



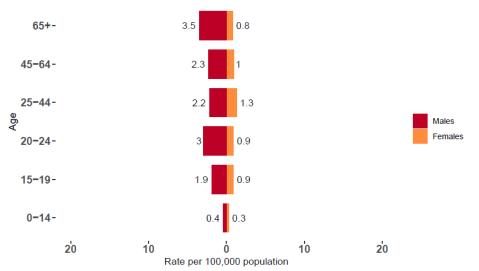
### Statewide Key Messages

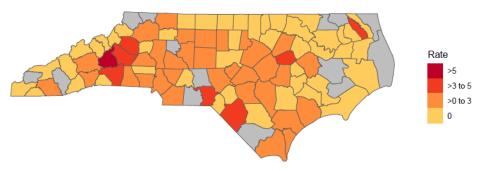
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits **this season to date is 2.3 per 100,000 population.** 

This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were **157\* HRI ED visits** (0.16% of total ED visits), with a **rate of 1.3 per 100,000 population**.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (3.5 per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the Western NC) (2 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2; NC DETECT Region 6)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was **heat** exhaustion (n =40). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **90.2** to **104.5°F** at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.







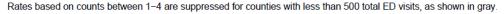


Table 1. Heat-rel	ated illness ED visits	by Severity

Severity§	Number (N =82 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Cramps	5	6.1
Heat Exhaustion	40	48.8
Heat Stroke	1	1.2
Heat Syncope	16	19.5
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	20	24.4

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 75

+ May not total 100 due to rounding

|| other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

\*The 157 total HRI ED visits includes 17 visits that were missing county of residence and are excluded from the regional reports.

Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population







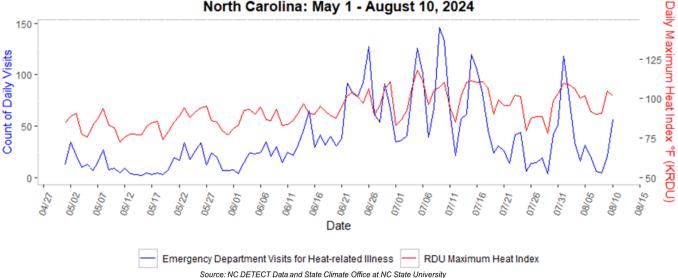
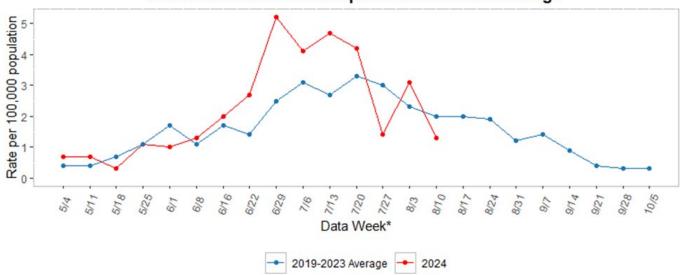


Figure 4. Rate of Emergency Department Visits for Heat Related Illness North Carolina: 2024 Compared to Historical Average



Week ending dates may vary by a few days for earlier years. For data week definitions see https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/wp-content/uploads/MMWR-Week-Log-2022-2023.pdf.



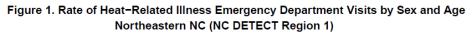


## Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 3.2 per 100,000 population.** 

## This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 15 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.6 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (6.2 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Pasquotank County (4.9** per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =5). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **83.1 to 115°F** at Pitt-Greenville Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.



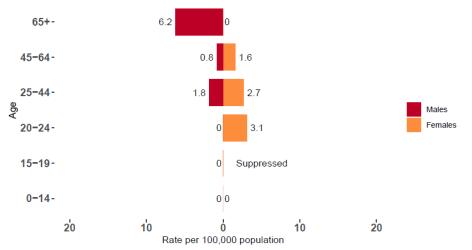
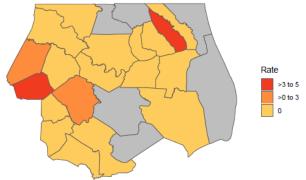
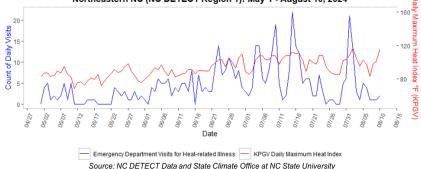


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1): May 1 - August 10, 2024



#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity <sup>§</sup>	Number (N = 8 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	5	62.5
Heat Syncope	2	25
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	12.5

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 7

**†** May not total 100 due to rounding





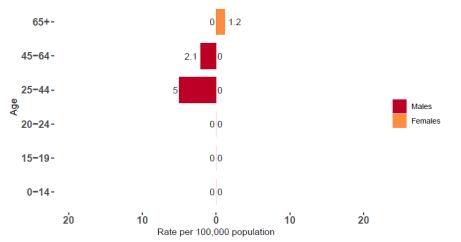
## Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) Key Messages

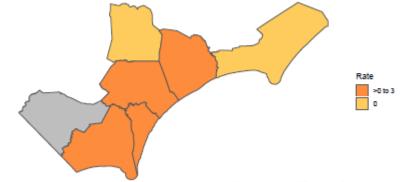
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2.6 per 100,000 population.** 

## This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 8 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Pender County (1.6 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat exhaustion, heat syncope and other effects (n =1). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **88.3 to 108.9°F** at Wilmington International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

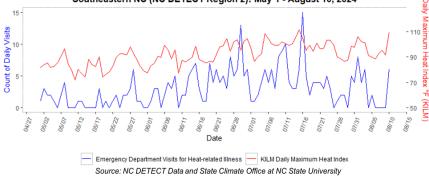
#### Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)





Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

#### Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2): May 1 - August 10, 2024 0



#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity <sup>§</sup>	Number (N = 3 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	1	33.3
Heat Syncope	1	33.3
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	33.3

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 5

\* May not total 100 due to rounding

 $\|$  other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) August 4-10, 2024

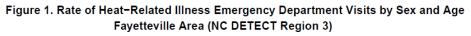


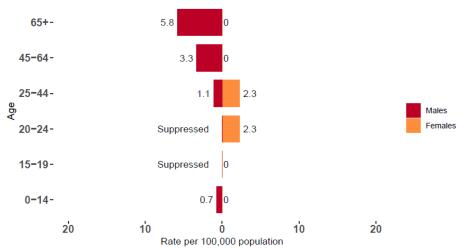
### Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) Key Messages

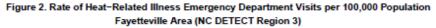
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 3.4 per 100,000 population.

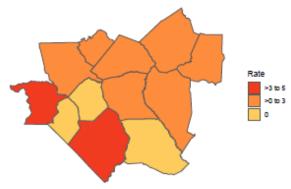
### This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 22 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.7 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (5.8 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Richmond County (4.6 per **100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat exhaustion, heat syncope, and other effects. (n =3). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 80 to 104.8°F at • Fayetteville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 7 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.



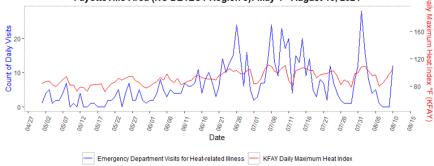






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3): May 1 - August 10, 2024



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 9 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	3	33.3
Heat Syncope	3	33.3
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	3	33.3

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

# Missing severity data =13

+ May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) August 4-10, 2024



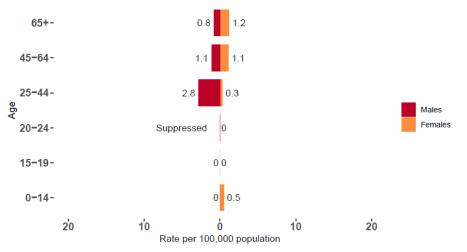
## **RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) Key Messages**

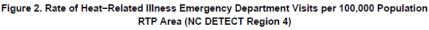
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 1.6 per 100,000 population.** 

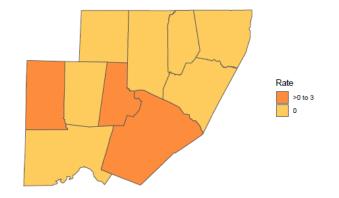
## This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 21 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (2.8 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Alamance County (1.7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were heat cramps and heat exhaustion (n =3). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **90.2 to 104.5°F** at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

### Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)

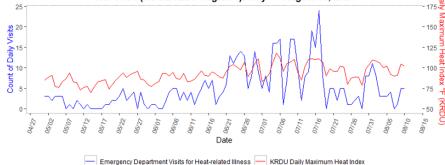






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

#### Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4): May 1 - August 10, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KRDU Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by	Severity
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Severity§	Number (N = 8 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Cramps	3	37.5
Heat Exhaustion	3	37.5
Heat Syncope	1	12.5
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	12.5

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

# Missing severity data = 13

+ May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) August 4-10, 2024



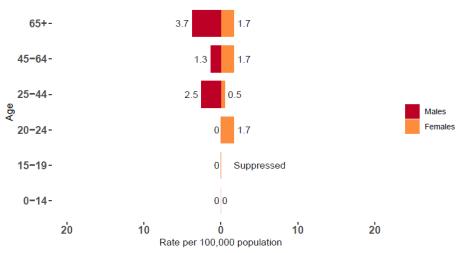
## Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) Key Messages

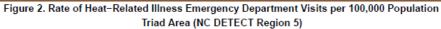
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2.2 per 100,000 population.** 

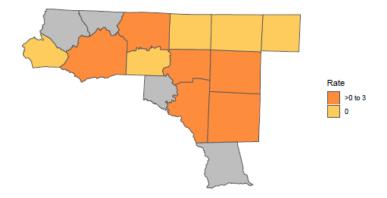
## This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 23 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.3 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (3.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Surry County (2.8 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =5). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **76.6 to 97.4°F** at Smith Reynolds Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)

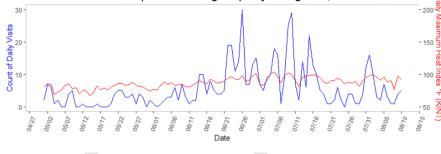






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

#### Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5): May 1 - August 10, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KINT Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 13 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>†</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	5	38.5
Heat Stroke	1	7.7
Heat Syncope	3	23.1
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	4	30.8

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 10

+ May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) August 4-10, 2024



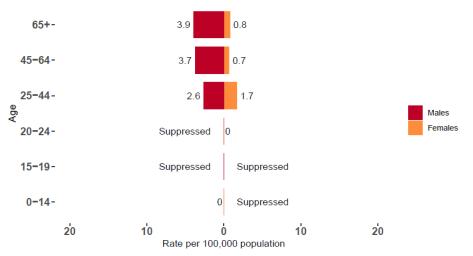
### Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 1.5 per 100,000 population.** 

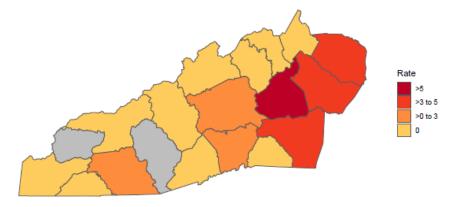
### This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were 20 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 2 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (3.9 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **McDowell County (6.7 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =7). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **75.8 to 92.9°F** at Asheville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)

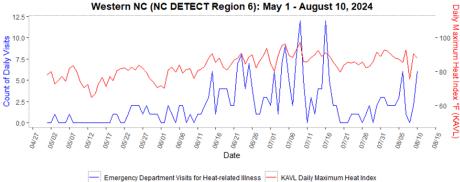






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 11 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Cramps	1	9.1
Heat Exhaustion	7	63.6
Heat Syncope	2	18.2
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	9.1

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 9

\* May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)
August 4-10, 2024



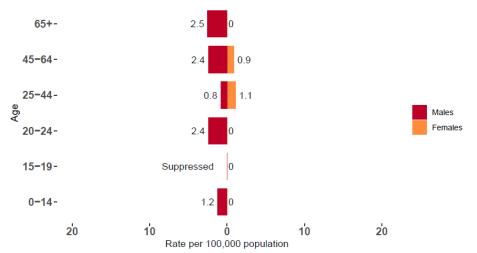
### Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) Key Messages

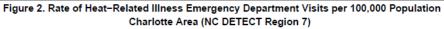
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2 per 100,000 population.** 

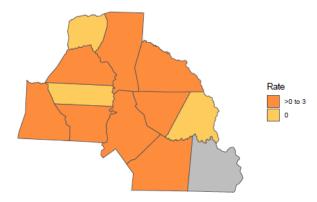
### This week (August 4-10, 2024):

- There were **31** HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of **1.2 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (2.5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Cleveland County (3 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =9). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **77.2 to 101.3°F** at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

#### Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

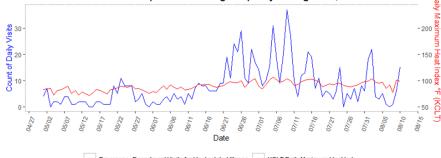






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

#### Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7): May 1 - August 10, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KCLT Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 19 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>†</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	9	47.4
Heat Syncope	3	15.8
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	7	36.8

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 12

+ May not total 100 due to rounding





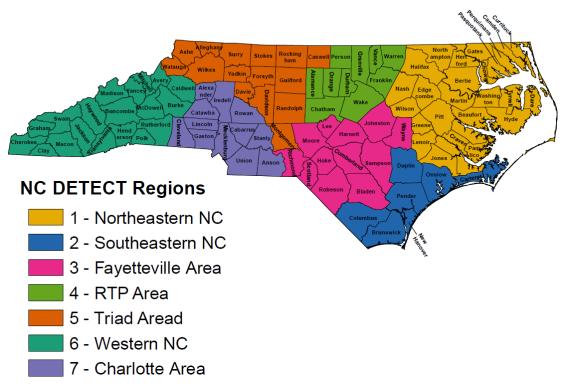
### About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

### **Climate data**

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. One weather station from each NC DETECT region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

# The data in this report is summarized by NC DETECT Region.



Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeastern (NC DETECT Region 1), Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeastern (NC DETECT Region 2), Fayetteville Regional Airport (FAY) – Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3), Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) – RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4), Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) – Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Western Area (NC DETECT Region 6), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

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