

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report August 18-24, 2024



Statewide Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits this season to date is 2.2 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were **91* HRI ED visits** (0.09% of total ED visits), with a **rate of 0.8 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among **females** aged **65+ years (1.7 per 100,000 population**). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the Fayetteville
 Area) (1.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2; NC DETECT Region 3)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was **heat** exhaustion (n =23). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **77.4** to **101°F** at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was **1** day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age

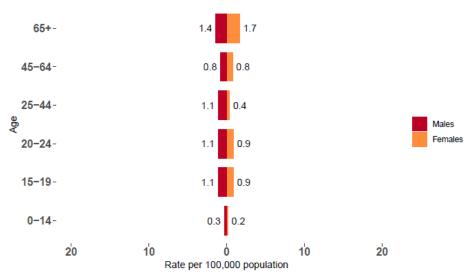
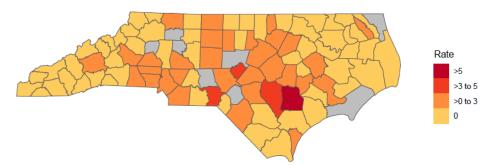


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 11 fleat related fiffess ED visits by Severity			
Severity§	Number (N =44‡)	Percent [†]	_
Heat Exhaustion	23	52.3	_
Heat Stroke	1	2.3	
Heat Syncope	9	20.5	
Other Effects	11	25	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 47
- † May not total 100 due to rounding

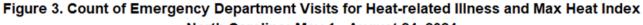
|| other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

*The 91 total HRI ED visits includes 9 visits that were missing county of residence and are excluded from the regional reports.



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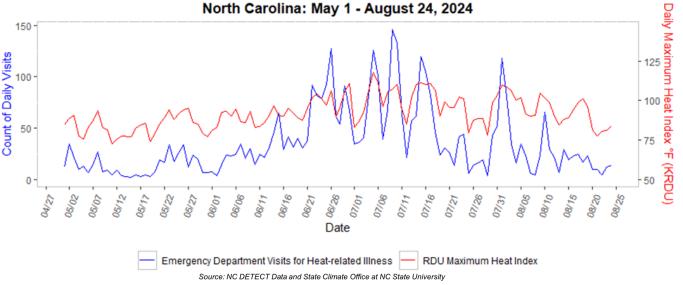
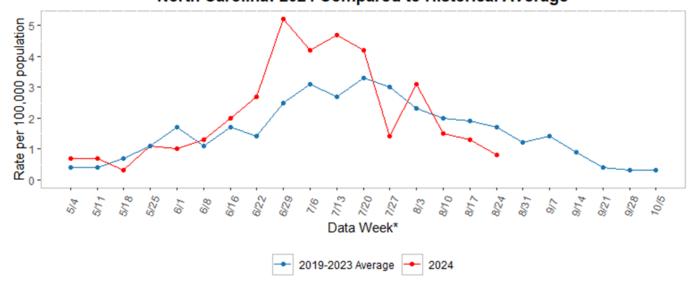


Figure 4. Rate of Emergency Department Visits for Heat Related Illness
North Carolina: 2024 Compared to Historical Average





North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) August 18-24, 2024



Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 3.1 per 100,000 population.**

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were 9 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among females aged 20-24 years (3.1 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Pasquotank County (2.5 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =2). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 76.3 to 98.2°F at Pitt-Greenville Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **0** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)

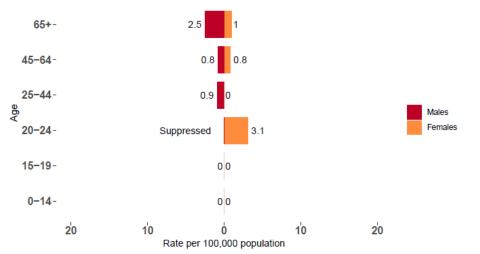
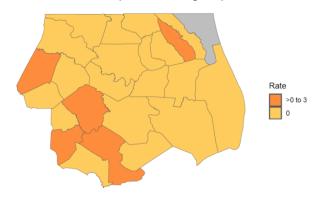
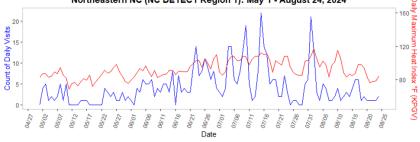


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index
Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1): May 1 - August 24, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KPGV Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related i	ible 1. Heat-related liffless LD visits by Severity		
Severity [§]	Number (N = 3 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	2	66.7	
Other Effects	1	33.3	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 6
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) August 18-24, 2024



Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.4 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were 6 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of **0.7 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (2.1 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Duplin County (6.1 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat exhaustion (n=2) and other effects (n =2). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 80.7 to 96.4°F at Wilmington International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **3** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)

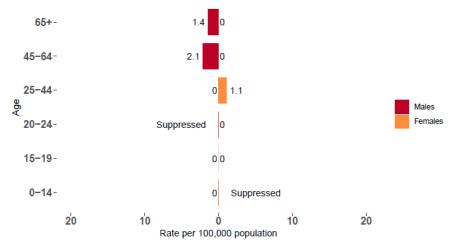
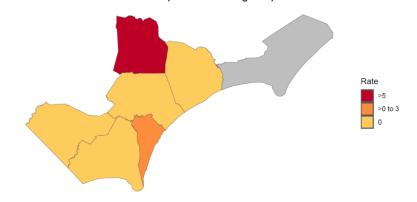
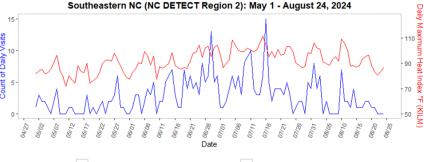


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index
Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2): May 1 - August 24, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KILM Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1 Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related liftless LD visits by Severity		
Severity§	Number (N = 4 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	2	50
Other Effects	2	50

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

‡ Missing severity data = 2

† May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) August 18-24, 2024



Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 3.2 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were **17** HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of **1.3 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among females aged 65+ years (2.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Richmond County (4.6 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =5). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 78.6 to 98.7°F at Fayetteville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **2** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)

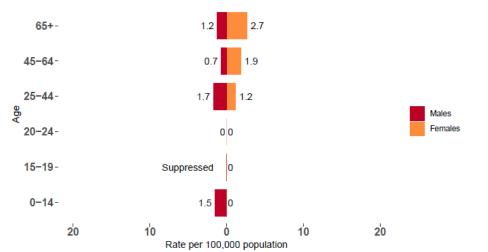
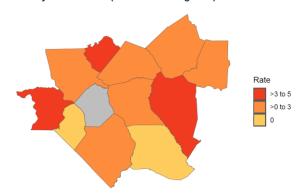
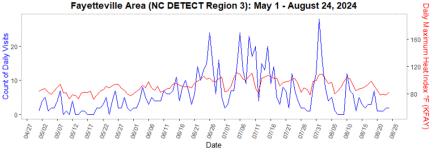


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KFAY Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 8 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	5	62.5
Heat Syncope	1	12.5
Other Effects	2	25

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data =9
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) August 18-24, 2024

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RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.6 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were 17 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 0.8 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (3.1 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Vance County (2.4 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat exhaustion (n=3) and heat syncope (n =3). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 77.4 to 101°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)

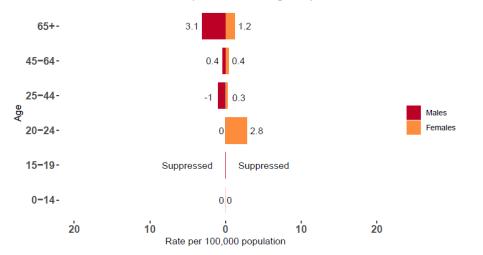
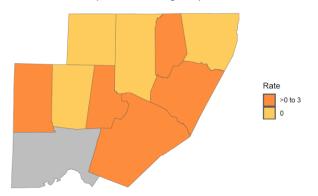
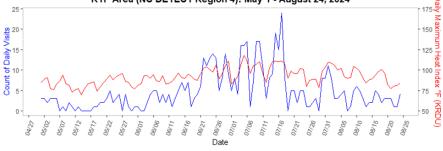


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4): May 1 - August 24, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KRDU Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 7 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	3	42.9	
Heat Syncope	3	42.9	
Other Effects	1	14.3	

- § Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:
- https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html
- **‡** Missing severity data = 10
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) August 18-24, 2024



Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.1 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were 12 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 0.7 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among females aged 65+ years (2.9 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Rockingham County (2.2 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 3). (Table 1)
 The maximum heat index ranged from 75.2 to 89.5°F at Smith Reynolds Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **0** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)

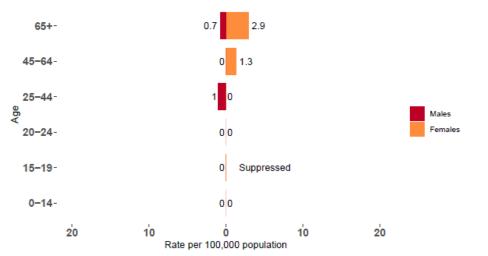
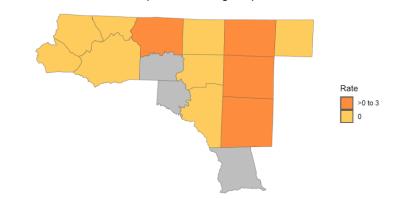
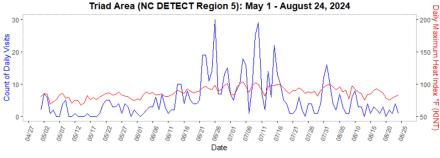


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population
Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)



Rates based on counts between 1–4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KINT Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Tuble 1: Heat Telated lilless ED visits by Severity		
Severity [§]	Number (N = 5 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	3	60
Heat Syncope	1	20
Other Effects	1	20

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 7
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) August 18-24, 2024



Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 1.4 per 100,000 population.**

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were 3 HRI ED visits (0% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 0.3 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among females aged 65+ years (1.6 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Burke County (2.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =1). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 74.8 to 84.4°F at Asheville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **0** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)

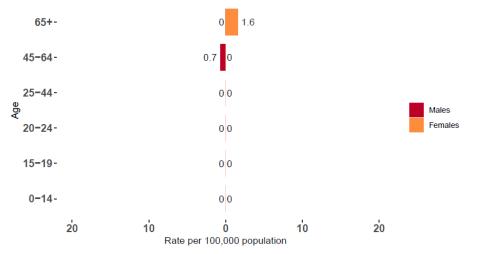
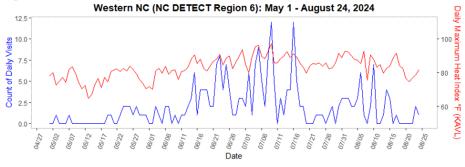


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population
Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KAVL Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related if	iness ED visits by Severity		
Severity§	Number (N = 1 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	1	100	

- § Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories: https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html
- **‡** Missing severity data = 2
- † May not total 100 due to rounding
- $\|$ other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) August 18-24, 2024



Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.9 per 100,000 population.

This week (August 18-24, 2024):

- There were **18** HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of **0.7 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (1.4 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Catawba County (1.9 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =4). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 79.8 to 91.8°F at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

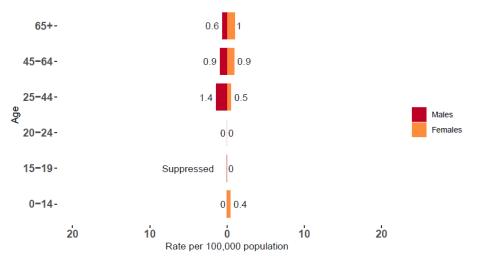
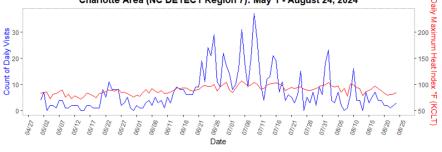


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population
Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index
Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7): May 1 - August 24, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KCLT Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 10 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	4	40
Heat Stroke	1	10
Heat Syncope	2	20
Other Effects	3	30

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 8
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





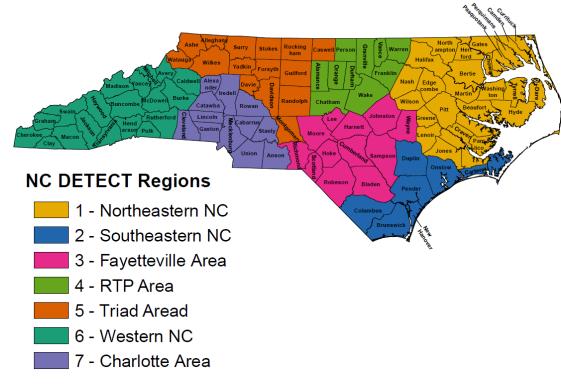
About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

Climate data

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. One weather station from each NC DETECT region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

The data in this report is summarized by NC DETECT Region.



Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeastern (NC DETECT Region 1), Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeastern (NC DETECT Region 2), Fayetteville Regional Airport (FAY) – Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3), Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) – RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4), Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) – Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Western Area (NC DETECT Region 6), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

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