2023

# **Issued August 2023**

# Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

**Reporting Period:** 

January 1, 2022—March 31, 2022

Product of:

NC Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program

Communicable Disease Branch

Division of Public Health

NC Department of Health and Human Services



NC Department of Health and Human Services • Division of Public Health • Communicable Disease

Branch • Medical Consultation Unit • Surveillance for Healthcare Associated and Resistant Pathogens

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# Introduction

The prevention of healthcare-associated infections is a public health priority in North Carolina and is a collaborative effort among the healthcare and public health communities. This healthcare-associated infections report is an important product of this collaboration. Included in this report is information about infections occurring in North Carolina short-term acute care hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities from January 1 through March 31, 2022. Data included in this report are preliminary and therefore subject to change.

This report focuses on six important types of healthcare-associated infections that may occur while patients are hospitalized: central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), surgical site infections (SSI) following abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries, MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), *Clostridioides difficile* laboratory-identified infections (CDI LabID) and ventilator-associated events (VAE). These infections account for a large proportion of infections and deaths attributed to healthcare, but they do not represent the full spectrum of healthcare-associated infections.

This report was prepared by the North Carolina Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated and Resistant Pathogens Patient Safety (SHARPPS) Program located in the Communicable Disease Branch of the Epidemiology Section of the North Carolina Division of Public Health. The NC SHARPPS Program works to eliminate preventable infections in healthcare settings by:

- 1. Conducting statewide surveillance for selected healthcare-associated infections in alliance with Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) reporting rules;
- 2. Providing useful, unbiased information to healthcare providers and consumers;
- 3. Promoting and coordinating prevention efforts; and
- 4. Responding to outbreaks in healthcare settings.

We hope that the information in this report will be useful to healthcare providers and consumers. Data are intended to provide an understanding of the burden of healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina and an opportunity to evaluate infection rates across the state. Prevention tips are also provided so readers can take steps to minimize their risk of acquiring a healthcare-associated infection (Appendix C). We welcome your feedback to improve the usefulness of future reports (nchai@dhhs.nc.gov).

For more information on healthcare-associated infections and the NC SHARPPS Program, please visit <a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html</a>.

# Acknowledgements

The NC SHARPPS Program would like to acknowledge and thank hospital infection preventionists across the state, who work tirelessly to protect patients from infection. These preventionists provided the data used to create this report and worked with their hospital colleagues to identify and reconcile any potential problems with the data. These acknowledgements and gratitude extend to the hospitals. While reporting of healthcare-associated infections is required, their support for healthcare-associated infections reporting and efforts to assure accurate reporting of infections is appreciated. The recent successes in fighting healthcare-associated infections would not have been possible without the continuing efforts, dedication, and collaboration of hospitals and hospital infection preventionists.

The NC SHARPPS Program would also like to recognize the contributions of the Healthcare-Associated Infections Advisory Group members listed in Appendix D.

Finally, the program would like to acknowledge its partners, who have been important leaders and strong supporters of surveillance and prevention programs for healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina. These include the North Carolina Healthcare Association, the North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology, the North Carolina Chapter of the Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, Alliant Quality, and the Adult Care Licensure Section and Nursing Home Licensure and Certification Section of the North Carolina Division of Health Service Regulation.

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### I. Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a variety of organisms – including bacteria, viruses, and fungi – while people are receiving medical care. As part of the effort to reduce such types of infections, hospitals report specific types of HAIs to the NC Division of Public Health (DPH) as required by law (General Statute 130A-150). Since 2012, they have been reporting central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), and surgical site infections (SSI) occurring after inpatient abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries. Beginning in January 2013, short-term acute care hospitals began reporting laboratory-confirmed (LabID) bloodstream infections caused by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) and infections caused by *Clostridioides difficile*. In January 2016, ventilator-associated events (VAE) became reportable in long-term acute care hospitals. MRSA is no longer reportable in long-term acute care hospitals or inpatient rehabilitation facilities as of Q3 2018.

By North Carolina law, hospital reporting requirements are based on the reporting requirements established by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). HAI information is entered into the CDC web-based surveillance system called the National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN). The NC SHARPPS Program works with hospitals on a monthly basis to ensure their data are accurate and timely. All data in NHSN are entered and modified by hospitals; the NC SHARPPS Program cannot enter or change data in NHSN.

To learn more about CLABSIs, CAUTIS, SSIs, MRSA, *C. difficile* and other HAIs, please visit the NC SHARPPS Program website at <a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html</a>. More information on HAIs can be found in Appendix C. In addition to information about specific infections, there is a link to the "Facts and Figures" webpage (<a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html</a>), which includes current and previous reports. The Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document, issued in October 2012 and revised in October 2019, contains background information on HAIs, HAI surveillance in North Carolina, and detailed information on statistics commonly used to describe and summarize HAIs. Subsequent reports, published quarterly, cover timely state-level and facility-specific data on the incidence of HAIs in hospitals across the state, as well as information on the creation and progress of various initiatives to reduce HAIs.

North Carolina Administrative Code rule 10A NCAC 41A .0106 requires hospitals to report the HAIs listed in the CMS Inpatient Prospective Payment System Rule.

# II. Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

# A. Explanation of the Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

Each hospital-specific summary report contains up to eight sections: 1) general hospital information, 2) central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), 3) catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), 4) surgical site infections (SSI) after abdominal hysterectomies and colon surgeries, 5) MRSA laboratory-identified bacteremias (MRSA LabID), 6) *C. difficile* laboratory-identified events (CDI LabID), 7) ventilator-associated events (VAE) and 8) commentary from the hospital. These sections are described below.

These reports cover January 1 through March 31, 2022 and data were downloaded from NHSN on March 27, 2023 unless otherwise indicated; any changes made to the data after the provided date are not reflected in this report.

### Before reviewing this report, a few clarifications about the data need to be made:

- I. The data within this report are <u>preliminary</u>. Although efforts were made by hospitals and the NC SHARPPS Program to ensure that the data were accurate and complete, the data are self-reported and have not been formally "double checked" or validated. Unless data validation is completed, numbers should be interpreted with caution.
- II. There may be differences in reporting practices among hospitals. Hospitals with more infection control personnel and resources may be able to identify and report more infections compared to a hospital with fewer infection control resources.
- III. There may be differences between results published by the NC SHARPPS Program and results published elsewhere (i.e., CMS). Results may differ due to using data from different time periods, different facility types, different patient populations, and/or different methods of analysis.
- IV. The NC SHARPPS Program chose not to present some data for individual hospital units, procedures or hospitals that did not meet a threshold (minimum value) for the reporting period. The minimum threshold numbers are based on CDC recommendations for reporting healthcare-associated infection data:
  - Central line-associated bloodstream infections: 50 central line days;
  - Catheter-associated urinary tract infections: 50 catheter days; and
  - Surgical site infections: 20 surgeries.
- V. The NC SHARPPS Program does not calculate an SIR when the number of predicted infections is less than 1. In these situations, the "How Does this Facility Compare to the National Experience" text states "No conclusion." This does not mean that hospitals failed to report data, or that hospitals did not report all necessary data; it only means that the number of patients, devices (central lines or urinary catheters), and/or procedures that were seen during this time period did not meet the established threshold (minimum value) for calculating an SIR. This minimum threshold is based on CDC recommendations. In other words, there is not enough information to make a reliable conclusion about the hospital's or the state's performance on this measure.
- VI. Laboratory-Identified Events (LabID): Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) bacteremia (blood infection) and *C. difficile* infections (CDI) LabID events rely on laboratory data. Patients did not have to be ill to have a positive result, and a positive result can be determined without requiring clinical information about the patient. This allows for a much less laborintensive means to track CDI and MRSA infections. Only those LabID events that are acquired in the hospital are displayed in this report. The sensitivity of various testing types may vary, particularly for CDI, so hospitals that use more sensitive tests might report more LabID events than hospitals that use less sensitive tests. NHSN makes risk adjustments to account for these differences when calculating SIRs for LabID CDI events.
- VII. Changes in surveillance definitions impact the number of observed and predicted events: In 2015, there were a number of notable changes to surveillance definitions and reporting requirements that should be considered when looking at this report. First, in acute care hospitals, CLABSI and CAUTI reporting was expanded to include the reporting of observed CLABSI and CAUTI infections in adult and pediatric medical, surgical, and medical/surgical ward locations in addition to ongoing ICU reporting. Secondly, the CAUTI surveillance definition was restricted to include only urine cultures with a colony count of at least 100,000 colony forming units per milliliter (CFU/mI) for at least one type of bacteria and to exclude pathogen results with only yeast, mold, dimorphic fungi, or parasites.

#### 1. General Hospital Information

This section contains general information about the hospital and includes a map of where the hospital (red star icon) is located in North Carolina. Data in this section are from the NHSN 2021 Annual Hospital Survey. If a 2021 survey had not been completed by the date of report, data from the NHSN 2020 Annual Hospital Survey were used.

#### 2. HAI Information

A list of reporting hospitals by facility category can be found in Appendix E.

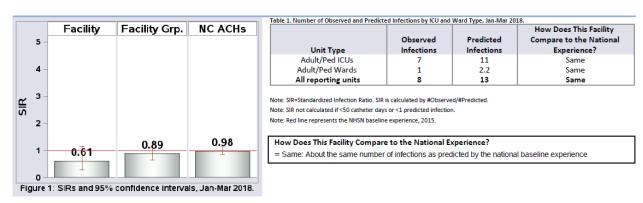
#### a) Below is a list of all variables shown in the data tables and figures:

- **Title:** The title of the table gives you information about the infection type, time period, and facility unit(s)/group(s) included in the table.
- **Procedure Type:** This is the specific type of surgery for which the surgical site infection (SSI) data are presented (e.g., abdominal hysterectomy, colon surgery).
- Unit/Unit Type: This is the specific unit/type of unit in the hospital from which the data was collected. There may be more than one reporting unit for a given facility HAI (specifically for CLABSI and CAUTI), such as multiple intensive care units. The hospital-specific report tables will summarize the year-to-date total across all reporting units in the hospital.
- Observed Infections (or Observed Events): This is the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) reported by the facility.
- **Predicted Infections (or Predicted Events):** This is a calculated value that reflects the number of infections (or events, for LabID measures) that we have "predicted" to occur in this facility, based on the national experience.
- "How Does the Facility Compare to the National Experience?" Colors and symbols are used to help you quickly understand and interpret the hospital's data. This is the "take-home message" about healthcare-associated infections in this facility.
  - ★ Indicates the facility had fewer infections than were predicted (better than the national experience) = Indicates the facility had about the same number of infections as were predicted (same as the national experience)
  - **≭** Indicates the facility had more infections than were predicted (worse than the national experience)

**No Conclusion:** Indicates that the facility reported data, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison to the national experience (# of predicted infections was less than 1).

- Facility Group: Short-term acute care hospitals are grouped with similarly-sized facilities, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities and long-term acute care hospitals are grouped together. This allows readers to compare a facility's SIR to the SIR of similarly-sized facilities within North Carolina.
- Note: Footnotes are included in the report in order to bring important data caveats to the reader's attention.

Figure 1. Example of Hospital-Specific Report Table and Figure



- b) SIR Represented by the bars in each graph.
  - SIR = number of observed infections / numbers of predicted infections based on the national baseline experience
  - SIR is calculated for each HAI at each facility
  - The SIR is considered a "best guess" or estimate of observed infections compared to those predicted during January 1, 2022 March 31, 2022
- c) 95% confidence intervals for the SIR Represented by the skinny, vertical red lines in each figure.

Data in this section represent a lower and a higher limit around the SIR; together these limits create an interval. It means we are statistically 95% confident the SIR estimate falls within this interval. Wider bars indicate less confidence in the SIR estimate.

#### How to understand the 95% confidence intervals:

- If the value of <u>1.0</u> is included between the lower and upper limit, there is NO statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- If the value of <u>1.0 is NOT included</u> between the lower and upper limit, there IS a statistically significant difference between the number of observed and predicted infections.
- d) NHSN Baseline (i.e., national experience) Represented by the solid, horizontal red line in each figure.
  - The NHSN baseline is the number of predicted infections based on the national experience
  - The NHSN baseline year is 2015 for all HAIs.

# 3. Commentary from Hospital

This section includes hospital comments on their HAI data and current infection control activities. Hospitals can provide a link to their hospital website to provide lengthier comments.

#### **Statistics**

For a detailed explanation of statistics included in the HAI reports, see the Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina - Reference Document which was revised October 2019 (<a href="http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html">http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html</a>). Explanations on concepts such as statistical significance and computation of measures including rates and standardized infection ratios (SIRs) are provided.

#### Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 3,910 Patient Days in 2021: 18,140 Total Number of Beds: 103 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.97

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

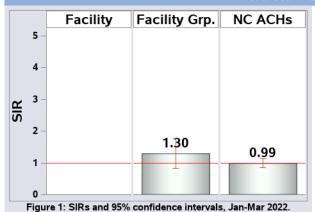


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

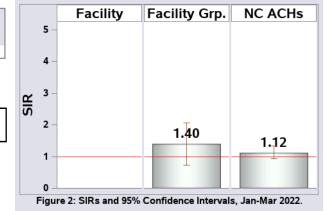
able 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

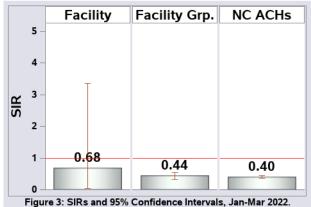


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Advent Health Hendersonville, Hendersonville, Henderson County

# Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

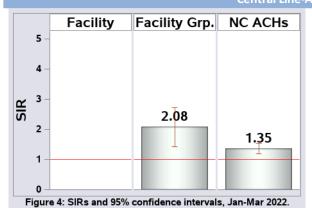


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

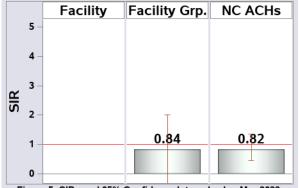


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

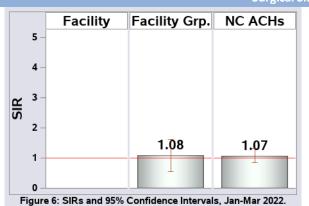


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information

ZOZI HOSPILAI SAIVC	y initorination
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	12,355
Patient Days in 2021:	51,676
Total Number of Beds:	238
Number of ICU Beds:	32
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.63

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

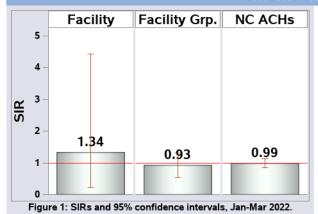


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	1.0	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	1.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

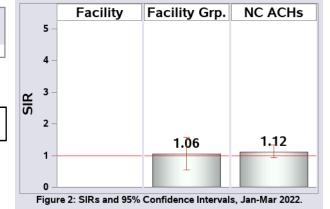
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

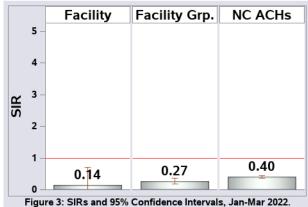


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	le 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	6.9	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

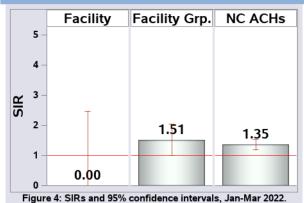


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	1.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.						
How Does This Facility						
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

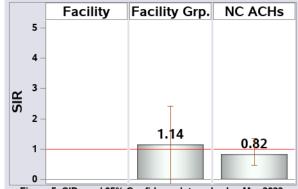


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

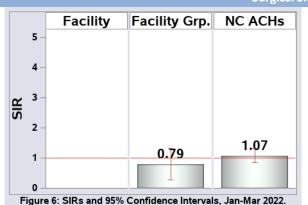


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate
Admissions in 2021: 3,633
Patient Days in 2021: 14,040
Total Number of Beds: 53
Number of ICU Beds: 8
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.50
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.94

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

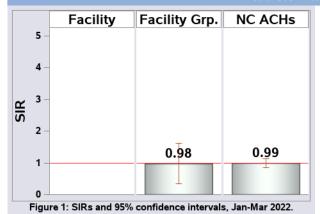


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

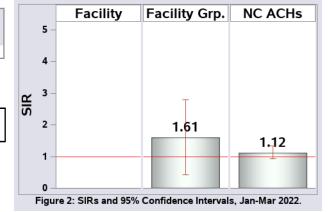
	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
How Does This Facility							
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

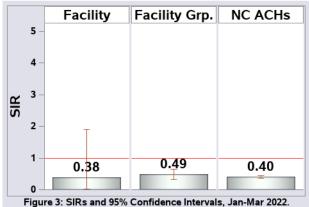


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	2.6	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

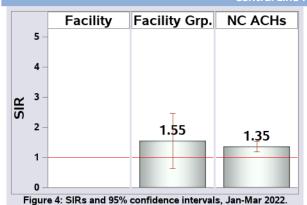


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

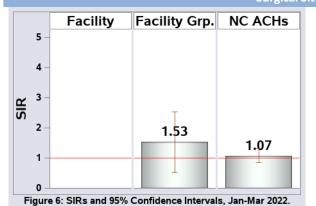


 Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Wai 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

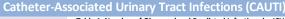
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 6,701 Patient Days in 2021: 21,457 Total Number of Beds: 117 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.71

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

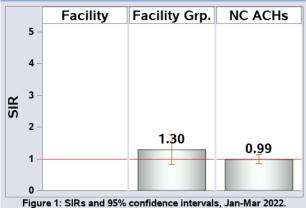


Table 1. Number of Observed and Pred	icted infections by ICO and	ward Type, Jan-Iviar 20.	How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

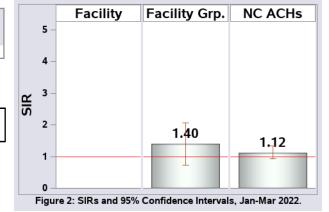
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022							
	How Does This Facility						
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion				

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

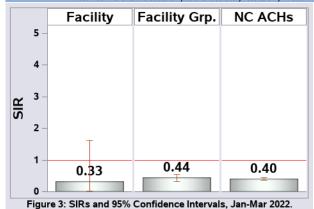


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	3.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

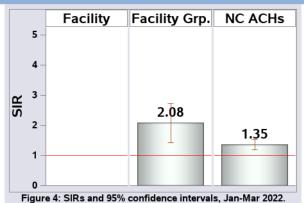


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

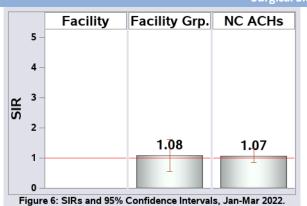


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	urgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 306 Patient Days in 2021: 9,068 Total Number of Beds: 34 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.63 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Facility** NC LTACs 5 SIR 0.18

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Reporting ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion No Conclusion Reporting Wards 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

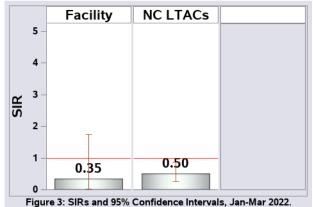


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	2.8	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: May 16, 2023 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

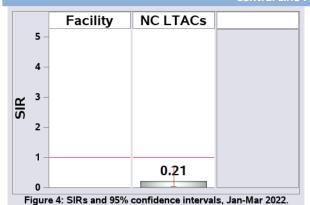


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Intections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Reporting ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Reporting Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 24,775 Patient Days in 2021: 150,368 Total Number of Beds: 457 Number of ICU Beds: 74 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.66

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5 –			
4 -			
공 3 -			
2 –			
1 -	T	0.85	0.99
	0. <mark>2</mark> 1	_	
0 —			

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predic	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	2.6	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	2.2	Same	
All reporting units	1	4.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

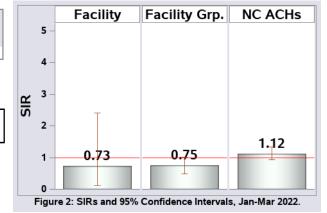
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	2	2.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

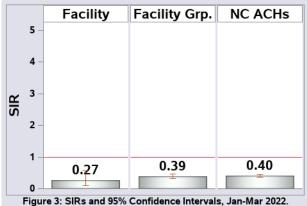


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	6	22	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Atrium Health Cabarrus, Concord, Cabarrus County



Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	5	1.8	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	1.7	Same	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	7	3.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

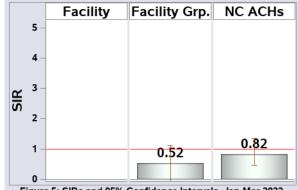


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

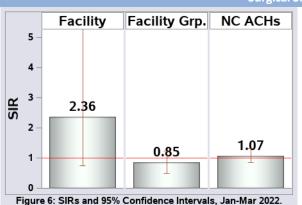


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	4	1.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 5,635 Patient Days in 2021: 24,683 Total Number of Beds: 101 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.74

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

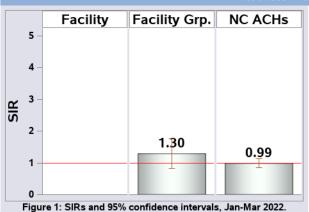


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicte	d infections by ico and	waru Type, Jan-Iviai 202	44.
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

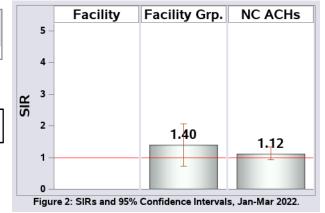
able 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Wai 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

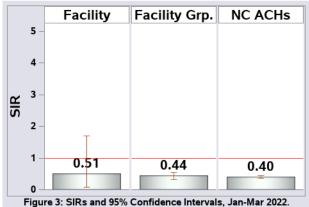


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	2	3.9	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Atrium Health Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

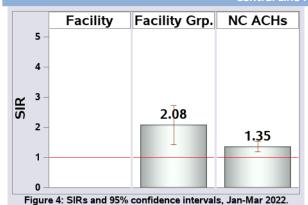


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

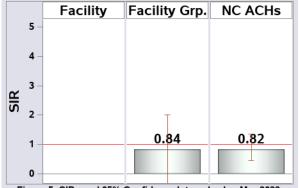


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

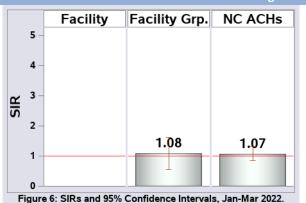


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 4,300 Patient Days in 2021: 21,434 Total Number of Beds: 109 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.92

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

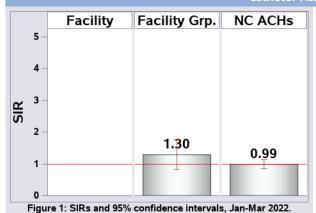


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

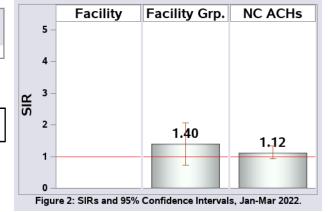
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

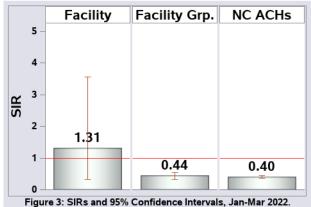


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	3	2.3	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Atrium Health Stanly, Albemarle, Stanly County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

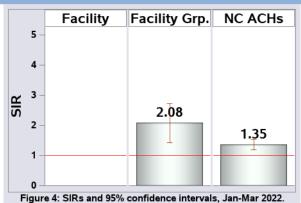


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

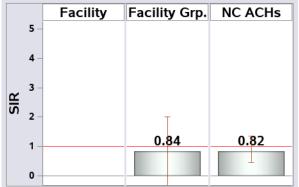


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

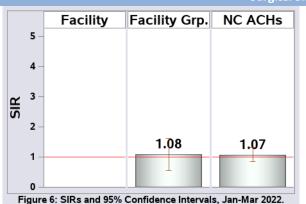


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 8,625 Patient Days in 2021: 37,096 Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 15 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.75

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

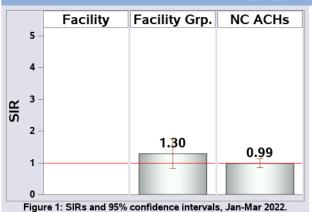


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

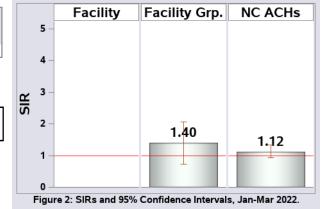
able 2. Halliber of Observed and Fredeted Wilder Events, July Wal 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

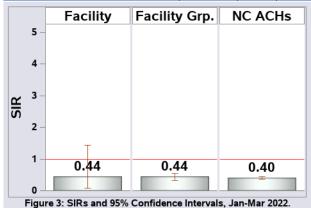


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	2	4.6	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### Atrium Health University City, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

# **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

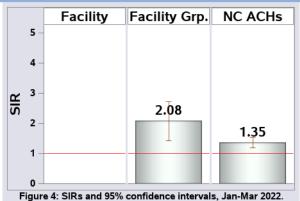


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

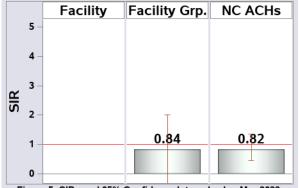


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

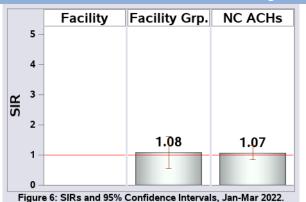


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

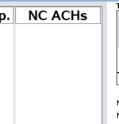
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County**

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 3,659 Patient Days in 2021: 17,082 Total Number of Beds: 87 Number of ICU Beds: 6 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.72

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# **Facility** Facility Grp. 5 4 SIR 2 0.98 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

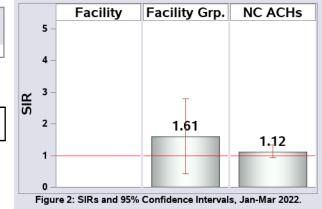
Table 2: Halliber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, Juli Wal 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

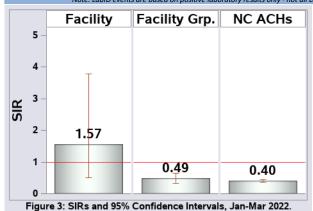


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	4	2.6	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Betsy Johnson Hospital, Dunn, Harnett County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

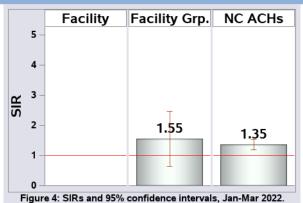


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

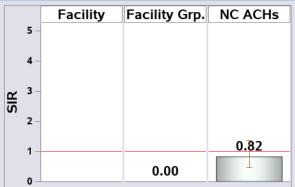


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

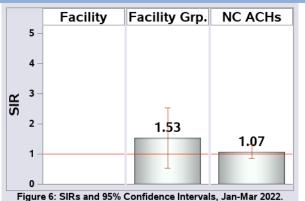


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County**

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 203 Patient Days in 2021: 79,667 Total Number of Beds: 265 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.94

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

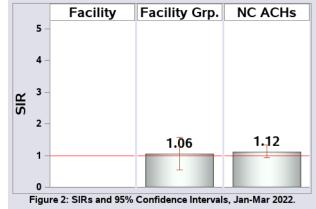
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-War 2022					
				How Does This Facility		
1		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
-	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

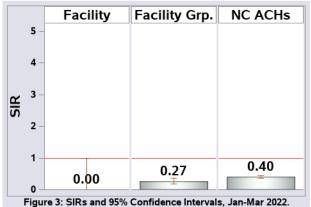


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	3.0	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Broughton Hospital, Morganton, Burke County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream	Infections	(CLABSI
-------------------------------------	------------	---------

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

# **Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

# **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center, Rocky Mount, Nash County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2021: 477 Patient Days in 2021: 6,344 Total Number of Beds: 23 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

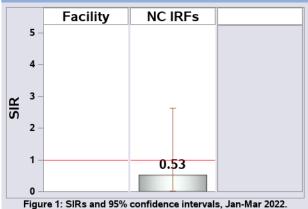


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iwar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

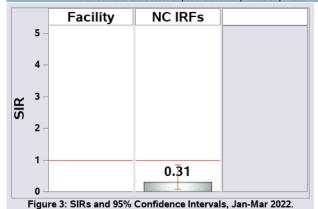


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center, Rocky Mount, Nash County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,996 Patient Days in 2021: 22,657 Total Number of Beds: 136 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.74

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 SIR 1.29 1.30 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

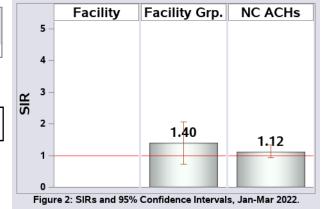
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

Table Elitariber of Observed and Fredricks (Milor Events) sair mai Even					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

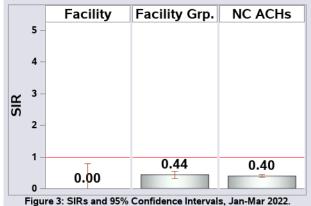


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	3.8	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

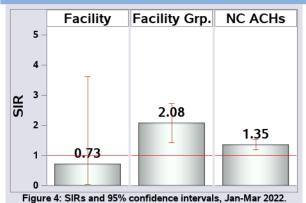


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	1.4	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

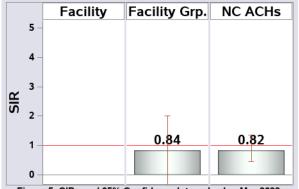


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

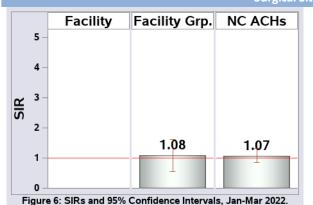


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 38,472 Patient Days in 2021: 177,495 Total Number of Beds: 775 Number of ICU Beds: 69 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 5.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.71

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 1.43 0.99 0.85 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	5	2.9	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.3	Same	
All reporting units	6	4.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

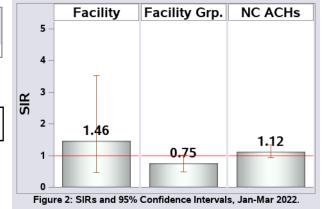
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed MRSA Events, Jan-Ma	r 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide innatient	4	2.7	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

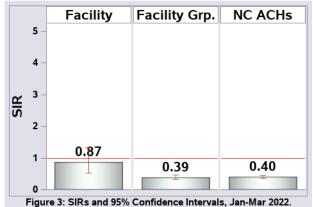


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	18	21	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

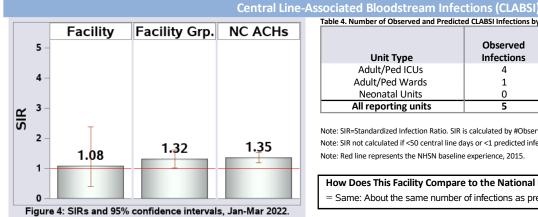


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	Compare to the National Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	4	3.1	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.4	Same	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	5	4.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

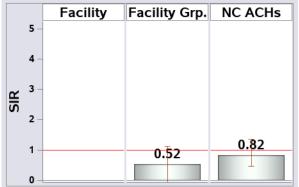


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

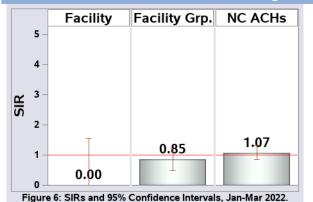


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County

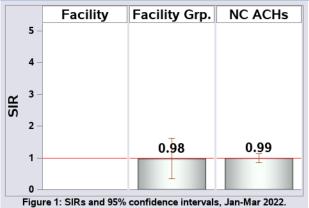
No comments provided

2021 Hospital Sur	vey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	No
Admissions in 2021:	1,277
Patient Days in 2021:	3,305
Total Number of Beds:	49
Number of ICU Beds:	4
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.08
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.15









**How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

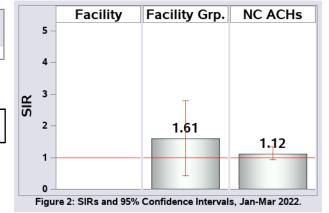
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

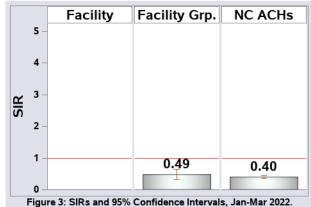


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Cape Fear Valley Hoke Hospital, Raeford, Hoke County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

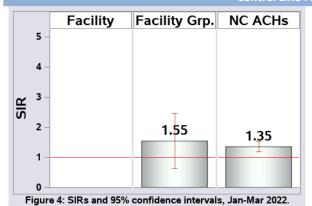


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility Admissions in 2021: 1.113

Patient Days in 2021: 15,482 Total Number of Beds: 78 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

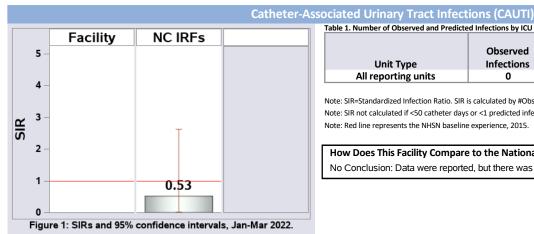


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
	How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

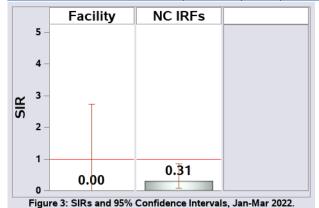


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
		How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2021: 1,533
Patient Days in 2021: 1,533
Total Number of Beds: 80
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.94

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

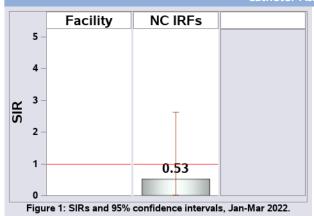


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

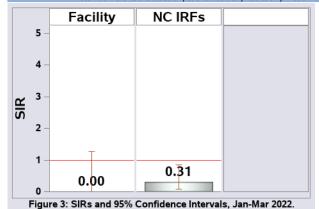


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



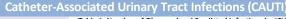
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 14,119 Patient Days in 2021: 71,175 Total Number of Beds: 350 Number of ICU Beds: 33 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.86

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

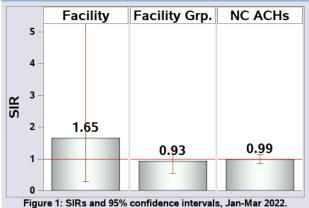


Table 1. Numbe	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adı	ult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adu	lt/Ped Wards	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All re	eporting units	2	1.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

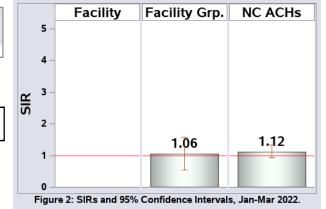
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

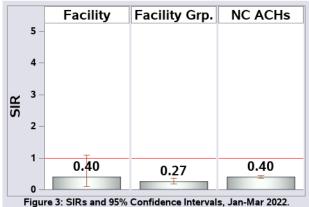


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	3	7.4	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

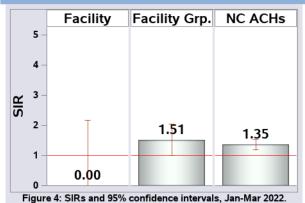


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	1.4	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

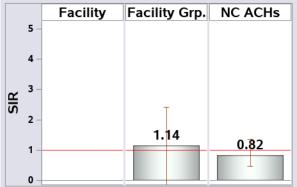


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

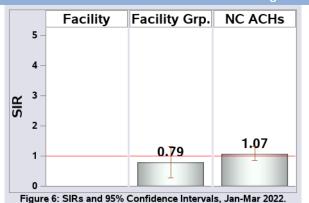


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: Patient Days in 2021: 1,864

Total Number of Beds: 15 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.33

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 2 0.98 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

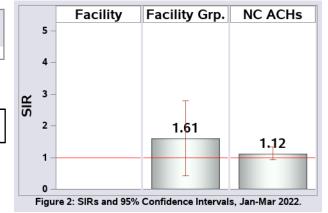
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

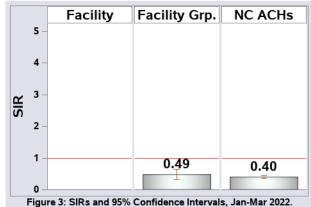


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

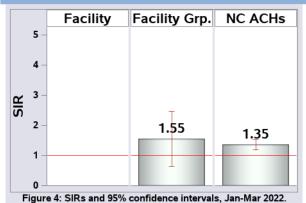
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Carolinas Healthcare System Anson, Wadesboro, Anson County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**



Tab	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 10,456 Patient Days in 2021: 53,903 Total Number of Beds: 241 Number of ICU Beds: 18 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.41

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 0.99 0.93 0.61Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predict	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	1	1.6	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

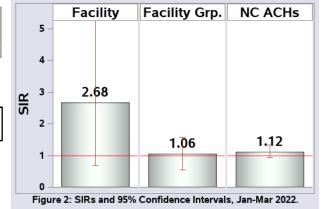
- 4	Table 2. Halliber of Observed and Fredeted Willow Events, Juli Wal 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
1		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
1	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	3	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

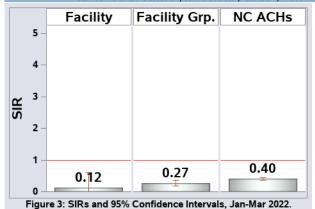


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	8.1	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Carolinas Healthcare System Cleveland, Shelby, Cleveland County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

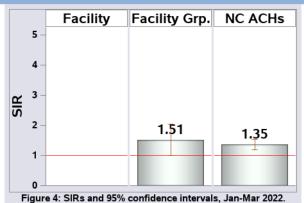


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

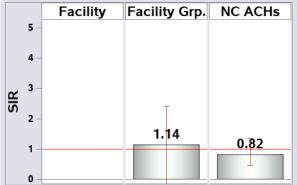


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

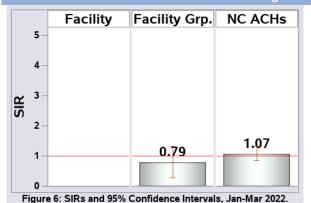


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 40,424 Patient Days in 2021: 298,298 Total Number of Beds: 872 Number of ICU Beds: 219 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 7.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.86

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

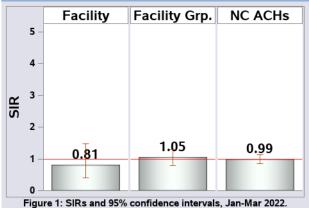


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predic	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	8	9.0	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	1	2.1	Same		
All reporting units	9	11	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

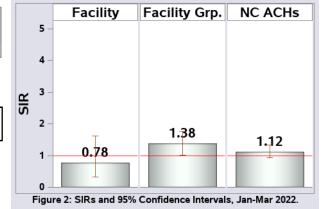
able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted MinsA Events, Jan-Mai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	6	7.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

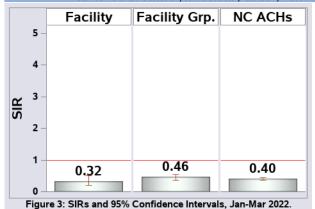


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	17	53	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

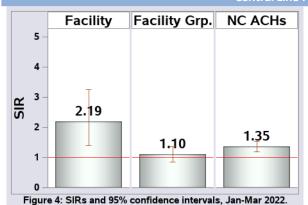


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	12	5.6	Worse
Adult/Ped Wards	7	2.7	Worse
Neonatal Units	3	1.8	Same
All reporting units	22	10	Worse

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

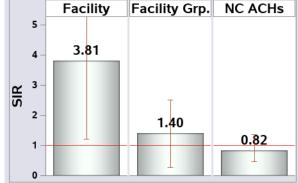


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

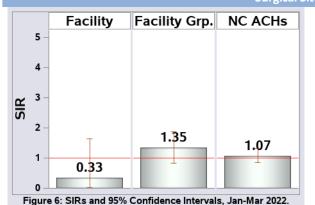


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	3.0	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 10,868 Patient Days in 2021: 56,350 Total Number of Beds: 207 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.97

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

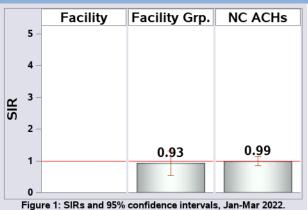


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

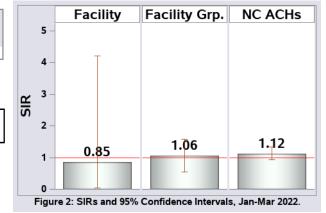
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed MRSA Events, Jan-Ma	r 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

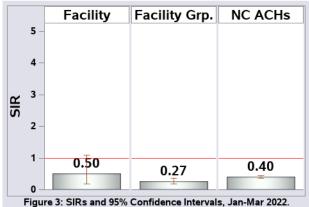
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



Fable 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	5	10	Same		

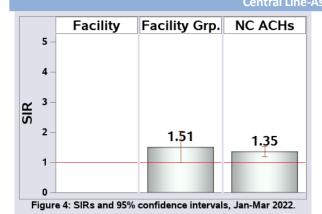
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

# Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



Tab	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 18,762 Patient Days in 2021: 82,232 Total Number of Beds: 252 Number of ICU Beds: 40 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.79

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

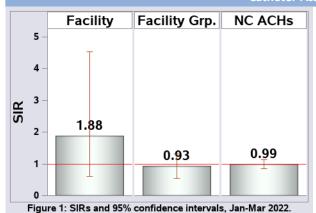


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predict	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	1.0	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	2	1.1	Same		
All reporting units	4	2.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

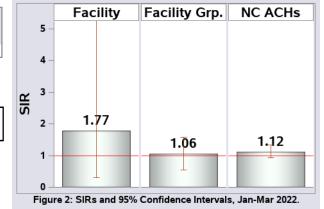
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed MRSA Events, Jan-Ma	r 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide innationt	2	1 1	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

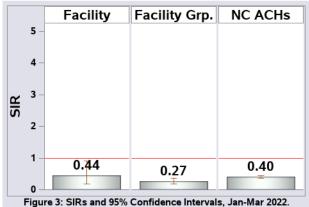


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	6	14	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

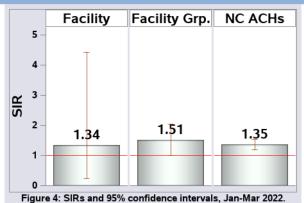


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	1.5	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

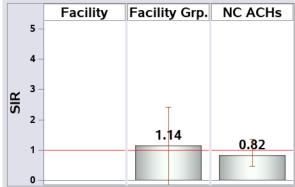


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

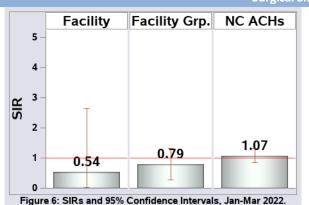


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.9	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 8,503 Patient Days in 2021: 45,906 Total Number of Beds: 182 Number of ICU Beds: 14 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.55

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

	Fac	ility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5	_			
4				
SIR 3	-	T		
2			1.30	
1				0.99
0	0.	00		

Table 1. Number of Observed and Fredicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-War 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	1.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

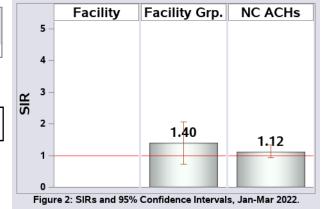
Table 2: Namber of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, sun Mai 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

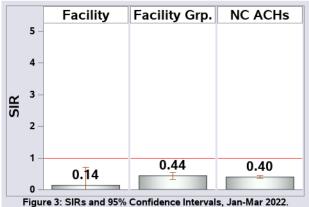


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022							
			How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide inpatient	1	6.9	Better				

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

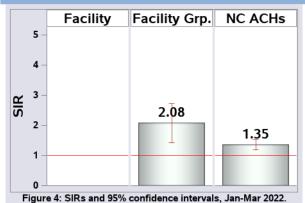


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	4	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	5	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

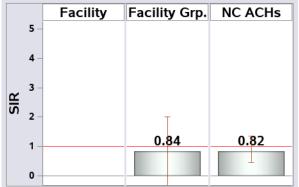


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

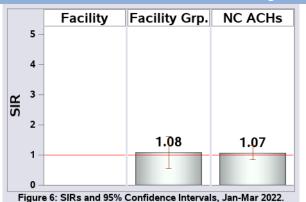


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

No comments provided

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2021: 1.260 Patient Days in 2021: 19,117 Total Number of Beds: 70 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.11

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



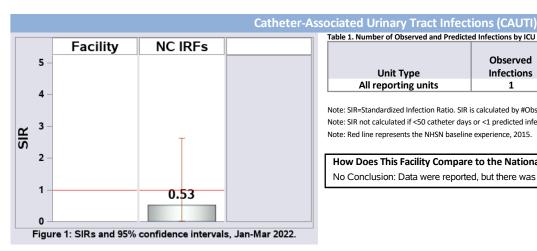


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

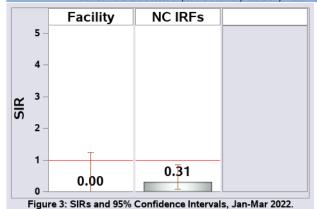


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.4	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

# **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly, Belmont, Gaston County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2021: 779
Patient Days in 2021: 10,747
Total Number of Beds: 40
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.10
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.25

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

			Catheter-As
	Facility	NC IRFs	
5 –			
4 –			
R 3 -		т	
2 –			
1-		0.53	
0 Figure	e 1: SIRs and 95%	confidence intervals	s. Jan-Mar 2022.

# Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. Observed Predicted Compare to the National Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

ociated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

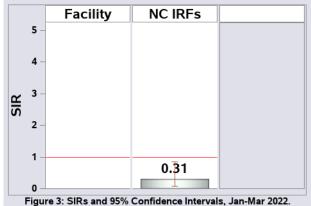
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs. Jan-Mar 2022



			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly, Belmont, Gaston County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Two II III N.C. Division of Fabilit. 3313 are not reportable at this facility type
Survival Sita Infactions (SSI) often Colon Surveying
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Carolinas Rehabilitation North East, Concord, Cabarrus County

#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility 733

Admissions in 2021: Patient Days in 2021: 10,457 Total Number of Beds: 40 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) **Facility** NC IRFs 5 SIR 0.53 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

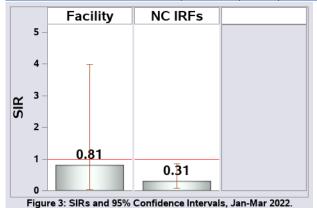


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.2	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carolinas Rehabilitation North East, Concord, Cabarrus County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Two II III N.C. Division of Fabilit. 3313 are not reportable at this facility type
Survival Sita Infactions (SSI) often Colon Surveying
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

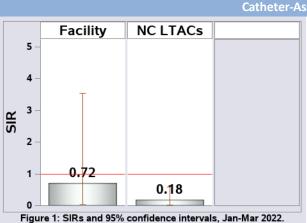
#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 357 Patient Days in 2021: 10,280 Total Number of Beds: 40 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting Wards	1	1.4	Same		
All reporting units	1	1.4	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

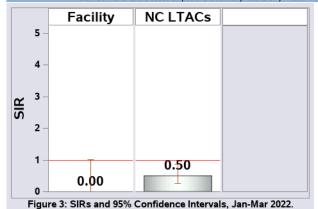


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	3.0	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

	Facility	NC LTACs					
5							
4							
SIR 3							
2							
1							
		0.21					
Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.							

Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 6,652 Patient Days in 2021: 26,068 Total Number of Beds: 76 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.97

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

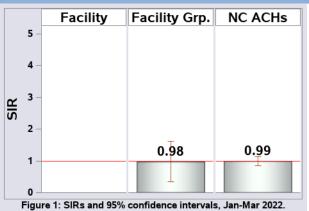


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

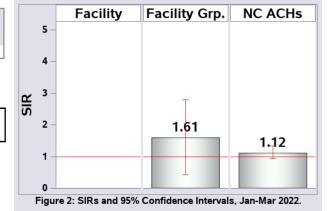
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022							
			How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion				

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

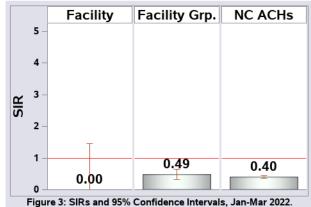


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County

# Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

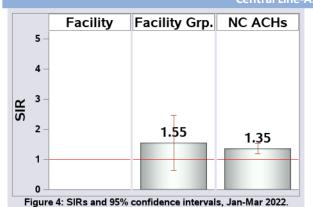


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

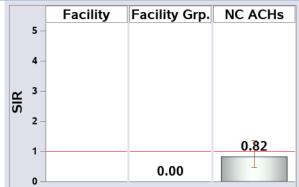


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

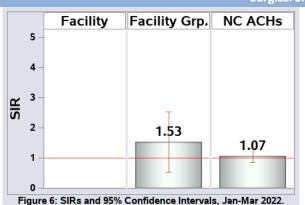


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

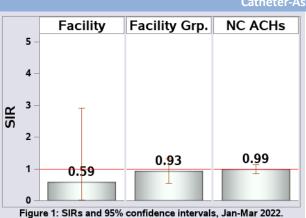
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 13,207 Patient Days in 2021: 58,632 Total Number of Beds: 253 Number of ICU Beds: 36 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.79

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	1.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

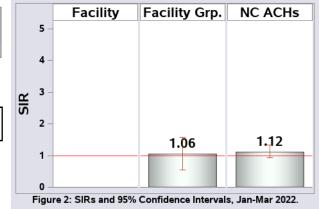
able 2. Hamber of observed and recalcica filmon events, fair fillar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



**How Does This Facility** 

Compare to the National

Experience?

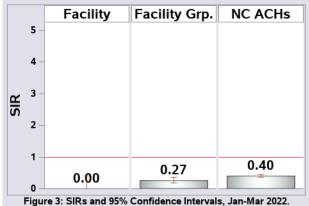
Better

# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

**Unit Type** 

**Facility-wide inpatient** 

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness. Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022



Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by $\#Observed/\#Predicted$ .
Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

Observed

**Events** 

0

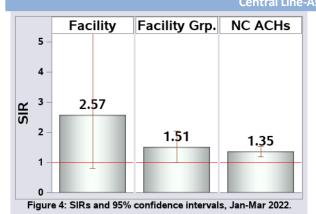
Predicted

**Events** 

7.3

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

# **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**



Fable 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	4	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	4	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

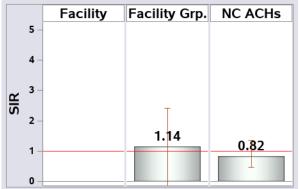


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

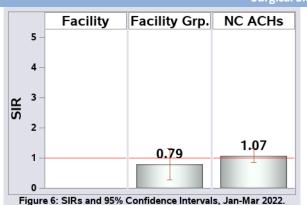


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,260 Patient Days in 2021: 13,933 Total Number of Beds: 89 Number of ICU Beds: 9 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.25 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.28

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5 –			
4 -			
<u>공</u> 3 –			
<b>o</b> 2 –		_	
1		0.98	0.99
0		1	

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predic	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

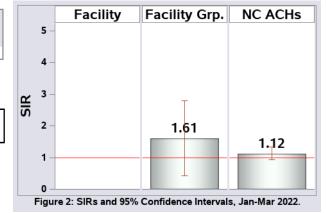
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicte	a ivilian Everita, Jan-ivia	1 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

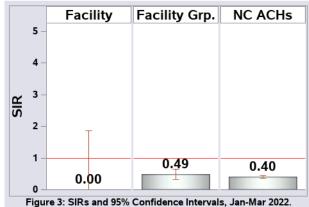


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

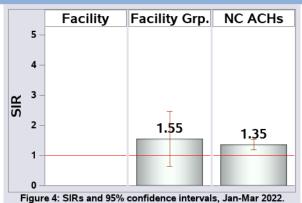


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

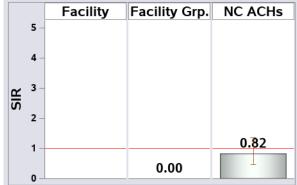


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

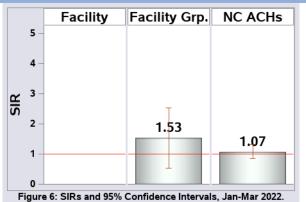


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed SSI Infections (colon s	urgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 2,070 Patient Days in 2021: 9,269 Total Number of Beds: 44 Number of ICU Beds: 8 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.70 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.59

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

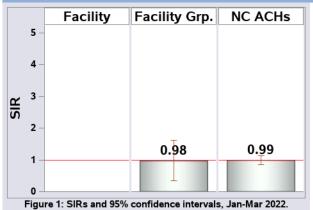


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predi	ted infections by ico and	waru Type, Jan-Iviar 20.	22.
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

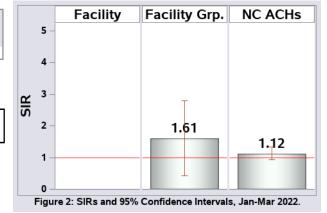
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022							
			How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion				

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

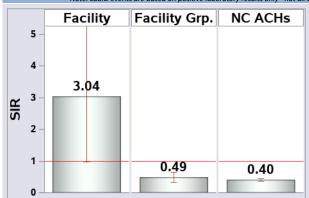


Figure 3: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	umber of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	4	1.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Central Harnett Hospital, Lillington, Harnett County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

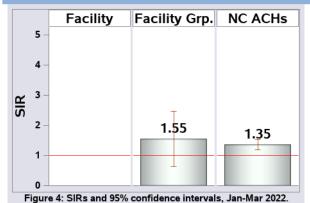


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predict		Jo una Traia i ype, saii i	How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

### Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 583 Patient Days in 2021: 113,739 405 Total Number of Beds: Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 0.49

Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: [\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

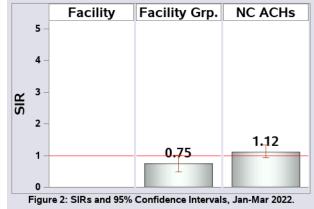
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

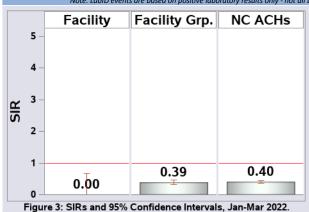


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	4.5	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Central Regional Hospital, Butner, Granville County

Control Line 1	lecasiated D	La a datua a wa Lud	ia atia ma l	CLADEL
Central Line- <i>i</i>	ASSOCIATED B	loodstream Inf	rections i	CLABSII

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

### **Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 469 Patient Days in 2021: 4,141 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 11.1

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



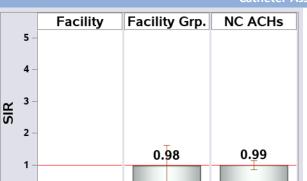


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

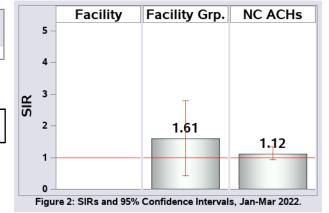
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

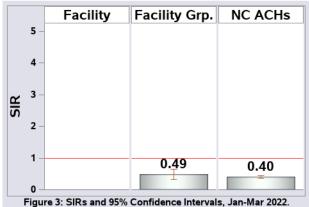


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Cherokee Indian Hospital, Cherokee, Swain County

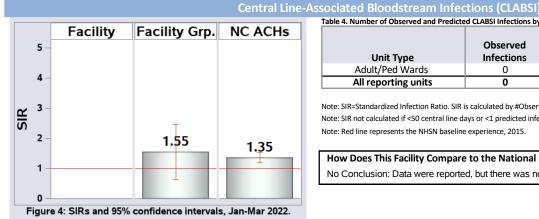


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Specialty Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 414 70,294 Patient Days in 2021: Total Number of Beds: 259 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.77

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CAUTI during this time period

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

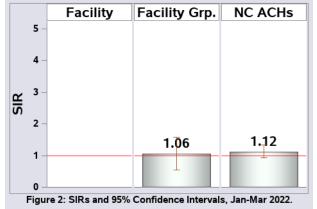
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Ivial 2022						
				How Does This Facility			
1		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
-	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

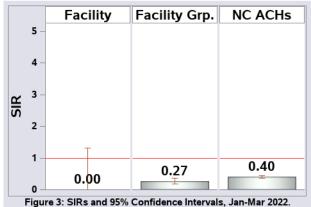


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Cherry Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream	Infections	(CLABSI
-------------------------------------	------------	---------

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report CLABSI during this time period

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

### **Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility

Admissions in 2021: 668 Patient Days in 2021: 9,318 Total Number of Beds: 29 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.08 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.26

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

			Catheter-As
	Facility	NC IRFs	
5 –			
4 -			
<u>유</u> 3 –		Т	
2 –			
1		0.53	
0			

#### Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted **Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? All reporting units No Conclusion Less than 1.0

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

ociated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

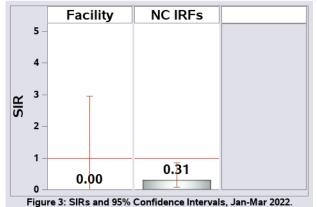


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.0	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Report Generated: July 3, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

# CHS Pineville Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: CLABSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)** Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

### Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,989 Patient Days in 2021: 22,733 Total Number of Beds: 70 Number of ICU Beds: 9 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.90 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.29

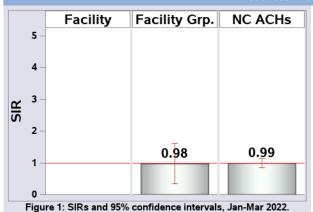
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Columbus Regional Healthcare System. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)



Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

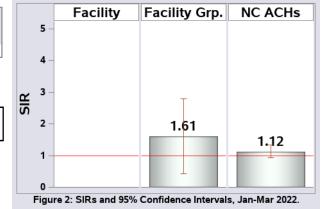
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

 ${\tt Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted.}$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

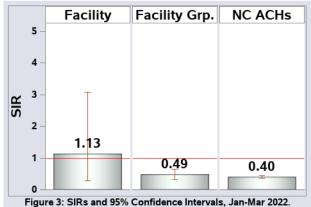


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	2.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

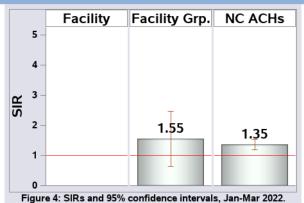


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

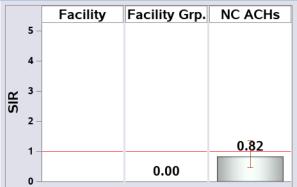


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

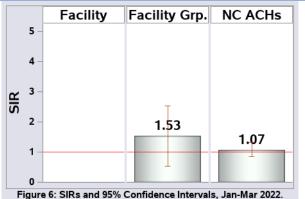


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

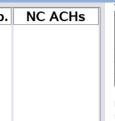
No comments provided

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 3,306 Patient Days in 2021: 17,902 Total Number of Beds: 93 Number of ICU Beds: 8 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.08

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

		Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs				
	5 –							
	4 –							
SIR	3 –							
0,	2 -							
	1 –		0.98	0.99				
	0 -			_				
	Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.							

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

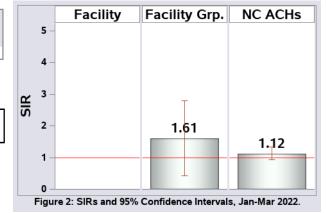
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WRSA Events, Jan-War 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

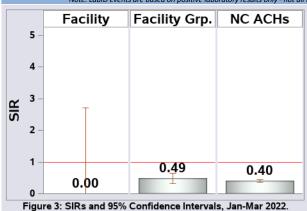


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.1	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

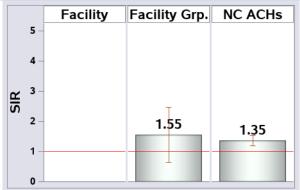


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
	All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

•	able 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.						
				How Does This Facility			
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

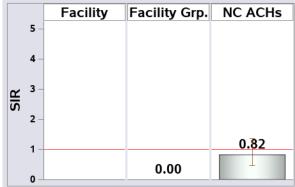


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

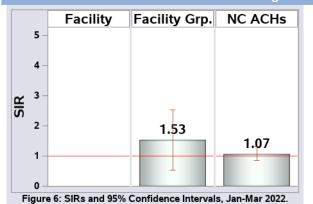


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### DLP - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,669 Patient Days in 2021: 14,237 Total Number of Beds: 78 Number of ICU Beds: 13 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.80 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.03

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

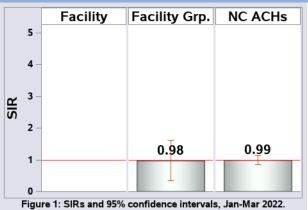


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

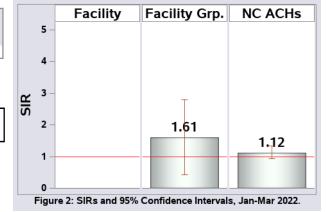
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

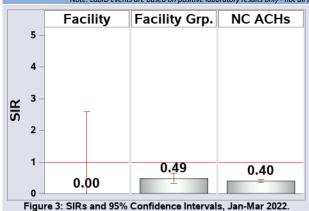


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

DLP - Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

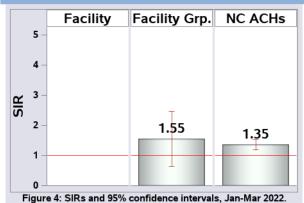


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

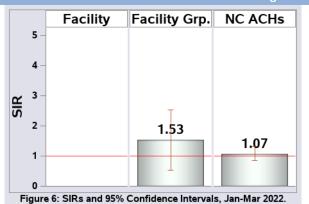
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



able 6. Number of Observed and Predicte	a ssi infections (coion s	urgeries), Jan-Iviar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
	Unit Type	Observed Unit Type Infections	Unit Type Infections Infections

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

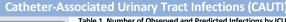
### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County**

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 13,896 Patient Days in 2021: 56,944 Total Number of Beds: 186 Number of ICU Beds: 28 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.34

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

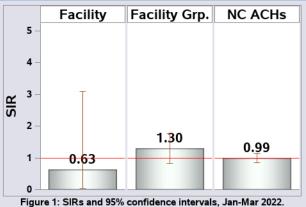


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

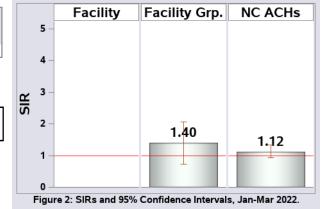
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

and a realistic or observed and recalced ratios are also pain that a company				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

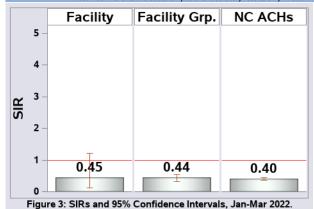


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	6.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

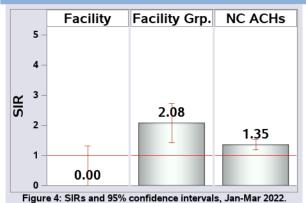


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	1.8	Same	
All reporting units	0	2.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

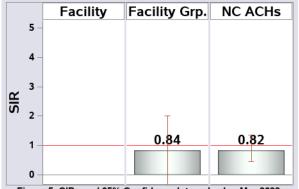


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

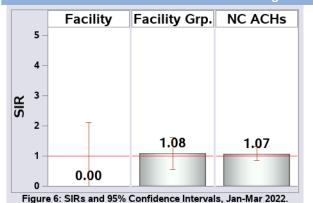


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County**

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 23,528 Patient Days in 2021: 98,145 Total Number of Beds: 252 Number of ICU Beds: 31 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 4.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.59

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

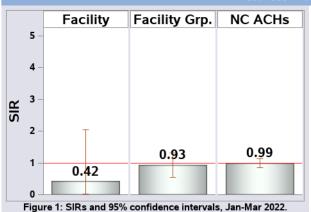


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	1.1	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.3	Same	
All reporting units	1	2.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

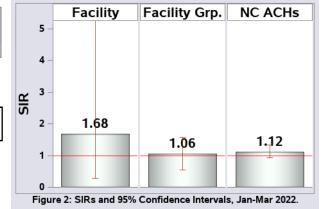
able 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted WK3A Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

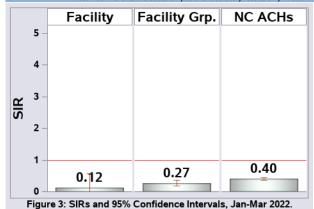


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	8.7	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Duke Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County

### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

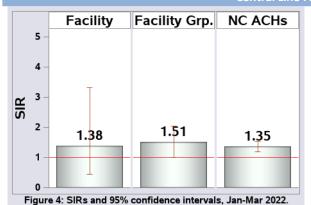


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	1.1	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	3	1.8	Same	
All reporting units	4	2.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

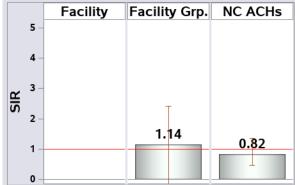


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

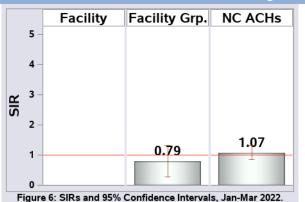


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County**

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 48,255 Patient Days in 2021: 330,206 Total Number of Beds: 1,048 Number of ICU Beds: 264 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 13.9 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.32

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5 -	-		
4 -			
SIS 3	_		
2 -	_		
1 -	1.12	1.05	0.99
0 - Figu			

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	11	12	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	7	4.2	Same		
All reporting units	18	16	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

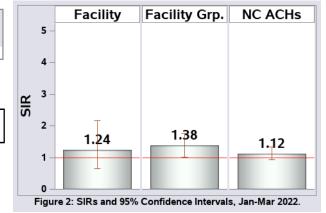
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	11	8.9	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

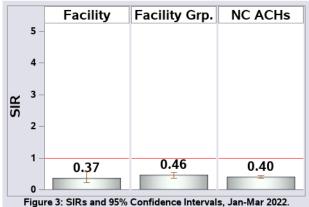


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	16	43	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

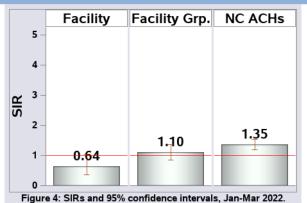


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	9	11	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	5	8.9	Same
Neonatal Units	0	2.3	Same
All reporting units	14	22	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

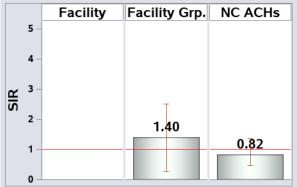


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

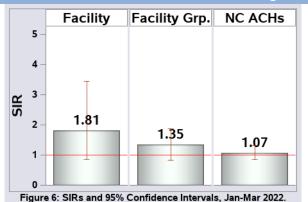


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	8	4.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### **ECU Health Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County**

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 3,655 Patient Days in 2021: 15,124 Total Number of Beds: 77 Number of ICU Beds: 11 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.30

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5 –			
4 –			
<u>공</u> 3 –			
2 –		_	
1-		0.98	0.99
0		1	

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

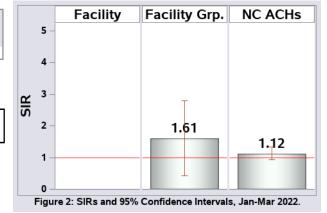
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

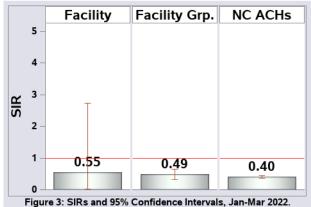


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.8	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### **ECU Health Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County**

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

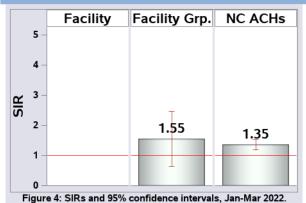


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

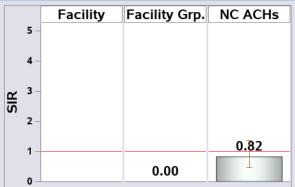


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

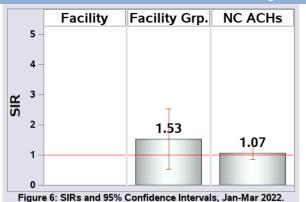


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 ECU Health Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 295 Patient Days in 2021: 1,334 Total Number of Beds: 89 Number of ICU Beds: 9 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.13 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.26

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

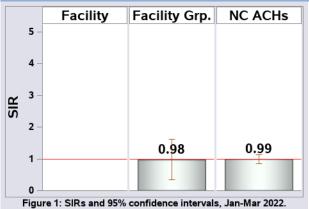


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

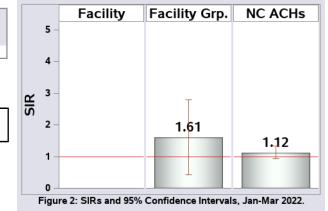
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
	How Does This Facility					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

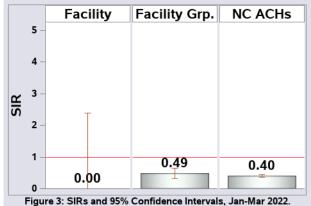


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 ECU Health Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

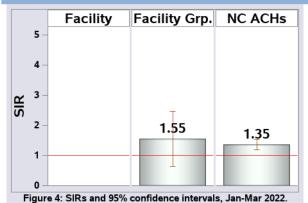


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

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			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

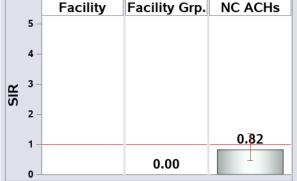


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 ECU Health Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 3,516 Patient Days in 2021: 14,011 Total Number of Beds: 111 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.90

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

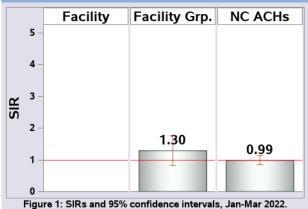


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

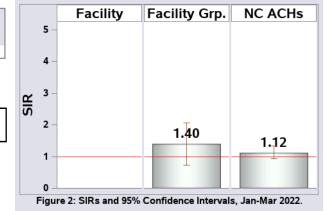
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

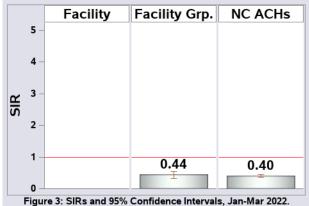


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### ECU Health Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

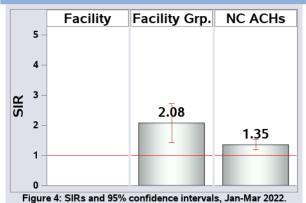


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

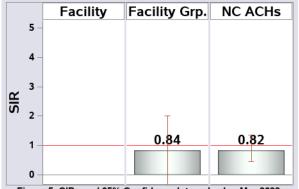


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

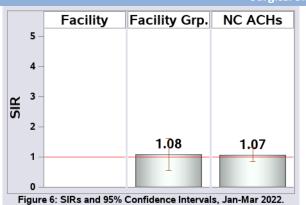


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### ECU Health Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major

Admissions in 2021: 43,100 Patient Days in 2021: 263,644 Total Number of Beds: 1,039 Number of ICU Beds: 190 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 7.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.72

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

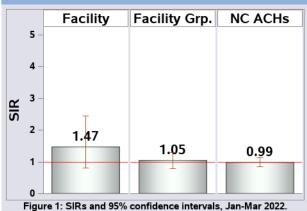


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	8	6.4	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	5	2.5	Same	
All reporting units	13	8.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

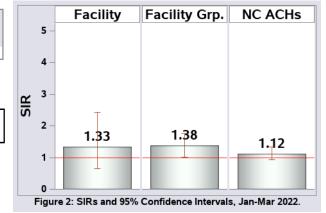
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	9	6.8	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

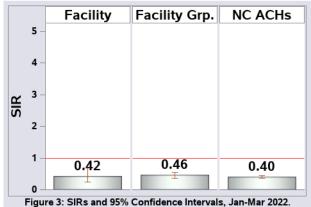


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	14	33	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 ECU Health Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

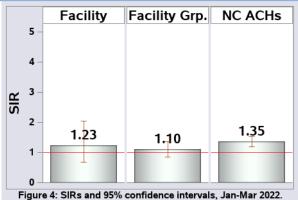


Table	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Adult/Ped ICUs	8	5.0	Same
	Adult/Ped Wards	5	4.8	Same
	Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
	All reporting units	13	11	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### = Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

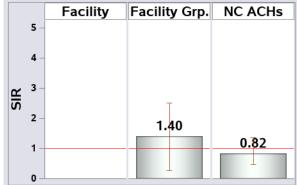


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

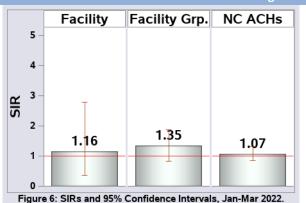


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	4	3.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

### ECU Health North Hospital, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 4,958 Patient Days in 2021: 27,425 Total Number of Beds: 96 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.04

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 2 0.98 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

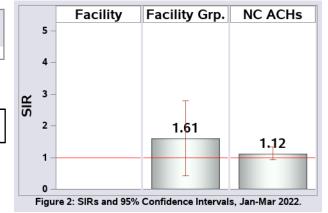
Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredeted Wilds Events, sair that 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

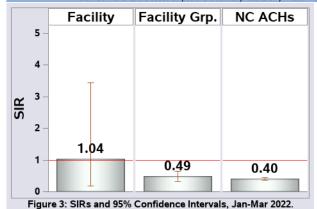


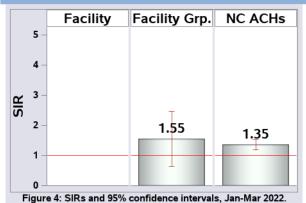
Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 ECU Health North Hospital, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**



able 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

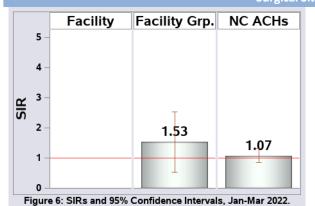


	Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgenes), Jan-Ivial 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
П		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
П	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
L	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### ECU Health Roanoke-Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 4,888 Patient Days in 2021: 24,005 Total Number of Beds: 114 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.88

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 2 1.30 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

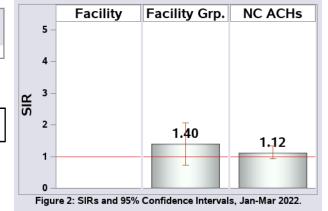
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Wai 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

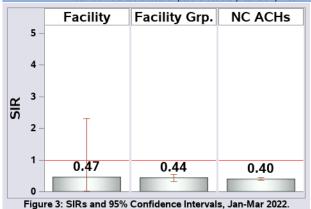


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	2.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

### ECU Health Roanoke-Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

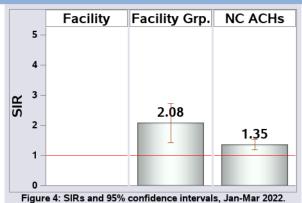


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

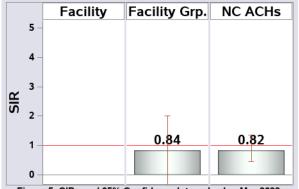


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

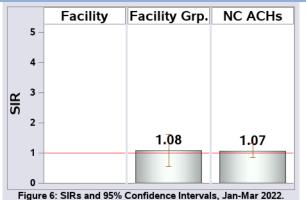


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed SSI Infections (colon s	urgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 22,479 Patient Days in 2021: 104,347 Total Number of Beds: 362 Number of ICU Beds: 57 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.97

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

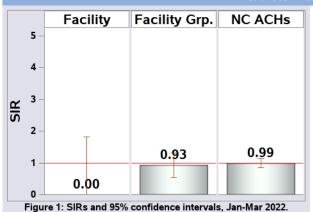


Table 1. Number of Observed and Fredicted infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mai 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	1.2	Same	
All reporting units	0	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

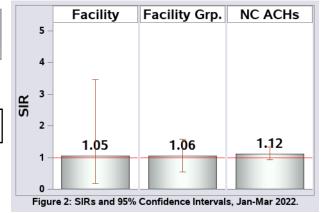
able 2. Nulliber of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

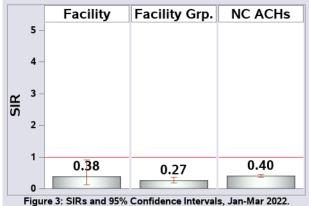


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ble 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	4	11	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

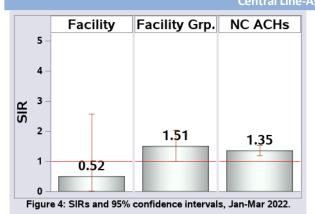


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	1.3	Same	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

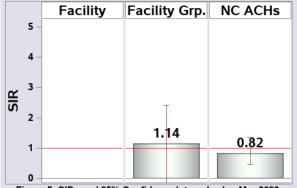


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

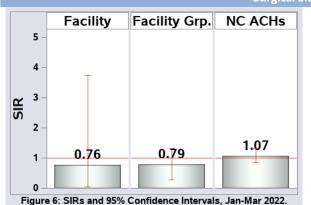


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
How Does This Facilit				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Acute Care Hospital

Hospital Type: Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 671 Patient Days in 2021: 1,623 Total Number of Beds: 8 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 2.50

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

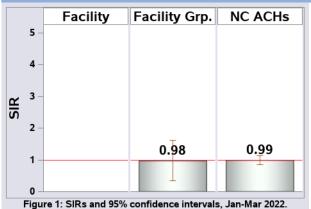


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted injections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

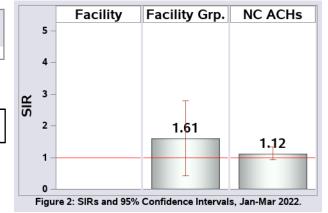
Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, sair Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

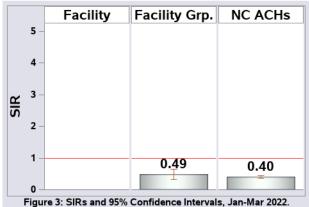


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Hoke Campus, Raeford, Hoke County

### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

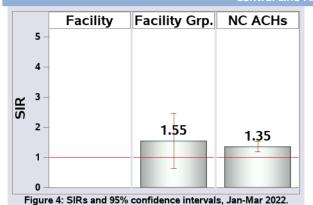


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

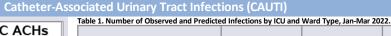
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County

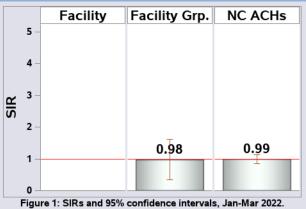
2021 Hospital Survey	/ Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Undergraduate
Admissions in 2021:	2,503
Patient Days in 2021:	8,721
Total Number of Beds:	79
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.63

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



**How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

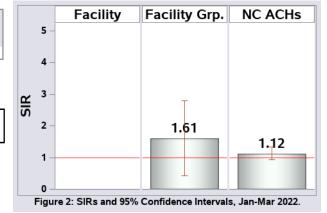
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innationt	1	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

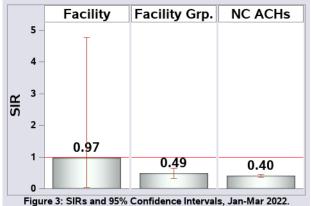


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022

#### Firsthealth Moore Regional Hospital - Richmond Campus, Rockingham, Richmond County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

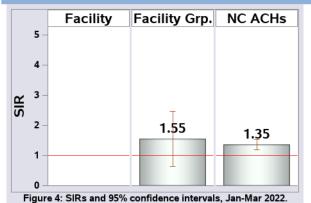


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.

			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

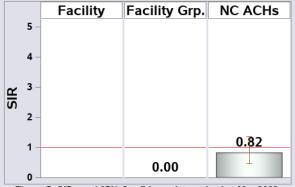


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 7,185 Patient Days in 2021: 36,019 Total Number of Beds: 190 Number of ICU Beds: 32 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.79

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

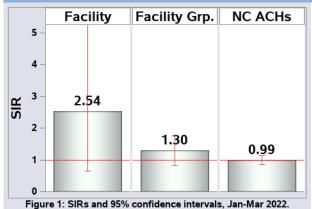


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	3	1.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

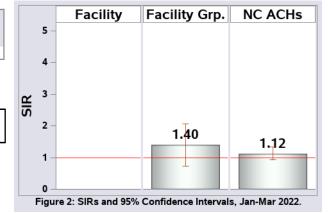
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Winsa Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

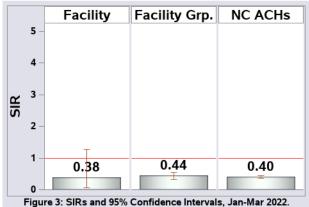


Table 3. Number of 0	Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
		How Does This Facility				
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit	Туре	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wid	le inpatient	2	5.2	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

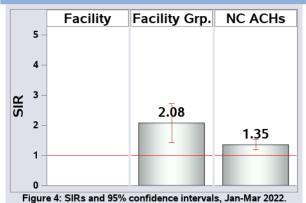


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

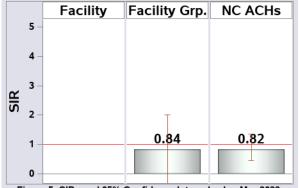


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

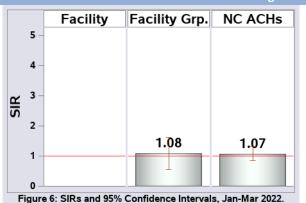


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County**

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 24,082 Patient Days in 2021: 125,995 Total Number of Beds: 435 Number of ICU Beds: 43 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 4.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.92

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

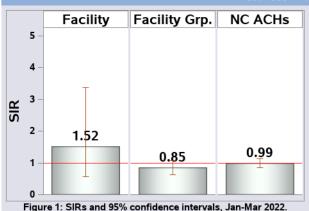


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 3 1.8 Same Adult/Ped Wards 2 15 Same All reporting units 5 3.3 Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

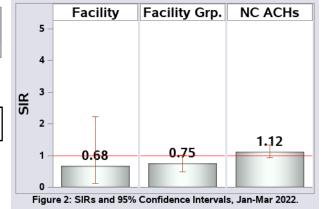
	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WKSA Events, Jan-War 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
L	Facility-wide inpatient	2	3.0	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

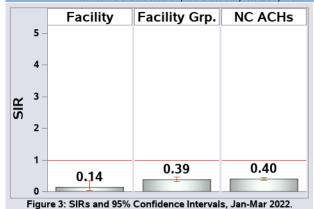


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	4	28	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

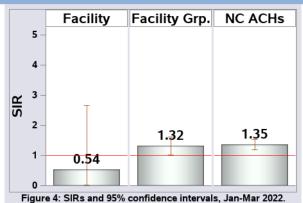


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	1.2	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	1.8	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.

How Does This Facility
Observed Predicted Compare to the National
Unit Type Infections Infections Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

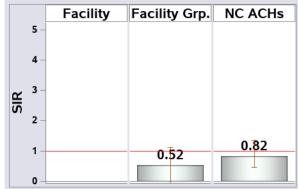


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

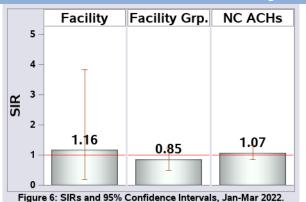


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
		How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

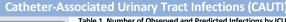
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County**

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

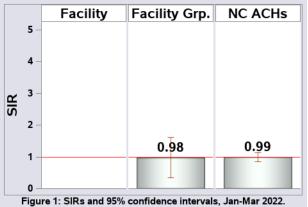
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 1,921 Patient Days in 2021: 9.425 Total Number of Beds: 62 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.21

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



lable 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

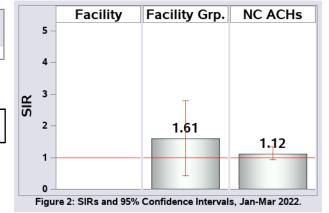
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
	How Does This Facility					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

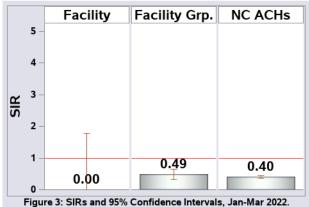
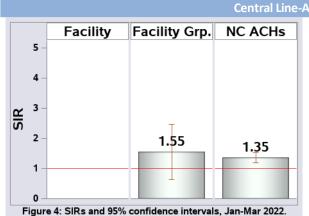


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County



CCACIATAA	Bloodstream	Intections	
1330 Clated	Dioousti Calli	IIII CCCIOII3	CLADSII

Table III tamber of Observed and Fredrick	Table 4. Namber of Observed and Frederica CEADST Infections by fee and Ward Type, sun that Edge		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 1.53 1.07 Figure 6: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 4,532 Patient Days in 2021: 20,823 Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



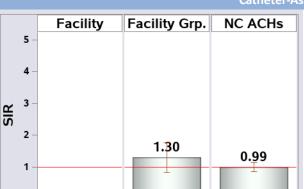


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

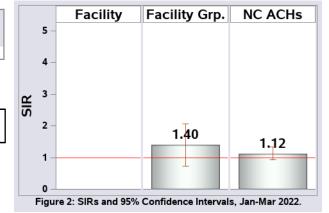
	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
How Does This							
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
	Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

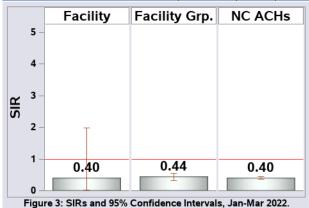


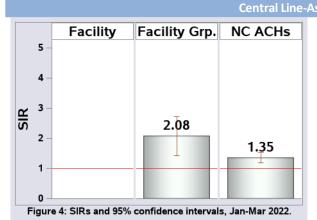
Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	2.5	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County

#### Tray wood regional medical center, cryac, ray wood county



2	sociated bioodstream infections (CLADSI)	
	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and	d Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022

			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

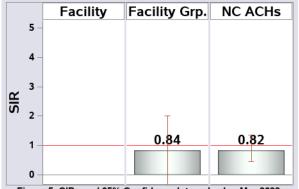


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

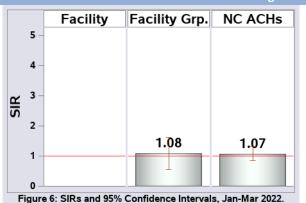


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 18,248 Patient Days in 2021: 65,939 Total Number of Beds: 300 Number of ICU Beds: 28 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.67

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

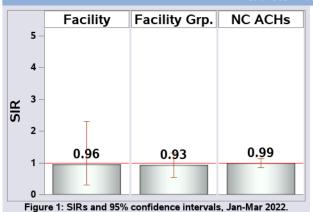


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	2.0	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	3	2.2	Same	
All reporting units	4	4.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

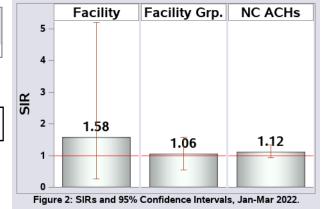
able 2. Halliber of Observed and Fredeted Witton Events, July Wal 2022					
		How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

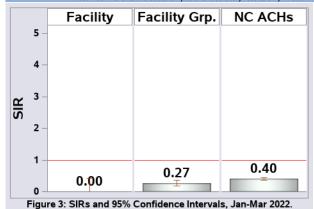
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	7.0	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

#### Thigh to one regional realist by bloth, ring to only but on a board



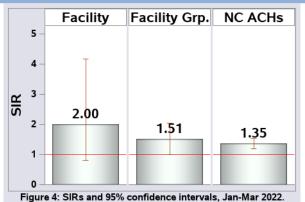


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	5	1.1	Worse		
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.9	Same		
All reporting units	6	3.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

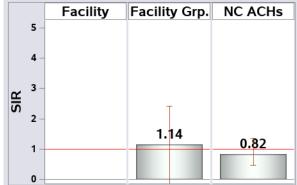


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

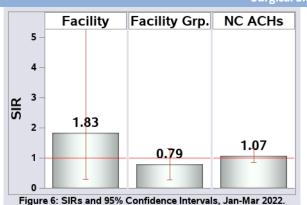


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

301 Admissions in 2021: Patient Days in 2021: 22,033 Total Number of Beds: 66 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.63 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.95

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

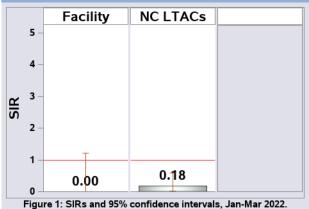


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
How Does This					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Reporting Wards	Reporting Wards 0 1.9 Same				
All reporting units	0	2.5	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

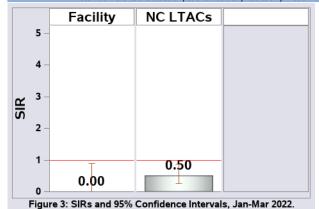


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	3.3	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

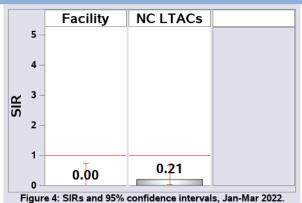


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Reporting Wards	0	3.1	Better		
All reporting units	0	4.0	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

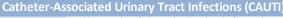
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County**

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 4,325 Patient Days in 2021: 15,539 Total Number of Beds: 81 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.23 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.28

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

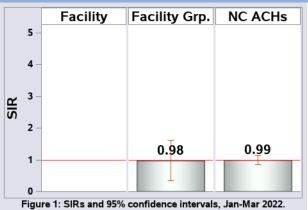


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

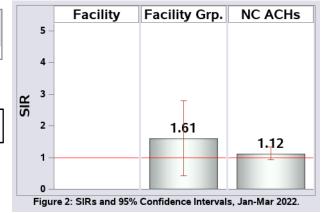
able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wilds Events, Jan-Ivial 2022					
		How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

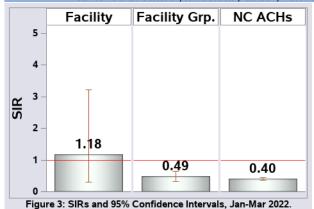
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

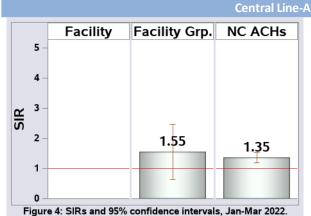


able 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	2.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County



cenciated	Bloodstream	Intections	CLARSII
2330 Clateu	Dioousti Calli		CLADSII

Table 4. Number of Obse	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Typ	oe	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped I	CUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped W	/ards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting	units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 10,014 Patient Days in 2021: 41,827 Total Number of Beds: 199 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.50

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

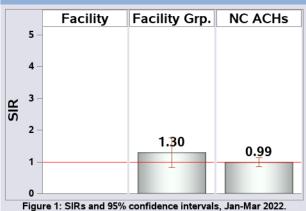


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Less than 1.0 No Conclusion 1 Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion All reporting units

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

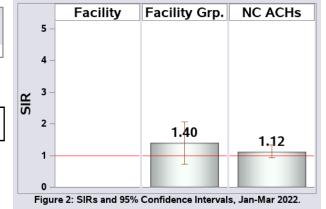
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WKSA Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

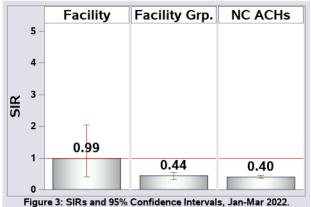


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	6	6.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

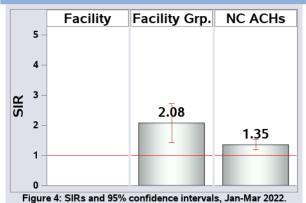


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

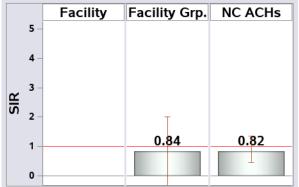


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

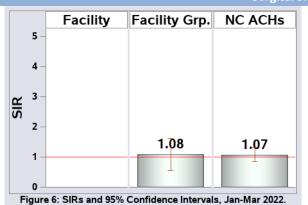


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

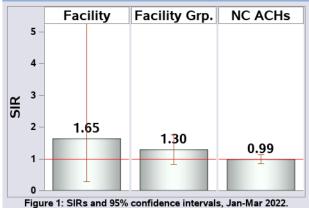
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 7,908 Patient Days in 2021: 43,390 Total Number of Beds: 149 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.01

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



i	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	2	1.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

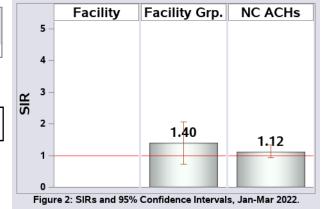
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

Table 21 Hamber of Observed and Frederica Hilloritz Cities, Jan Hair 2022				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

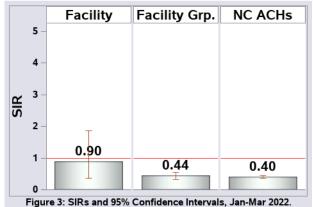


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	6	6.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

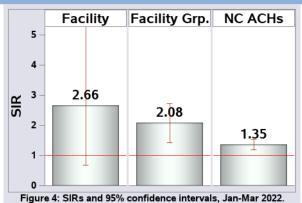


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	3	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

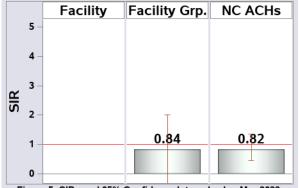


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

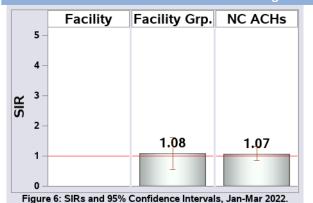


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

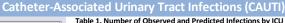
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

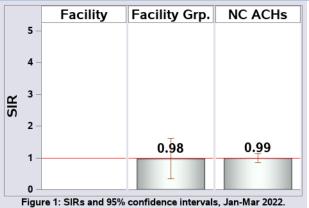
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 4,324 Patient Days in 2021: 15,346 Total Number of Beds: 50 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.75 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.50

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



Ta	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Г	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

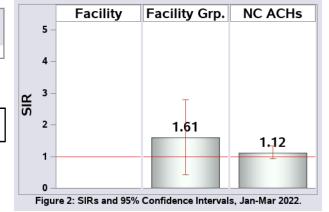
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

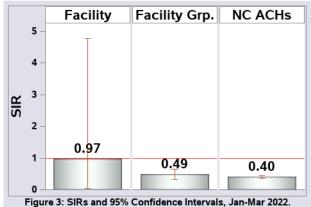


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.0	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Johnston Health Clayton, Clayton, Johnston County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

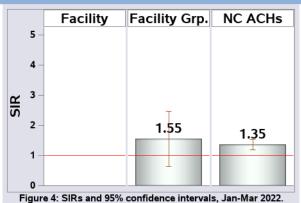


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

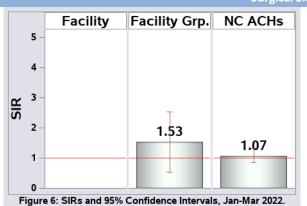


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-War 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
	Unit Type	Observed Unit Type Infections	Observed Predicted Unit Type Infections Infections		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 276 Patient Days in 2021: 19,548 Total Number of Beds: 101 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.99

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided

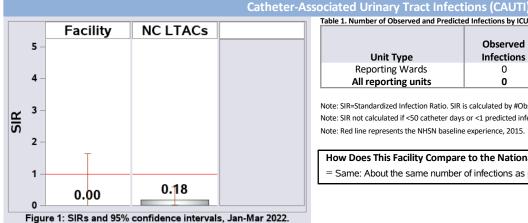


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Reporting Wards	0	1.8	Same			
All reporting units	0	1.8	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

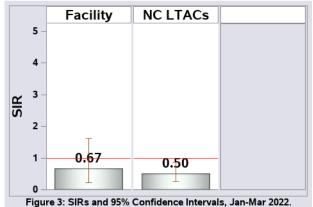


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	4	5.9	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Kindred Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

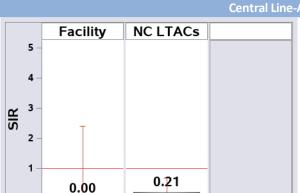


Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Associated I	3loodstream l	Intections	(CLARSII)
nssociated i	Jioodsti Cairi		(CEADSI)

Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting Wards	0	1.2	Same		
All reporting units	0	1.2	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

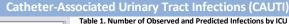
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 2,353 Patient Days in 2021: 14,676 Total Number of Beds: 67 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.20 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.30

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

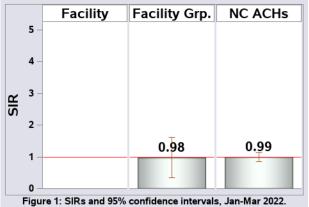


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion Less than 1.0 All reporting units 1 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

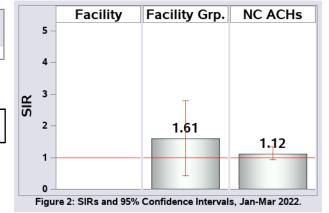
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

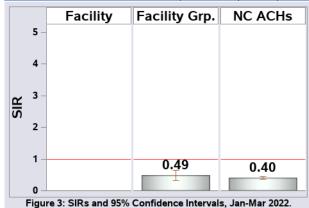


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

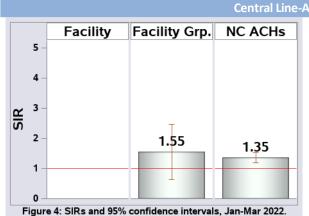
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County

#### Trings Mountain Flospital, Trings Mountain, Cleveland County



Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
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	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 3,841 Patient Days in 2021: 14,130 Total Number of Beds: 123 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.81

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 2 1.30 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

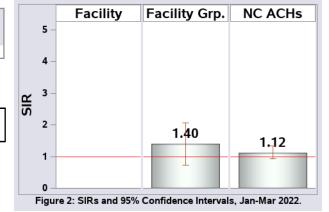
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

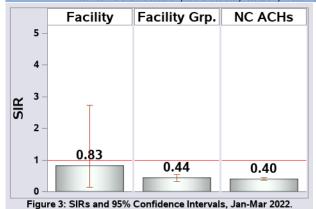


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	2	2.4	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

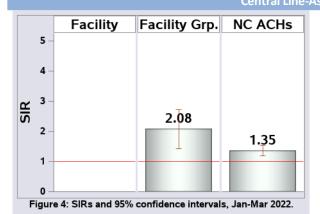


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

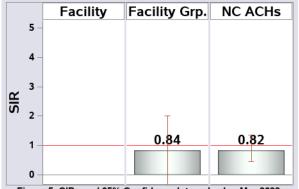


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

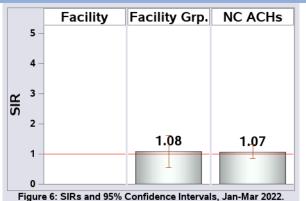


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 5,613 Patient Days in 2021: 30,790 Total Number of Beds: 167 Number of ICU Beds: 14 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.60

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

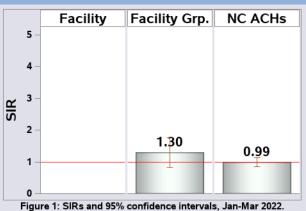


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

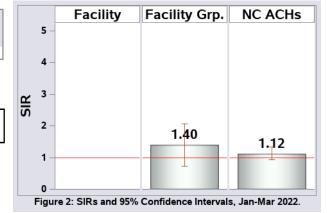
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

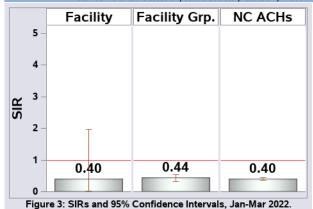


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	2.5	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Kinston, Lenoir County

## Facility Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 2 2.08 1.35

Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

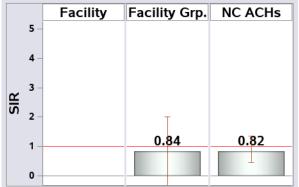


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

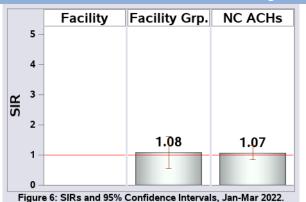


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

No comments provided

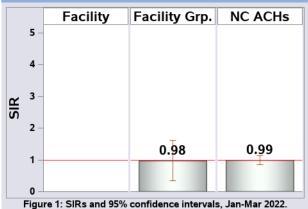
#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 4,945 Patient Days in 2021: 19,230 Total Number of Beds: 99 Number of ICU Beds: 8 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.01

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]







**How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

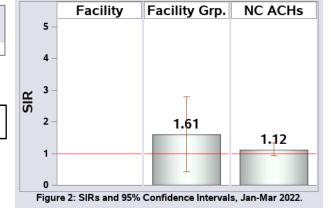
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

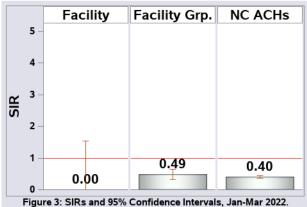


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

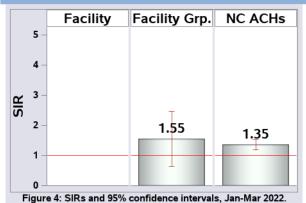


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
How Does This Facilit					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

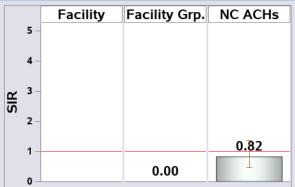


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

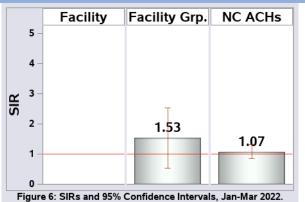


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 764 Patient Days in 2021: 4,303 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 5.56

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

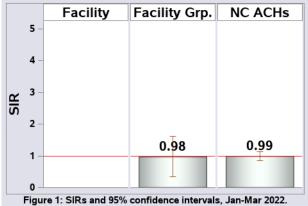


Table 1. Number of Observed and	Predicted infections by ICU and	ward Type, Jan-Iviar 20.	How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

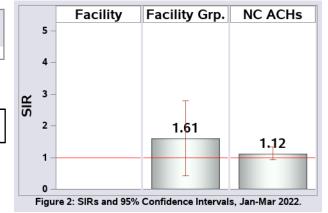
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

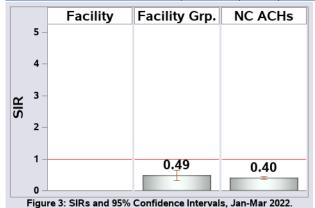


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

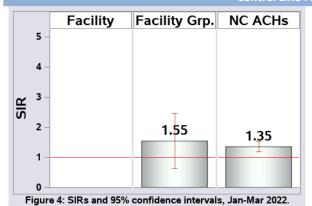


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate
Admissions in 2021: 2,932
Patient Days in 2021: 8,718
Total Number of Beds: 30
Number of ICU Beds: 6
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.55
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.83

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

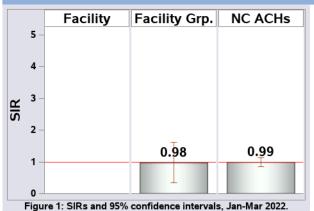


Table 1: Number of Observed and 1 redicted infections by 100 and Ward Type, san that 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

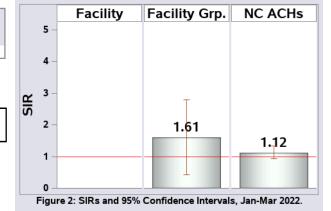
	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
				How Does This Facility			
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
	Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs. Jan-Mar 2022

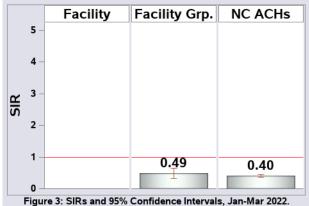


Table of Talliber of Observed and Fredrices Object that Edit					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

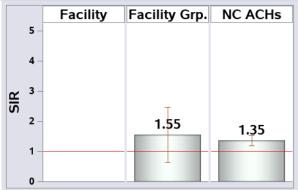


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

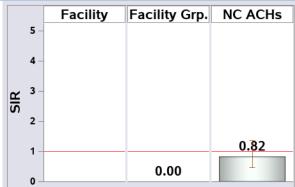


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

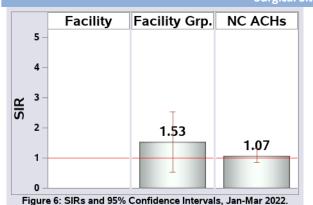


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
	How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 57,798 Patient Days in 2021: 267,323 Total Number of Beds: 815 Number of ICU Beds: 151 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 5.30 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.65

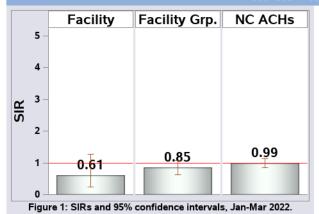
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

Mission Health strives to improve the quality and safety of the care we give our patients each and every day. The prevention of infections is one of our highest priorities. By continuously and thoughtfully reviewing processes, procedures and events, we identify opportunities for improvement and address them immediately and appropriately, and share that knowledge internally to avert further issues.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**



Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	4	7.3	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	2	2.5	Same
All reporting units	6	9.8	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

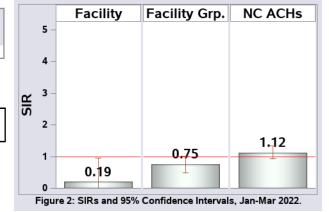
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	5.2	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

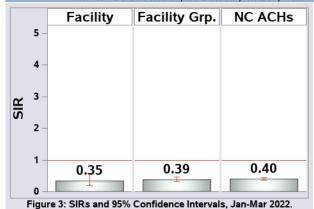


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	14	40	Better			

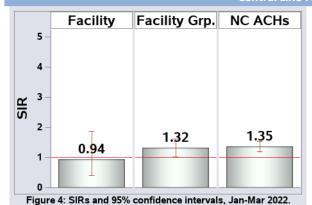
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

 $\bigstar$  Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Mission Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)



Ta	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped ICUs	5	3.9	Same	
	Adult/Ped Wards	2	3.0	Same	
L	Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	7	7.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

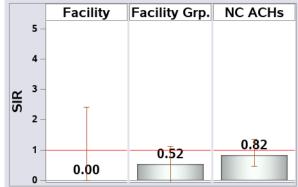


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

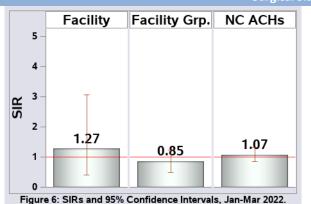


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	4	3.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Massa Cons Heavier County

Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 29,841 Patient Days in 2021: 180,553 Total Number of Beds: 517 Number of ICU Beds: 109 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.68

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

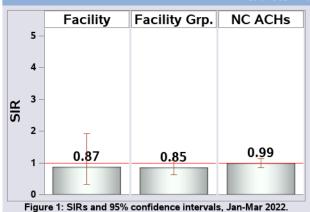


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
Table 1. Namber of Observed and Frederic	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	5	4.3	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	1.5	Same		
All reporting units	5	5.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

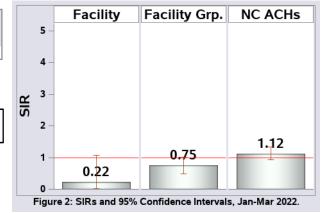
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	4.6	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

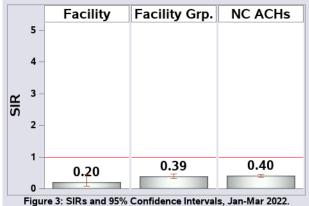
= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022



			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	5	25	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

# Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

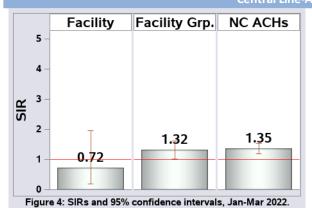


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	2.6	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.6	Same	
All reporting units	3	4.2	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

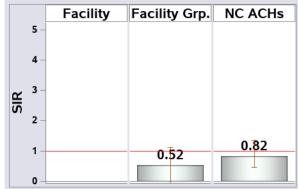


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

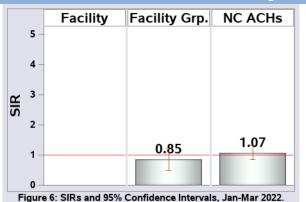


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 10,638 Patient Days in 2021: 49,066 Total Number of Beds: 150 Number of ICU Beds: 26 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 2.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

SIR 3

2

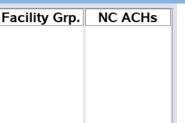
**Facility** 

4.71



**Commentary From Facility:** 

NHCS is actively implementing plans to review and improve processes in the prevention of MRSA bacteremia. NHCS has a Lean project and action plan to further develop on-going strategies to reduce the risks of C. diff transmission



0.99

Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.

			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	4	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	5	1.1	Worse

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WRSA Events, Jan-War 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

 ${\tt Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted}.$ 

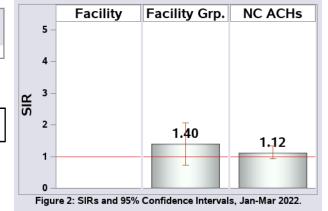
1.30

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

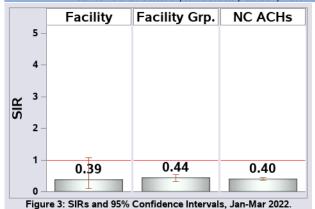


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	3	7.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

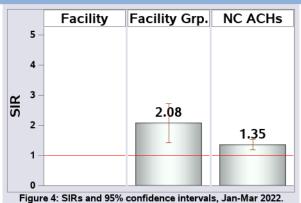


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.

How Does This Facility
Observed Predicted Compare to the National
Unit Type Infections Infections Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

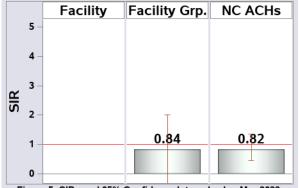


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

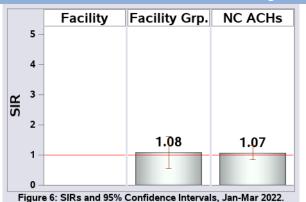


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 33,356 Patient Days in 2021: 210,422 Total Number of Beds: 740 Number of ICU Beds: 126

4.00

0.54

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

FTF\* Infection Preventionists:

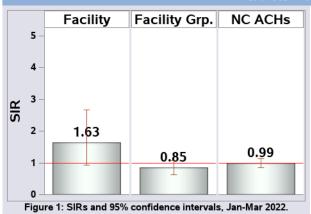
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

At New Hanover Regional Medical Center we take patient safety and quality care extremely seriously. We implement the latest science-based protocols to prevent hospital-acquired infection. We study and adopt best practices, evidence-based medicine and recommendations from national agencies to deliver the best possible outcomes for our patients. We encourage patients and their families to take an active role in helping prevent infections. Our team of infection preventionists works with all staff to ensure they are focused on delivering the highest quality of care possible. We are proud of our success and our ongoing quest to keep preventable infections to an absolute minimum.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**



Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	9	4.9	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	5	3.7	Same
All reporting units	14	8.6	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

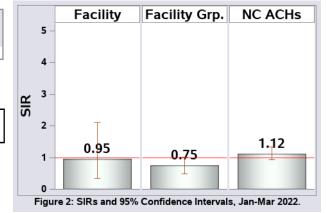
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	5	5.3	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

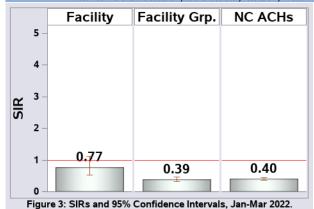


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	27	35	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

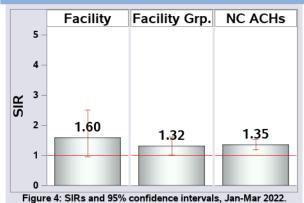


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	8	3.4	Worse
Adult/Ped Wards	8	6.0	Same
Neonatal Units	1	1.2	Same
All reporting units	17	11	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

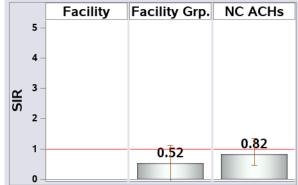


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

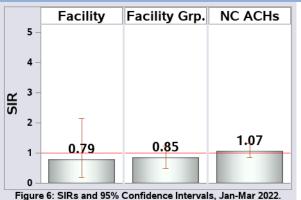


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	3.8	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County

**2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 2,480 Patient Days in 2021: 3,687 Total Number of Beds: 26 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 3.85







No comments provided

**Facility** Facility Grp. NC ACHs 5 4 SIR 2 0.98 0.99 Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

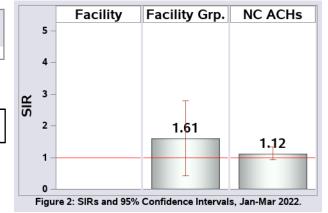
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WiksA Events, Jan-Ivial 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

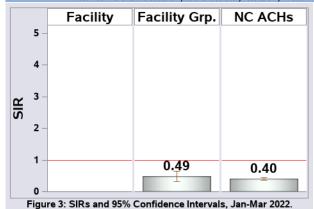


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 North Carolina Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham County

# **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

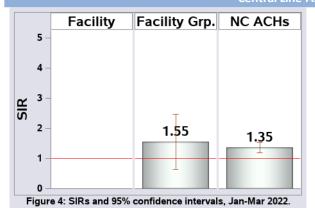


Table	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: This facility did not have locations required to report SSI during this time period

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 4,912 Patient Days in 2021: 20,135 Total Number of Beds: 100 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

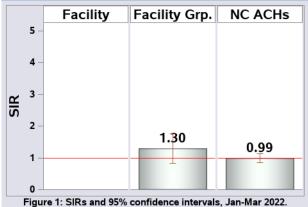


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicte	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

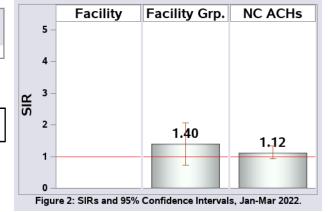
able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WittsA Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

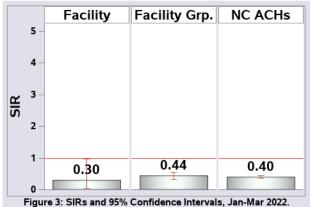


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	6.8	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Northern Regional Hospital, Mount Airy, Surry County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

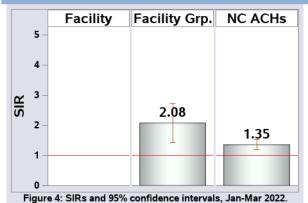


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

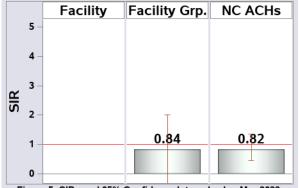


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

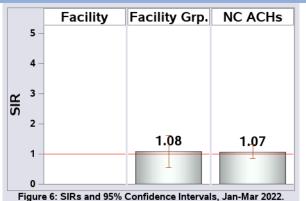


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 6,671 Patient Days in 2021: 24,004 Total Number of Beds: 108 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.93

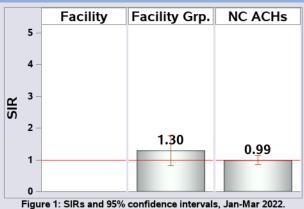
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**



	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

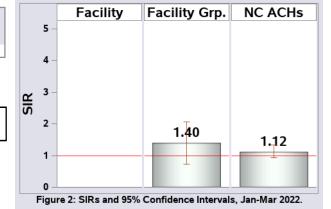
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

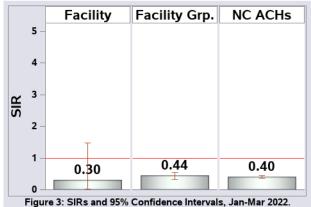


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	3.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Brunswick Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

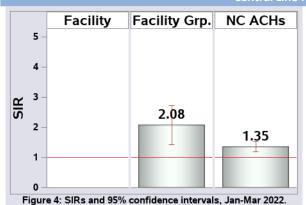


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

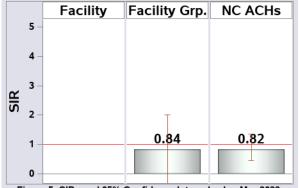


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

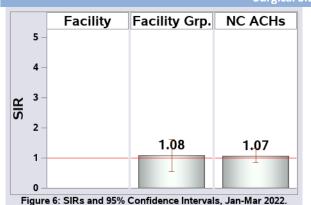


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

1.46

Specialty Acute Care Hospital Hospital Type: Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 4,445 Patient Days in 2021: 12,911 Total Number of Beds: 48 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.70

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

**Commentary From Facility:** No comments provided.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

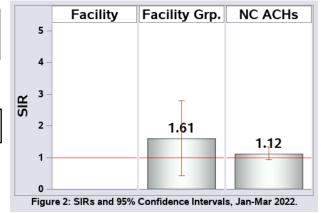
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

	Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted WRSA Events, Jan-War 2022			
ı				How Does This Facility
ı		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
ı	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

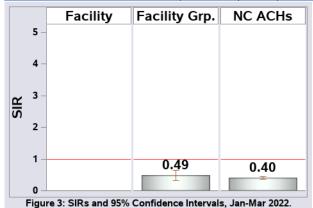


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Charlotte Orthopedic Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

Controlling	Associated Place	detroom Info	tions (CLAPSI)

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.	
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.	
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.	
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	
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Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3	

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County

2021 Hospital Survey	Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	3,518
Patient Days in 2021:	7,838
Total Number of Beds:	36
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.30
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.83

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

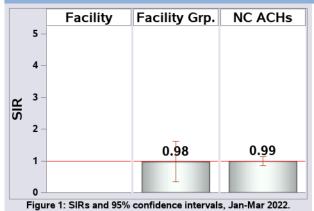


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

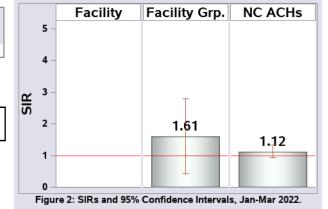
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Wikish Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

 ${\bf Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted}.$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

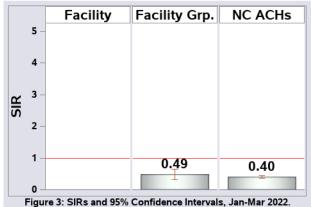


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Clemmons Medical Center, Clemmons, Forsyth County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

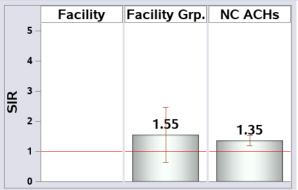


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

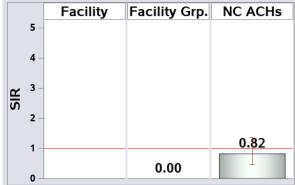


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

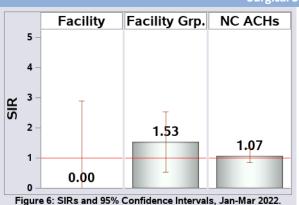


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.0	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	42,362
Patient Days in 2021:	245,109
Total Number of Beds:	812
Number of ICU Beds:	148
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	8.00
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.99

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI

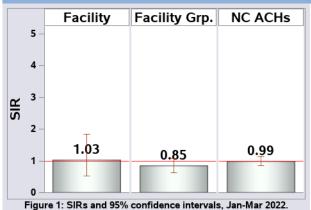


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	7	7.6	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	3	2.1	Same		
All reporting units	10	9.7	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

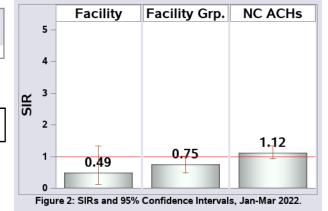
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
				How Does This Facility		
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
	Facility-wide innatient	3	6.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

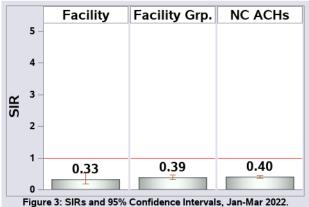


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	15	46	Better			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

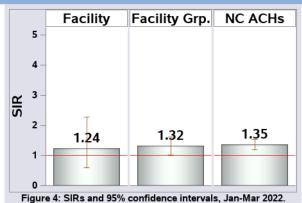


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	8	4.9	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	2.1	Same	
Neonatal Units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	9	7.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

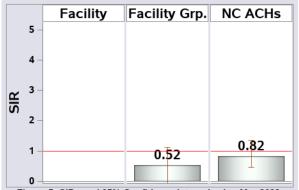


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

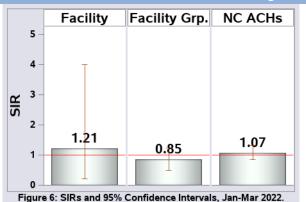


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	2	1.7	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information e: Acute Care Hospital

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major
Admissions in 2021: 12,556
Patient Days in 2021: 44,304
Total Number of Beds: 197
Number of ICU Beds: 8
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 1.10
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.56

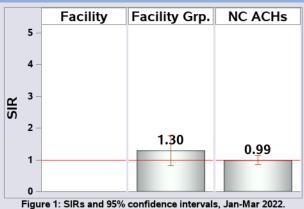
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

# Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI) Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.



Hall Torre	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

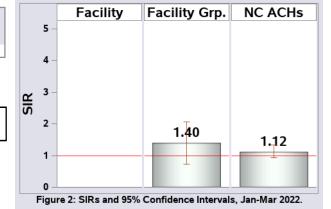
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
				How Does This Facility		
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
	Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

 ${\bf Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted.}$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

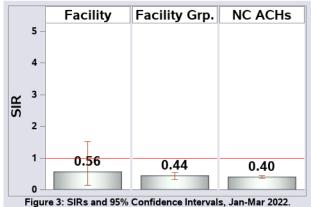


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	3	5.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Novant Health Huntersville Medical Center, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

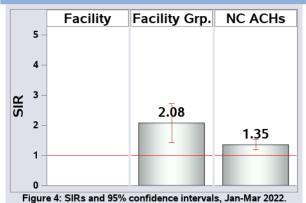


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte	<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

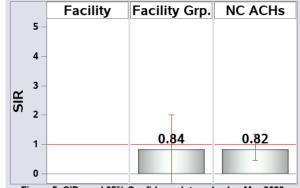


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

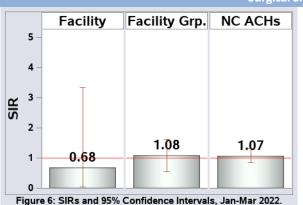


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	urgeries), Jan-Mar 2022	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.5	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County

No comments provided

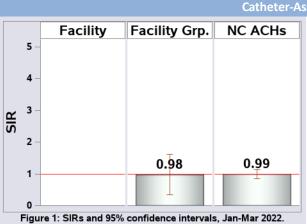
#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 4,579 Patient Days in 2021: 17,822 Total Number of Beds: 67 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.50

0.75

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

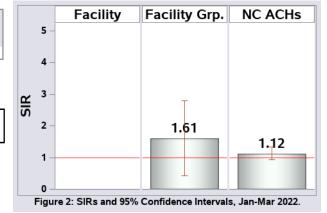
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

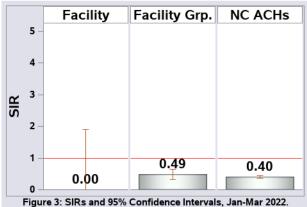


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.6	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Novant Health Kernersville Medical Center, Kernersville, Forsyth County



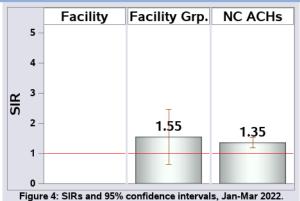


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

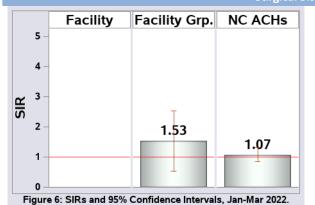


 Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgenes), Jan-Ivial 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: May 16, 2023

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

#### Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 15,220 Patient Days in 2021: 57,373 Total Number of Beds: 213 Number of ICU Beds: 35 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.30 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.61

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

#### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

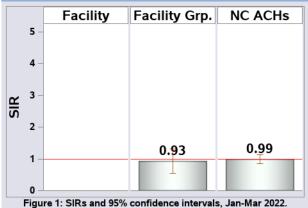


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

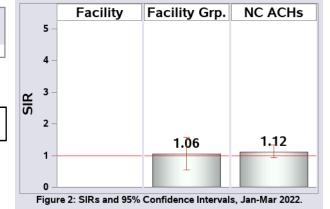
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022							
			How Does This Facility				
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?				
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion				

 ${\bf Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted.}$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

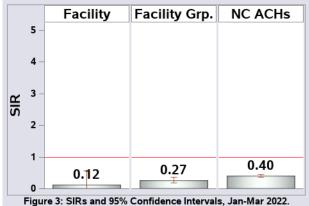


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	8.6	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

 $\bigstar$  Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Matthews Medical Center, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

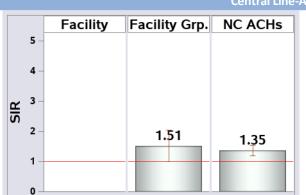


Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

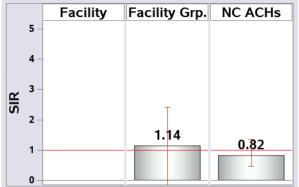


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

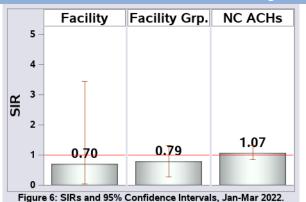


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.4	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

### Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated:

May 16, 2023

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information

2021 Hospital Survey	information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	2,116
Patient Days in 2021:	4,444
Total Number of Beds:	33
Number of ICU Beds:	0
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.40
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.21





**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

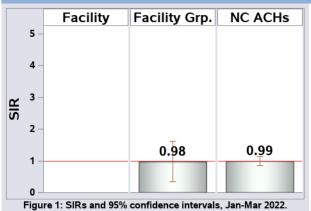


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

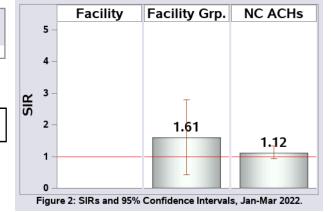
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

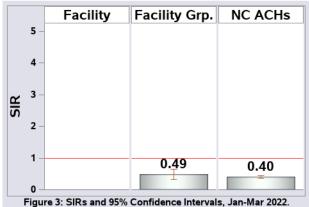


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Medical Park Hospital, Winston Salem, Forsyth County





Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

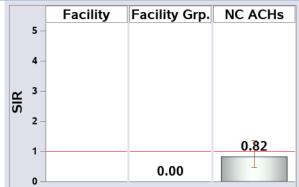


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

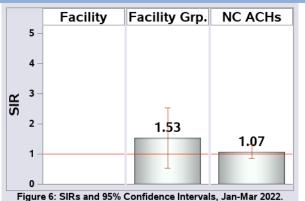


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Novant Health Mint Hill Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 4,396 Patient Days in 2021: 14,261 Total Number of Beds: 50 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

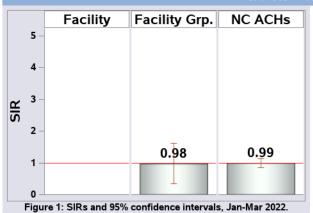


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

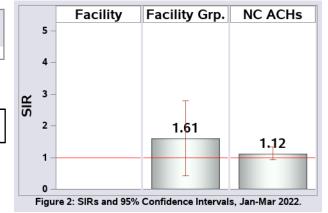
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Wai 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

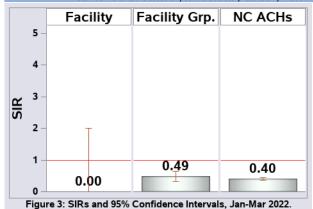
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



How Does This Facility  Observed Predicted Compare to the National			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.5	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Novant Health Mint Hill Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

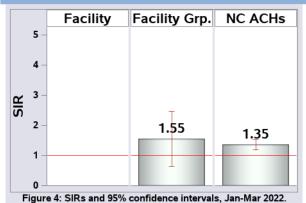


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicte	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

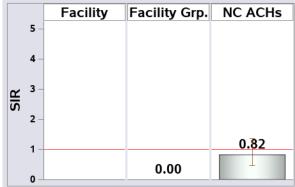


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

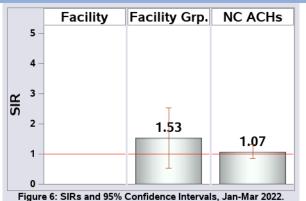


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

2021 Hospital Survey	Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021	20 255

Admissions in 2021: 38.355 Patient Days in 2021: 198,133 Total Number of Beds: 669 Number of ICU Beds: 94 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 6.60 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.99

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



#### **Commentary From Facility:**

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

# Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

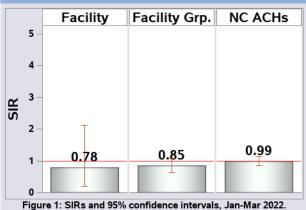


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	2.8	Same		
Adult/Ped Wards	1	1.0	Same		
All reporting units	3	3.8	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

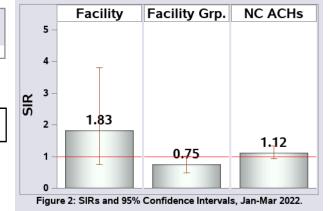
able 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	6	3.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

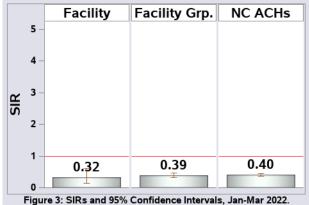


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	8	25	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Presbyterian Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

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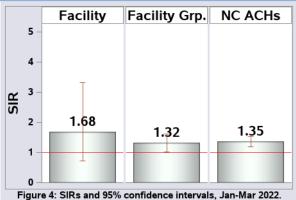


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	3	2.0	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	0	1.1	Same
Neonatal Units	4	1.0	Worse
All reporting units	7	4.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

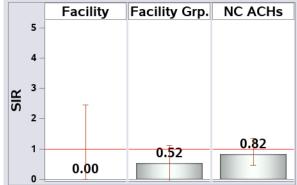


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

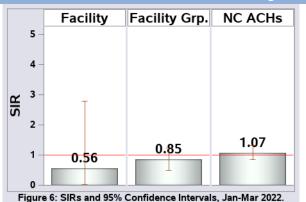


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.8	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

### Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 11,957 Patient Days in 2021: 64,420 Total Number of Beds: 247 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.90 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.77

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

			Catheter-As		
	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs		
5					
4					
SIR 3					
2					
1		0.93	0.99		
0					
Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.					

# ociated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

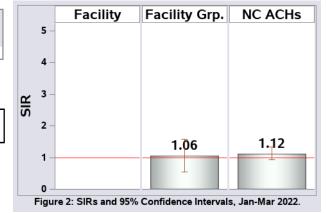
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

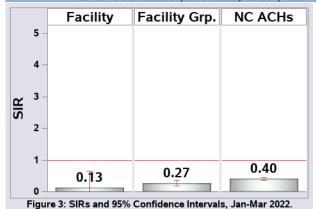


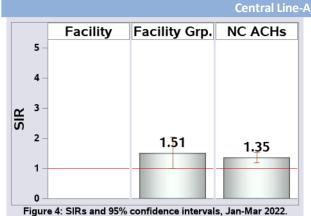
Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	7.6	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

### Novant Health Rowan Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County



SCACIATEA.	Bloodstream	Intections	CHARSII
1990 Clated	Dioousti carri	IIIICCLIOII3	CLADSII

Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

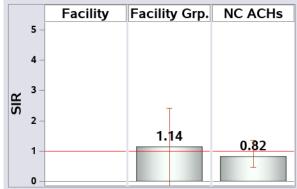


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

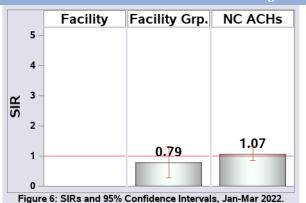


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major

Medical Affiliation: Major
Admissions in 2021: 5,863
Patient Days in 2021: 27,899
Total Number of Beds: 134
Number of ICU Beds: 13
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 1.10
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.82

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first and we support transparency in reporting. Our goal is to have zero healthcare associated infections and we continually monitor our infection prevention processes for improvement opportunities.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

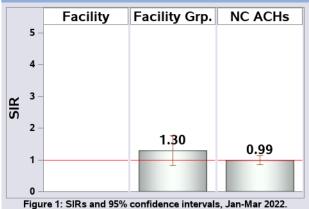


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

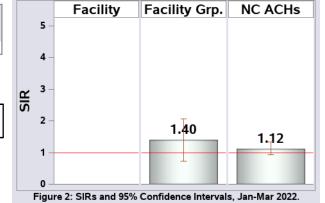
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

 ${\tt Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted}.$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnesses.

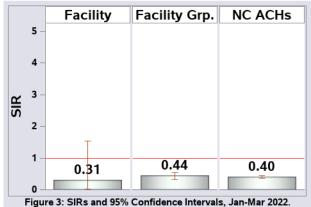


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	3.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Novant Health Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

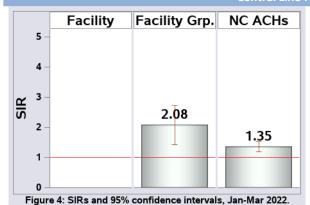


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

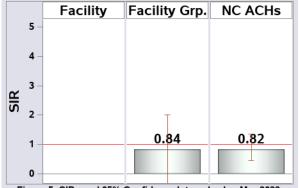


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

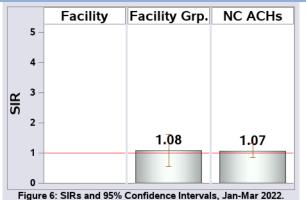


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 6,647 Patient Days in 2021: 30,656 Total Number of Beds: 162 Number of ICU Beds: 30 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.62

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5			
4			
SIR	-		
2		1.30	
1			0.99
0	ure 1: SIDe and 0E%	confidence intervals	lan May 2022

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

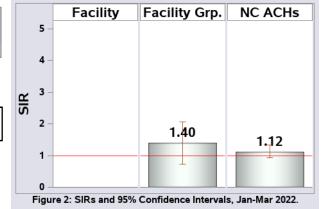
Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, July Wal 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

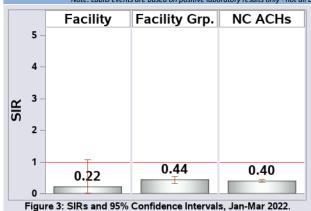


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	4.6	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

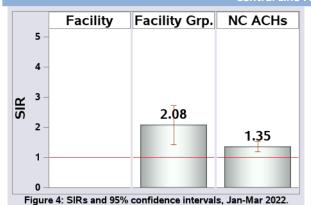


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

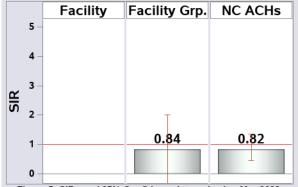


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

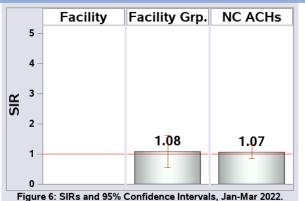


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 495
Patient Days in 2021: 13,790
Total Number of Beds: 50
FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00
Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 2.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility: No comments provided.

				Catheter-Ass
		Facility	NC LTACs	
	5 –			
	4 –			
É	3 –	т.		
	2 –			
	1 -	0.50	0.18	
	0 –	_		

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Reporting Wards	1	2.0	Same		
All reporting units	1	2.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

ociated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

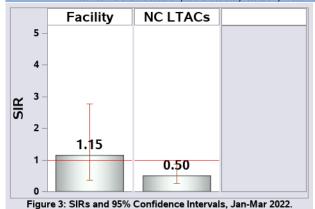


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	4	3.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: May 16, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### Pam Specialty Hospital Of Rocky Mount, Rocky Mount, Nash County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

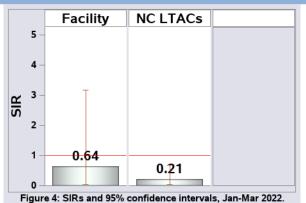


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Reporting Wards	1	1.6	Same	
All reporting units	1	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

## **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

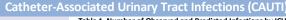
#### Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 7,351 34,444 Patient Days in 2021: Total Number of Beds: 143 Number of ICU Beds: 13 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.70

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

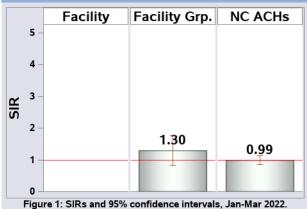


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

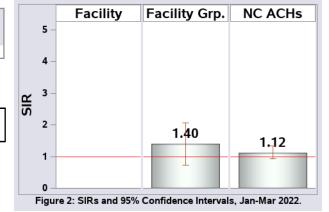
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

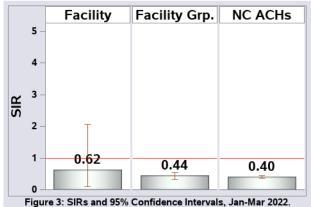
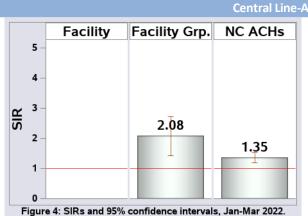


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	2	3.2	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County



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			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

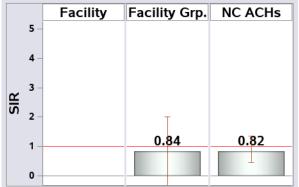


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

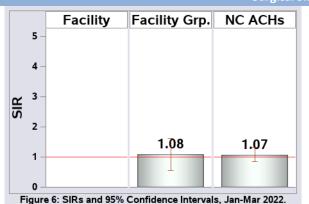


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# Pender Memorial Hospital, Burgaw, Pender County

2021 Hospital Survey Information						
Hospital Type:	Hospital Type:					
Medical Affiliation:	Major					
Admissions in 2021:	356					
Patient Days in 2021:	4,754					
Total Number of Beds:	25					
Number of ICU Beds:	0					
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.63					
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	2.50					



[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabiD events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabiD events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report  Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022  Pender Memorial Hospital, Burgaw, Pender County
Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies
lote from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.
Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries
Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.
Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)
lote from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 1,533 Patient Days in 2021: 3,849 Total Number of Beds: 18 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 2.78

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

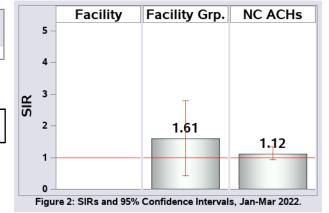
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

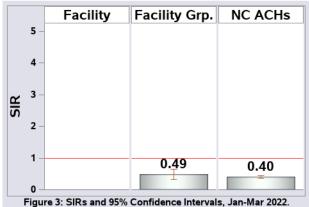
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness



N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County

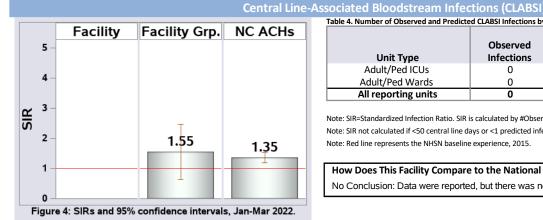


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022					
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries Facility Grp. Facility NC ACHs 5 SIR 1.07

Figure 6: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022 **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National Infections Infections Experience? **Unit Type Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County

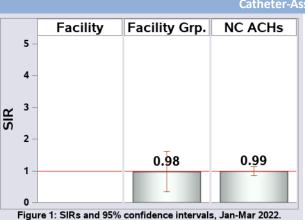
#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 5,254 Patient Days in 2021: 19.163 Total Number of Beds: 74 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00

1.35

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:





**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

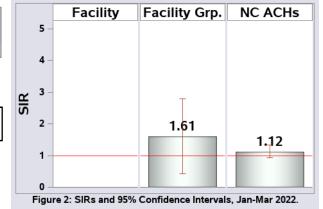
Table 2: Namber of Observed and Fredeted Wilds Events, July Wal 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

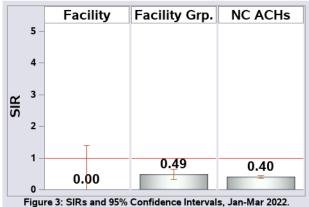


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	2.1	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### Randolph Hospital Dba Randolph Health, Asheboro, Randolph County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

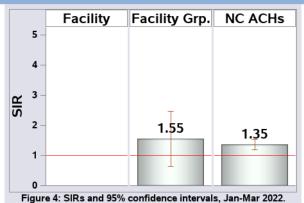


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

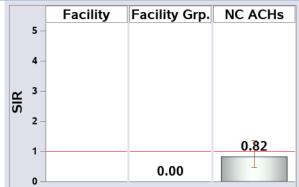
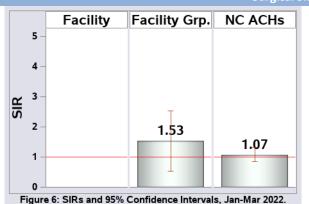


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



1	Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	3	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

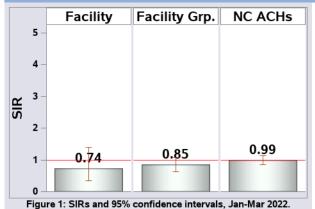
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 31,031 Patient Days in 2021: 162,925 Total Number of Beds: 538 Number of ICU Beds: 93 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 4.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.84

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



Ič	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.			
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Adult/Ped ICUs	2	5.5	Same
L	Adult/Ped Wards	6	5.3	Same
Г	All reporting units	8	11	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

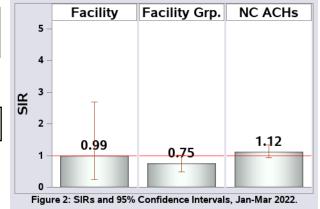
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted Witton Events, Jani-Wai 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	3	3.0	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

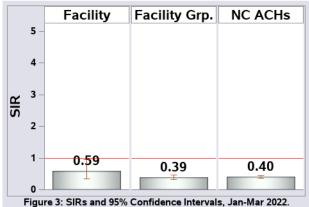


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	15	25	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

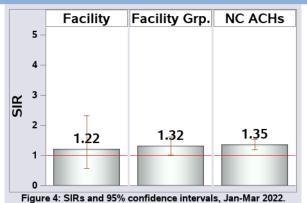


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	7	2.6	Worse	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	3.8	Same	
Neonatal Units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	8	6.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

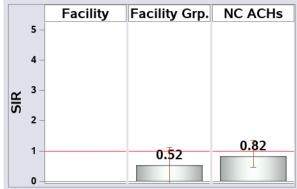


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

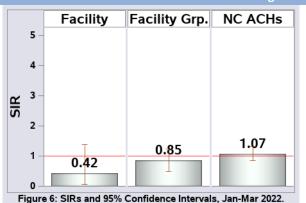


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	4.8	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Rex Holly Springs Hospital, Holly Springs, Wake County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 646 Patient Days in 2021: 1,113 Total Number of Beds: 35 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 4.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 12.9







No comments provided

	Facility	Facility Grp.	NC ACHs
5 –			
4 –			
S 3 -			
2 –			
1-		0.98	0. <u>9</u> 9
•			_
0 —			

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

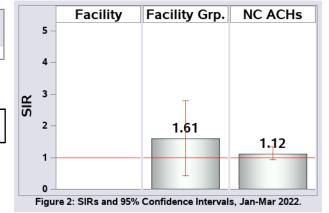
able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jani-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

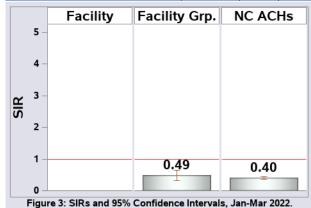


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Rex Holly Springs Hospital, Holly Springs, Wake County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

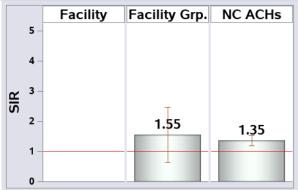


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

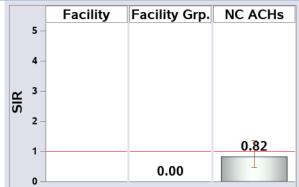


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

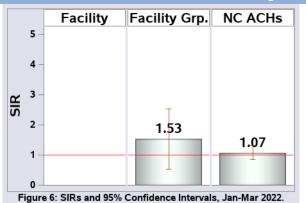


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

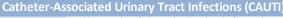
#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,225 Patient Days in 2021: 13,064 Total Number of Beds: 125 Number of ICU Beds: 10 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.80

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

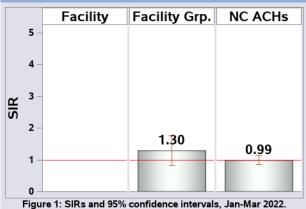


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

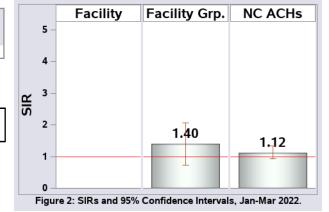
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jani-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

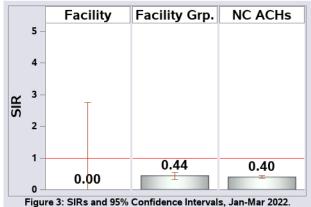


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

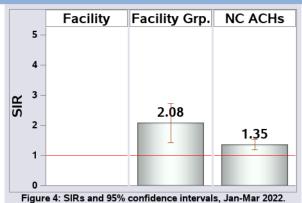


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

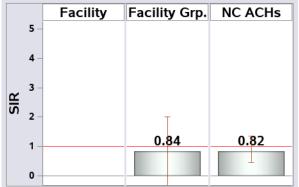


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

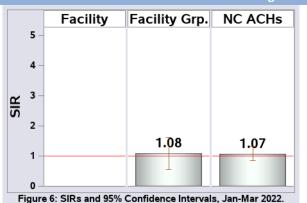


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 3,962 Patient Days in 2021: 11,300 Total Number of Beds: 116 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

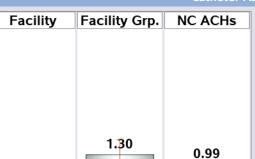
4

2

SIR

Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:





0.86

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion O Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
	How Does This Facility					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

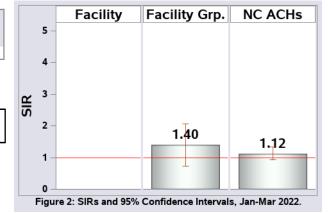
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

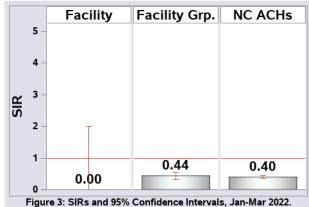
#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.



Т	Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
П				How Does This Facility	
-		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
П	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

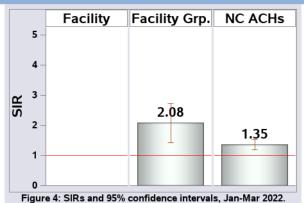


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

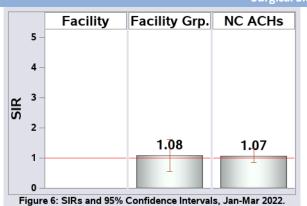


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

Report Generated: May 16, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 O1 Report

N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 6,598 Patient Days in 2021: 32,340 Total Number of Beds: 104 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.96

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

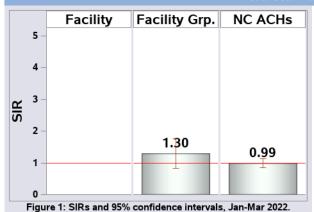


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Iviar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

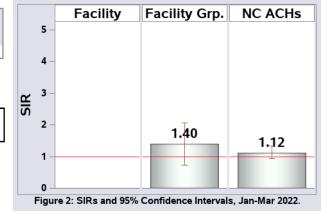
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

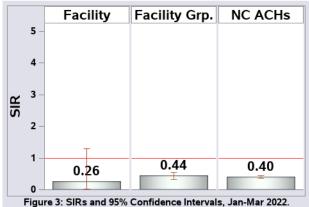


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	1	3.8	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

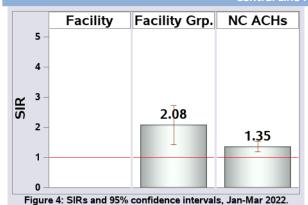


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

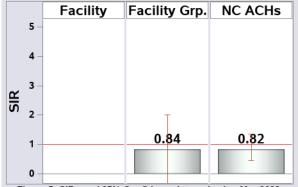


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

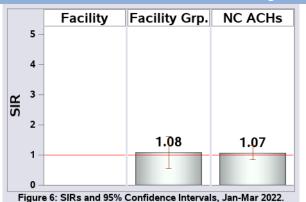


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Select Specialty Hospital-Durham, Durham, Durham County

#### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 263 Patient Days in 2021: 9,306 Total Number of Beds: 30 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.25 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.83

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

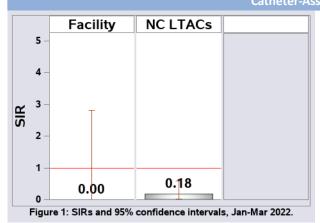


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
		How Does This Facility		
	Observed Predicted		Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Reporting Wards	0	1.1	Same	
All reporting units	0	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

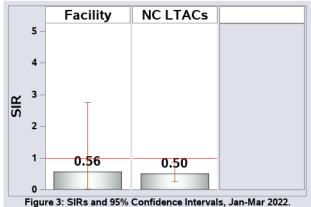


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.8	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Select Specialty Hospital-Durham, Durham, Durham County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

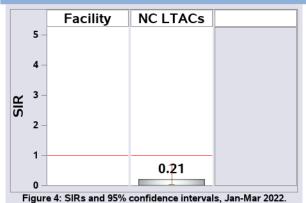


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Reporting Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

### **2021** Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Long-term Acute Care Hospital

Admissions in 2021: 338 Patient Days in 2021: 9,947 Total Number of Beds: 30 FTE\* Infection Preventionists: 0.40 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds:

5

2

0.00

SIR

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Facility** NC LTACs

0.18

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

#### **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Reporting Wards	0	1.9	Same	
All reporting units	0	1.9	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: MRSA is not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

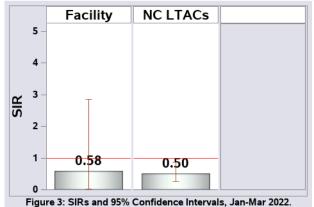


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.7	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

Report Generated: May 16, 2023 N.C. HAI 2022 Q1 Report

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

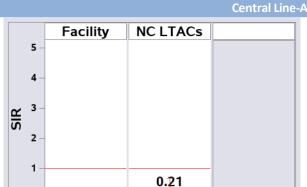


Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

CCACIATAA	Bloodstream	Intections	
1330 Clated	Dioousti Calli	IIII CCCIOII3	CLADSII

Table 4. Number of Observed and Fredicted CLADSI infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Ivial 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Reporting Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: SSIs are not reportable at this facility type

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

#### Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

No comments provided

2021 Hospital Si	urvey information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	4,964
Patient Days in 2021:	20,163
Total Number of Beds:	115
Number of ICU Beds:	13
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.10
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.96

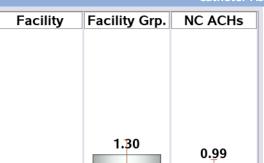
[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]

5

2

SIR





**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
		How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

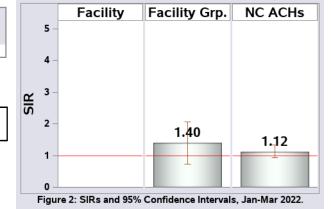
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

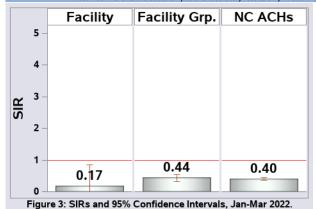


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	5.7	Better		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Sentara Albemarle Medical Center, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

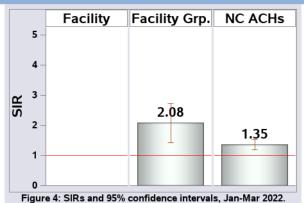


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

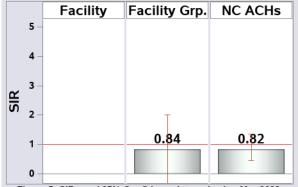


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

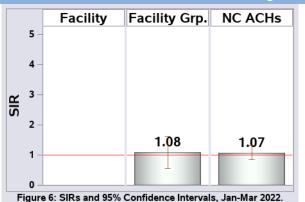


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

No comments provided

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 12,260 Patient Days in 2021: 70,587 Total Number of Beds: 218 Number of ICU Beds: 25 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 3.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.38

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



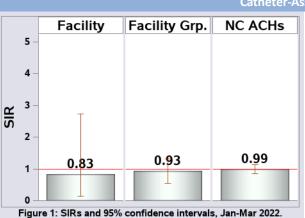


Table 1. Number of Observed	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Ward	s 1	1.5	Same		
All reporting uni	ts 2	2.4	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

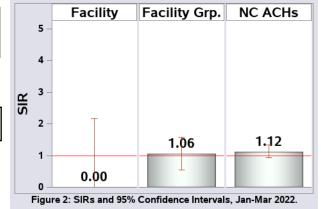
Table 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiNSA Events, Jan-Wai 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.4	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

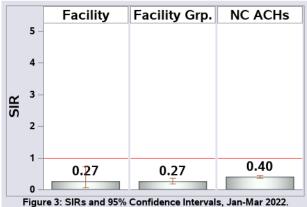


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	11	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

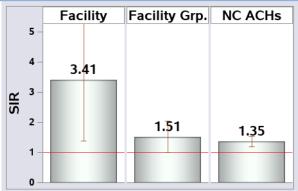


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	4	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	6	1.8	Worse	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

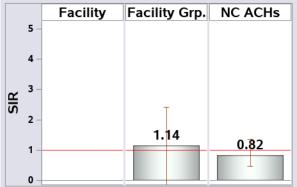


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

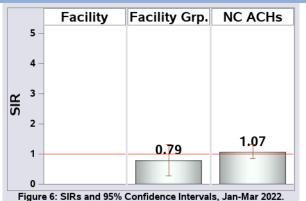


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 UNC Health Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 6,786 Patient Days in 2021: 37,932 Total Number of Beds: 151 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.66

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

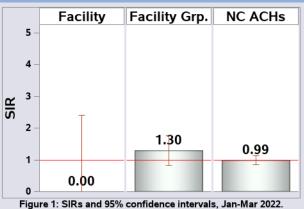


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		
All reporting units	0	1.2	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

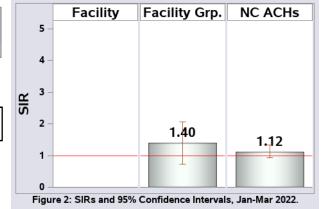
Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, July 1914 Edel				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

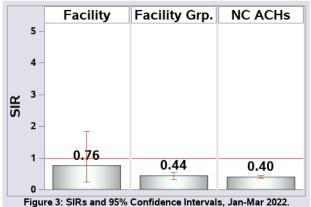


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	4	5.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 UNC Health Blue Ridge, Morganton, Burke County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

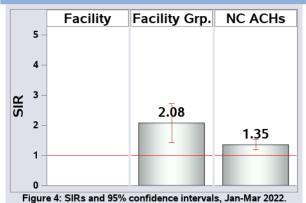


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	6	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	6	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

1	Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
ı				How Does This Facility	
ı		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
ı	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
1	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

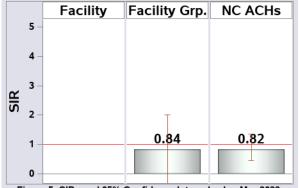


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

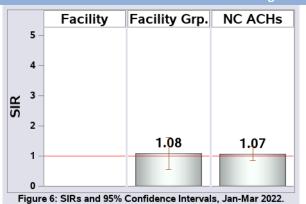


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 42,292 Patient Days in 2021: 309,263 Total Number of Beds: 951 Number of ICU Beds: 201 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 10.0 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.05

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



Commentary From Facility:

UNC Health Care is pleased that rates of all reported healthcare-associated infections are statistically similar or better than similarly-sized hospitals despite care in a tertiary referral hospital for highly vulnerable populations (e.g., organ transplant, HIV infected, cancer, severely burned, and very premature infants). NC residents should be aware that the reported information is NOT entirely adjusted for the severity of illness of the hospital's patients. UNC Health Care supports the need for the data presented in this report to be validated (i.e., demonstration by independent monitors that the submitted data is correct).

# Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

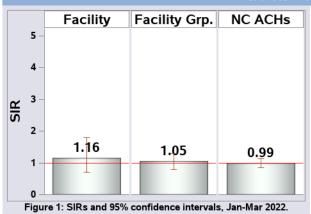


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
Tuble 1. Humber of observed und 1 reduce	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	13	12	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	5	3.7	Same	
All reporting units	18	16	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

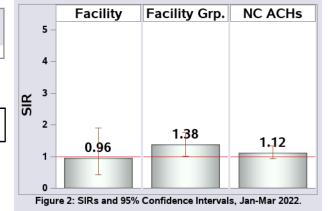
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	7	7.3	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

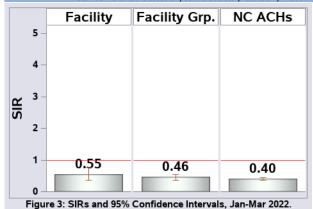


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	28	51	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

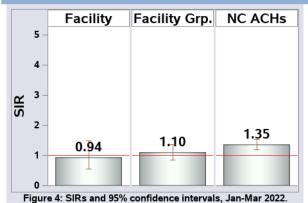


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	7	9.4	Same
Adult/Ped Wards	8	5.9	Same
Neonatal Units	1	1.6	Same
All reporting units	16	17	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

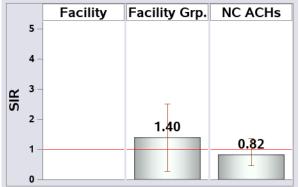


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

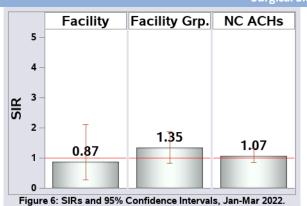


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	4	4.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

## Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 **UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County**

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

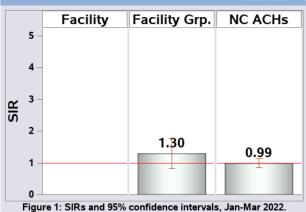
Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Nο Admissions in 2021: 3,048 Patient Days in 2021: 11,662 Total Number of Beds: 108 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.13 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.04

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided



	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

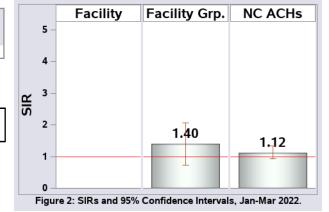
Table 2. Hamber of Observed and Fredeted Milos Events, July Mai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

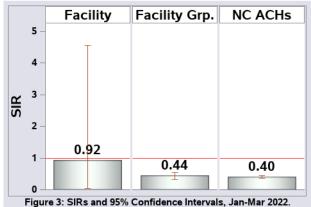


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.1	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 UNC Rockingham Health, Eden, Rockingham County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

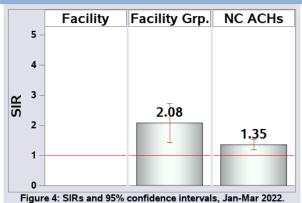


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

T	Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.							
				How Does This Facility				
ı		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National				
ı	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?				
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion				

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

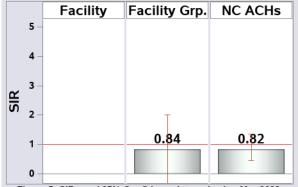


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

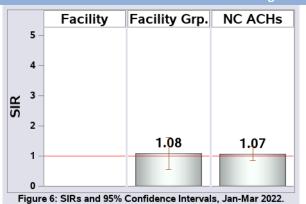


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate

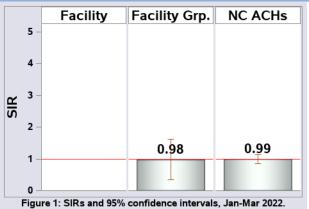
Admissions in 2021: 3,658 Patient Days in 2021: 8,637 Total Number of Beds: 50 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.30 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.60

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided



Ta	Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Г	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

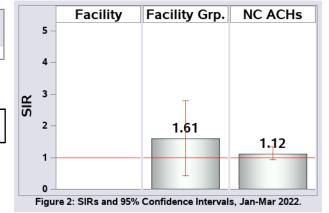
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

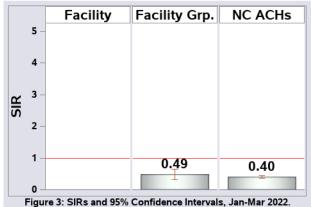


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022

#### Wake Forest Baptist Health-Davie Medical Center, Advance, Davie County



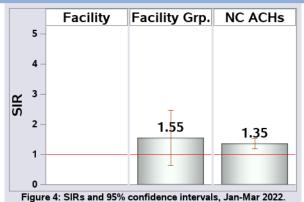


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

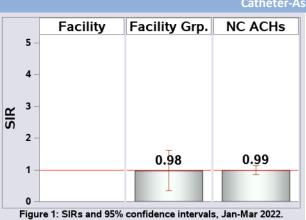
No comments provided.

#### Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

2021 Hospital S	urvey Information
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital
Medical Affiliation:	Major
Admissions in 2021:	4,601
Patient Days in 2021:	15,815
Total Number of Beds:	65
Number of ICU Beds:	12
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	0.50
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.77

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.

Unit Type	Observed Infections	Predicted Infections	How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

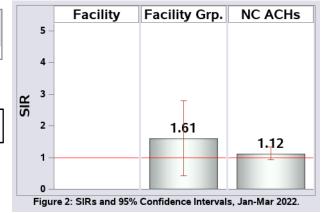
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

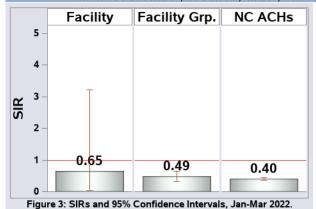


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022						
			How Does This Facility			
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.5	Same			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

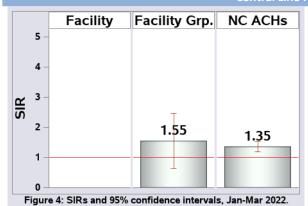


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: Data are unavailable for this time period.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

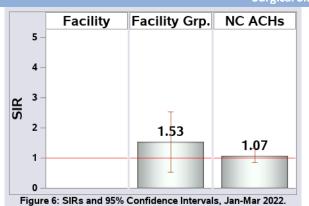


	Table 6. Number of Observed and Fredicted 331 infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Ivial 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
- 1		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
- 1	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

## North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

No comments provided

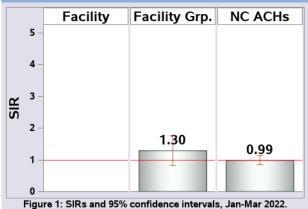
#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 3,803 Patient Days in 2021: 17,464 Total Number of Beds: 130 Number of ICU Beds: FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 0.70 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.54

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



# Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.



			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

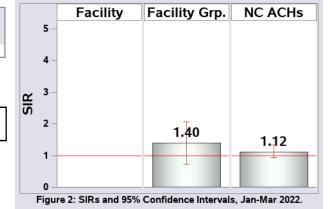
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide innatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

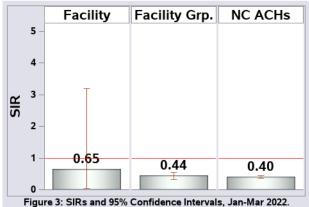


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predict	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.5	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022

#### Wake Forest Baptist Health Wilkes Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

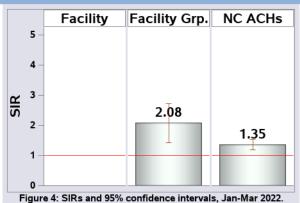


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	2	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

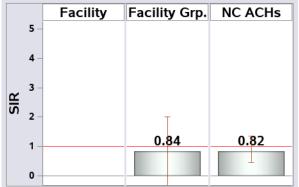


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

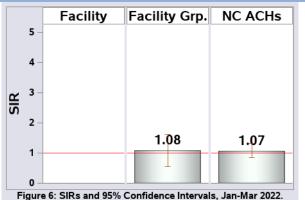


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

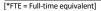
No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

#### Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

2021 Hospital Survey Information				
	Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital		
	Medical Affiliation:	Major		
	Admissions in 2021:	48,315		
	Patient Days in 2021:	253,225		
	Total Number of Beds:	881		
	Number of ICU Beds:	226		
	FTE* Infection Preventionists:	7.00		
	Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	0.79		





Commentary From Facility:

Wake Forest Baptist Health continuously strives to provide a safe environment for patients, their families and our community. We have launched targeted programs to reduce the risk of acquiring Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infection and Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia events and are reinforcing appropriate infection prevention and identification methods.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

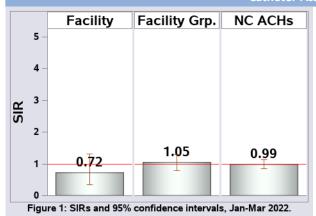


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Adult/Ped ICUs	3	9.2	Better		
Adult/Ped Wards	6	3.3	Same		
All reporting units	9	12	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

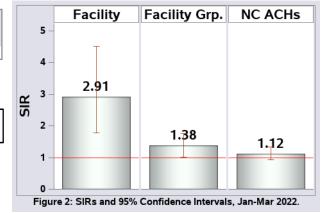
Table 2: Namber of Observed and Fredeted Witton Events, July Wal 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	18	6.2	Worse		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes

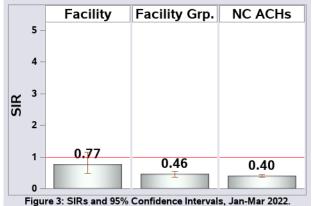


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	20	26	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

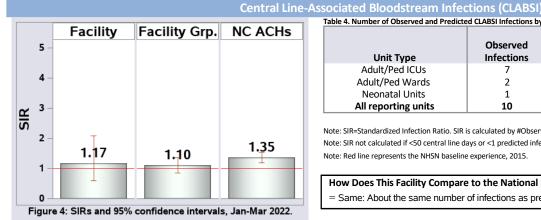


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	7	3.7	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	2.3	Same	
Neonatal Units	1	2.6	Same	
All reporting units	10	8.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

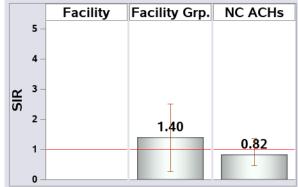


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

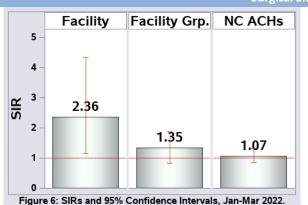


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed SSI Infections (colon s	urgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
	How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	9	3.8	Worse

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

X Worse: More infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

#### **2021 Hospital Survey Information** Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital

Medical Affiliation: Major Admissions in 2021: 42,662 Patient Days in 2021: 222,220 Total Number of Beds: 537 Number of ICU Beds: 124 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 8.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.49

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



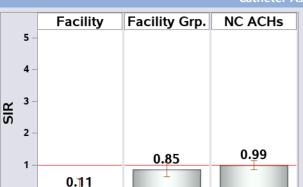


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

**Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)** 

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs 0 5.9 Better Adult/Ped Wards 2.8 Same All reporting units 8.8 Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

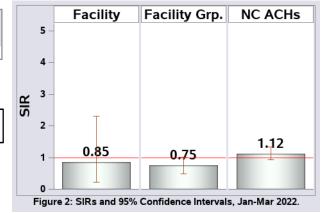
able 2. Number of Observed and Fredicted WiksA Events, Jan-Wai 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	3	3.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

# How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

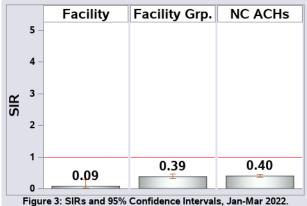


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	2	23	Better	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

\* Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

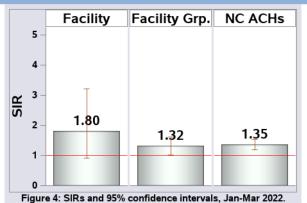


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	3	2.8	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	5	1.7	Worse	
Neonatal Units	2	1.0	Same	
All reporting units	10	5.5	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

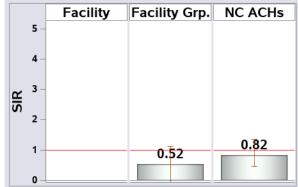


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

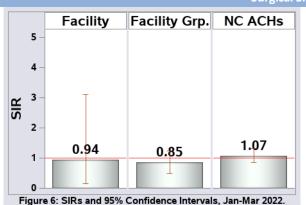


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
	Facility-wide inpatient	2	2.1	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

# **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 16,313 Patient Days in 2021: 59,061 Total Number of Beds: 208 Number of ICU Beds: 12 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.48

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

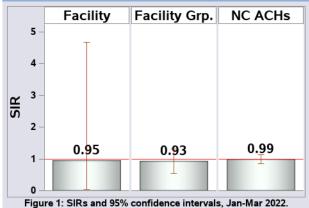


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	1.1	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

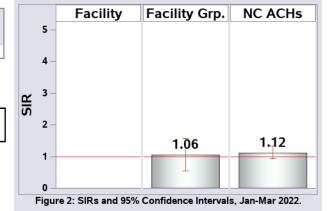
Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, July Wall Edge				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

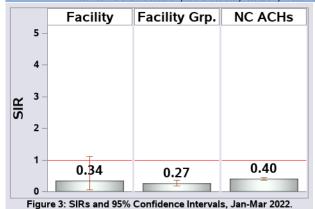


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	2	5.9	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

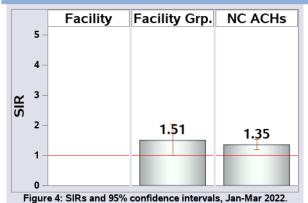


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

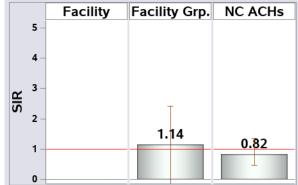


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

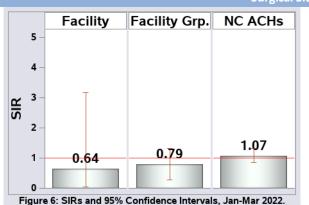


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	1.6	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

Note from N.C. Division of Public Health: VAEs are not reportable at this facility type after 2018Q3

N.C. Division of Public Health, SHARPPS Program

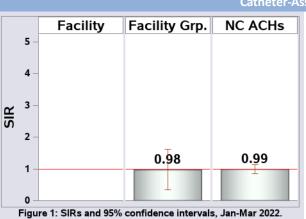
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

### Wakemed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

2021 Hospital Survey Information					
Hospital Type:	Acute Care Hospital				
Medical Affiliation:	Major				
Admissions in 2021:	8,193				
Patient Days in 2021:	20,687				
Total Number of Beds:	61				
Number of ICU Beds:	0				
FTE* Infection Preventionists:	1.00				
Number of FTEs* per 100 beds:	1.64				

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICO and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

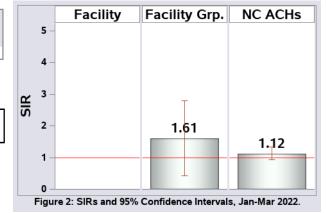
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022						
	How Does This Facility					
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National			
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?			
Facility-wide innatient	0	Less than 1 0	No Conclusion			

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

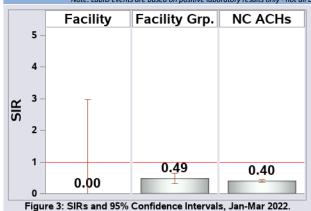


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.0	Same

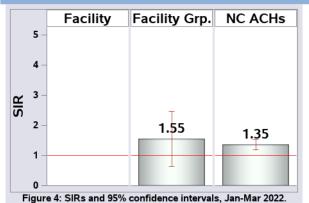
Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022

### Wakemed North Family Health & Women's Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

#### **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**



Tab	Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
	All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed Predicted

Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

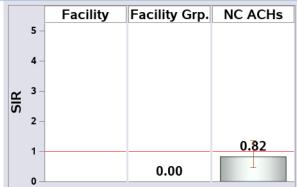


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

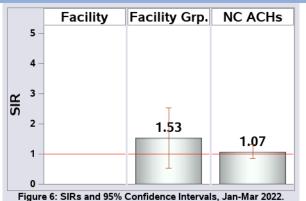


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predict	ed SSI Infections (colon s	surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.	
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Graduate Admissions in 2021: 10,605 Patient Days in 2021: 49,187 Total Number of Beds: 249 Number of ICU Beds: 16 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 2.00 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 0.80

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]





No comments provided

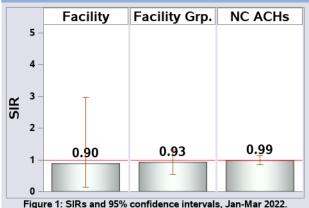


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped ICUs Same 2 1.1 Adult/Ped Wards O 1.2 Same All reporting units Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

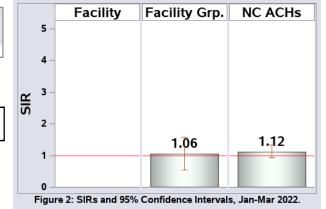
Table 2: Number of Observed and Fredicted Willow Events, July Wall Edge				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illnes.

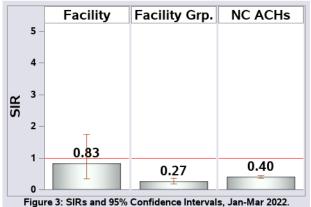


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicte	ed CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022		
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	6	7.2	Same

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

## How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

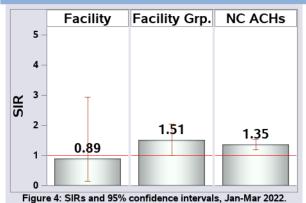


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	0	1.0	Same	
Adult/Ped Wards	2	1.2	Same	
All reporting units	2	2.3	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

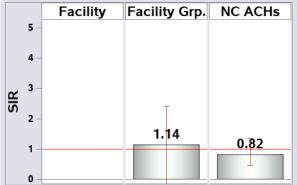


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

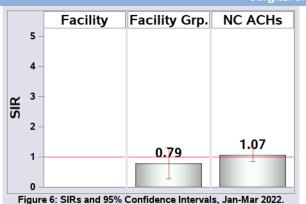


Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

# 2021 Hospital Survey Information

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 8,407 Patient Days in 2021: 44,451 Total Number of Beds: 150 Number of ICU Beds: 20 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.50 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.00

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



**Commentary From Facility:** 

Cone Health is committed to preventing harm from Healthcare Associated Infections across our community. We have dedicated multi-disciplinary teams focused on process improvements to ensure improved outcomes for our patients. If you would like further information, please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention Department. Thank you.

## **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

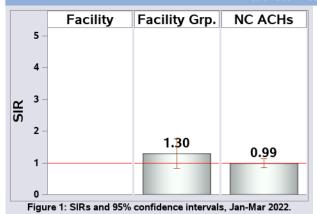


Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022.				
	Observed	Predicted	How Does This Facility Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness.

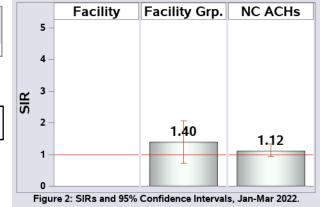
Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

 ${\bf Note: SIR=Standardized\ Infection\ Ratio.\ SIR\ is\ calculated\ by\ \#Observed/\#Predicted.}$ 

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



#### Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

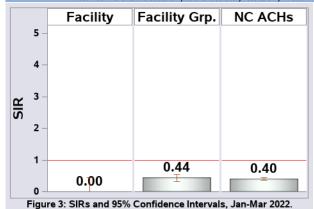


Table of Trainiber of Observed and Frederica episysan mai 2022			
			How Does This Facility
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?
Facility-wide inpatient	0	6.8	Better

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs. Jan-Mar 2022

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

★ Better: Fewer infections than predicted by the national baseline experience

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

# **Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)**

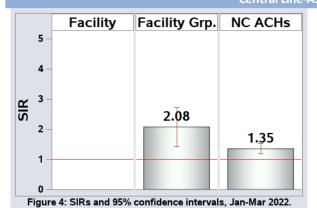


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped ICUs	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Abdominal Hysterectomies

Table 5. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (abdominal hysterectomies), Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted** Compare to the National **Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? **Facility-wide inpatient** 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

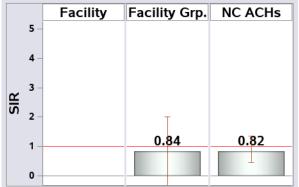


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries

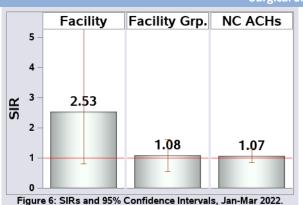


	Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
How Does				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	4	1.6	Same	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### **How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?**

= Same: About the same number of infections as predicted by the national baseline experience

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 - March 31, 2022 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

### **2021 Hospital Survey Information**

Hospital Type: Acute Care Hospital Medical Affiliation: Undergraduate Admissions in 2021: 7,455 Patient Days in 2021: 33,883 Total Number of Beds: 137 Number of ICU Beds: 0 FTF\* Infection Preventionists: 1.63 Number of FTEs\* per 100 beds: 1.19

[\*FTE = Full-time equivalent]



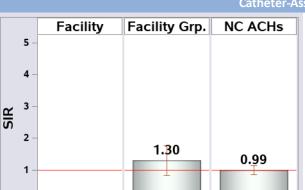


Figure 1: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# **Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)**

No comments provided

Table 1. Number of Observed and Predicted Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022. **How Does This Facility** Observed **Predicted Compare to the National Unit Type** Infections Infections Experience? Adult/Ped Wards No Conclusion 0 Less than 1.0 All reporting units 0 Less than 1.0 No Conclusion

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 catheter days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus Laboratory-Identified Bacteremia (MRSA LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only; not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Events reported here may be higher than events based on clinically-defined illness. Table 2. Number of Observed and Predicted MRSA Events, Jan-Mar 2022

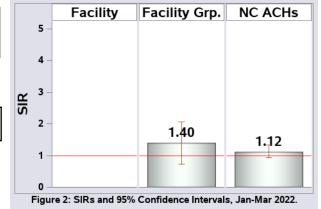
able 2. Hamber of observed and recalcica filmon events, fair fillar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison



# Clostridioides difficile Laboratory-Identified Infections (CDI LabID)

Note: LabID events are based on positive laboratory results only - not all LabID events represent true illnesses. Rates reported here may be higher than rates based on clinically-defined illness

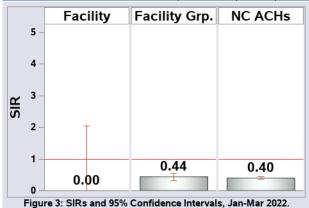


Table 3. Number of Observed and Predicted CDIs, Jan-Mar 2022					
			How Does This Facility		
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National		
Unit Type	Events	Events	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	1.5	Same		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio, SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted. Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

#### North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report Data from January 1 – March 31, 2022 Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

#### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

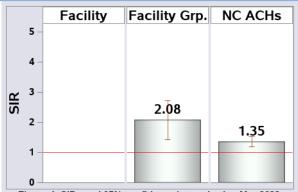


Table 4. Number of Observed and Predicted CLABSI Infections by ICU and Ward Type, Jan-Mar 2022				
			How Does This Facility	
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
Adult/Ped Wards	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	
All reporting units	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: SIR not calculated if <50 central line days or <1 predicted infection.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### Figure 4: SIRs and 95% confidence intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

	S	urgical Site Infe	ections (SSI) after Abdomin	al Hystere	ctomies
able 5. Number of Observed and Predicte	d SSI Infections (abdom	inal hysterectomies), Jai	n-Mar 2022.		
			How Does This Facility		Facil
	Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	5 -	
Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?		
Facility-wide inpatient	0	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion		

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

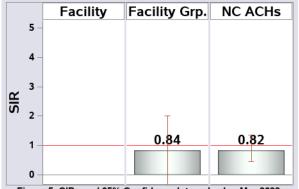
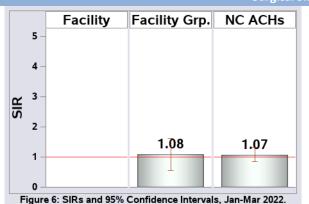


Figure 5: SIRs and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2022.

# Surgical Site Infections (SSI) after Colon Surgeries



1	Table 6. Number of Observed and Predicted SSI Infections (colon surgeries), Jan-Mar 2022.				
				How Does This Facility	
		Observed	Predicted	Compare to the National	
	Unit Type	Infections	Infections	Experience?	
	Facility-wide inpatient	1	Less than 1.0	No Conclusion	

Note: SIR=Standardized Infection Ratio. SIR is calculated by #Observed/#Predicted.

Note: Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.

Note: Red line represents the NHSN baseline experience, 2015.

#### How Does This Facility Compare to the National Experience?

No Conclusion: Data were reported, but there was not enough information to make a reliable comparison

#### **Ventilator-Associated Events (VAE)**

# **APPENDICES**

# **APPENDIX A. Definitions**

<u>Term</u>	<u>Definition</u>
Aggregate data	Sum or total data. For example, aggregate NC HAI data refers to the sum, or total, of HAI data for all hospitals in NC.
ASA Class	Anesthesiologist's pre-operative assessment of the patient's physical condition, using the American Society of Anesthesiologists' (ASA) Classification of Physical Status.  1. Normally healthy patient 2. Patient with mild systemic disease 3. Patient with severe systemic disease that is not incapacitating 4. Patient with an incapacitating systemic disease, constant threat to life 5. Patient not expected to survive for 24 hours with or without the operation
Beds	The number of staffed beds in a facility or patient care location. This may be different from the number of licensed beds.
Catheter days	A daily count of the number of patients with an indwelling urinary catheter. For example, one patient with an indwelling catheter in place for two days or two patients with indwelling catheters in place for one day each would both result in two catheter days. This number is used when presenting rates of catheter-associated urinary tract infections.
Catheter-associated urinary tract infection	Urinary tract infection (UTI) that occurs in a patient who had an indwelling urinary catheter in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the UTI.
Central line	A catheter (tube) that doctors place in a large vein in the neck, chest, or groin ending in a large vein near the heart. It is used to give medication or fluids or to collect blood for medical tests. Also known as a central venous catheter.
Central line-associated bloodstream infection	A bloodstream infection (BSI) that occurs in a patient who had a central line in place for at least two calendar days that was in place on the day of or the day before the onset of the BSI and is not related to an infection at another site.
Central line days	A daily count of the number of patients with a central line. For example, one patient with a central line in place for two days or two patients with central lines in place for one day each would both result in two central line days. This number is used when presenting rates of central line-associated bloodstream infections.
Device days	A daily count of the number of patients with a specific device (e.g., central line, umbilical catheter, or urinary catheter) in the patient care location. For example, one patient with a device in place for two days or two patients with devices in place for one day each would both result in two device days. This number is used when presenting rates of infections associated with the use of devices.
Full-time equivalent	The equivalent of one person working full time for one year: 8 hours per day at 5 days per week for 52 weeks per year = 2080 hours per year
Hand hygiene	A general term that applies to routine hand washing, antiseptic hand wash, antiseptic hand rub, or surgical hand antisepsis.
	<i>Routine hand washing</i> is the use of clean water and non-antimicrobial soap to remove germs, soil and other debris from the hands.
	Antiseptic hand washing is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs on the hands.

<u>Term</u>	<b>Definition</b>
-------------	-------------------

Antiseptic hand rub is the use of alcohol-based hand rubs to remove or destroy germs from the hands. Antiseptic hand rubs are less effective when hands are visibly dirty. Surgical hand antisepsis is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs and takes 2-6 minutes to complete as both hands and forearms are cleaned. Water and nonantimicrobial soap can also be used but must be followed with an alcohol-based surgical hand scrub. Healthcare-associated Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a wide variety of common and infections unusual bacteria, fungi, and viruses during the course of receiving medical care. Intensive care unit A nursing care area that provides intensive observation, diagnosis, and therapeutic procedures for adults and/or children who are critically ill. Also referred to as critical care unit. Medical affiliation Affiliation with a medical school. There are four categories: *Major teaching* – Facility has a program for medical students and post-graduate medical training. Graduate - Facility has a program for post-graduate medical training (i.e., residency and/or fellowships). *Undergraduate* – Facility has a program for medical/nursing students only. *No* –Hospital is not a teaching hospital for physicians and/or physicians in training Patient days A daily count of the number of patients in the patient care location during a specified time period. Describes the speed with which disease or events occur. The number of diseases or events per Rate unit of time. A ratio of observed to expected (or predicted) numbers of events that is adjusted for selected risk Standardized infection ratio factors. Surgical site infection Infection that occurs after surgery, in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Umbilical catheter Long, thin plastic tubes that travel from the stump of a newborn baby's umbilical cord into the large vessels near the heart Urinary catheter A drainage tube that is inserted into the urinary bladder through the urethra, is left in place, and is connected to a closed collection system. Validity (data) The extent to which reported cases of a disease or event correspond accurately to cases of a disease event that actually occurred.

# **APPENDIX B. Acronyms**

ACL Adult Care Licensure

APIC-NC Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, NC Chapter

ASA American Society of Anesthesiologists

BSI Bloodstream infection

CAUTI Catheter-associated urinary tract infection

CCU Critical care unit

CDB Communicable Disease Branch

CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

C. diff Clostridioides difficile

CDI Clostridioides difficile infection

CI Confidence interval

CMS Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

CLABSI Central line-associated bloodstream infections

DHHS Department of Health and Human Services

DHSR Division of Health Service Regulation

DPH Division of Public Health
ED Emergency department

HAI Healthcare-associated infections

ICU Intensive care unit

IPs Infection preventionists

MRSA Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*NCHA North Carolina Healthcare Association

NC SPICE North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology

NHLC Nursing Home Licensure and Certification

NHSN National Healthcare Safety Network

SIR Standardized infection ratio

SSI Surgical site infection

VAE Ventilator-associated event



about

# "Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infections"

(also known as "Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections")

#### What is a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

A "central line" or "central catheter" is a tube that is placed into a patient's large vein, usually in the neck, chest, arm, or groin. The catheter is often used to draw blood, or give fluids or medications. It may be left in place for several weeks. A bloodstream infection can occur when bacteria or other germs travel down a "central line" and enter the blood. If you develop a catheter-associated bloodstream infection you may become ill with fevers and chills or the skin around the catheter may become sore and red.

#### Can a catheter-related bloodstream infection be treated?

A catheter-associated bloodstream infection is serious, but often can be successfully treated with antibiotics. The catheter might need to be removed if you develop an infection.

# What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections?

To prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections doctors and nurses will:

- Choose a vein where the catheter can be safely inserted and where the risk for infection is small.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before putting in the catheter.
- Wear a mask, cap, sterile gown, and sterile gloves when putting in the catheter to keep it sterile. The patient will be covered with a sterile sheet
- Clean the patient's skin with an antiseptic cleanser before putting in the catheter.
- Clean their hands, wear gloves, and clean the catheter opening
  with an antiseptic solution before using the catheter to draw
  blood or give medications. Healthcare providers also clean their
  hands and wear gloves when changing the bandage that covers
  the area where the catheter enters the skin.
- Decide every day if the patient still needs to have the catheter.
   The catheter will be removed as soon as it is no longer needed.
- Carefully handle medications and fluids that are given through the catheter.

# What can I do to help prevent a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?

• Ask your doctors and nurses to explain why you need the catheter and how long you will have it.

- Ask your doctors and nurses if they will be using all of the prevention methods discussed above.
- Make sure that all doctors and nurses caring for you clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- If the bandage comes off or becomes wet or dirty, tell your nurse or doctor immediately.
- Inform your nurse or doctor if the area around your catheter is sore or red.
- Do not let family and friends who visit touch the catheter or the tubing.
- Make sure family and friends clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

Some patients are sent home from the hospital with a catheter in order to continue their treatment. If you go home with a catheter, your doctors and nurses will explain everything you need to know about taking care of your catheter.

- Make sure you understand how to care for the catheter before leaving the hospital. For example, ask for instructions on showering or bathing with the catheter and how to change the catheter dressing.
- Make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- Make sure you wash your hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before handling your catheter.
- Watch for the signs and symptoms of catheter-associated bloodstream infection, such as soreness or redness at the catheter site or fever, and call your healthcare provider immediately if any occur.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

Co-sponsored by:















# "Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection"

#### What is "catheter-associated urinary tract infection"?

A urinary tract infection (also called "UTI") is an infection in the urinary system, which includes the bladder (which stores the urine) and the kidneys (which filter the blood to make urine). Germs (for example, bacteria or yeasts) do not normally live in these areas; but if germs are introduced, an infection can occur.

If you have a urinary catheter, germs can travel along the catheter and cause an infection in your bladder or your kidney; in that case it is called a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (or "CA-UTI").

#### What is a urinary catheter?

A urinary catheter is a thin tube placed in the bladder to drain urine. Urine drains through the tube into a bag that collects the urine. A urinary catheter may be used:

- If you are not able to urinate on your own
- To measure the amount of urine that you make, for example, during intensive care
- During and after some types of surgery
- During some tests of the kidneys and bladder

People with urinary catheters have a much higher chance of getting a urinary tract infection than people who don't have a catheter.

#### How do I get a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (CA-UTI)?

If germs enter the urinary tract, they may cause an infection. Many of the germs that cause a catheter-associated urinary tract infection are common germs found in your intestines that do not usually cause an infection there. Germs can enter the urinary tract when the catheter is being put in or while the catheter remains in the bladder.

#### What are the symptoms of a urinary tract infection?

Some of the common symptoms of a urinary tract infection are:

- Burning or pain in the lower abdomen (that is, below the stomach)
- Fever
- Bloody urine may be a sign of infection, but is also caused by other problems
- Burning during urination or an increase in the frequency of urination after the catheter is removed.

Sometimes people with catheter-associated urinary tract infections do not have these symptoms of infection.

#### Can catheter-associated urinary tract infections be treated?

Yes, most catheter-associated urinary tract infections can be treated with antibiotics and removal or change of the catheter. Your doctor will determine which antibiotic is best for you.

What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheterassociated urinary tract infections?

To prevent urinary tract infections, doctors and nurses take the following actions.

#### **Catheter insertion**

- Catheters are put in only when necessary and they are removed as soon as possible.
- Only properly trained persons insert catheters using sterile ("clean") technique.
- o The skin in the area where the catheter will be inserted is cleaned before inserting the catheter.
- o Other methods to drain the urine are sometimes used, such as
- External catheters in men (these look like condoms and are placed over the penis rather than into the penis)
- Putting a temporary catheter in to drain the urine and removing it right away. This is called intermittent urethral catheterization.

#### **Catheter care**

 Healthcare providers clean their hands by washing them with soap and water or using an alcohol-based hand rub before and after touching your catheter.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- o Avoid disconnecting the catheter and drain tube. This helps to prevent germs from getting into the catheter tube.
- o The catheter is secured to the leg to prevent pulling on the catheter.
- o Avoid twisting or kinking the catheter.
- Keep the bag lower than the bladder to prevent urine from backflowing to the bladder.
- o Empty the bag regularly. The drainage spout should not touch anything while emptying the bag.

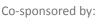
What can I do to help prevent catheter-associated urinary tract infections if I have a catheter?

- Always clean your hands before and after doing catheter care.
- Always keep your urine bag below the level of your bladder.
- . Do not tug or pull on the tubing.
- Do not twist or kink the catheter tubing.
- Ask your healthcare provider each day if you still need the catheter.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- If you will be going home with a catheter, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of the catheter. Make sure you understand how to care for it before you leave the hospital.
- If you develop any of the symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such as burning or pain in the lower abdomen, fever, or an increase in the frequency of urination, contact your doctor or nurse immediately.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

















# "Surgical Site Infections"

#### What is a Surgical Site Infection (SSI)?

A surgical site infection is an infection that occurs after surgery in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Most patients who have surgery do not develop an infection. However, infections develop in about 1 to 3 out of every 100 patients who have surgery.

Some of the common symptoms of a surgical site infection are:

- Redness and pain around the area where you had surgery
- Drainage of cloudy fluid from your surgical wound
- Fever

#### Can SSIs be treated?

Yes. Most surgical site infections can be treated with antibiotics. The antibiotic given to you depends on the bacteria (germs) causing the infection. Sometimes patients with SSIs also need another surgery to treat the infection.

#### What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent SSIs?

To prevent SSIs, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands and arms up to their elbows with an antiseptic agent just before the surgery.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for each patient.
- May remove some of your hair immediately before your surgery using electric clippers if the hair is in the same area where the procedure will occur. They should not shave you with a razor.
- Wear special hair covers, masks, gowns, and gloves during surgery to keep the surgery area clean.
- Give you antibiotics before your surgery starts. In most cases, you should get antibiotics within 60 minutes before the surgery starts and the antibiotics should be stopped within 24 hours after surgery.
- Clean the skin at the site of your surgery with a special soap that kills germs.

# What can I do to help prevent SSIs?

### Before your surgery:

• Tell your doctor about other medical problems you may have. Health problems such as allergies, diabetes, and obesity could affect your surgery and your treatment.

- Quit smoking. Patients who smoke get more infections. Talk to your doctor about how you can quit before your surgery.
- Do not shave near where you will have surgery. Shaving with a razor can irritate your skin and make it easier to develop an infection.

#### At the time of your surgery:

- Speak up if someone tries to shave you with a razor before surgery.
   Ask why you need to be shaved and talk with your surgeon if you have any concerns.
- · Ask if you will get antibiotics before surgery.

#### After your surgery:

 Make sure that your healthcare providers clean their hands before examining you, either with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- Family and friends who visit you should not touch the surgical wound or dressings.
- Family and friends should clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you. If you do not see them clean their hands, ask them to clean their hands.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

- Before you go home, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of your wound. Make sure you understand how to care for your wound before you leave the hospital.
- Always clean your hands before and after caring for your wound.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- If you have any symptoms of an infection, such as redness and pain at the surgery site, drainage, or fever, call your doctor immediately.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

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(Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus)

#### What is MRSA?

Staphylococcus aureus (pronounced staff-ill-oh-KOK-us AW-ree-us), or "Staph" is a very common germ that about 1 out of every 3 people have on their skin or in their nose. This germ does not cause any problems for most people who have it on their skin. But sometimes it can cause serious infections such as skin or wound infections, pneumonia, or infections of the blood.

Antibiotics are given to kill Staph germs when they cause infections. Some *Staph* are resistant, meaning they cannot be killed by some antibiotics. "Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus" or "MRSA" is a type of Staph that is resistant to some of the antibiotics that are often used to treat *Staph* infections.

#### Who is most likely to get an MRSA infection?

In the hospital, people who are more likely to get an MRSA infection are people who:

- have other health conditions making them sick
- · have been in the hospital or a nursing home
- · have been treated with antibiotics.

People who are healthy and who have not been in the hospital or a nursing home can also get MRSA infections. These infections usually involve the skin. More information about this type of MRSA infection, known as "community-associated MRSA" infection, is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). http://www.cdc.gov/mrsa

#### How do I get an MRSA infection?

People who have MRSA germs on their skin or who are infected with MRSA may be able to spread the germ to other people. MRSA can be passed on to bed linens, bed rails, bathroom fixtures, and medical equipment. It can spread to other people on contaminated equipment and on the hands of doctors, nurses, other healthcare providers and visitors.

#### Can MRSA infections be treated?

Yes, there are antibiotics that can kill MRSA germs. Some patients with MRSA abscesses may need surgery to drain the infection. Your healthcare provider will determine which treatments are best for you.

# What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent MRSA infections?

To prevent MRSA infections, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for every patient.
- Carefully clean hospital rooms and medical equipment.
- Use Contact Precautions when caring for patients with MRSA. Contact Precautions mean:
  - o Whenever possible, patients with MRSA will have a single room or will share a room only with someone else who also has MRSA.
  - o Healthcare providers will put on gloves and wear a gown over their clothing while taking care of patients with MRSA.

- o Visitors may also be asked to wear a gown and gloves.
- When leaving the room, hospital providers and visitors remove their gown and gloves and clean their hands.
- Patients on Contact Precautions are asked to stay in their hospital rooms as much as possible. They should not go to common areas, such as the gift shop or cafeteria. They may go to other areas of the hospital for treatments and tests.
- May test some patients to see if they have MRSA on their skin. This test involves rubbing a cotton-tipped swab in the patient's nostrils or on the skin

#### What can I do to help prevent MRSA infections?

#### In the hospital

 Make sure that all doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

#### When you go home

• If you have wounds or an intravascular device (such as a catheter or dialysis port) make sure that you know how to take care of them.

#### Can my friends and family get MRSA when they visit me?

The chance of getting MRSA while visiting a person who has MRSA is very low. To decrease the chance of getting MRSA your family and friends should:

- Clean their hands before they enter your room and when they leave.
- Ask a healthcare provider if they need to wear protective gowns and gloves when they visit you.

#### What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?

To prevent another MRSA infection and to prevent spreading MRSA to others:

- Keep taking any antibiotics prescribed by your doctor. Don't take half-doses or stop before you complete your prescribed course.
- Clean your hands often, especially before and after changing your wound dressing or bandage.
- People who live with you should clean their hands often as well.
- Keep any wounds clean and change bandages as instructed until healed.
- Avoid sharing personal items such as towels or razors.
- Wash and dry your clothes and bed linens in the warmest temperatures recommended on the labels.
- Tell your healthcare providers that you have MRSA. This includes home health nurses and aides, therapists, and personnel in doctors' offices.
- Your doctor may have more instructions for you.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.















# CLOSTRIDIOIDES DIFFICILE (formerly known as Clostridium difficile)

Clostridioides difficile (also known as C. diff) is a bacterium that causes diarrhea and colitis (an inflammation of the colon). C. diff infection can be life-threatening.

# **IMPACT**



C. diff infection is estimated to cause almost half a million illnesses in the United States each year, and an estimated 29,300 deaths.<sup>1</sup>



About **1 in 6 patients** who get *C. diff* infection will get it again in the subsequent 2-8 weeks.1



One in 11 people over 65 diagnosed with a healthcare-associated *C. diff* infection die within a month.2

# **RISK**



People are 7 to 10 times more likely to get C. diff infection while taking an antibiotic and during the month after.3



Extended stays in healthcare settings, such as hospitals and nursing homes, also increase their risk.



More than 80% of *C. diff* deaths occur in people 65 and older.

# **SPREAD**





C. diff spreads when people touch surfaces that are contaminated with poop from an infected person.



Or when people don't wash their hands with soap and water.



It can also happen when one healthcare facility fails to notify another when it transfers a patient with C. diff.

# Healthcare professionals can help **PREVENT** C. diff by:



Optimizing the way they prescribe antibiotics.



Using the tests that give the most accurate results.



Rapidly identifying and isolating patients with *C. diff*.



Wearing gloves and gowns when treating patients with *C. diff*—and remembering that hand sanitizer doesn't kill *C. diff*.



Cleaning surfaces in rooms where *C. diff* patients are treated with EPA-approved, spore-killing disinfectant (see list K).

# cdc.gov/cdiff





**U.S. Department of Health and Human Services** Centers for Disease **Control and Prevention** 

# Appendix D. NC SHARPPS Advisory Group

Sheryl A. Bedno, MD, DrPH, FACPM, LTC, MC Chief, Preventive Medicine Womack Army Medical Center

Emily Berns, MPH, RN Infection Preventionist N.C Division of Public Health

Kimberly Clement, MPH

Healthcare Preparedness Program Manager NC Office of Emergency Medical Services

Kathy Cochran, RN, CIC Infection Preventionist Vidant Health

Caroline Colburn, MS, OTR/L

Coordinator, Regional Infection Support Teams

N.C. Division of Public Health

Evelyn Cook, RN, CIC

Associate Director, N.C. Statewide Program in Infection Control Epidemiology (UNC School of Medicine)

Lindsay Daniels, PharmD, MPH, BCIDP Clinical Pharmacy Specialist, Infectious Diseases Carolina Antimicrobial Stewardship Program UNC

Jessica Dixon, MHA, BSN, RN, CIC, FAPIC Infection Prevention Specialist WakeMed Health & Hospitals

Elizabeth Dodds-Ashley, PharmD, MHS, FCCP, BCPS Associate Professor of Medicine Duke Center for Antimicrobial Stewardship and Infection Preve

Teresa Fisher RN, CIC Nurse Consultant N.C. Division of Public Health

Evelyn Foust, MPH, CPM Communicable Disease Branch Head N.C. Division of Public Health

Shermalvn Greene, PhD

Molecular Diagnostics & Epidemiology Program Manager

N.C. State Laboratory of Public Health

Representative Verla Insko (Orange County) N.C. House of Representatives

Marilee Johnson, MBA, MT (ASCP) Technical Advisor, Infection Prevention, Alliant Quality – QIN-QIO for Georgia and North Carolina

Shelby Lassiter, BSN, RN, CPHQ Director, Clinical Improvement N.C. Healthcare Association Sarah Lewis, MD

Duke Infection Control Outreach Network (DICON)

Rachel Long, MT, MAE, CIC, FAPIC, FEPI

Member at Large

Jennifer MacFarquhar, MPH, BSN, RN, CIC (Chair)

Director, SHARPPS Program N.C. Division of Public Health

Zack Moore, MD, MPH NC State Epidemiologist N.C. Division of Public Health

Katie Passaretti, MD Hospital Epidemiologist Atrium Healthcare

Sally Penick Infection Preventionist Cherokee Indian Hospital

David Priest, MD, MPH Medical Director, Infection Prevention and Antimicrobial Stewardship, Novant Health

William A. Rutala, PhD, MPH Director, N.C. Statewide Program in Infection Control and Epidemiology (UNC School of Medicine)

Emily Sickbert-Bennett, PhD, MS, CIC Director, Hospital Epidemiology UNC Hospitals

Philip Sloane, MD, MPH Department of Family Medicine University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Becky Smith, MD Duke University Health System

Meg Sredl, MPH SHARPPS Program Epidemiologist N.C. Division of Public Health

Kendalyn Stephens, MPH SHARPPS Program Epidemiologist N.C. Division of Public Health

Heidi White, MD, MHS, Med Professor of Medicine, Geriatrics Division Duke University Department of Medicine

Erica Wilson, MD, MPH Head, Medical Consultation Unit N.C. Division of Public Health

TBD

Division of Health Services Regulation (DHSR)

# Appendix E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2021 (or 2020 if 2021 survey not submitted by date of dataset generation) National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey

# Appendix E1 Healthcare Facility Group: Short-term Acute Care Hospitals

Survey Year	Hospital Name	Number of Beds
2021	ECU HEALTH BERTIE HOSPITAL	6
	FIRSTHEALTH MOORE REGIONAL HOSPITAL - HOKE	
2021	CAMPUS	8
2021	DLP - SWAIN COMMUNITY HOSPITAL	15
2021	CAROLINAS HEALTHCARE SYSTEM ANSON	15
2021	CHEROKEE INDIAN HOSPITAL	18
2021	MARTIN GENERAL HOSPITAL	18
2021	PERSON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	18
2021	THE OUTER BANKS HOSPITAL	21
2021	NOVANT HEALTH MEDICAL PARK HOSPITAL	22
2021	DOSHER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	23
2021	HIGHLANDS CASHIERS HOSPITAL	24
2021	ST LUKES HOSPITAL	25
2021	MURPHY MEDICAL CENTER	25
2021	ECU HEALTH CHOWAN HOSPITAL	25
2021	PENDER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	25
2021	NORTH CAROLINA SPECIALTY HOSPITAL	26
2021	MCDOWELL HOSPITAL	30
	NOVANT HEALTH NEW HANOVER ORTHOPEDIC	
2021	HOSPITAL	30
2021	ANGEL MEDICAL CENTER	35
2021	REX HOLLY SPRINGS HOSPITAL	35
2021	NOVANT HEALTH CLEMMONS MEDICAL CENTER	36
2021	BLUE RIDGE REGIONAL HOSPITAL	38
2021	TRANSYLVANIA REGIONAL HOSPITAL	40
2021	CENTRAL HARNETT HOSPITAL	44
2021	NOVANT HEALTH CHARLOTTE ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL	48
2021	CAPE FEAR VALLEY HOKE HOSPITAL	49
2021	WAKE FOREST BAPTIST HEALTH-DAVIE MEDICAL CENTER	50
2021	JOHNSTON HEALTH CLAYTON	50
2021	NOVANT HEALTH MINT HILL MEDICAL CENTER	50
2021	ANNIE PENN HOSPITAL	53
<del>-</del>	WAKEMED NORTH FAMILY HEALTH & WOMEN'S	
2021	HOSPITAL	61
2021	GRANVILLE MEDICAL CENTER	62
	WAKE FOREST BAPTIST HEALTH-LEXINGTON MEDICAL	
2021	CENTER	65
2021	KINGS MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL	67
2021	NOVANT HEALTH KERNERSVILLE MEDICAL CENTER	67

2021	COLUMBUS REGIONAL HEALTHCARE SYSTEM	70
2021	RANDOLPH HOSPITAL DBA RANDOLPH HEALTH	74
2021	CARTERET GENERAL HOSPITAL	76
2021	ECU HEALTH BEAUFORT HOSPITAL	77
2021	DLP - HARRIS REGIONAL HOSPITAL	78
	FIRSTHEALTH MOORE REGIONAL HOSPITAL -	
2021	RICHMOND CAMPUS	79
2021	HUGH CHATHAM MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	81
2021	BETSY JOHNSON HOSPITAL	87
2021	ECU HEALTH DUPLIN HOSPITAL	89
2021	CENTRAL CAROLINA HOSPITAL	89
2021	DAVIS REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	93
2021	ECU HEALTH NORTH HOSPITAL	96
2021	MARIA PARHAM MEDICAL CENTER	99
2021	ATRIUM HEALTH UNIVERSITY CITY	100
2021	HAYWOOD REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	100
2021	NORTHERN REGIONAL HOSPITAL	100
2021	ATRIUM HEALTH LINCOLN	101
2021	ADVENT HEALTH HENDERSONVILLE	103
2021	SCOTLAND MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	104
2021	NOVANT HEALTH BRUNSWICK MEDICAL CENTER	108
2021	UNC ROCKINGHAM HEALTH	108
2021	ATRIUM HEALTH STANLY	109
2021	ECU HEALTH EDGECOMBE HOSPITAL	111
2021	ECU HEALTH ROANOKE-CHOWAN HOSPITAL	114
2021	SENTARA ALBEMARLE MEDICAL CENTER	115
2021	SAMPSON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	116
2021	ARHS-WATAUGA MEDICAL CENTER	117
2021	LAKE NORMAN REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	123
2021	RUTHERFORD REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	125
	WAKE FOREST BAPTIST HEALTH WILKES MEDICAL	
2021	CENTER	130
2021	NOVANT HEALTH THOMASVILLE MEDICAL CENTER	134
2021	CALDWELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	136
2021	WILSON MEDICAL CENTER	137
2021	PARDEE HOSPITAL	143
2021	JOHNSTON HEALTH	149
2021	NASH HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS	150
2021	WESLEY LONG HOSPITAL	150
2021	UNC HEALTH BLUE RIDGE	151
2021	ONSLOW MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	162
2021	LENOIR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, INC	167
2021	CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER - UNION	182
2021	DUKE RALEIGH HOSPITAL	186
2021	FRYE REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	190
2021	NOVANT HEALTH HUNTERSVILLE MEDICAL CENTER	197

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2021	IREDELL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	199
2021	CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER- MERCY	207
2021	WAKEMED CARY HOSPITAL	208
2021	NOVANT HEALTH MATTHEWS MEDICAL CENTER	213
2021	SOUTHEASTERN REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	218
2021	ALAMANCE REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	238
2021	CAROLINAS HEALTHCARE SYSTEM CLEVELAND	241
2021	NOVANT HEALTH ROWAN MEDICAL CENTER	247
2021	WAYNE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	249
2021	CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER- PINEVILLE	252
2021	DUKE REGIONAL HOSPITAL	252
2021	CATAWBA VALLEY MEDICAL CENTER	253
2021	CHERRY HOSPITAL	259
2021	BROUGHTON HOSPITAL	265
2021	HIGH POINT REGIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM	300
2021	CAROLINAEAST MEDICAL CENTER	350
2021	FIRSTHEALTH MOORE REGIONAL HOSPITAL	362
2021	CENTRAL REGIONAL HOSPITAL	405
2021	GASTON MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	435
2021	ATRIUM HEALTH CABARRUS	457
2021	MOSES CONE HOSPITAL	517
2021	WAKEMED	537
2021	REX HEALTHCARE	538
2021	NOVANT HEALTH PRESBYTERIAN MEDICAL CENTER	669
2021	NEW HANOVER REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	740
2021	CAPE FEAR VALLEY HEALTH SYSTEM	775
2021	NOVANT HEALTH FORSYTH MEDICAL CENTER	812
2021	MISSION HOSPITAL	815
2021	CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER	872
2021	WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY BAPTIST MEDICAL CENTER	881
2021	UNC HEALTH CARE	951
2021	ECU HEALTH MEDICAL CENTER	1039
2021	DUKE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL	1048

# Appendix E2 Healthcare Facility Group: Long-term Acute Care Hospitals

## **Hospital Name**

Select Specialty Hospital, Greensboro Select Specialty Hospital, Durham Carolinas Specialty Hospital Kindred Hospital Greensboro Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital Asheville Specialty Hospital Pam Specialty Hospital of Rocky Mount

# Appendix E3 Healthcare Facility Group: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities

## **Facility Name**

Bryant T. Aldridge Rehabilitation Center Cape Fear Valley Rehabilitation Center CarePartners Health Services Carolinas Rehabilitation Carolinas Rehabilitation North East Carolinas Rehabilitation Mount Holly CHS Pineville Rehabilitation