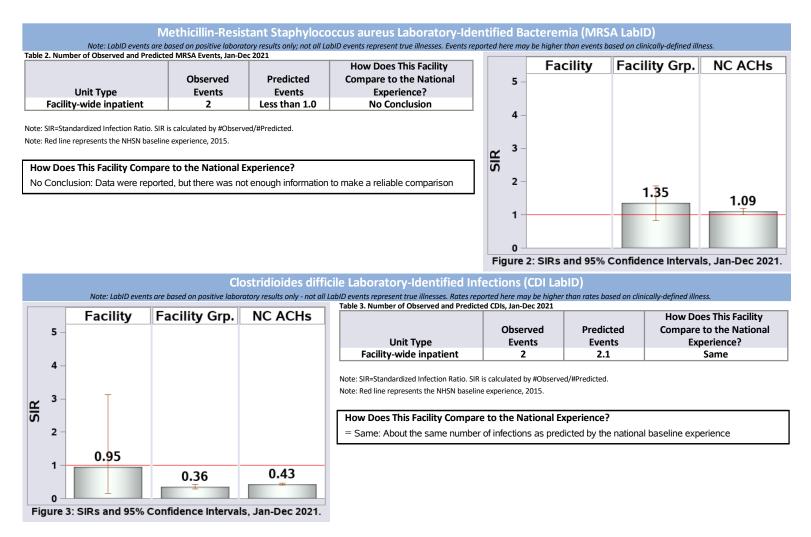
2020 Hospital Survey Information						
Hospital Type:	Specialty Acute Care Hospital					
Medical Affiliation:	Major					
Admissions in 2020:	4,238					
Patient Days in 2020:	11,705					
Total Number of Beds:	48					
Number of ICU Beds:	0					
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.90					
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.88					
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]						



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County

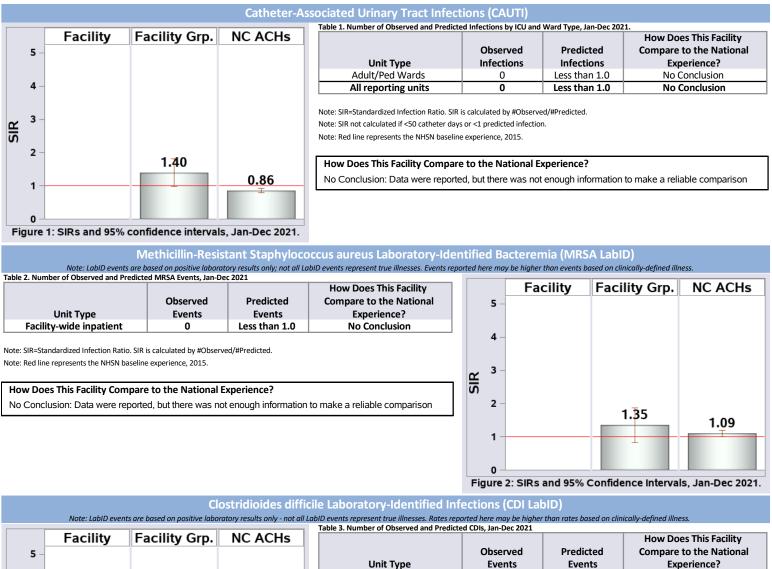
2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	3,324
Patient Days in 2020:	6,159
Total Number of Beds:	36
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.40
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.11



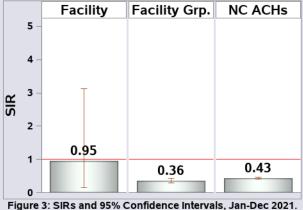
Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Facility-wide inpatient



#### Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

2

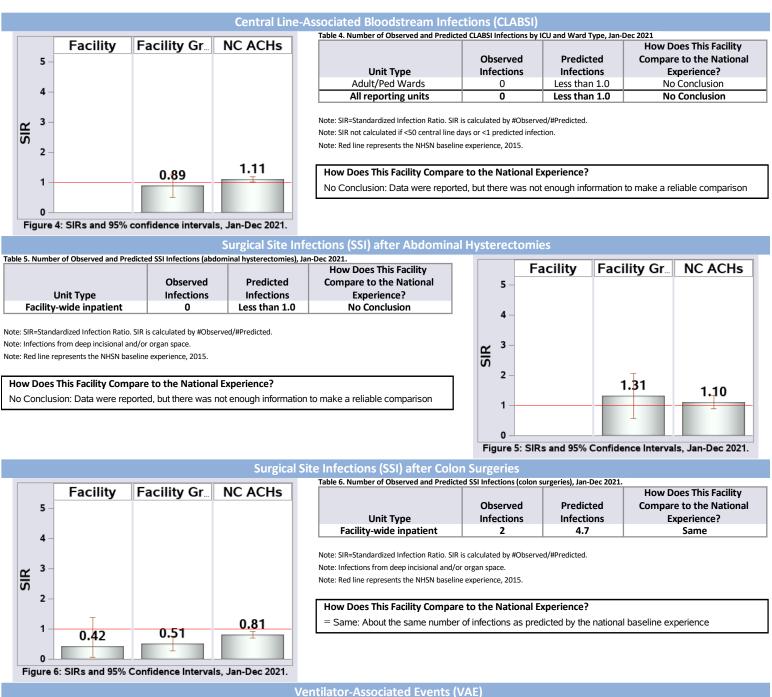
# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

2.1

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. Same

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

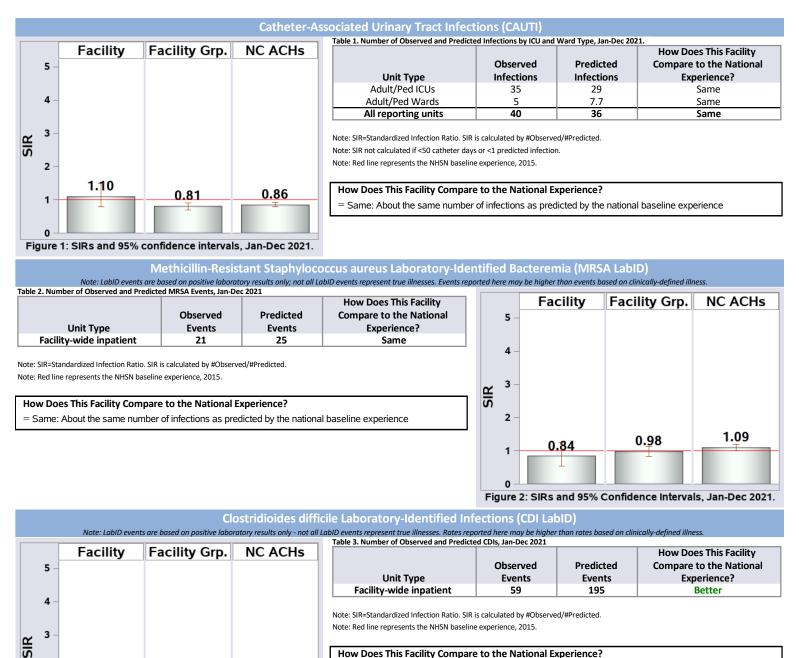
2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	44,214
Patient Days in 2020:	235,678
Total Number of Beds:	859
Number of ICU Beds:	148
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	8.20
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.95



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.43

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

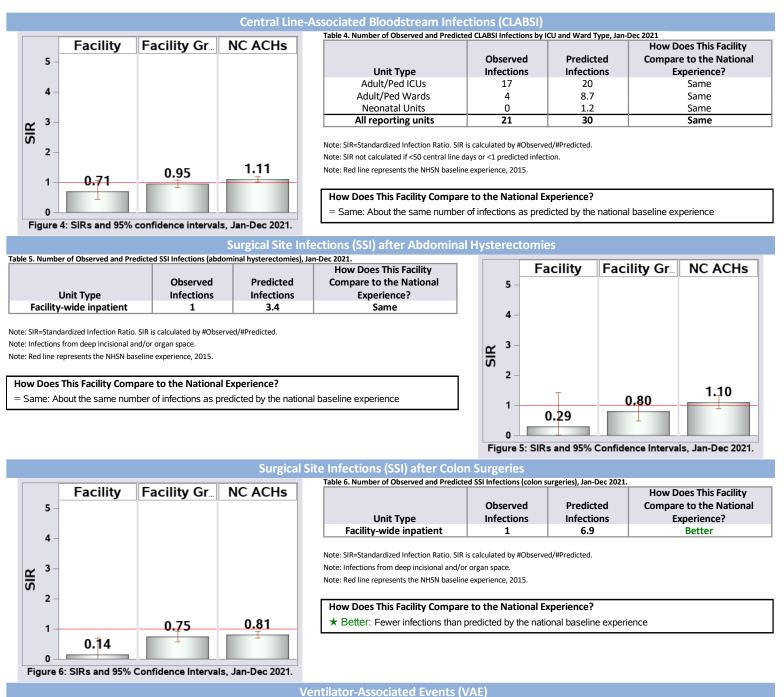
0.30

2

1

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# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston Salem, Forsyth County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	13,416
Patient Days in 2020:	37,837
Total Number of Beds:	151
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.30
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.86



Predicted

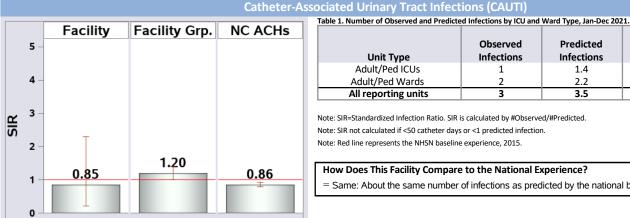
Infections

**Commentary From Facility:** At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Observed

Infections

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Adult/Ped ICUs	1	1.4	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	2.2	Same	
All reporting units	3	3.5	Same	
Note: SIR–Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR i Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline	or <1 predicted infection			

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	are based on positive laborate	ory results only; not all La	occus aureus Laboratory-Ider				ness.
Table 2. Number of Observed and Pre Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient	dicted MRSA Events, Jan-De Observed Events 3	Predicted Events 2.2	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? Same	5	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.					T		
How Does This Facility Com = Same: About the same num		•	I baseline experience	2 - 1 - Figure 2	1.38	1.49	1.09 T Is, Jan-Dec 2021.
	are based on positive labora	tory results only - not all i	cile Laboratory-Identified Inf abID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicto	orted here may	be higher than rates i		
5 -	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient	Observ Even 2	ts Eve	icted Compare	es This Facility to the National perience? Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

0 Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.41

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

0.10

3 SIR

2

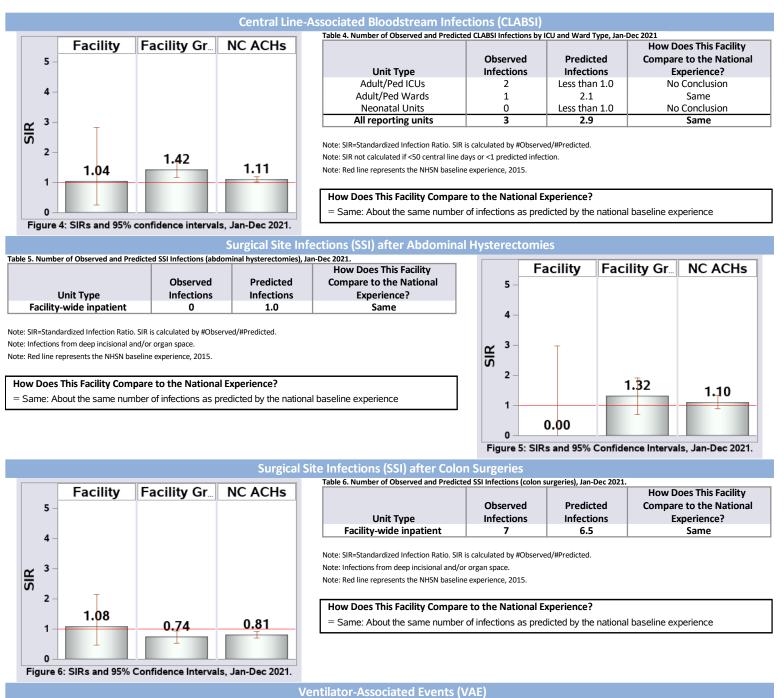
1

How Does This Facility

**Compare to the National** 

**Experience?** 

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County



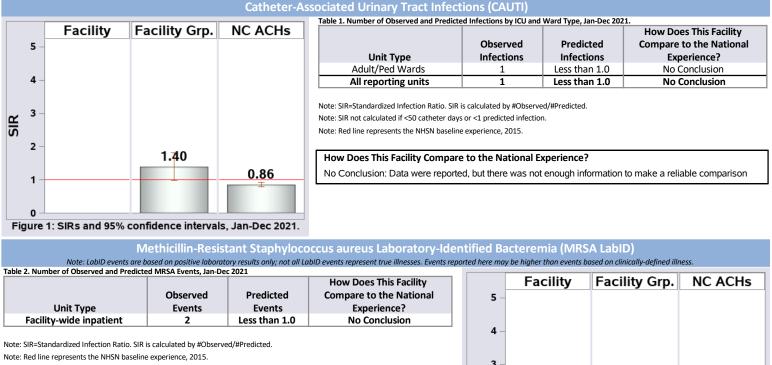
## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	4,258
Patient Days in 2020:	14,339
Total Number of Beds:	50
Number of ICU Beds:	4
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.00



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

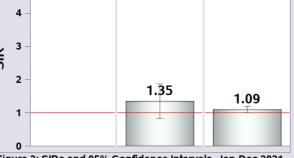


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

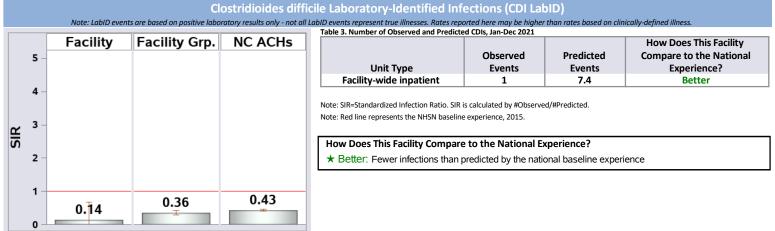
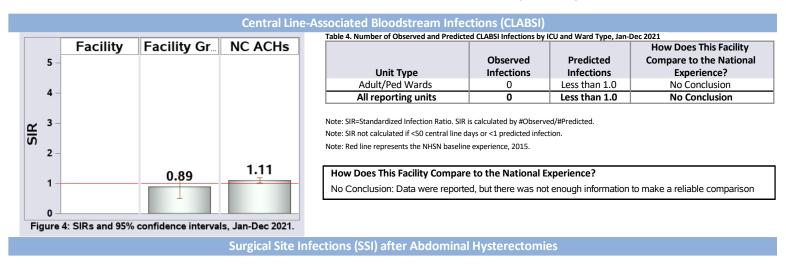


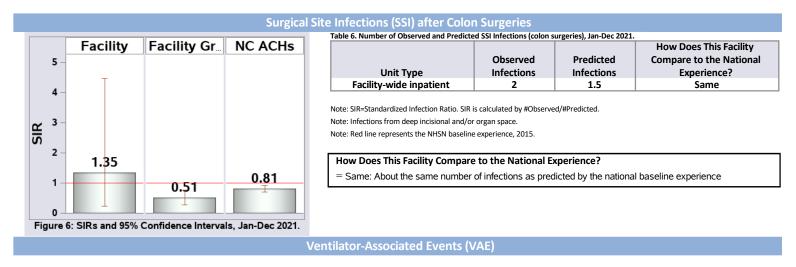
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	16,267
Patient Days in 2020:	50,348
Total Number of Beds:	157
Number of ICU Beds:	18
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.40
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.89



**Commentary From Facility:** At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

Observed

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

0

2

1

# Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021. Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 3 2.54 SIR 2 1.20 0.86 1

#### Unit Type Infections Infections **Experience?** Adult/Ped ICUs 5 2.0 Same Adult/Ped Wards 5 Same 1.9 All reporting units 10 3.9 Worse Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

Predicted

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? × Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	Ohanna d	Durdland	How Does This Facility		Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	Compare to the National Experience?	5 -			
Facility-wide inpatient	2	2.4	Same				
				4 -			
: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio	. SIR is calculated by #Observ	ved/#Predicted.					
e: Red line represents the NHSN ba	seline experience, 2015.			2			
				SIR 3 –	т		
ow Does This Facility Com	pare to the National E	Experience?		S			
Same: About the same nun	nber of infections as pre-	dicted by the nationa	al baseline experience	2 -		1.49	
						1.45	1.09
					0.82	1	1.05
				1_	0.02		
				1 -	0.02		
				1 -	0.82		
				1 0			
				-		Confidence Interva	ls, Jan-Dec 202
	Clo	ostridioides diffi	cile Laboratony-Identified In	Figure	2: SIRs and 95%	o Confidence Interva	ls, Jan-Dec 20
Note: JohD even			cile Laboratory-Identified In	Figure fections (	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID)		
	s are based on positive labora	atory results only - not all	cile Laboratory-Identified In LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic	Figure fections (	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates I		
Note: LabID event			LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re	Figure fections (	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates I	pased on clinically-defined illn	
	s are based on positive labora	atory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic	Figure fections (	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates i ec 2021	based on clinically-defined illn How Do icted Compare	ess. Des This Facility e to the National
Facility	s are based on positive labora	atory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic Unit Type	Figure fections ( ported here mo ted CDIs, Jan-D Obser Even	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates i ec 2021 ved Pred tts Eve	based on clinically-defined illn How Do icted Compare ents Ex	ess. bes This Facility to the National perience?
Facility 5 –	s are based on positive labora	atory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic	Figure fections ( ported here mo ted CDIs, Jan-E Obser	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates i ec 2021 ved Pred tts Eve	based on clinically-defined illn How Do icted Compare	ess. Des This Facility e to the National
Facility	s are based on positive labora	atory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates re Table 3. Number of Observed and Predic Unit Type	Figure fections ( ported here mo ted CDIs, Jan-E Obser Even 10	2: SIRs and 95% CDI LabID) y be higher than rates i ec 2021 ved Pred hts Even 3	ased on clinically-defined illn How Do icted Compare ints Ex 7	ess. bes This Facility to the National perience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

0 Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.41

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

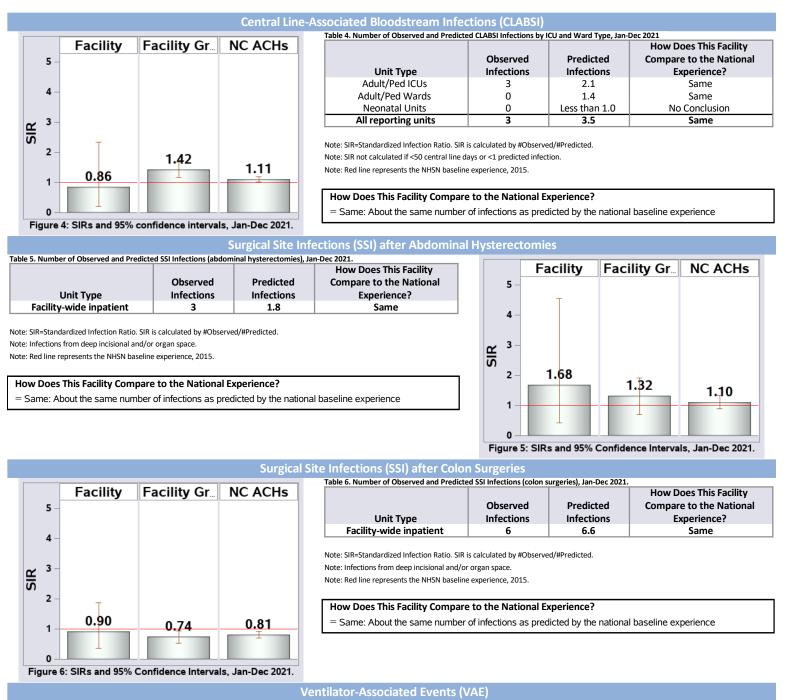
N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

0.27

How Does This Facility

**Compare to the National** 

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

2020 Hospital Survey Information					
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital				
Medical Affiliation:	Major				
Admissions in 2020:	2,632				
Patient Days in 2020:	4,802				
Total Number of Beds:	22				
Number of ICU Beds:	0				
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.60				
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.73				



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

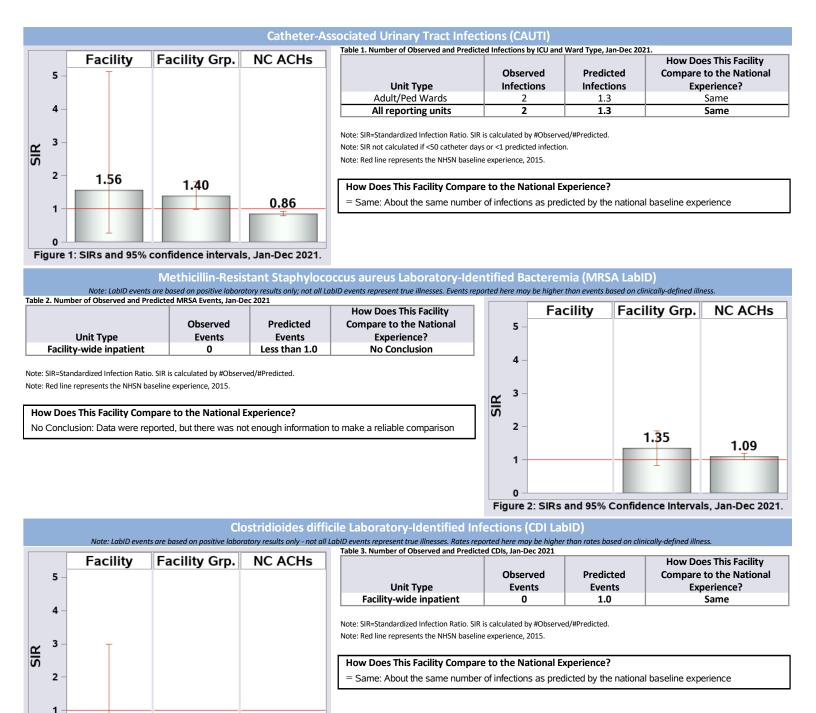


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.36

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

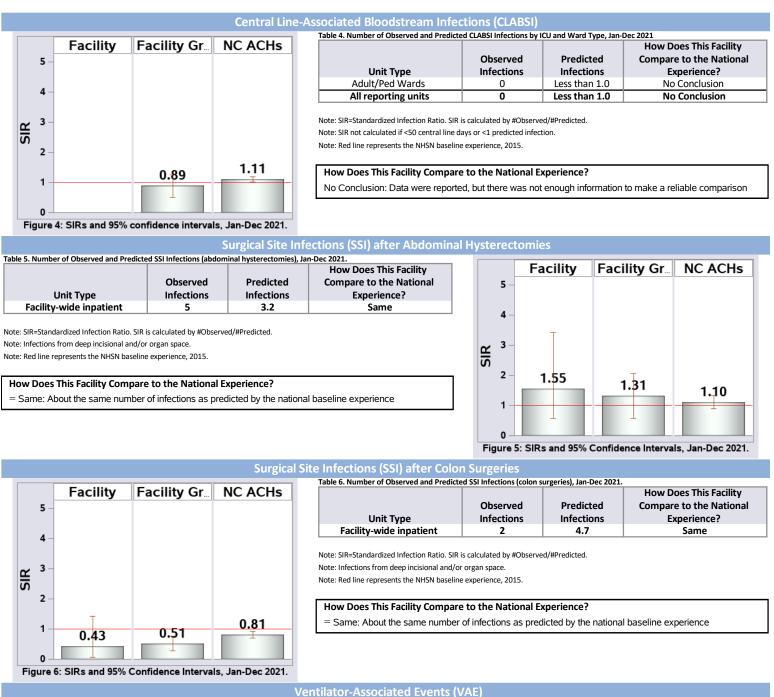
N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

0.00

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Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston Salem, Forsyth County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

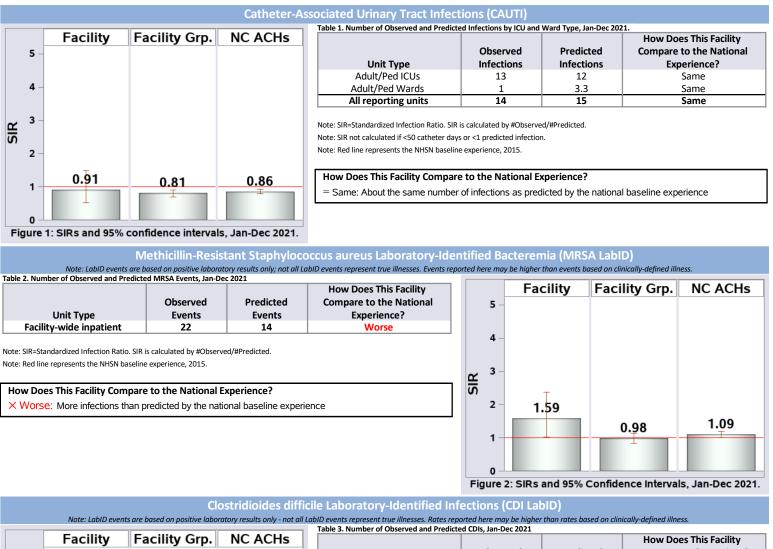
2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	40,292
Patient Days in 2020:	186,466
Total Number of Beds:	624
Number of ICU Beds:	94
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	6.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.04



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



		Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	5 -			
	4 -			
SIR	3 –			
0,	2 -			
	1 -		0.43	0.43
	0	0.23 工	<b>0.</b> ∓	

				How Does This Facility
1		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	24	106	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

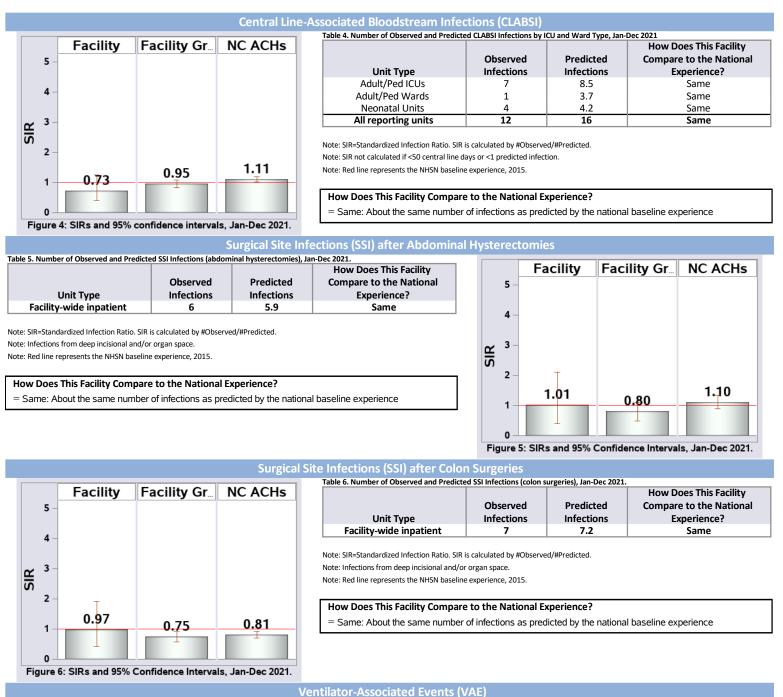
# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

 $\star$  Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County

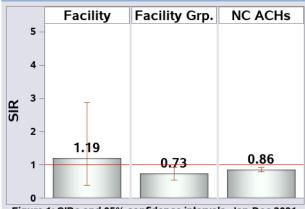
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	14,183
Patient Days in 2020:	59,198
Total Number of Beds:	268
Number of ICU Beds:	20
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.10
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.78



**Commentary From Facility:** At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 



Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	Compare to the National Experience?					
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	1.6	Same					
Adult/Ped Wards	2	1.8	Same					
All reporting units	4	3.4	Same					
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.								
Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.								

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021.

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

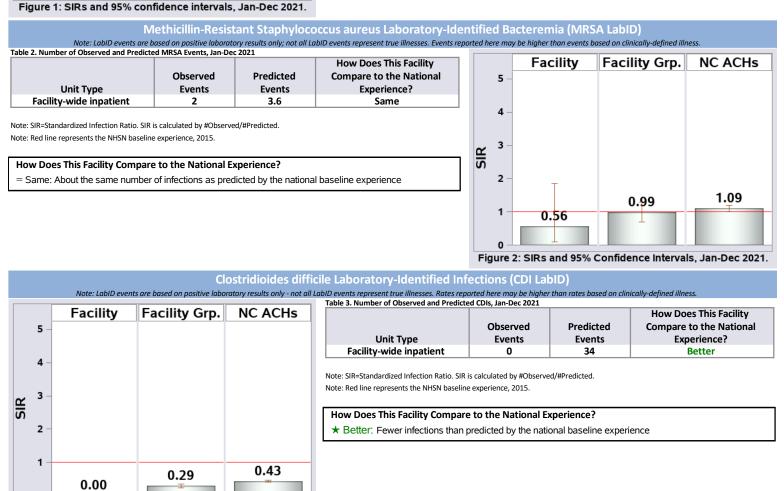
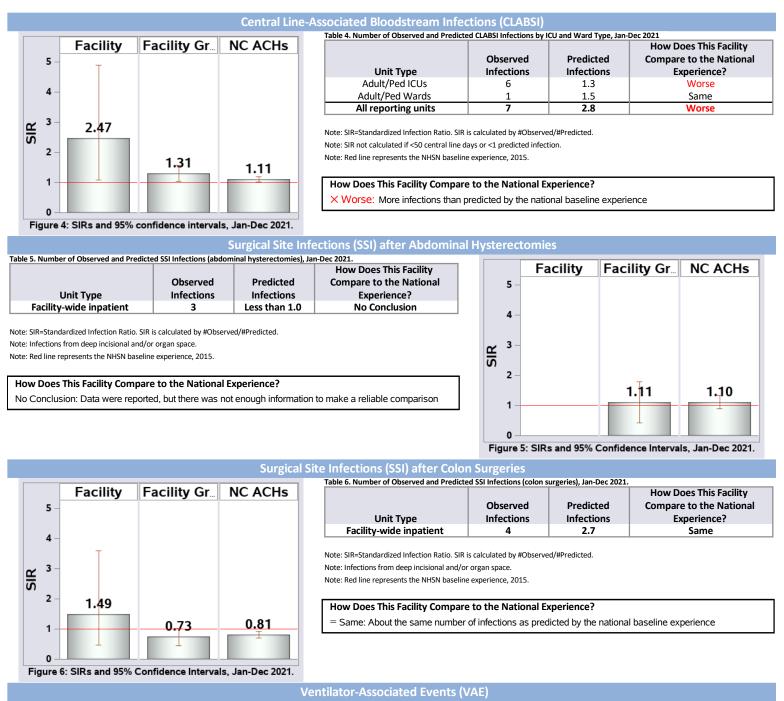


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

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# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County



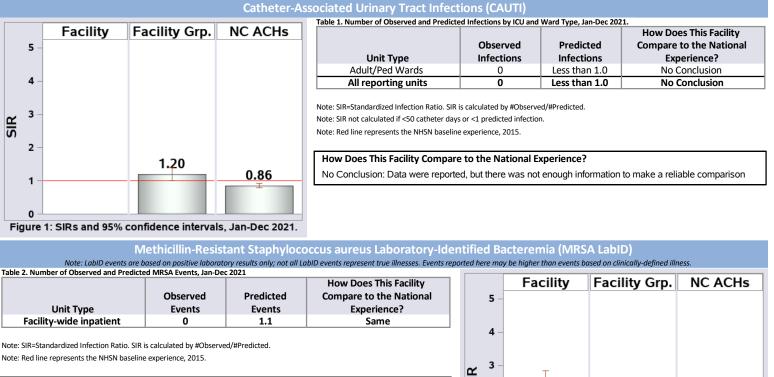
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	5,903
Patient Days in 2020:	26,697
Total Number of Beds:	145
Number of ICU Beds:	13
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.20
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.83

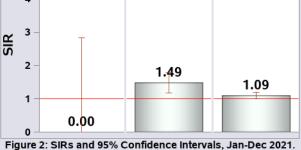


At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection provention processes for improvement opportunities.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



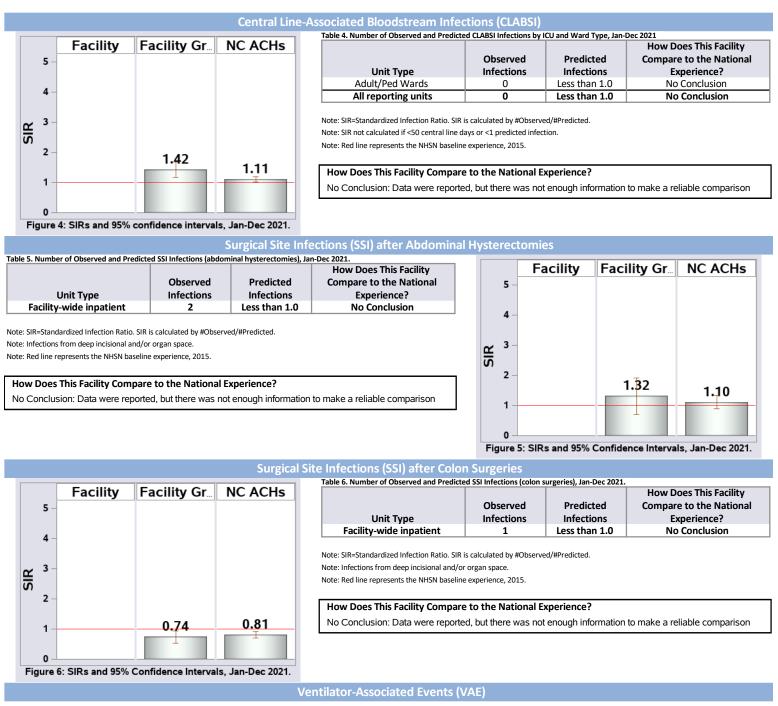
Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 3 11 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.41 0.28 ٥

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

SIR

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County



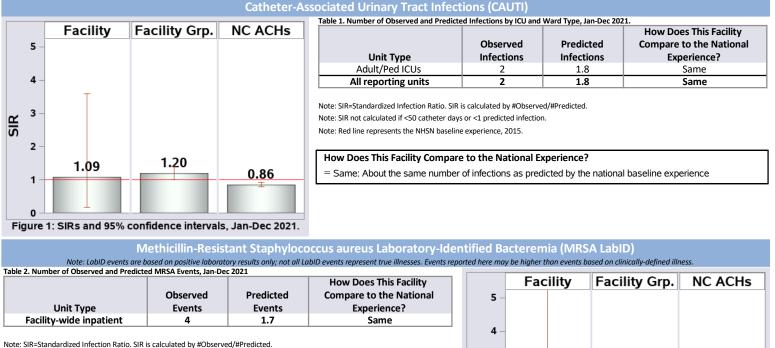
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	6,782
Patient Days in 2020:	30,067
Total Number of Beds:	162
Number of ICU Beds:	30
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.62



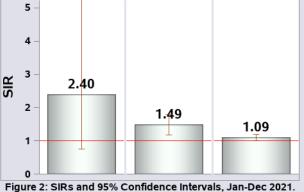
**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



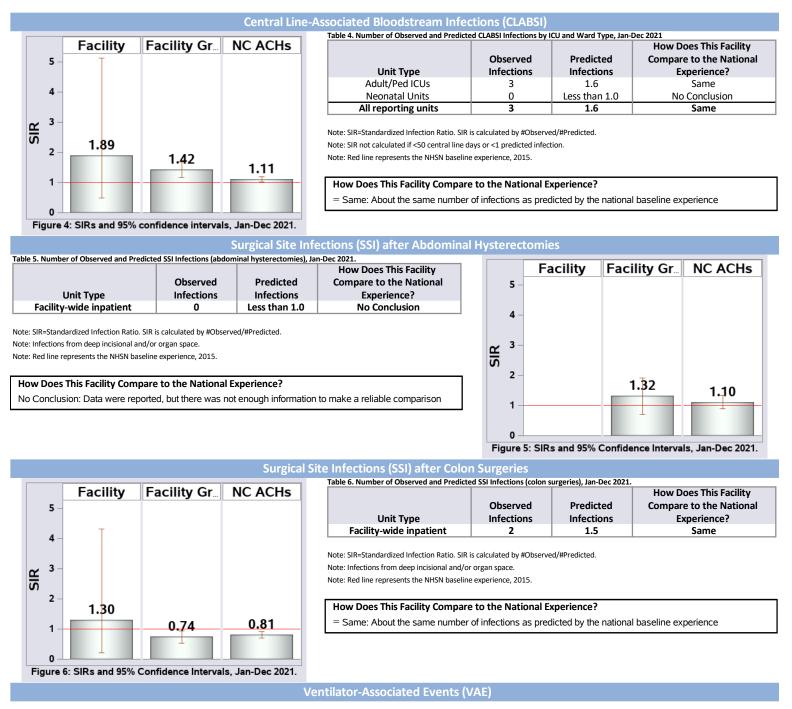
Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 17 16 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1.04 0.43 0.41

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

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# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County

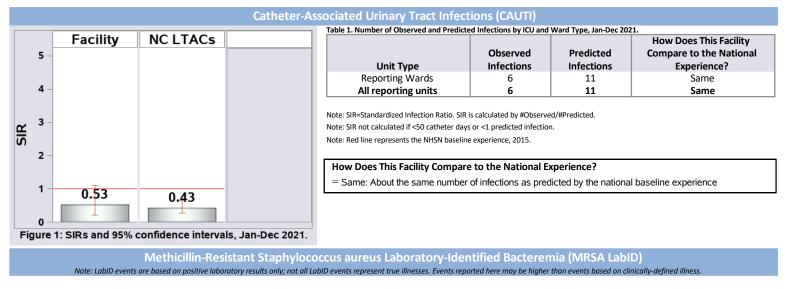
# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care
Admissions in 2020:	511
Patient Days in 2020:	14,676
Total Number of Beds:	50
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.00
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

Hospital



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

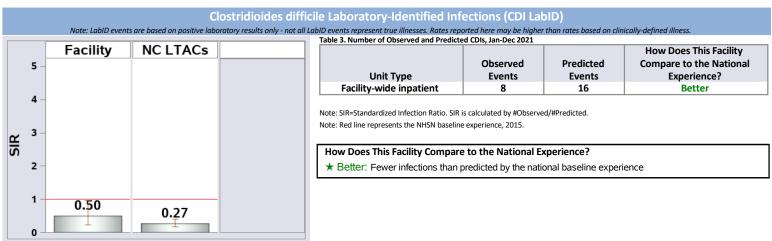
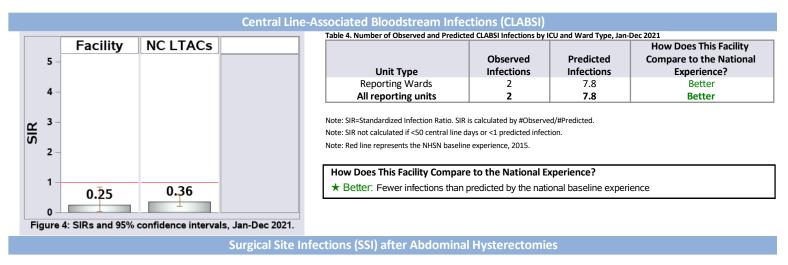


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

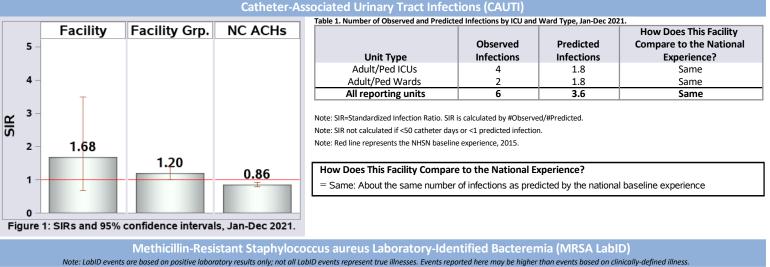
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	7,292
Patient Days in 2020:	31,299
Total Number of Beds:	143
Number of ICU Beds:	13
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.70



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



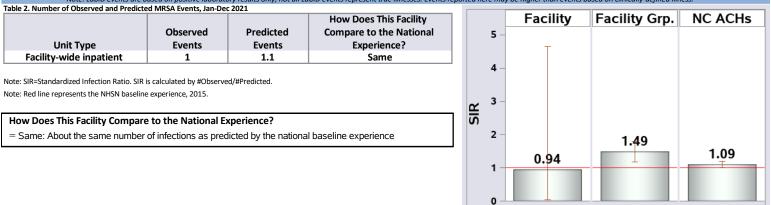


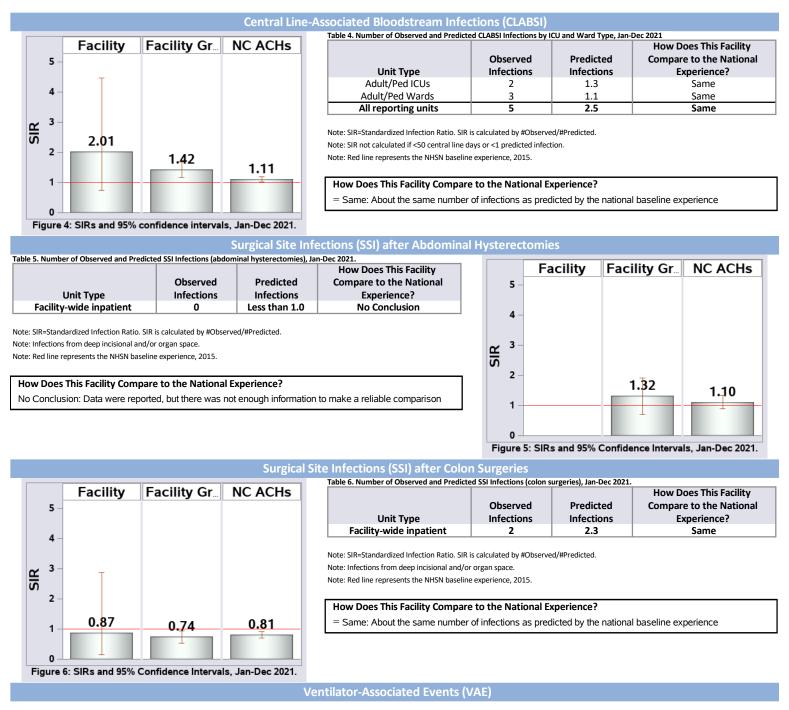
Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021							
	5 –	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs		Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National
	5				Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
					Facility-wide inpatient	5	12	Better
SIR	4 – 3 –				Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR i Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline How Does This Facility Compare	experience, 2015.		
	2 –				★ Better: Fewer infections than p		•	ience
	1	0.43	0.41 	0.43				

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County



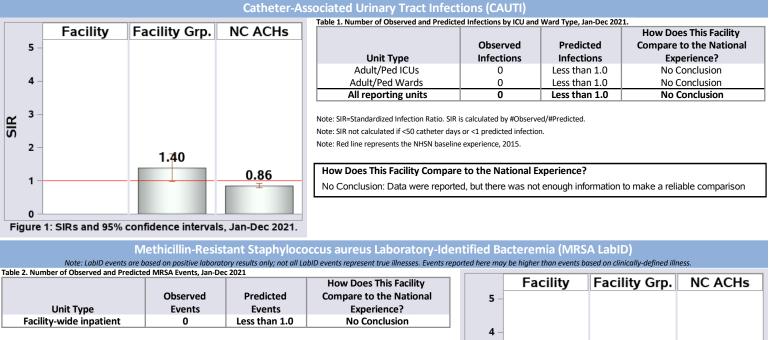
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County

2020 Hospita	l Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	988
Patient Days in 2020:	3,674
Total Number of Beds:	18
Number of ICU Beds:	6
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.78

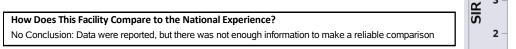


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



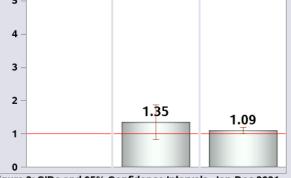


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

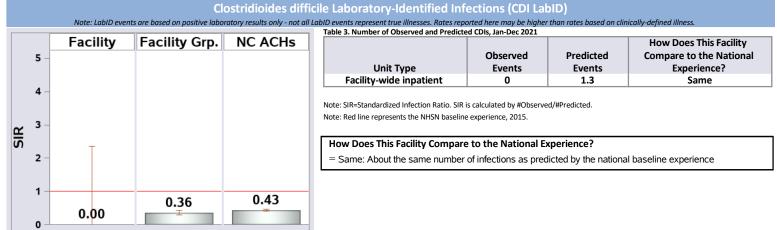
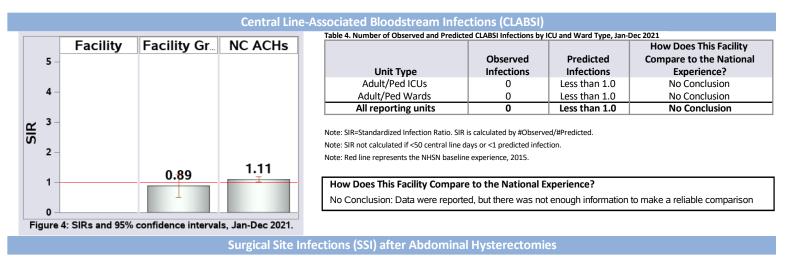


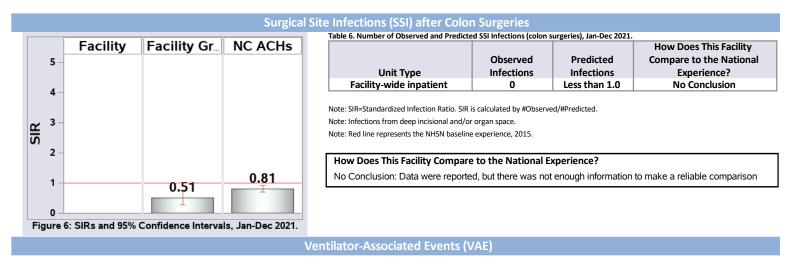
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



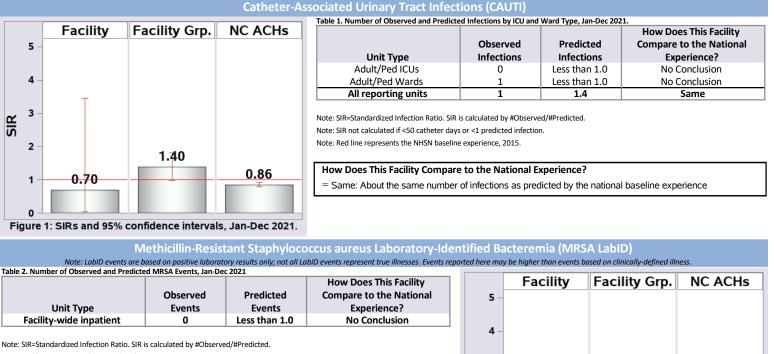
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County

2020 Hospital Survey Information	
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	5,990
Patient Days in 2020:	15,402
Total Number of Beds:	75
Number of ICU Beds:	11
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.33

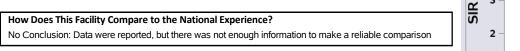


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



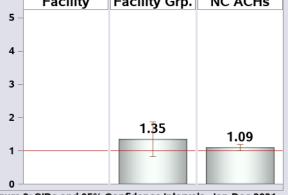


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 0 7.5 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.36 0.00 ٥

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County



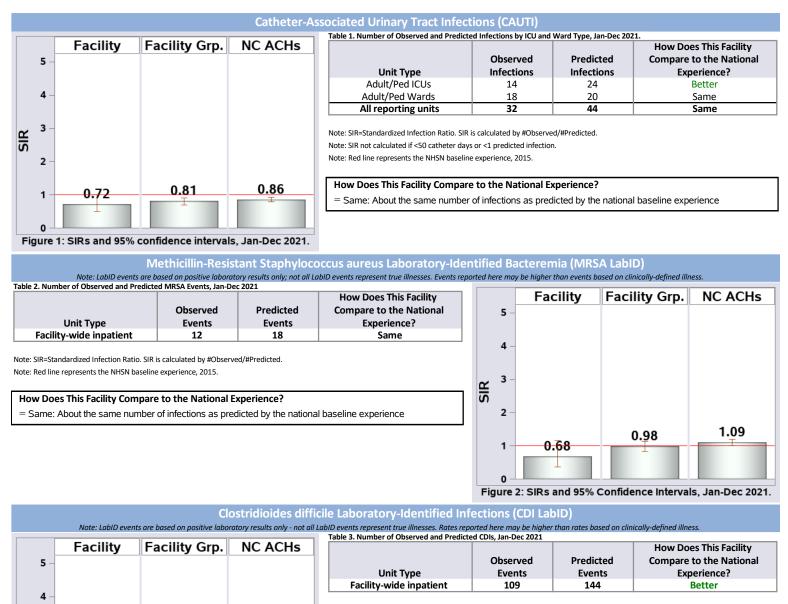
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital Su	arvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	27,867
Patient Days in 2020:	146,237
Total Number of Beds:	560
Number of ICU Beds:	91
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	4.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.80



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

3 SIR

2

1

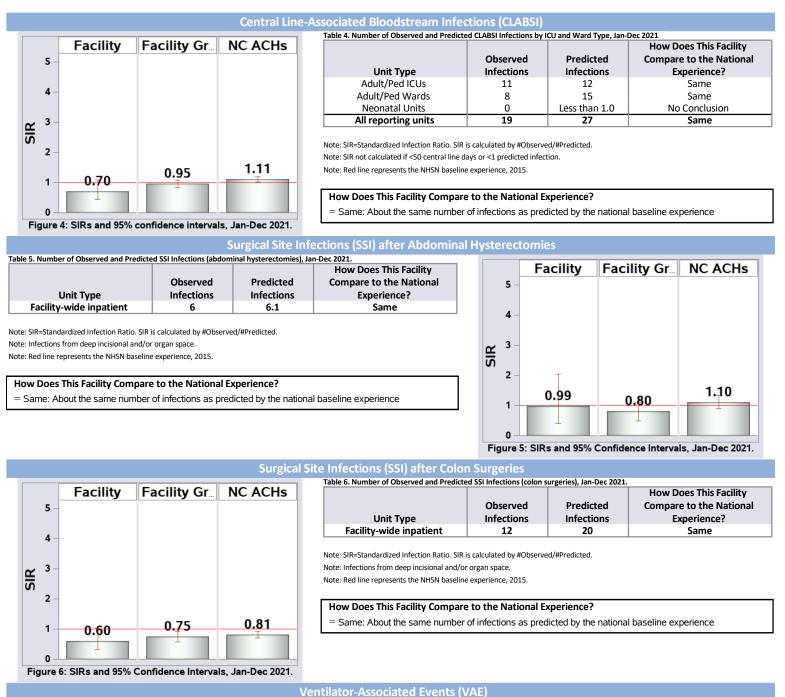
0.76

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

0.43

0.43

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County



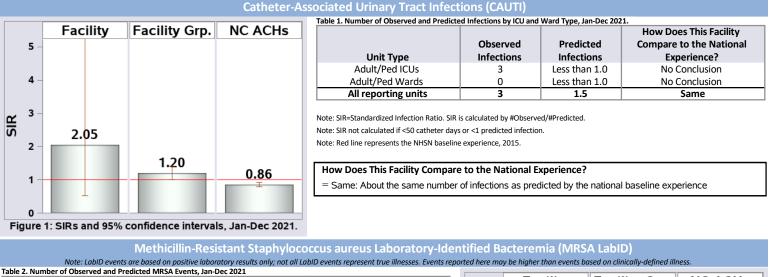
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County

2020 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,088
Patient Days in 2020:	13,388
Total Number of Beds:	125
Number of ICU Beds:	10
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.80



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



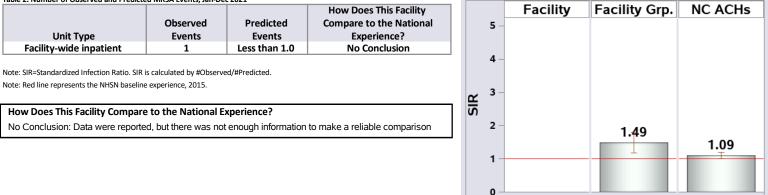


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

	Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021											
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?				
	4 –				Facility-wide inpatient         1         5.4         Better           Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.         Image: Since Sinc							
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.												
	2 - ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience											
	1	0.18	0.41 	0.43								

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County



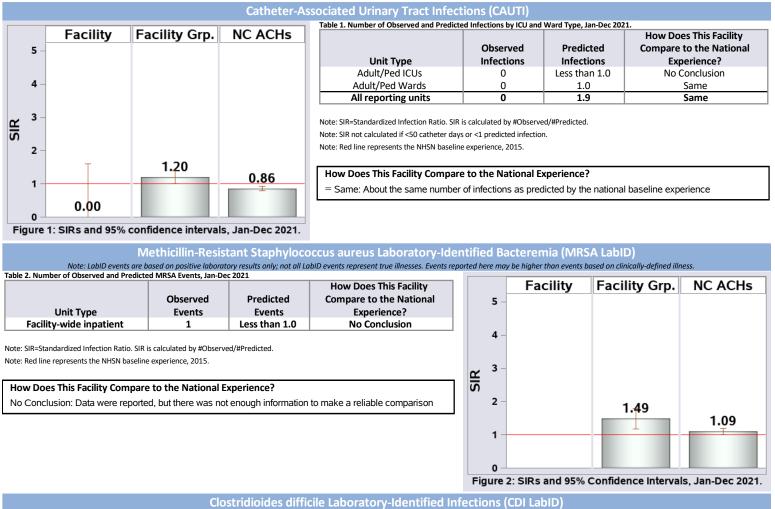
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,988
Patient Days in 2020:	10,869
Total Number of Beds:	116
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.86



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



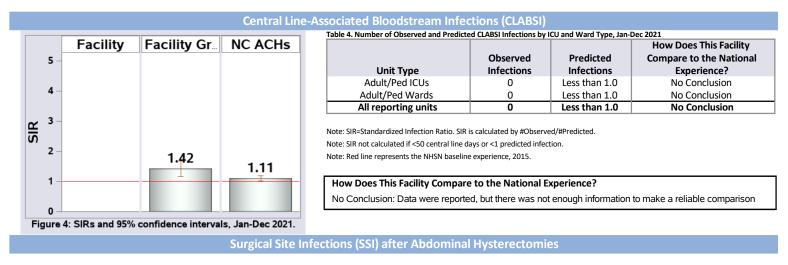
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 2 5.1 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 0.43 0.41 0.39 n

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

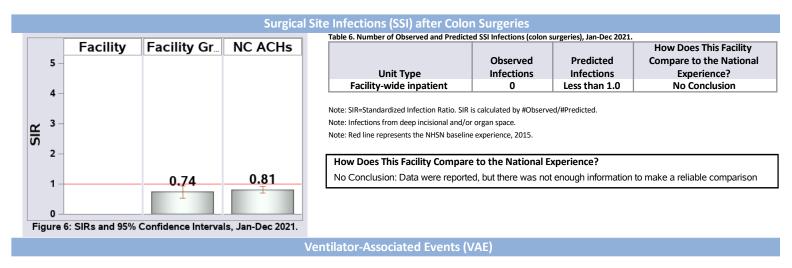
Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.



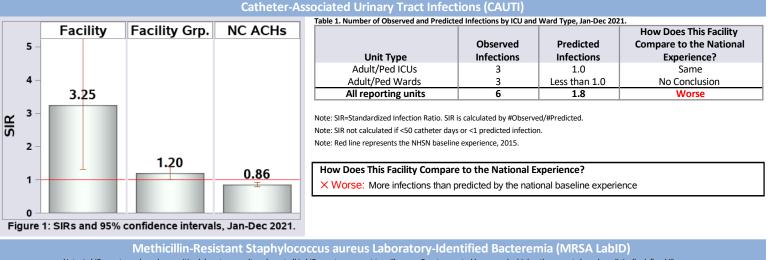
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	6,635
Patient Days in 2020:	29,042
Total Number of Beds:	104
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.96



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	5	1.6	Worse					
		1/100 11 1			-			
te: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	•	ed/#Predicted.				3. <mark>2</mark> 0		
te: Red line represents the NHSN baselin	ne experience, 2015.				3 -			
				SIR	-			
How Does This Facility Compar	e to the National E	xperience?		S				
× Worse: More infections than	predicted by the nati	onal baseline exper	ience		2 –		1.49	
				-			1.43	1.09
								1.09
					4		_	
					1-			

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Compare to the National Predicted Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 15 18 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 0.85 1 0.43 0.41 n

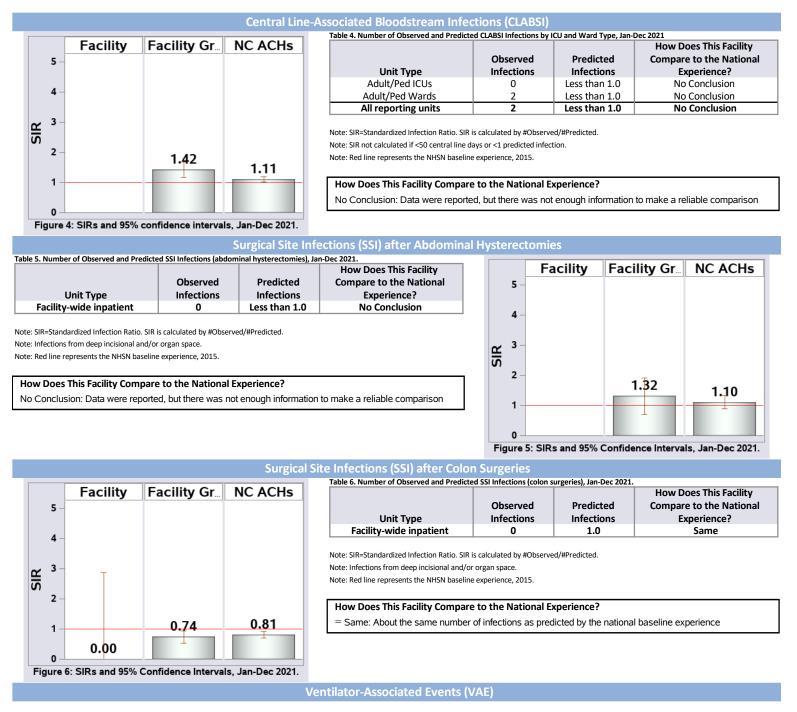
Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County



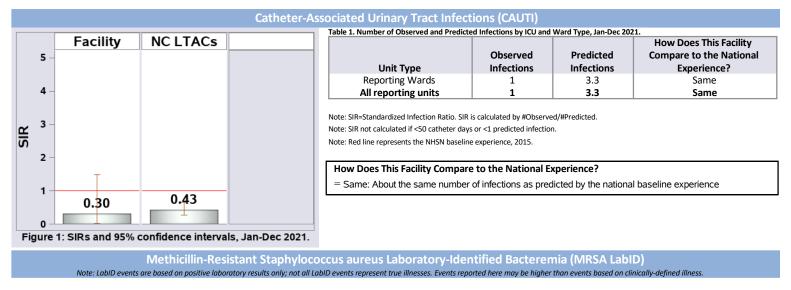
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Durham, Durham, Durham County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	294
Patient Days in 2020:	10,622
Total Number of Beds:	30
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.40
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.33
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

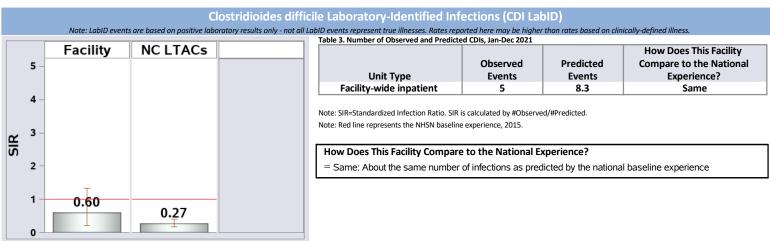
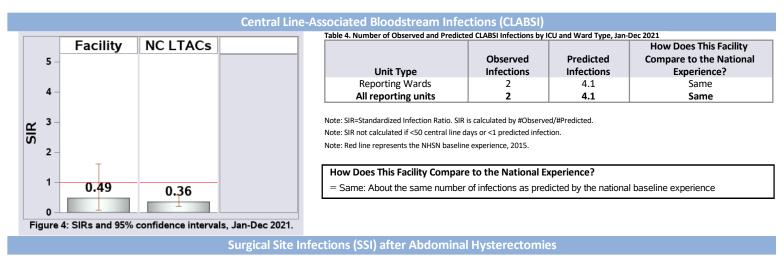


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Durham, Durham, Durham County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

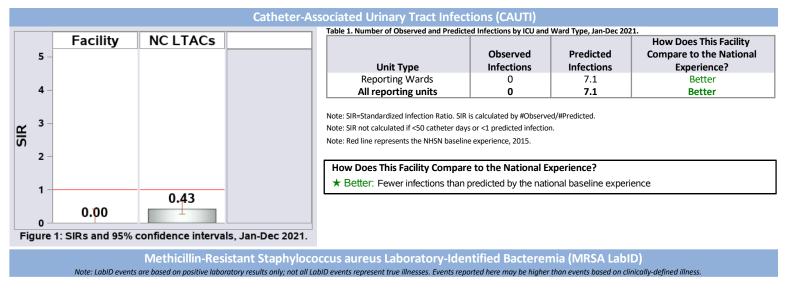
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

# 2020 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Long-term Acute Care Hospital
Admissions in 2020:	362
Patient Days in 2020:	10,474
Total Number of Beds:	30
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.40
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.33
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

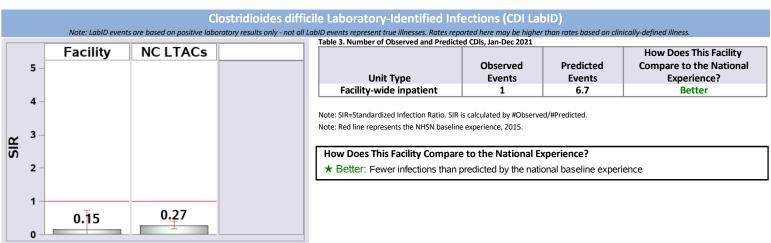
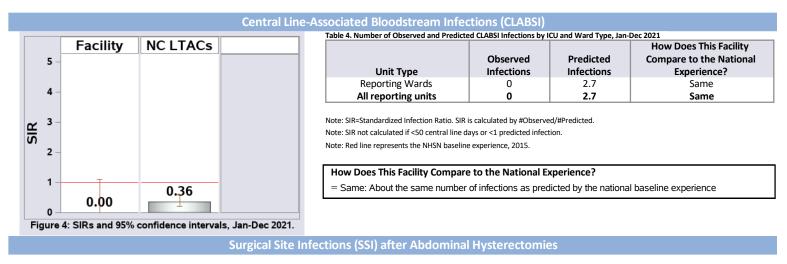


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	4,026
Patient Days in 2020:	15,787
Total Number of Beds:	115
Number of ICU Beds:	16
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.87



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

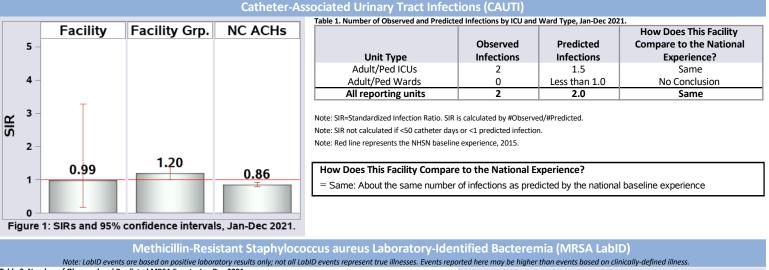


Table 2. Number of Observed and Predict	ed MRSA Events, Jan-De	ec 2021						
			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	4	1.2	Worse					
					4 –			
ote: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Observ	ed/#Predicted.				3.21		
ote: Red line represents the NHSN baselin	e experience, 2015.				. 3 –			
					~ ~			
How Does This Facility Compar	e to the National E	xperience?			SII			
× Worse: More infections than	predicted by the nati	onal baseline exper	ience		2 –		1.40	
				1			1.49	1 00
							$\perp$	1.09
					1-			

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Compare to the National Predicted Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 5 14 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 1 0.43 0.41 0.35 n

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

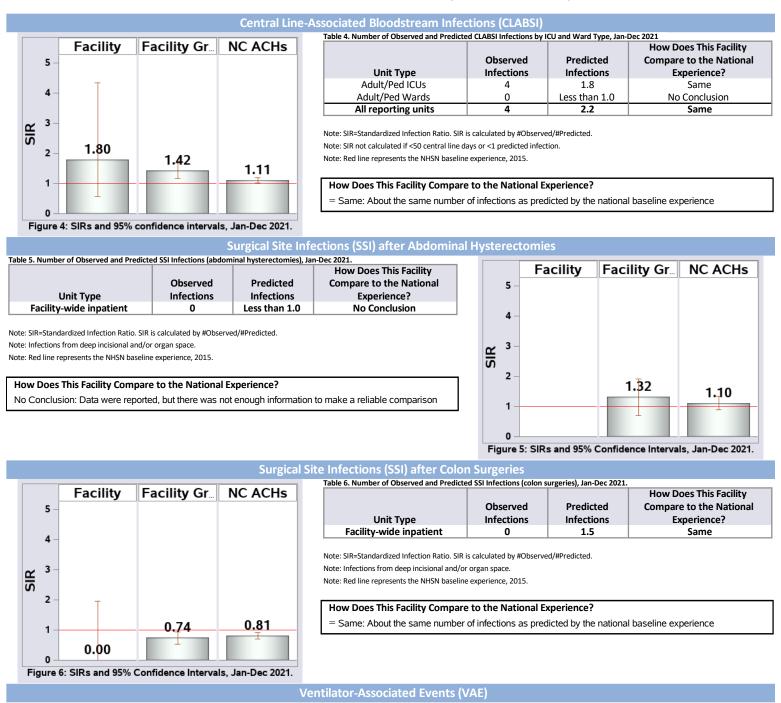
Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: May 19, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County



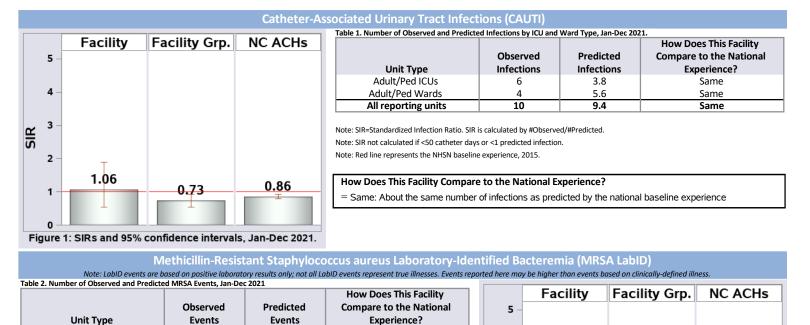
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	12,705
Patient Days in 2020:	60,006
Total Number of Beds:	246
Number of ICU Beds:	32
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.02



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Facility-wide inpatient	5	4.8	Same				
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR	is calculated by #Observe	d/#Predicted		4 -			
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baselir	•	ay in redicted.					
Note: Ned line represents the Wilsiv buselin	ie experience, 2015.			~ <sup>3</sup>			
How Does This Facility Compar	e to the National F	merience?		SIR			
= Same: About the same number		•	l bacalina avparianca	2 -	Т		
- Same. About the same number	of inflections as prec		li baselli le experience	2			
					1. <mark>0</mark> 4	0.99	1.09
				1-			
						-	
				0			
				Eigure 2: 0	SIDs and 95% (	Confidence Interva	ls lan-Dec 2021
				rigure z		connuence interve	13, Jan-Dec 2021.
	Clos	stridioides diffi	cile Laboratory-Identified Inf	ections (CD	I LabID)		
Note: LabID events are	based on positive laborat	tory results only - not all	LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates rep	orted here may be	higher than rates bas	ed on clinically-defined illr	iess.
			Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicto	ed CDIs, Jan-Dec 2	021		
Facility F	acility Grp.	NC ACHs					bes This Facility
5 -				Observe			e to the National
			Unit Type	Events	Event	ts Ex	perience?
			Facility-wide inpatient	15	43		Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

0 Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.29

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

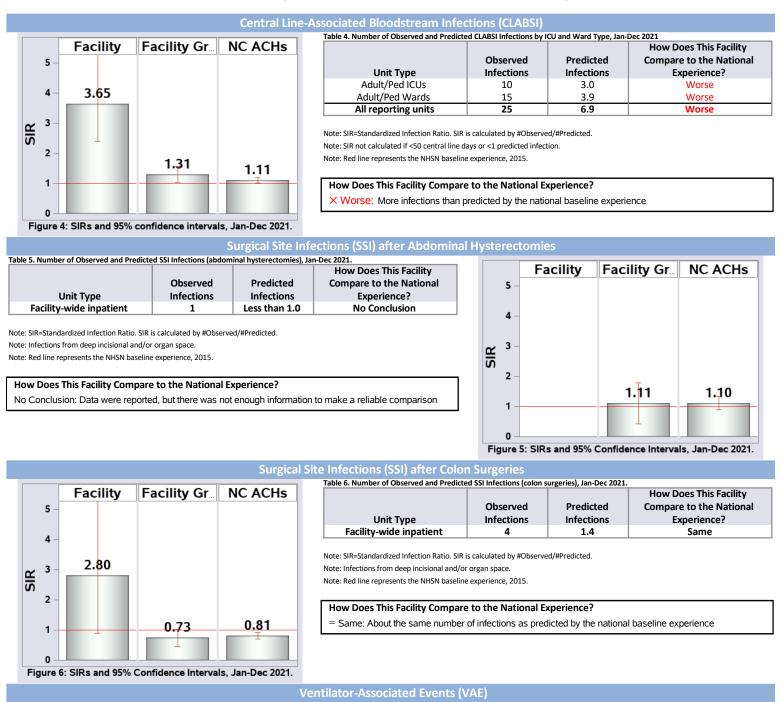
0.35

3 SIR

2

1

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County



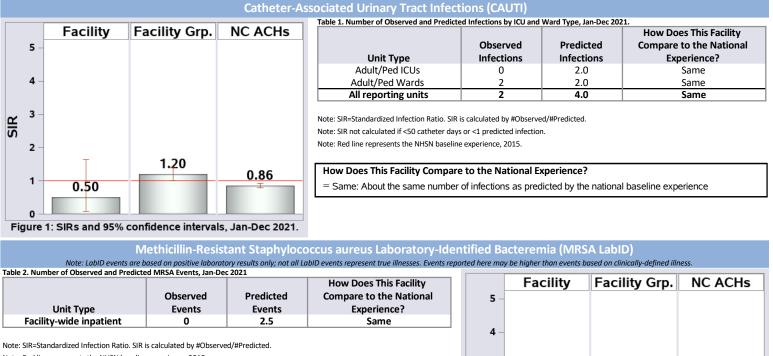
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Health Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County

2020 Hospital	Hospital Survey Information				
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital				
Medical Affiliation:	Major				
Admissions in 2020:	6,414				
Patient Days in 2020:	32,577				
Total Number of Beds:	151				
Number of ICU Beds:	16				
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00				
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.66				

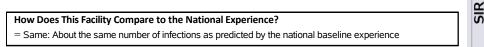


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015



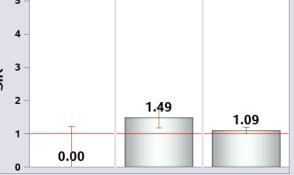


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

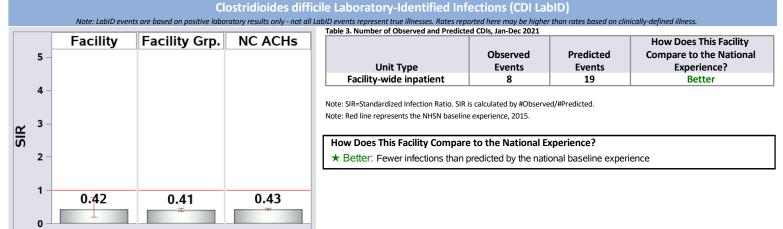
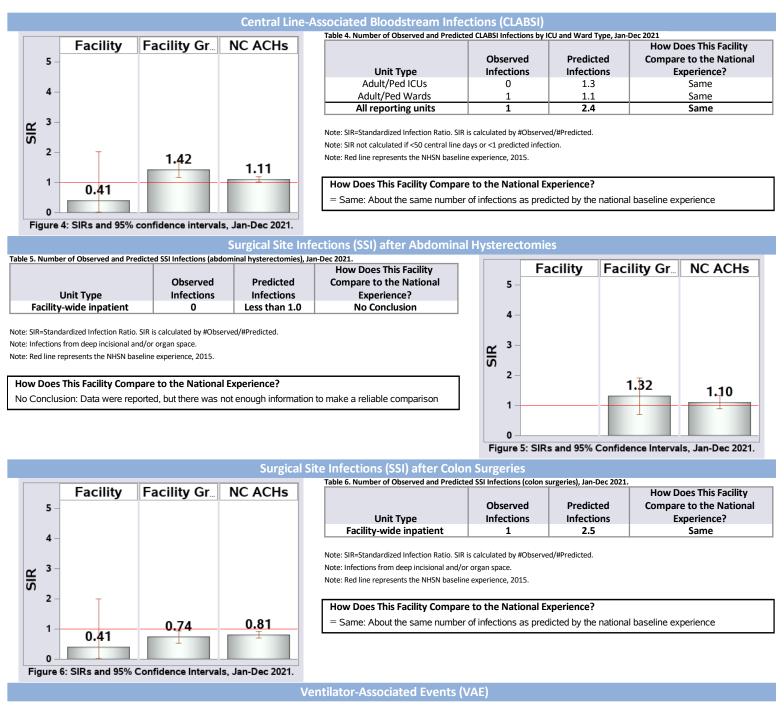


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Health Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County



# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

2020 Hospital Sur	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	41,308
Patient Days in 2020:	293,596
Total Number of Beds:	914
Number of ICU Beds:	201
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	10.0
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.09
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Predicted

Infections

48

13

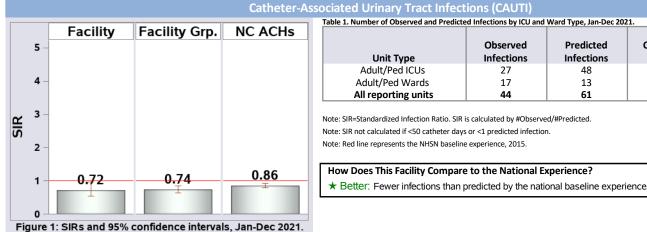
61

**Commentary From Facility:** NC residents should be aware that the reported information is NOT entirely adjusted for the severity of illness of the hospital's patients. UNC Health Care supports the need for the data presented in this report to be validated (i.e., demonstration by independent monitors that the submitted data is correct).

27

17

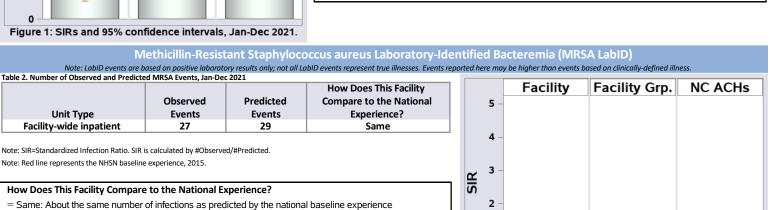
44



Unit Type

Facility-wide inpatient

#### Observed Unit Type Infections



1

0

Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021. Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient 204 Better 156 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 0.76 1 0.520.43

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

How Does This Facility

Compare to the National

**Experience?** 

Better

Same

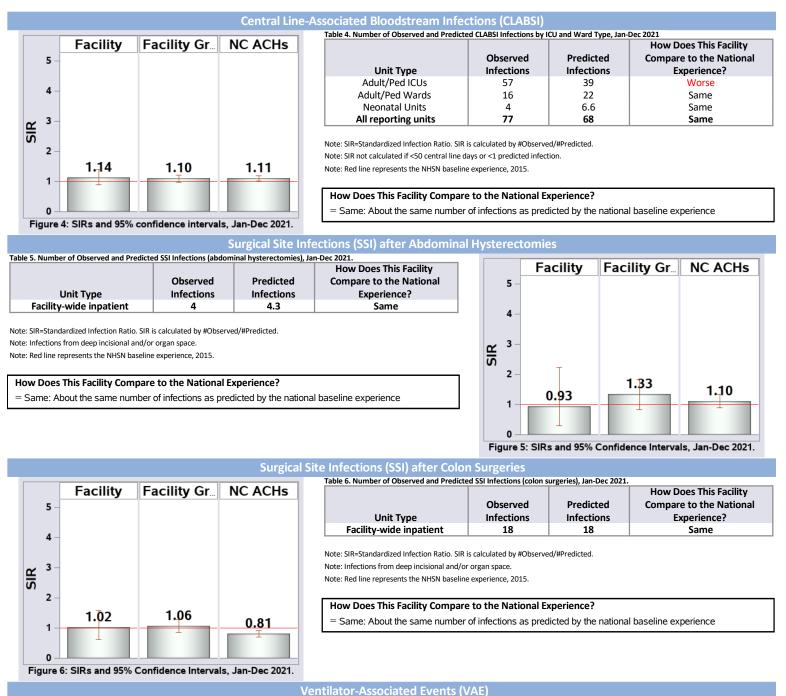
Better

1.09

1.05

0.92

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County



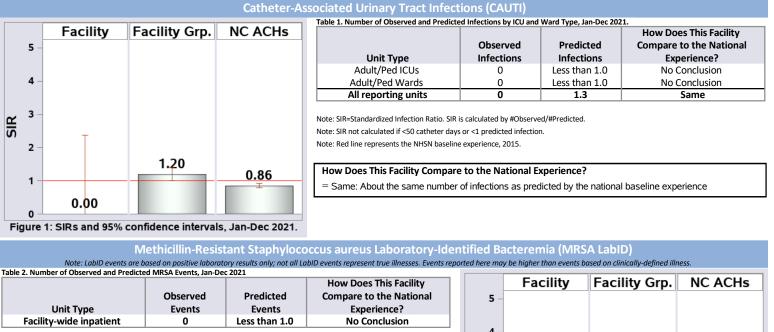
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,467
Patient Days in 2020:	11,619
Total Number of Beds:	108
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.13
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.04

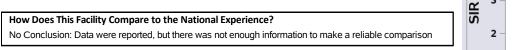


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.



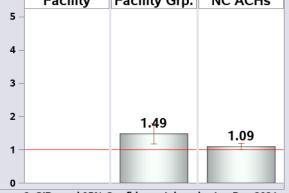


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

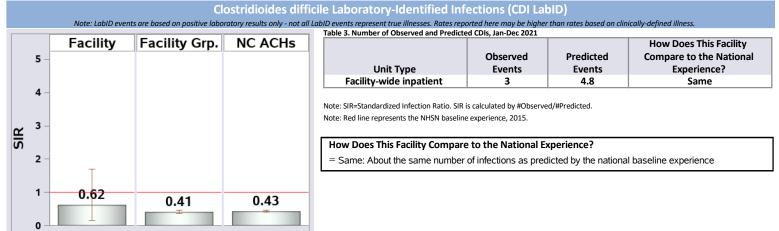
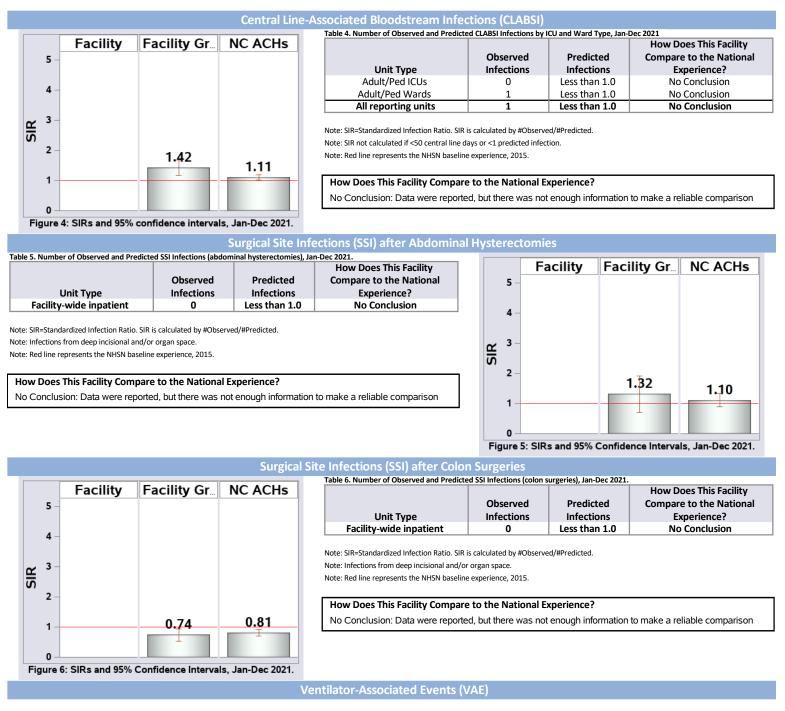


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: June 3, 2022 N.C. HAI 2021 Q4 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County



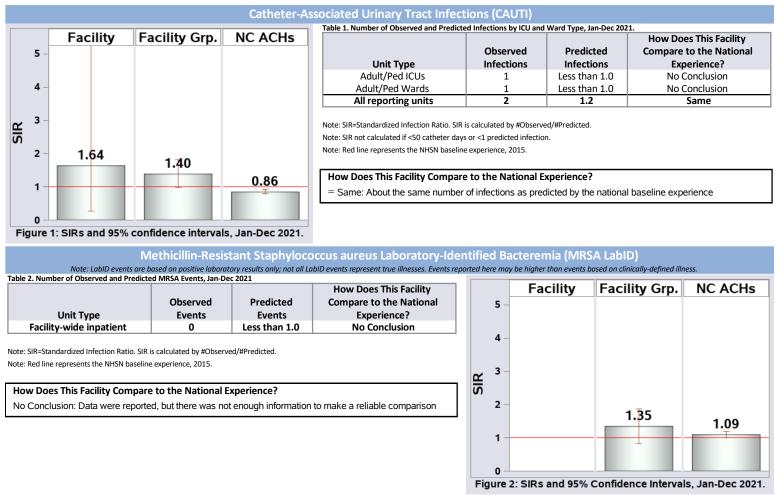
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	2,959
Patient Days in 2020:	12,191
Total Number of Beds:	81
Number of ICU Beds:	11
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.23



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



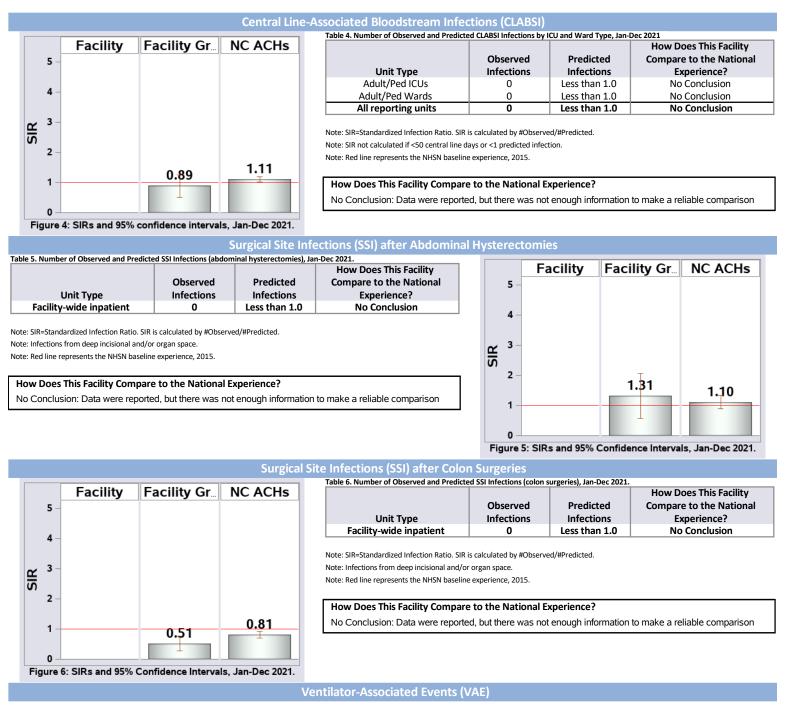
		Note: LabID ever			cile Laboratory-Identified Inf Lab/D events represent true illnesses. Rates repu	orted here may be highe		nically-defined illness.			
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?			
	4 -				Facility-wide inpatient	1	4.2	Same			
~	3 –				Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.						
SIR	2 -				How Does This Facility Compare = Same: About the same number		•	al baseline experience			
	1	0.24	0.36	0.43							

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County



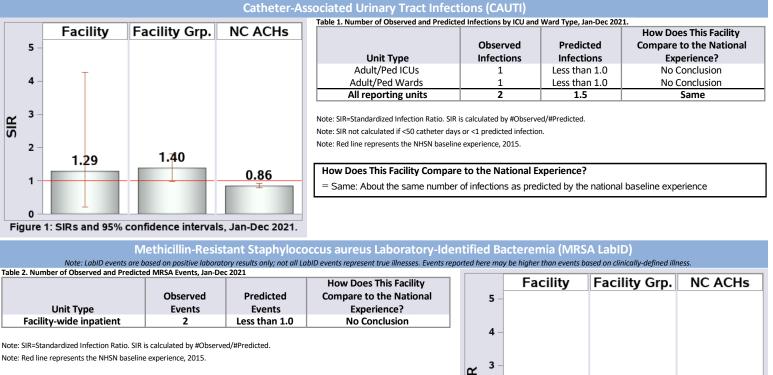
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	3,412
Patient Days in 2020:	16,560
Total Number of Beds:	89
Number of ICU Beds:	9
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.12

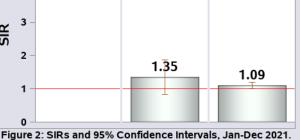


**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

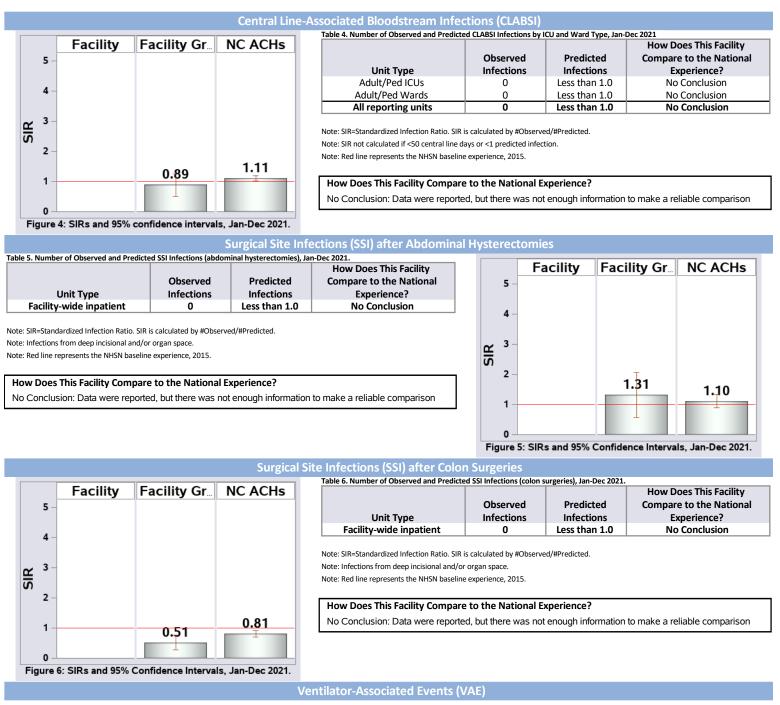


Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 5 4.9 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1.02 0.43 0.36 n

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County



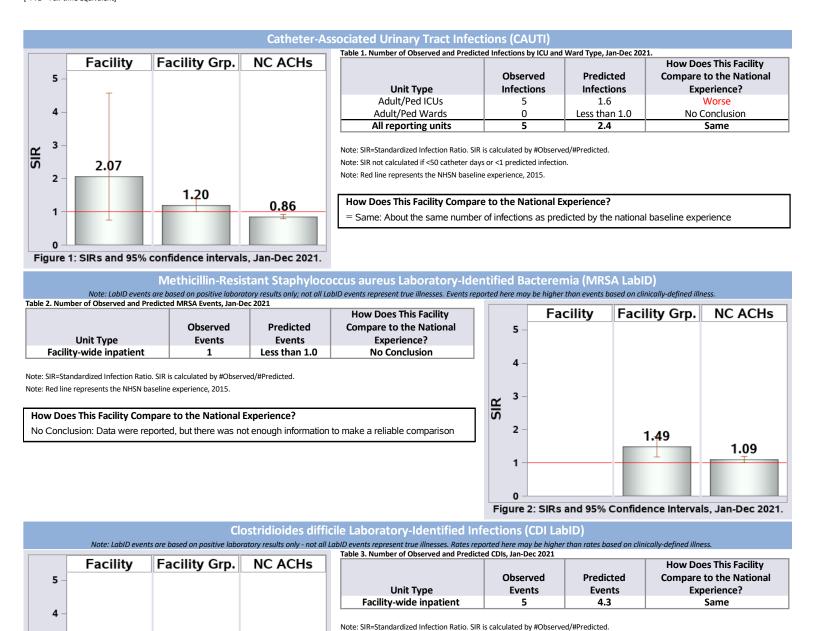
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

2020 Hospital	I Survey Information			
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital			
Medical Affiliation:	Major			
Admissions in 2020:	3,384			
Patient Days in 2020:	14,853			
Total Number of Beds:	111			
Number of ICU Beds:	8			
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00			
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.90			



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.41

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

0.43

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

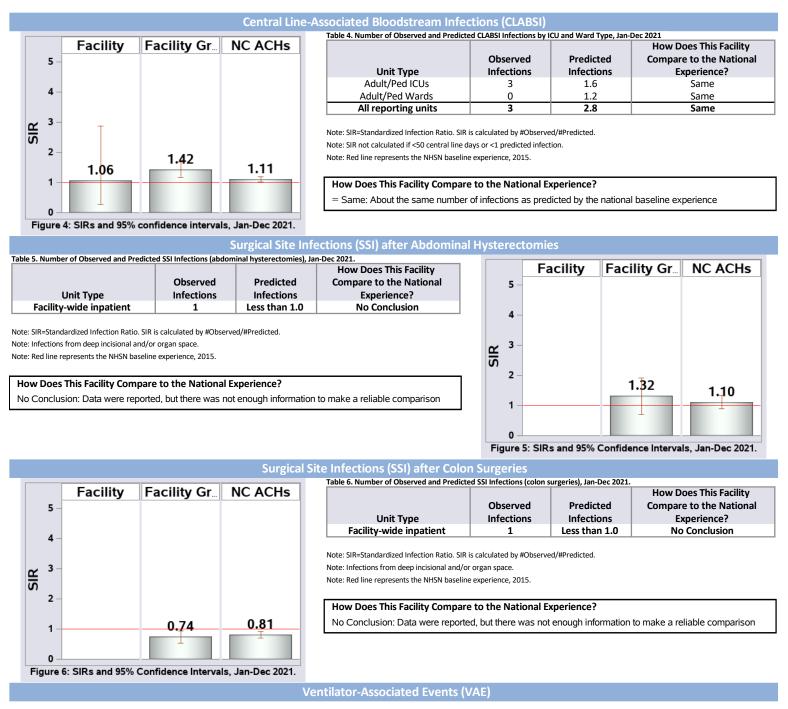
1.16

3 SIR

2

n

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County



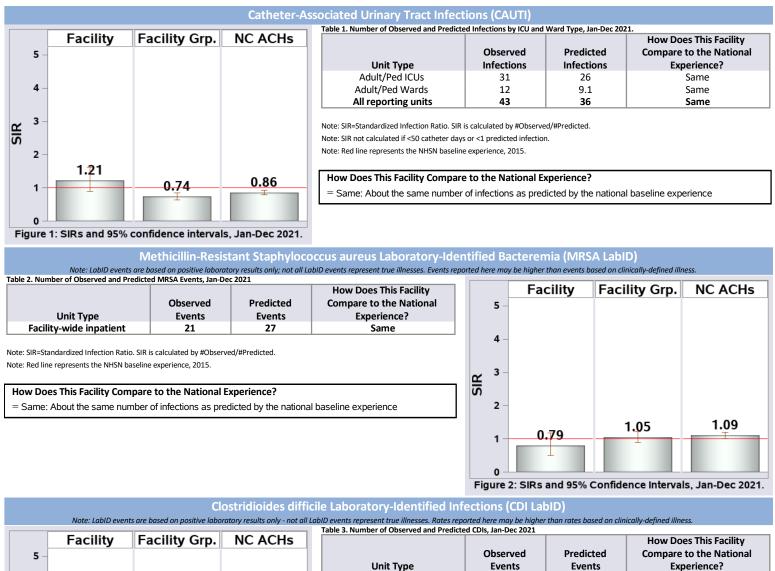
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

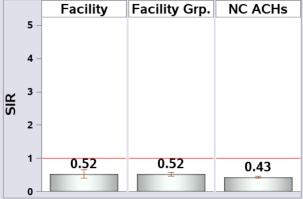
2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	43,045
Patient Days in 2020:	258,559
Total Number of Beds:	974
Number of ICU Beds:	180
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	7.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.77



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

Facility-wide inpatient

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

67

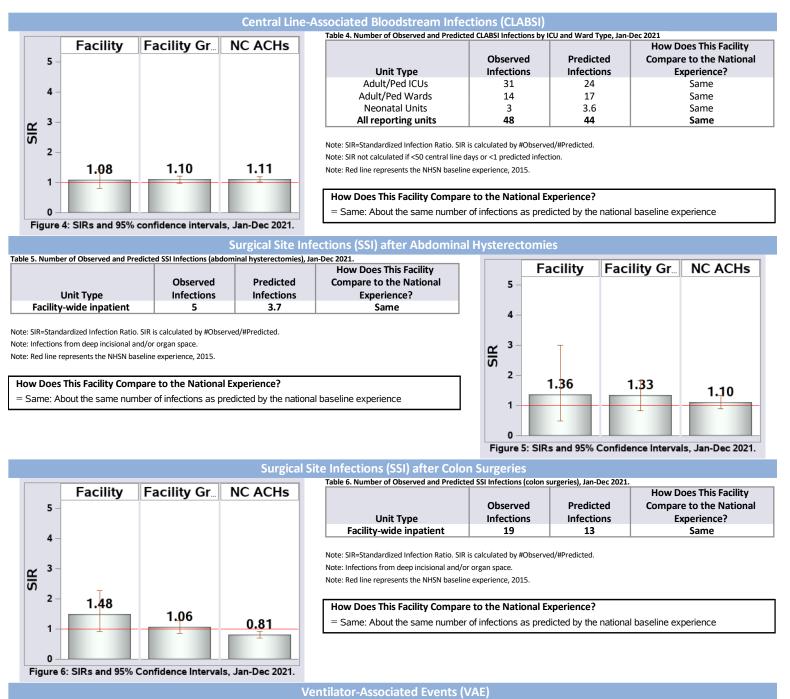
129

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022.

Better

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County



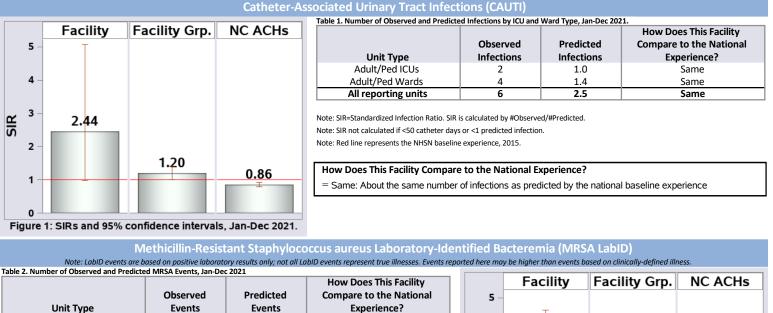
## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information				
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital				
Medical Affiliation:	Major				
Admissions in 2020:	4,775				
Patient Days in 2020:	23,791				
Total Number of Beds:	114				
Number of ICU Beds:	10				
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00				
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.88				



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

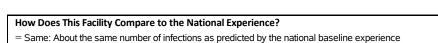
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

**Facility-wide inpatient** 



1.4

2

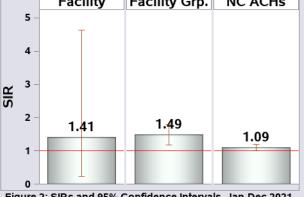


Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

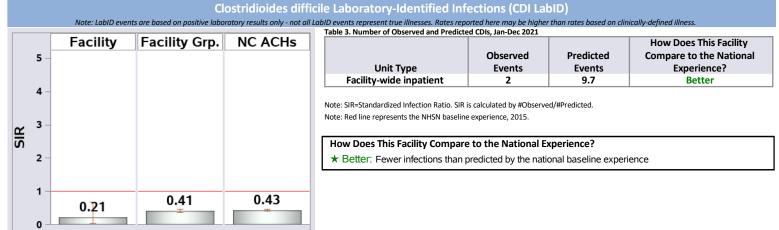
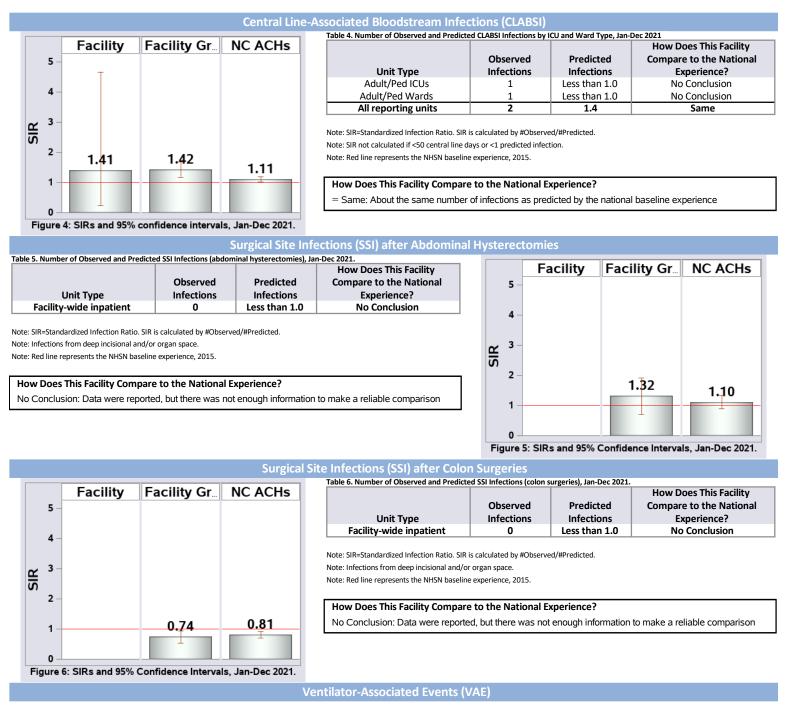


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

Refer to HAI in N.C. Reference Report for further explanation of presented statistics (https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Data Generated: May 09, 2022. N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County



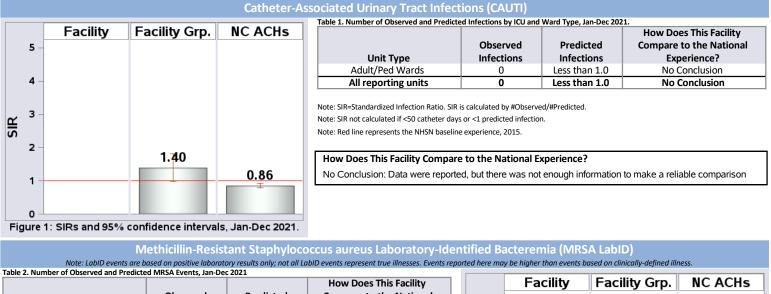
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	2,881
Patient Days in 2020:	7,186
Total Number of Beds:	52
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.30
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.58



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



			How Does This Facility			Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		5 -			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?					
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion					
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR in Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline		ed/#Predicted.			4- ~ <sup>3-</sup>			
How Does This Facility Compare	to the National E	xperience?		ור	S I S I S I S			
No Conclusion: Data were reporte	d, but there was not	enough information	to make a reliable comparison		2 –			
					1		1.35	1.09 T

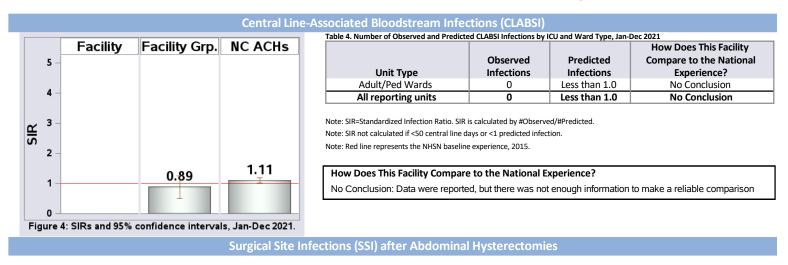
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Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021									
SIR	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?	
	4 -				Facility-wide inpatient     0     1.8     Same       Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.     How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?				
	3 –								
	2 -	Ţ			= Same: About the same number	of infections as prec	licted by the nationa	al baseline experience	
	0	0.00	0.36 	0.43					

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County



Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

2020 Hospital Survey Information							
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital						
Medical Affiliation:	Major						
Admissions in 2020:	4,863						
Patient Days in 2020:	14,950						
Total Number of Beds:	65						
Number of ICU Beds:	12						
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.40						
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.62						



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

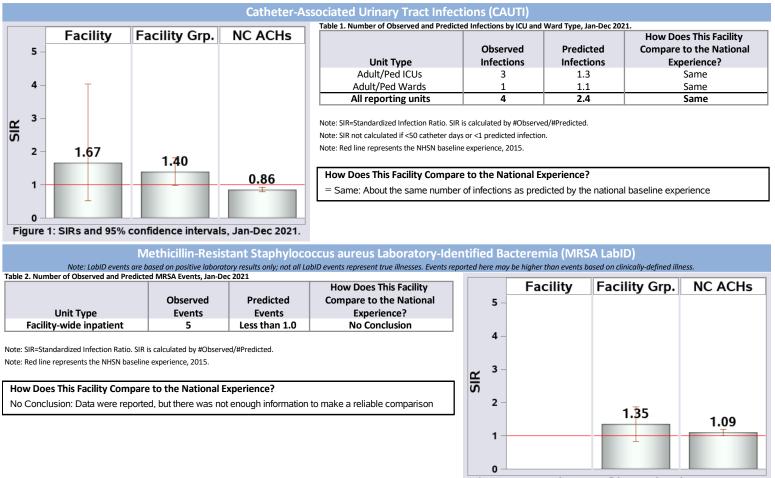


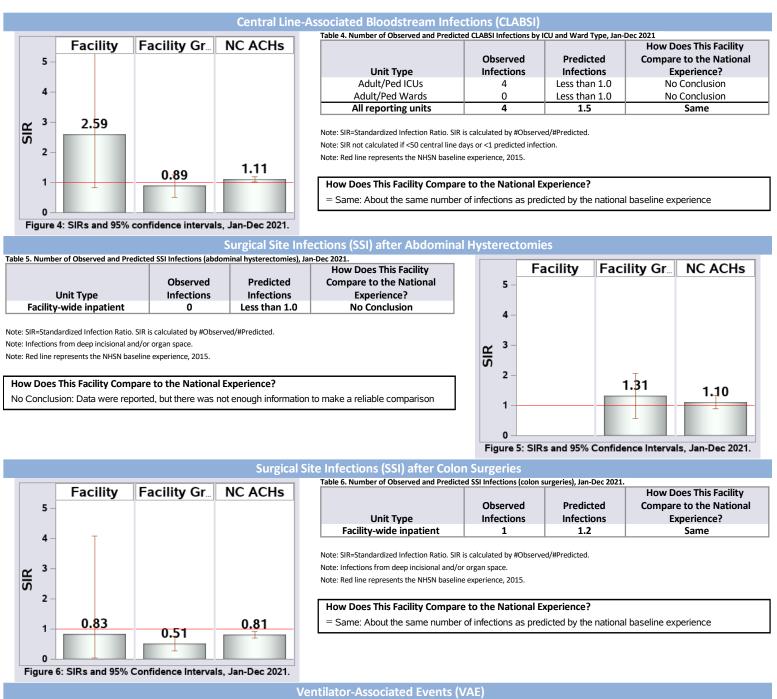
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Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type **Events Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Same 2 5.7 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 0.43 0.35 0.36 ٥

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County



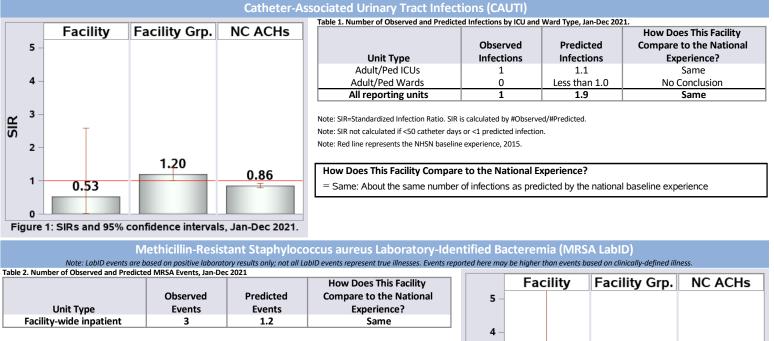
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2020:	3,763
Patient Days in 2020:	15,909
Total Number of Beds:	130
Number of ICU Beds:	8
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.70
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.54

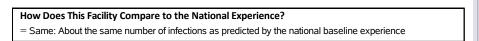


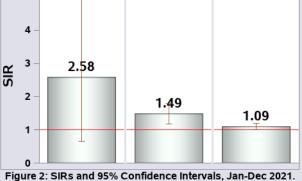
**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015





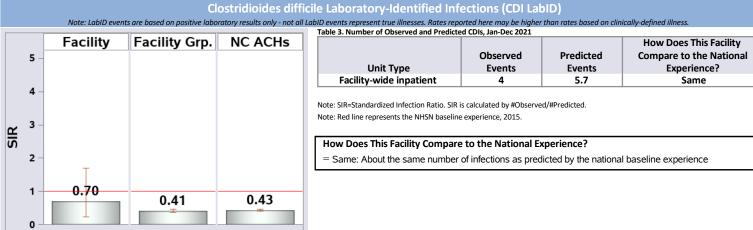
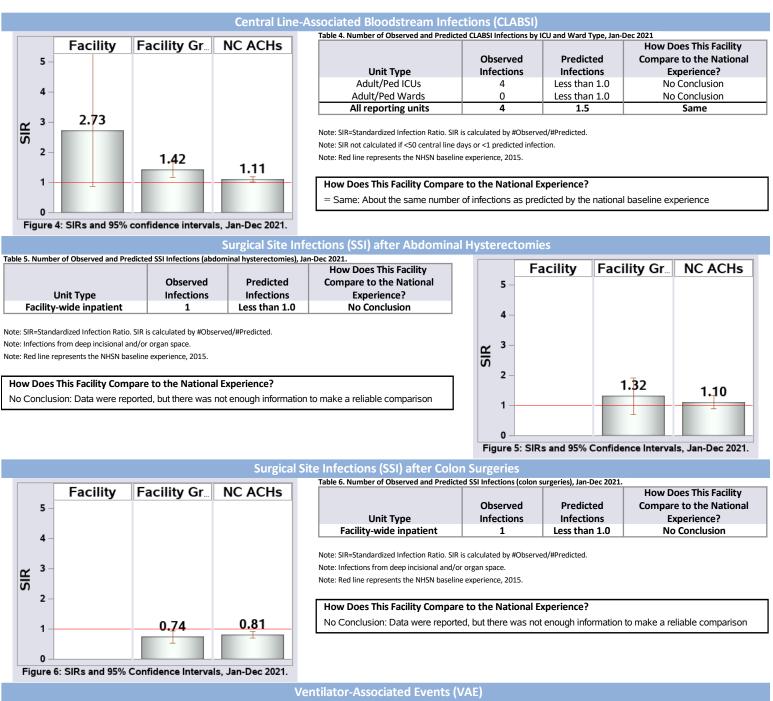


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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

2020 Hospital Su	rvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	44,641
Patient Days in 2020:	266,262
Total Number of Beds:	885
Number of ICU Beds:	176
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	9.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.02
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



Predicted

Infections

40

16

56

**Commentary From Facility:** 

Wake Forest Baptist Health continuously strives to provide a safe environment for patients, their families and our community. We have launched targeted programs to reduce the risk of acquiring Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infection and Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia events and are reinforcing appropriate infection prevention and identification methods.

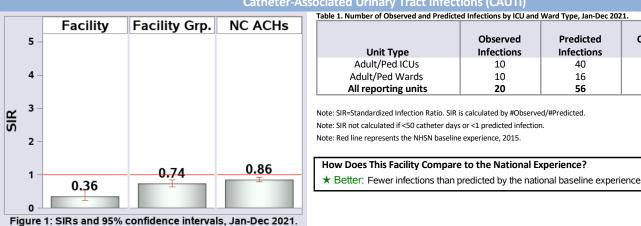
Observed

Infections

10

10

20



Observed

Events

48

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Dec 2021

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

× Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

Unit Type

Facility-wide inpatient

#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Unit Type

Adult/Ped ICUs

Adult/Ped Wards

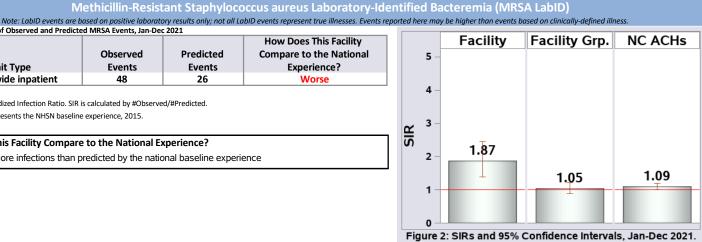
All reporting units

How Does This Facility

Compare to the National

Experience?

Worse



How Does This Facility

Compare to the National

**Experience?** 

Better

Same

Better

Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID) Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Dec 2021 Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs How Does This Facility Predicted **Compare to the National** Observed 5 Unit Type Events **Events Experience**? Facility-wide inpatient Better 57 111 4 Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015. 3 SIR How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? 2 ★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience 0.51 0.520.43

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

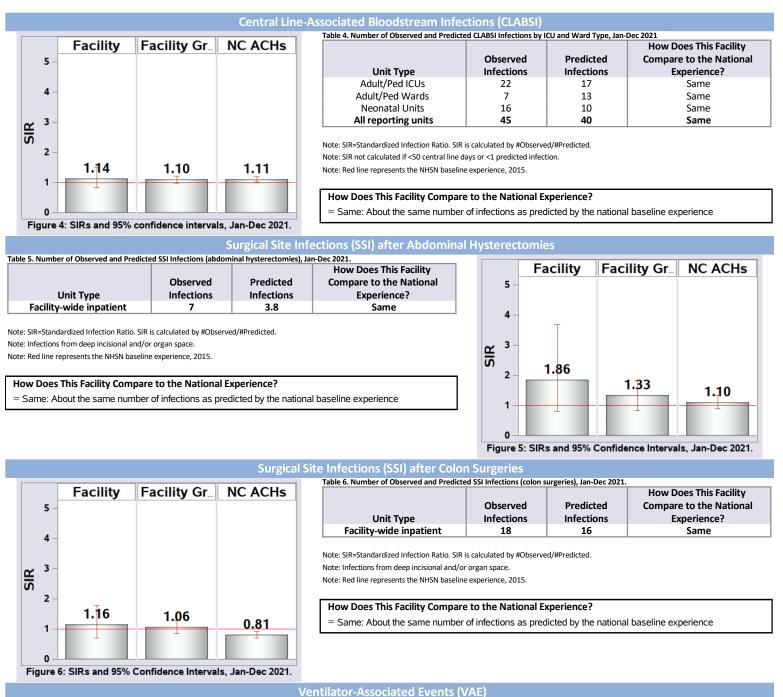
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Predicted

**Events** 

26

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2020:	42,195
Patient Days in 2020:	213,583
Total Number of Beds:	787
Number of ICU Beds:	134
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	8.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.02



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

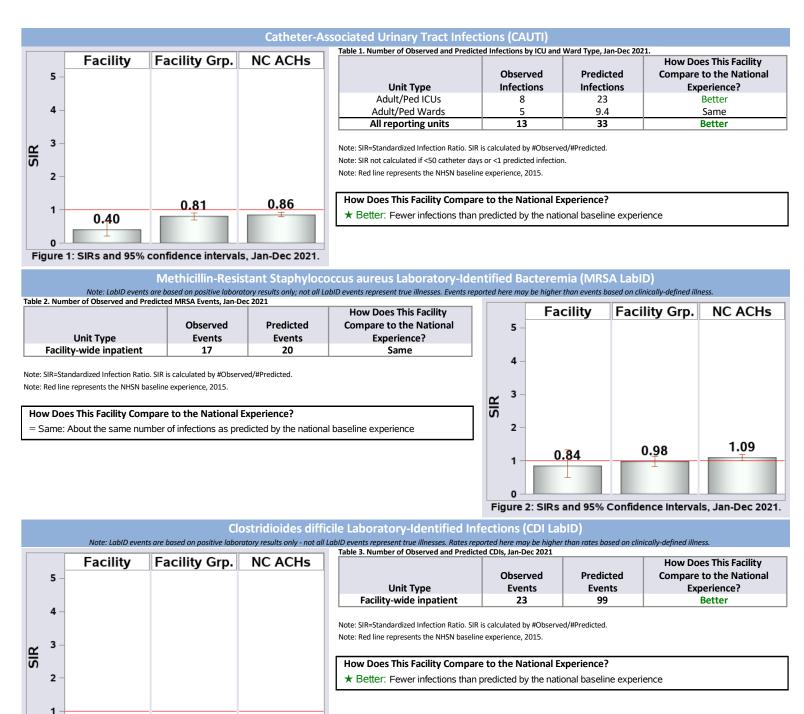


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

0.23

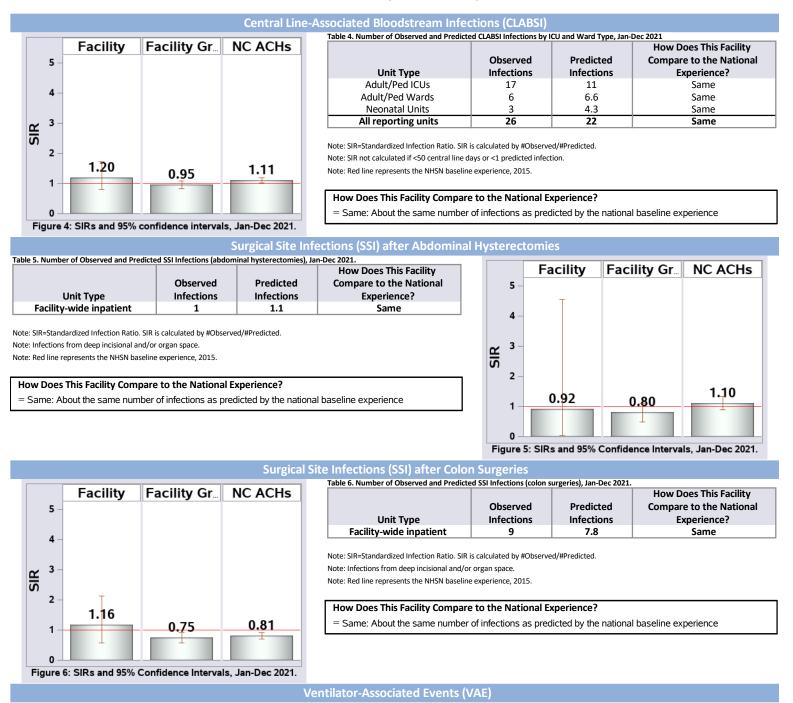
٥

0.43

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0.43

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County



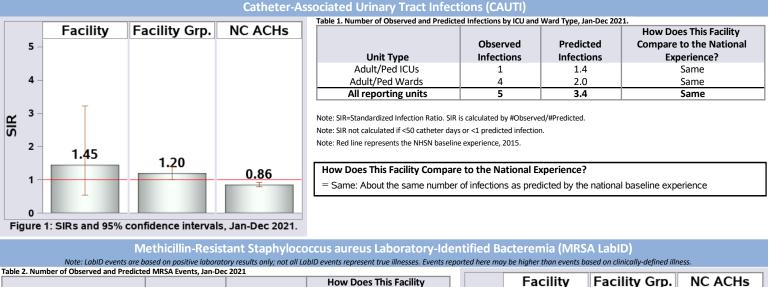
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	15,289
Patient Days in 2020:	53,820
Total Number of Beds:	180
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.56



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



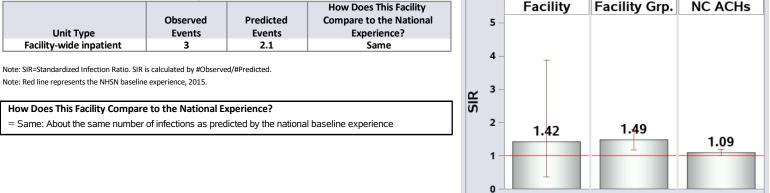


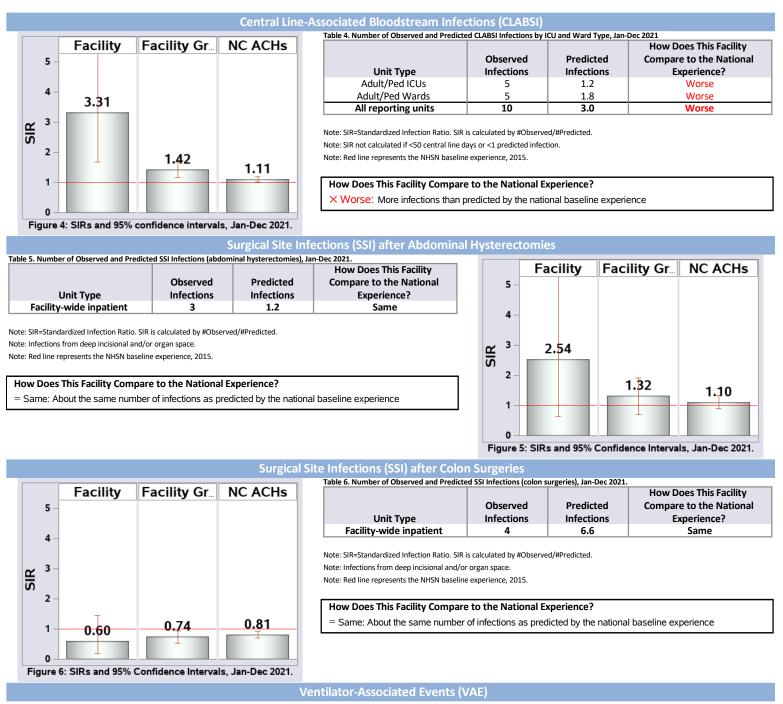
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		Note: LabID event			cile Laboratory-Identified Inf LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates report Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	orted here may be higher		nically-defined illness.
	5 -	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs	Unit Type	Observed Events	Predicted Events	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
4	4 -				Facility-wide inpatient	6 s calculated by #Observe	24	Better
SIR	3 –				Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline	. ,	vnerience?	
Yes       How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?         * Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience	ience							
	1	0.25	0.41 	0.43				

Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

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#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County



#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake

County

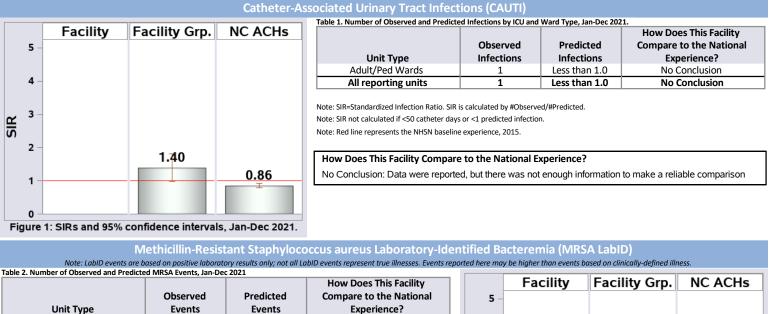
# **2020 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	6,066
Patient Days in 2020:	15,925
Total Number of Beds:	44
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.75
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.70



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

Facility-wide inpatient

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience? No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Less than 1.0

0



Figure 2: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Dec 2021.

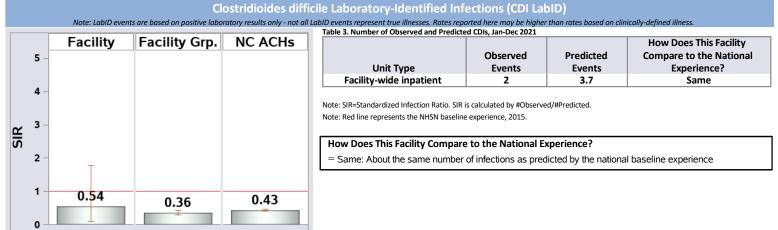
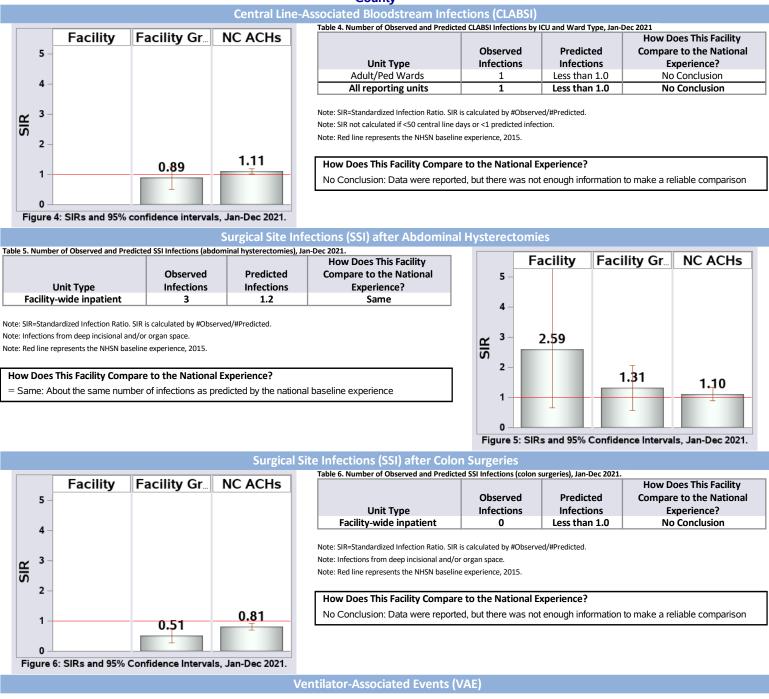


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### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 WakeMed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake

County



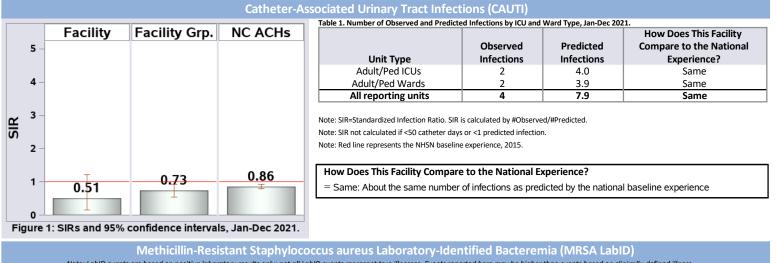
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Graduate
Admissions in 2020:	9,608
Patient Days in 2020:	49,366
Total Number of Beds:	263
Number of ICU Beds:	16
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	2.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.76



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



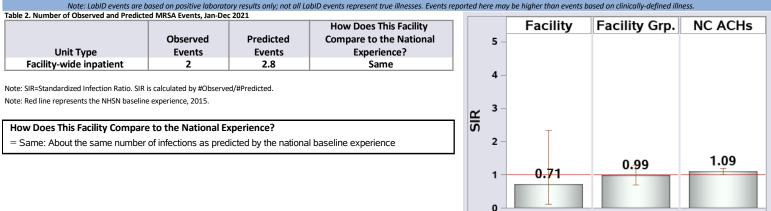


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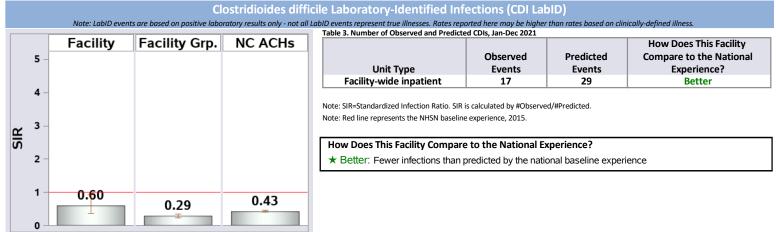
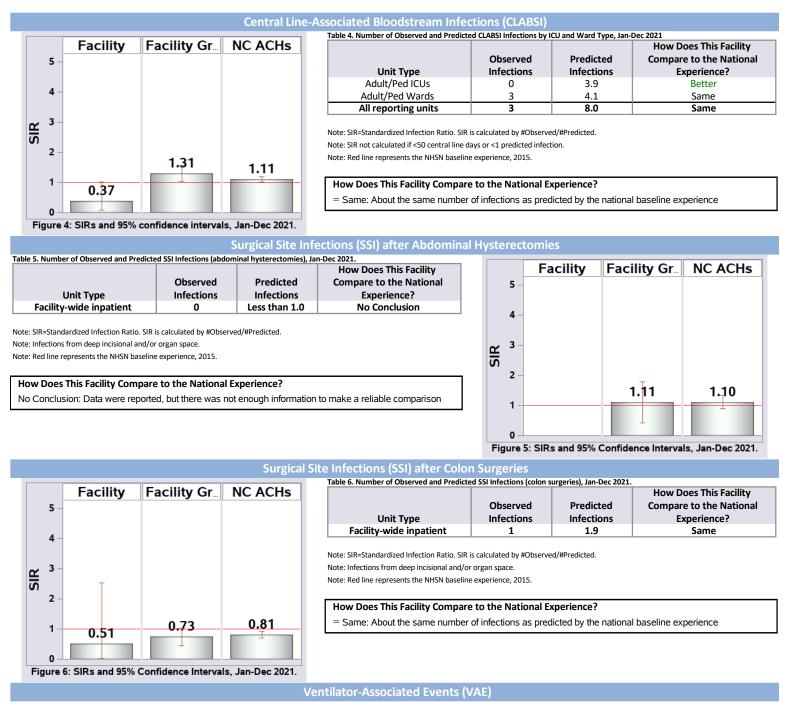


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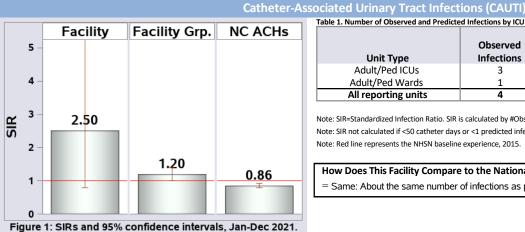
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

2020 Hospital Surv	vey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	8,210
Patient Days in 2020:	39,664
Total Number of Beds:	150
Number of ICU Beds:	20
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.67
[*FTE = Full-time equivalent]	



**Commentary From Facility:** 

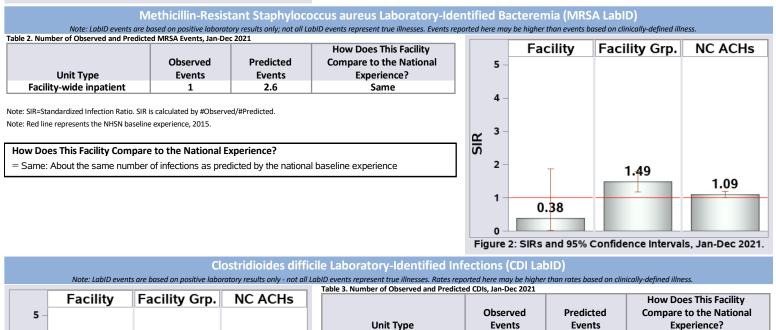
Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

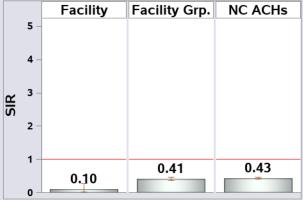


# Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Dec 2021.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience





	Obscived	
Unit Type	Events	E
Facility-wide inpatient	3	
	3	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

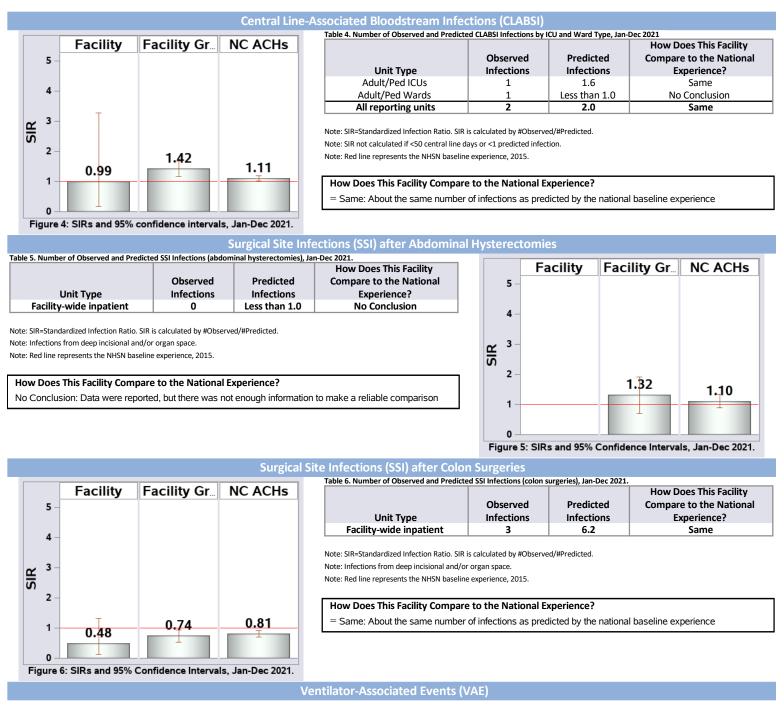
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Better

30

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County



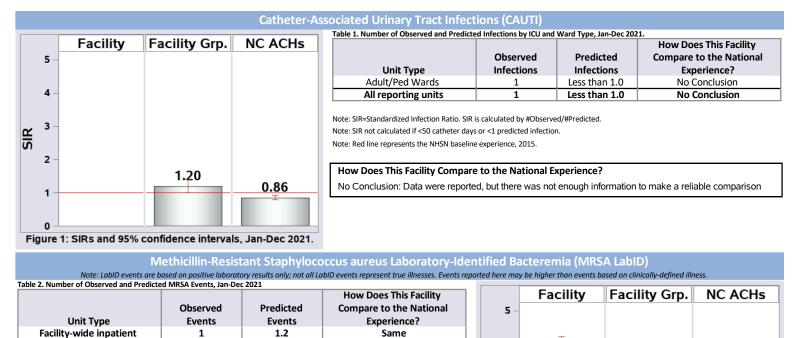
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

2020 Hospital	Survey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2020:	7,318
Patient Days in 2020:	31,729
Total Number of Beds:	137
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.63
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.19



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

4 3 SIR 2 = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience 1.49 1.09 0.86 1

0

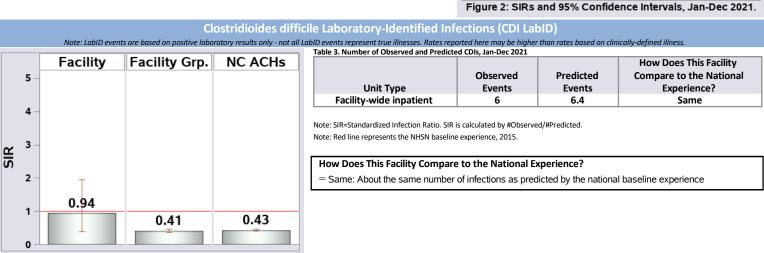
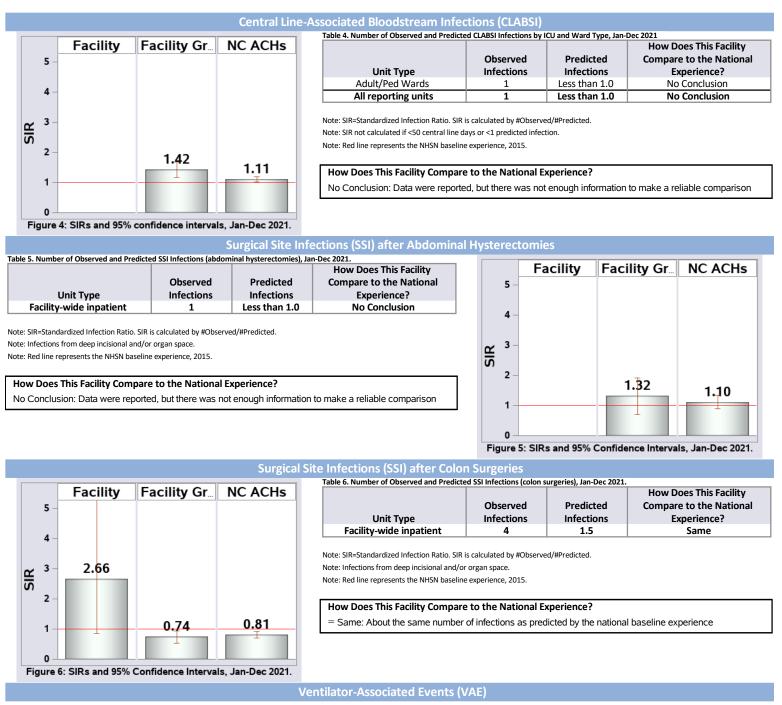


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N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – December 31, 2021 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County



# **APPENDICES**

# **APPENDIX A. Definitions**

<u>Term</u>	Definition
Aggregate data	Sum or total data. For example, aggregate NC HAI data refers to the sum, or total, of HAI data for all hospitals in NC.
ASA Class	<ul> <li>Anesthesiologist's pre-operative assessment of the patient's physical condition, using the American Society of Anesthesiologists' (ASA) Classification of Physical Status.</li> <li>1. Normally healthy patient</li> <li>2. Patient with mild systemic disease</li> <li>3. Patient with severe systemic disease that is not incapacitating</li> <li>4. Patient with an incapacitating systemic disease, constant threat to life</li> <li>5. Patient not expected to survive for 24 hours with or without the operation</li> </ul>
Beds	The number of staffed beds in a facility or patient care location. This may be different from the number of licensed beds.
Catheter days	A daily count of the number of patients with an indwelling urinary catheter. For example, one patient with an indwelling catheter in place for two days or two patients with indwelling catheters in place for one day each would both result in two catheter days. This number is used when presenting rates of catheter-associated urinary tract infections.
Catheter-associated urinary tract infection	Urinary tract infection (UTI) that occurs in a patient who had an indwelling urinary catheter in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the UTI.
Central line	A catheter (tube) that doctors place in a large vein in the neck, chest, or groin ending in a large vein near the heart. It is used to give medication or fluids or to collect blood for medical tests. Also known as a central venous catheter.
Central line-associated bloodstream infection	A bloodstream infection (BSI) that occurs in a patient who had a central line in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the BSI and is not related to an infection at another site.
Central line days	A daily count of the number of patients with a central line. For example, one patient with a central line in place for two days or two patients with central lines in place for one day each would both result in two central line days. This number is used when presenting rates of central line associated bloodstream infections.
Device days	A daily count of the number of patients with a specific device (e.g., central line, umbilical catheter, or urinary catheter) in the patient care location. For example, one patient with a device in place for two days or two patients with devices in place for one day each would both result in two device days. This number is used when presenting rates of infections associated with the use of devices.
Full-time equivalent	The equivalent of one person working full time for one year: 8 hours per day at 5 days per week for 52 weeks per year = 2080 hours per year
Hand hygiene	A general term that applies to routine hand washing, antiseptic hand wash, antiseptic hand rub, or surgical hand antisepsis.
	<i>Routine hand washing</i> is the use of clean water and non-antimicrobial soap to remove germs, soil and other debris from the hands.
	<i>Antiseptic hand washing</i> is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs on the hands.

# <u>Definition</u>

	<i>Antiseptic hand rub</i> is the use of alcohol-based hand rubs to remove or destroy germs from the hands. Antiseptic hand rubs are less effective when hands are visibly dirty.	
	<i>Surgical hand antisepsis</i> is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs and takes 2-6 minutes to complete as both hands and forearms are cleaned. Water and non-antimicrobial soap can also be used but must be followed with an alcohol-based surgical hand scrub.	
Healthcare-associated infections	Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a wide variety of common and unusual bacteria, fungi, and viruses during the course of receiving medical care.	
Intensive care unit	A nursing care area that provides intensive observation, diagnosis, and therapeutic procedures for adults and/or children who are critically ill. Also referred to as critical care unit.	
Medical affiliation	Affiliation with a medical school. There are four categories: <i>Major teaching</i> – Facility has a program for medical students and post-graduate medical training. <i>Graduate</i> – Facility has a program for post-graduate medical training (i.e., residency and/or fellowships). <i>Undergraduate</i> – Facility has a program for medical/nursing students only. <i>No</i> –Hospital is not a teaching hospital for physicians and/or physicians in training	
Patient days	A daily count of the number of patients in the patient care location during a specified time period.	
Rate	Describes the speed with which disease or events occur. The number of diseases or events per unit of time.	
Standardized infection ratio	A ratio of observed to expected (or predicted) numbers of events that is adjusted for selected risk factors.	
Surgical site infection	Infection that occurs after surgery, in the part of the body where the surgery took place.	
Umbilical catheter		
	Long, thin plastic tubes that travel from the stump of a newborn baby's umbilical cord into the large vessels near the heart	
Urinary catheter		

# **APPENDIX B. Acronyms**

ACL	Adult Care Licensure
APIC-NC	Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, NC Chapter
ASA	American Society of Anesthesiologists
BSI	Bloodstream infection
CAUTI	Catheter-associated urinary tract infection
CCU	Critical care unit
CDB	Communicable Disease Branch
CDC	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
C. diff	Clostridioides difficile
CDI	Clostridioides difficile infection
CI	Confidence interval
CMS	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CLABSI	Central line-associated bloodstream infections
DHHS	Department of Health and Human Services
DHSR	Division of Health Service Regulation
DPH	Division of Public Health
ED	Emergency department
HAI	Healthcare-associated infections
ICU	Intensive care unit
IPs	Infection preventionists
MRSA	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus
NCHA	North Carolina Healthcare Association
NC SPICE	North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology
NHLC	Nursing Home Licensure and Certification
NHSN	National Healthcare Safety Network
SIR	Standardized infection ratio
SSI	Surgical site infection
VAE	Ventilator-associated event

# APPENDIX C. Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Tips. Appendix C1. Catheter (Central Line)-Associated Bloodstream Infections



"Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infections"

(also known as "Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections")

vention methods discussed above.

and after caring for you.

#### What is a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

A "central line" or "central catheter" is a tube that is placed into a patient's large vein, usually in the neck, chest, arm, or groin. The catheter is often used to draw blood, or give fluids or medications. It may be left in place for several weeks. A bloodstream infection can occur when bacteria or other germs travel down a "central line" and enter the blood. If you develop a catheter-associated bloodstream infection you may become ill with fevers and chills or the skin around the catheter may become sore and red.

#### Can a catheter-related bloodstream infection be treated?

A catheter-associated bloodstream infection is serious, but often can be successfully treated with antibiotics. The catheter might need to be removed if you develop an infection.

# What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections?

To prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections doctors and nurses will:

- Choose a vein where the catheter can be safely inserted and where the risk for infection is small.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before putting in the catheter.
- Wear a mask, cap, sterile gown, and sterile gloves when putting in the catheter to keep it sterile. The patient will be covered with a sterile sheet.
- Clean the patient's skin with an antiseptic cleanser before putting in the catheter.
- Clean their hands, wear gloves, and clean the catheter opening with an antiseptic solution before using the catheter to draw blood or give medications. Healthcare providers also clean their hands and wear gloves when changing the bandage that covers the area where the catheter enters the skin.
- Decide every day if the patient still needs to have the catheter. The catheter will be removed as soon as it is no longer needed.
- Carefully handle medications and fluids that are given through the catheter.

# What can I do to help prevent a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

Ask your doctors and nurses to explain why you need the catheter and how long you will have it.

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- If the bandage comes off or becomes wet or dirty, tell your nurse or doctor immediately.
- Inform your nurse or doctor if the area around your catheter is sore or red.

· Ask your doctors and nurses if they will be using all of the pre-

· Make sure that all doctors and nurses caring for you clean their

hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before

If you do not see your providers clean their hands,

- Do not let family and friends who visit touch the catheter or the tubing.
- Make sure family and friends clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

Some patients are sent home from the hospital with a catheter in order to continue their treatment. If you go home with a catheter, your doctors and nurses will explain everything you need to know about taking care of your catheter.

- Make sure you understand how to care for the catheter before leaving the hospital. For example, ask for instructions on showering or bathing with the catheter and how to change the catheter dressing.
- Make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- Make sure you wash your hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before handling your catheter.
- Watch for the signs and symptoms of catheter-associated bloodstream infection, such as soreness or redness at the catheter site or fever, and call your healthcare provider immediately if any occur.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.



# *"Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection"*

#### What is "catheter-associated urinary tract infection"?

A urinary tract infection (also called "UTI") is an infection in the urinary system, which includes the bladder (which stores the urine) and the kidneys (which filter the blood to make urine). Germs (for example, bacteria or yeasts) do not normally live in these areas; but if germs are introduced, an infection can occur.

If you have a urinary catheter, germs can travel along the catheter and cause an infection in your bladder or your kidney; in that case it is called a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (or "CA-UTI").

#### What is a urinary catheter?

A urinary catheter is a thin tube placed in the bladder to drain urine. Urine drains through the tube into a bag that collects the urine. A urinary catheter may be used:

- · If you are not able to urinate on your own
- To measure the amount of urine that you make, for example, during intensive care
- During and after some types of surgery
- · During some tests of the kidneys and bladder

People with urinary catheters have a much higher chance of getting a urinary tract infection than people who don't have a catheter.

#### How do I get a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (CA-UTI)?

If germs enter the urinary tract, they may cause an infection. Many of the germs that cause a catheter-associated urinary tract infection are common germs found in your intestines that do not usually cause an infection there. Germs can enter the urinary tract when the catheter is being put in or while the catheter remains in the bladder.

#### What are the symptoms of a urinary tract infection?

Some of the common symptoms of a urinary tract infection are:

- · Burning or pain in the lower abdomen (that is, below the stomach)
- Fever
- Bloody urine may be a sign of infection, but is also caused by other problems
- Burning during urination or an increase in the frequency of urination after the catheter is removed.

Sometimes people with catheter-associated urinary tract infections do not have these symptoms of infection.

#### Can catheter-associated urinary tract infections be treated?

Yes, most catheter-associated urinary tract infections can be treated with antibiotics and removal or change of the catheter. Your doctor will determine which antibiotic is best for you.

#### What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheterassociated urinary tract infections?

To prevent urinary tract infections, doctors and nurses take the following actions.

#### Catheter insertion

- o Catheters are put in only when necessary and they are removed as soon as possible.
- o Only properly trained persons insert catheters using sterile ("clean") technique.
- o The skin in the area where the catheter will be inserted is cleaned before inserting the catheter.
- o Other methods to drain the urine are sometimes used, such as
- External catheters in men (these look like condoms and are placed over the penis rather than into the penis)
- Putting a temporary catheter in to drain the urine and removing it right away. This is called intermittent urethral catheterization.

#### Catheter care

- Healthcare providers clean their hands by washing them with soap and water or using an alcohol-based hand rub before and after touching your catheter.
  - If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.
- o Avoid disconnecting the catheter and drain tube. This helps to prevent germs from getting into the catheter tube.
- o The catheter is secured to the leg to prevent pulling on the catheter.
- o Avoid twisting or kinking the catheter.
- o Keep the bag lower than the bladder to prevent urine from backflowing to the bladder.
- Empty the bag regularly. The drainage spout should not touch anything while emptying the bag.

# What can I do to help prevent catheter-associated urinary tract infections if I have a catheter?

- · Always clean your hands before and after doing catheter care.
- · Always keep your urine bag below the level of your bladder.
- · Do not tug or pull on the tubing.
- Do not twist or kink the catheter tubing.
- · Ask your healthcare provider each day if you still need the catheter.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- If you will be going home with a catheter, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of the catheter. Make sure you understand how to care for it before you leave the hospital.
- If you develop any of the symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such as burning or pain in the lower abdomen, fever, or an increase in the frequency of urination, contact your doctor or nurse immediately.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.



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## **Appendix C3. Surgical Site Infections**



"Surgical Site Infections"

#### What is a Surgical Site Infection (SSI)?

A surgical site infection is an infection that occurs after surgery in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Most patients who have surgery do not develop an infection. However, infections develop in about 1 to 3 out of every 100 patients who have surgery.

Some of the common symptoms of a surgical site infection are:

- Redness and pain around the area where you had surgery
- Drainage of cloudy fluid from your surgical wound
- Fever

#### Can SSIs be treated?

Yes. Most surgical site infections can be treated with antibiotics. The antibiotic given to you depends on the bacteria (germs) causing the infection. Sometimes patients with SSIs also need another surgery to treat the infection.

#### What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent SSIs?

To prevent SSIs, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands and arms up to their elbows with an antiseptic agent just before the surgery.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for each patient.
- May remove some of your hair immediately before your surgery using electric clippers if the hair is in the same area where the procedure will occur. They should not shave you with a razor.
- Wear special hair covers, masks, gowns, and gloves during surgery to keep the surgery area clean.
- Give you antibiotics before your surgery starts. In most cases, you should get antibiotics within 60 minutes before the surgery starts and the antibiotics should be stopped within 24 hours after surgery.
- Clean the skin at the site of your surgery with a special soap that kills germs.

#### What can I do to help prevent SSIs?

#### Before your surgery:

 Tell your doctor about other medical problems you may have. Health problems such as allergies, diabetes, and obesity could affect your surgery and your treatment.

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- Quit smoking. Patients who smoke get more infections. Talk to your doctor about how you can quit before your surgery.
- Do not shave near where you will have surgery. Shaving with a razor can irritate your skin and make it easier to develop an infection.

#### At the time of your surgery:

- Speak up if someone tries to shave you with a razor before surgery. Ask why you need to be shaved and talk with your surgeon if you have any concerns.
- · Ask if you will get antibiotics before surgery.

#### After your surgery:

 Make sure that your healthcare providers clean their hands before examining you, either with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- Family and friends who visit you should not touch the surgical wound or dressings.
- Family and friends should clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you. If you do not see them clean their hands, ask them to clean their hands.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- Before you go home, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of your wound. Make sure you understand how to care for your wound before you leave the hospital.
- · Always clean your hands before and after caring for your wound.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- If you have any symptoms of an infection, such as redness and pain at the surgery site, drainage, or fever, call your doctor immediately.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

# Appendix C4. Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus LabID Events



about **"MRSA"** (Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*)

#### What is MRSA?

Staphylococcus aureus (pronounced staff-ill-oh-KOK-us AW-ree-us), or "Staph" is a very common germ that about 1 out of every 3 people have on their skin or in their nose. This germ does not cause any problems for most people who have it on their skin. But sometimes it can cause serious infections such as skin or wound infections, pneumonia, or infections of the blood.

Antibiotics are given to kill Staph germs when they cause infections. Some *Staph* are resistant, meaning they cannot be killed by some antibiotics. *"Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus"* or "MRSA" is a type of *Staph* that is resistant to some of the antibiotics that are often used to treat *Staph* infections.

#### Who is most likely to get an MRSA infection?

In the hospital, people who are more likely to get an MRSA infection are people who:

- · have other health conditions making them sick
- · have been in the hospital or a nursing home
- have been treated with antibiotics.

People who are healthy and who have not been in the hospital or a nursing home can also get MRSA infections. These infections usually involve the skin. More information about this type of MRSA infection, known as "community-associated MRSA" infection, is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). http://www.cdc.gov/mrsa

#### How do I get an MRSA infection?

People who have MRSA germs on their skin or who are infected with MRSA may be able to spread the germ to other people. MRSA can be passed on to bed linens, bed rails, bathroom fixtures, and medical equipment. It can spread to other people on contaminated equipment and on the hands of doctors, nurses, other healthcare providers and visitors.

#### Can MRSA infections be treated?

Yes, there are antibiotics that can kill MRSA germs. Some patients with MRSA abscesses may need surgery to drain the infection. Your healthcare provider will determine which treatments are best for you.

# What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent MRSA infections?

To prevent MRSA infections, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for every patient.
- · Carefully clean hospital rooms and medical equipment.
- Use Contact Precautions when caring for patients with MRSA. Contact
   Precautions mean:
  - Whenever possible, patients with MRSA will have a single room or will share a room only with someone else who also has MRSA.
  - Healthcare providers will put on gloves and wear a gown over their clothing while taking care of patients with MRSA.

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o Visitors may also be asked to wear a gown and gloves.

- When leaving the room, hospital providers and visitors remove their gown and gloves and clean their hands.
- Patients on Contact Precautions are asked to stay in their hospital rooms as much as possible. They should not go to common areas, such as the gift shop or cafeteria. They may go to other areas of the hospital for treatments and tests.
- May test some patients to see if they have MRSA on their skin. This test involves rubbing a cotton-tipped swab in the patient's nostrils or on the skin.

#### What can I do to help prevent MRSA infections?

#### In the hospital

 Make sure that all doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

#### When you go home

 If you have wounds or an intravascular device (such as a catheter or dialysis port) make sure that you know how to take care of them.

#### Can my friends and family get MRSA when they visit me?

The chance of getting MRSA while visiting a person who has MRSA is very low. To decrease the chance of getting MRSA your family and friends should:

- Clean their hands before they enter your room and when they leave.
- Ask a healthcare provider if they need to wear protective gowns and gloves when they visit you.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

To prevent another MRSA infection and to prevent spreading MRSA to others:

- Keep taking any antibiotics prescribed by your doctor. Don't take halfdoses or stop before you complete your prescribed course.
- Clean your hands often, especially before and after changing your wound dressing or bandage.
- People who live with you should clean their hands often as well.
- Keep any wounds clean and change bandages as instructed until healed.
- Avoid sharing personal items such as towels or razors.
- Wash and dry your clothes and bed linens in the warmest temperatures recommended on the labels.
- Tell your healthcare providers that you have MRSA. This includes home health nurses and aides, therapists, and personnel in doctors' offices.
- · Your doctor may have more instructions for you.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.



## Appendix C5. Clostridioides difficile LabID Events



# Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program Advisory Board

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# Appendix E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2020 (or 2019 if 2020 survey not submitted by date of dataset generation) National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey

SurveyYear	Hospital Name	Number of Beds
2020	•	8
	FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus	
2020	DLP - Swain Community Hospital	15
2020	Carolinas Healthcare System Anson	15
2020	Cherokee Indian Hospital	18
2020	Martin General Hospital	18
2020	Person Memorial Hospital	18
2020	The Outer Banks Hospital	21
2020	Novant Health Medical Park Hospital	22
2020	Dosher Memorial Hospital	23
2020	Highlands Cashiers Hospital	24
2020	St. Luke's Hospital	25
2020	Murphy Medical Center	25
2020	Vidant Chowan Hospital	25
2020	North Carolina Specialty Hospital	26
2020	McDowell Hospital	30
2020	Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center	36
2020	Novant Health Mint Hill Medical Center	36
2020	Transylvania Regional Hospital	37
2020	Blue Ridge Regional Hospital	38
2020	WakeMed North Family Health & Women's Hospital	44
2020	Central Harnett Hospital	44
2020	Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital	48
2020	Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital	49
2020	Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center	50
2020	Wake Forest Baptist Health – Davie Medical Center	52
2020	Annie Penn Hospital	53
2020	Granville Medical Center	62
	Wake Forest Baptist Health – Lexington Medical	
2020	Center	65
2020	Kings Mountain Hospital	67
2020	Columbus Regional Healthcare System	70
2020	Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center	74
2020	Randolph Hospital DBA Randolph Health	75
2020	Carteret General Hospital	75
2020	Johnston Health Clayton	75
2020	DLP – Harris Regional Hospital	78
	FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond	
2020	Campus	79
2020	Vidant Beaufort Hospital	81
2020	Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital	81
2020	Betsy Johnson Hospital	87

# Appendix E1 Healthcare Facility Group: Short-term Acute Care Hospitals

2020	Vidant Duplin Hospital	89
2020	Central Carolina Hospital	89
2020	Maria Parham Medical Center	99
2020	Atrium Health University City	100
2020	Haywood Regional Medical Center	100
2020	Northern Regional Hospital	100
2020	Atrium Health Lincoln	101
2020	Advent Health Hendersonville	103
2020	Scotland Memorial Hospital	104
2020	Caldwell Memorial Hospital	106
2020	UNC Rockingham Health	108
2020	Atrium Health Stanly	109
2020	Vidant Edgecombe Hospital	111
2020	Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital	114
2020	Sentara Albemarle Medical Center	115
2020	Sampson Regional Medical Center	116
2020	ARHS-Watauga Medical Center	117
2020	Cone Green Valley	120
2020	Lake Norman Regional Medical Center	123
2020	Rutherford Regional Medical Center	125
2020	Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center	130
2020	Wilson Medical Center	137
2020	Pardee Hospital	142
2020	Davis Regional Medical Center	144
2020	Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center	145
2020	Halifax Regional Medical Center	149
2020	Nash Health Care Systems	150
2020	Wesley Long Hospital	150
2020	Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center	145
2020	Carolinas Healthcare System Blue Ridge	151
2020	Novant Health Matthews Medical Center	157
2020	Onslow Memorial Hospital	162
2020	Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Inc	167
2020	Johnston Health	173
2020	WakeMed Cary Hospital	180
2020	Carolinas Medical Center - Union	182
2020	Duke Raleigh Hospital	186
2020	Frye Regional Medical Center	190
2020	Catawba Valley Medical Center	190
2020	Carolinas Medical Center – Mercy	196
2020	Iredell Memorial Hospital	199
2020	Duke Regional Hospital	223
2020	Alamance Regional Medical Center	238
2020	Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland	241
2020	Southeastern Regional Medical Center	246

2020	Carolinas Medical Center – Pineville	254
2020	Cherry Hospital	259
2020	Wayne Memorial Hospital	263
2020	Novant Health Rowan Medical Center	268
2020	Broughton Hospital	297
2020	High Point Regional Health System	300
2020	CarolinaEast Medical Center	350
2020	FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital	361
2020	Central Regional Hospital	405
2020	Gaston Memorial Hospital	435
2020	Atrium Health Cabarrus	457
2020	Moses Cone Hospital	517
2020	Rex Healthcare	560
2020	Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center	624
2020	New Hanover Regional Medical Center	734
2020	Cape Fear Valley Health System	775
2020	WakeMed	787
2020	Carolinas Medical Center	859
2020	Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center	859
2020	Mission Hospital	880
2020	Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center	885
2020	UNC Health Care	914
2020	Duke University Hospital	952
2020	Vidant Medical Center	974

## Appendix E2 Healthcare Facility Group: Long-term Acute Care Hospitals

### **Hospital Name**

Select Specialty Hospital, Greensboro Select Specialty Hospital, Durham Carolinas Specialty Hospital LifeCare Hospitals of North Carolina Kindred Hospital Greensboro Carolinas ContinueCARE Hospital at Kings Mountain Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital Asheville Specialty Hospital

## Appendix E3 Healthcare Facility Group: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities

### **Facility Name**

Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center CarePartners Health Services Carolinas Rehabilitation Carolinas Rehabilitation North East Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly CHS Pineville Rehabilitation