

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report June 16-22, 2024



Statewide Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits this season to date is 1.3 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were **273* HRI ED visits** (0.3% of total ED visits), with a **rate of 2.6 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (5.1 per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the Fayetteville
 Area) (3.8 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2; NC DETECT Region 3)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was **heat** exhaustion (n =94). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 87.4 to 101.9°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age

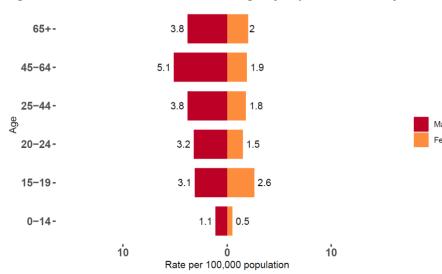
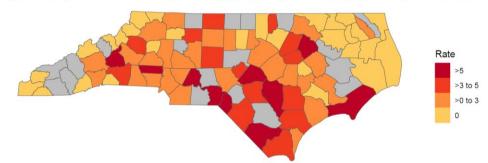


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat related limess LD visits by Severity			
Severity [§]	Number (N =154 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Cramps	2	1.3	
Heat Exhaustion	94	61	
Heat Stroke	5	3.2	
Heat Syncope	14	9.1	
Other Effects	39	25.3	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 119
- † May not total 100 due to rounding
- || other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

*This includes 25 visits that were missing county of residence and are excluded from the regional reports.

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report June 16-22, 2024





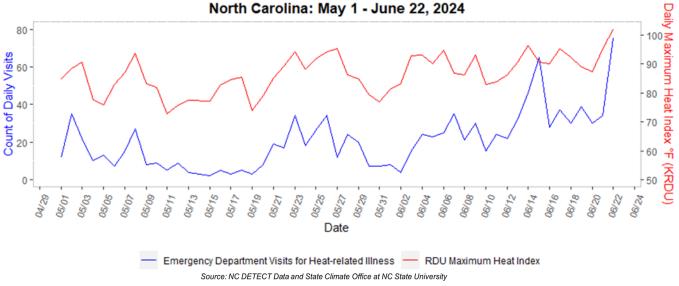
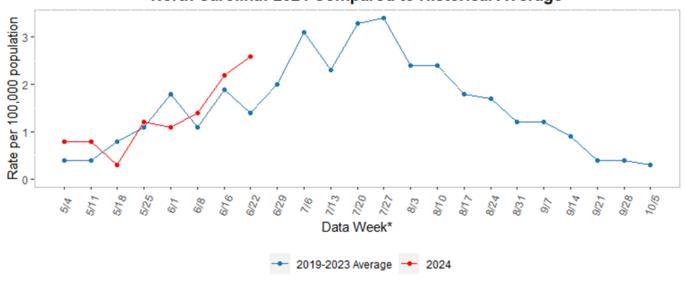


Figure 4. Rate of Emergency Department Visits for Heat Related Illness North Carolina: 2024 Compared to Historical Average





North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) June 16-22, 2024



Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.9 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were **22** HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of **2.3 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Edgecombe County (8.2 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =6). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 86.1 to 99.5°F at Pitt-Greenville Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)

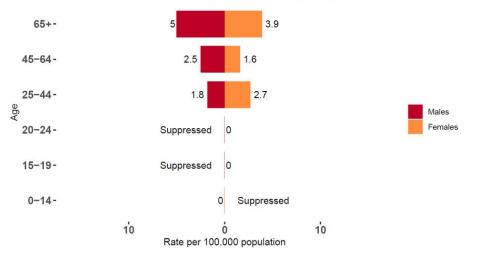
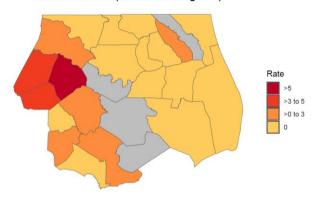


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index

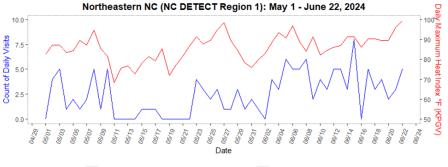


Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related lilness ED visits by Severity			
Severity [§]	Number (N = 9‡)	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	6	66.7	
Heat Stroke	1	11.1	
Heat Syncope	1	11.1	
Other Effects	1	11.1	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 13
- † May not total 100 due to rounding

North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) June 16-22, 2024



Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.8 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were 25 HRI ED visits (0.4% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 3.1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (10.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Carteret County (7.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =6). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 85.4 to 98°F at Wilmington International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was **1** day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)

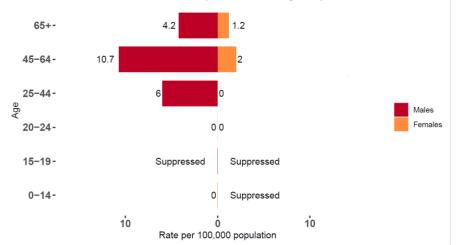
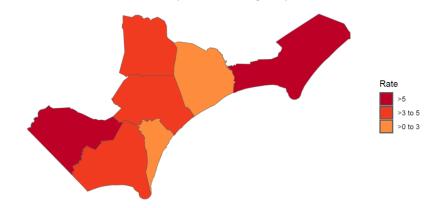


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index

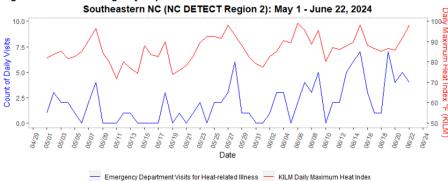


Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 12 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	6	50
Heat Stroke	2	16.7
Other Effects	4	33.3

Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 13
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were **50** HRI ED visits (0.4% of total ED visits), with a rate of **3.8 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (8.5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Richmond County (7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =16). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 89.1 to 99°F at Fayetteville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)

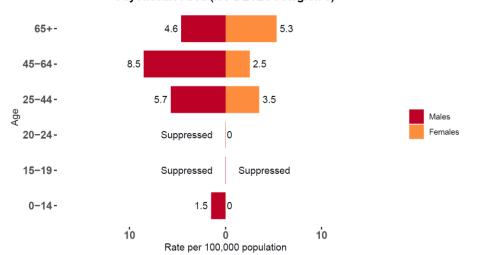
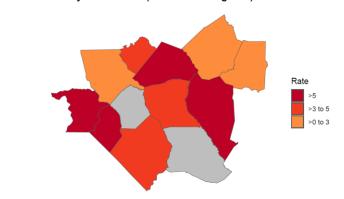
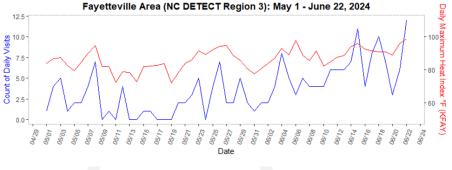


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness
 KFAY Daily Maximum Heat Index
 Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 2. Heat related inites 25 tions by severity		
Severity§	Number (N = 23 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Cramps	1	4.3
Heat Exhaustion	16	69.6
Heat Stroke	1	4.3
Other Effects	5	21.7

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data =27
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) June 16-22, 2024



RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 0.9 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were **33** HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of **1.6 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among females aged 20-24 years (4.2 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Vance County (4.7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =13). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 87.4 to 101.9°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)

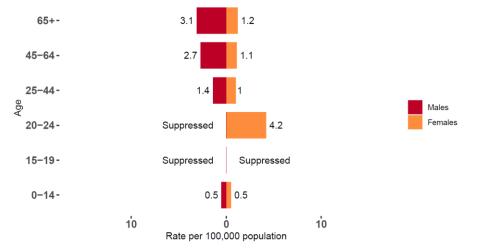
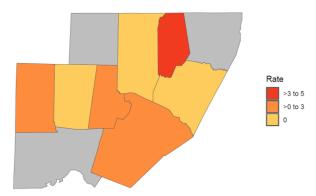
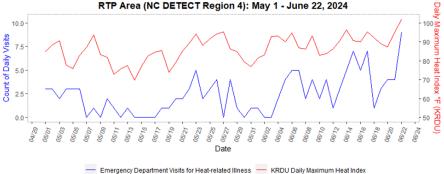


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1: Heat Telated lilless ED visits by Severity		
Severity [§]	Number (N = 21 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	13	61.9
Heat Syncope	3	14.3
Other Effects	5	23.8

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 12
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) June 16-22, 2024



Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.2 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were 43 HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of 2.5 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (5.4 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Randolph County (4.8 per **100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat exhaustion and other effects (n =12). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 85.8 to 94.3°F at Smith Reynolds Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 2 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)

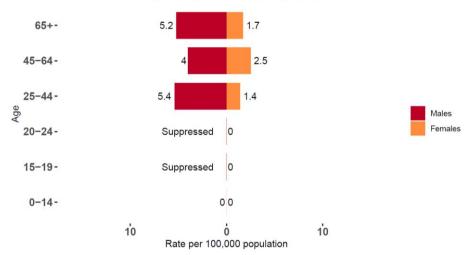
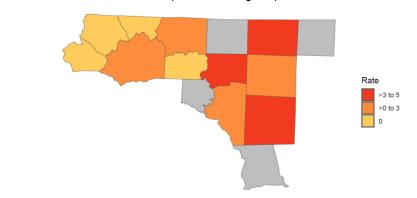
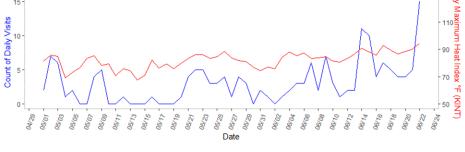


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index

Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5): May 1 - June 22, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness - KINT Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 27 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Cramps	1	3.7
Heat Exhaustion	12	44.4
Heat Stroke	1	3.7
Heat Syncope	1	3.7
Other Effects	12	44.4

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 16
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 0.8 per 100,000 population.**

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were 20 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 2 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (5.2 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in McDowell County (9 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =9). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 81 to 88.2°F at Asheville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)

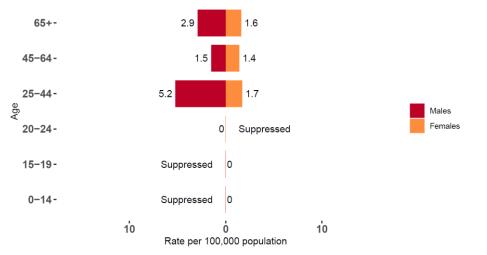
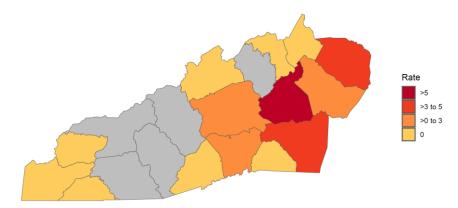


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index

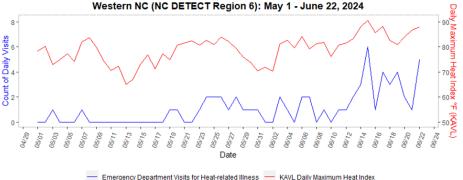


Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity			
Severity [§]	Number (N = 10 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	9	90	
Other Effects	1	10	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

- **‡** Missing severity data = 10
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) June 16-22, 2024



Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.1 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 16-22, 2024):

- There were **55** HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of **2.1 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (5.9 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Lincoln County (6.8 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =19). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 86.7 to 95.4°F at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **5** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

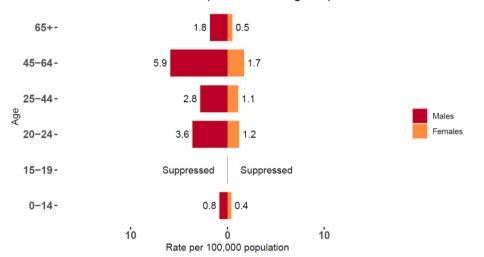
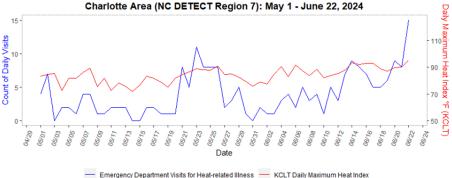


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1 Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

rable 1. Heat-related lilless ED visits by Severity		
Severity [§]	Number (N = 34‡)	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	19	55.9
Heat Syncope	7	20.6
Other Effects	8	23.5

- § Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:
- https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html
- **‡** Missing severity data = 21
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





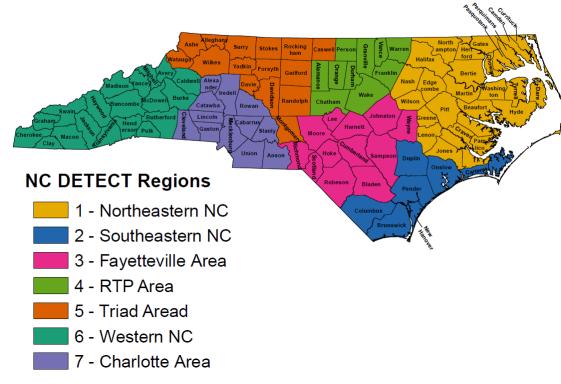
About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

Climate data

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. One weather station from each NC DETECT region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

The data in this report is summarized by NC DETECT Region.



Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeastern (NC DETECT Region 1), Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeastern (NC DETECT Region 2), Fayetteville Regional Airport (FAY) – Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3), Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) – RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4), Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) – Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Western Area (NC DETECT Region 6), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

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