



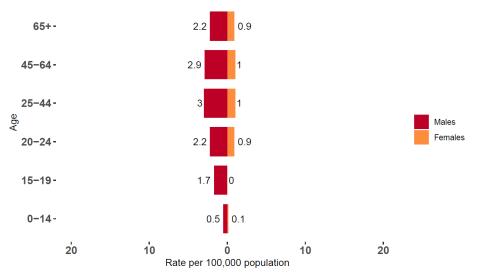
### **Statewide Key Messages**

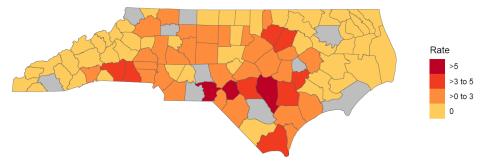
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits **this season to date is 2.3 per 100,000 population.** 

This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were **155\* HRI ED visits** (0.16% of total ED visits), with a **rate of 1.4 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the Fayetteville Area) (2.7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2; NC DETECT Region 3)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =49). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **79.7** to **102.2°F** at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **6** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

### Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age





Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 82 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Cramps	3	3.7
Heat Exhaustion	49	59.8
Heat Stroke	2	2.4
Heat Syncope	7	8.5
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	21	25.6

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 73

+ May not total 100 due to rounding

|| other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

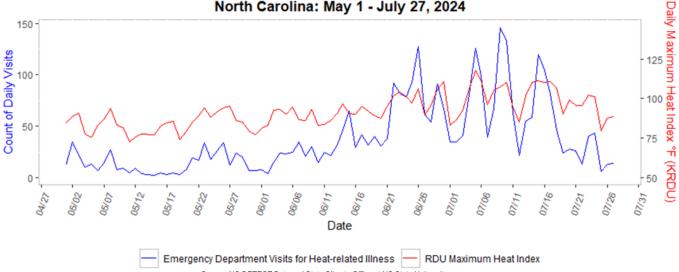
\*The 155 total HRI ED visits includes 11 visits that were missing county of residence and are excluded from the regional reports.

Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population

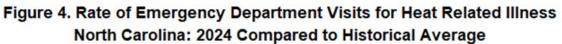


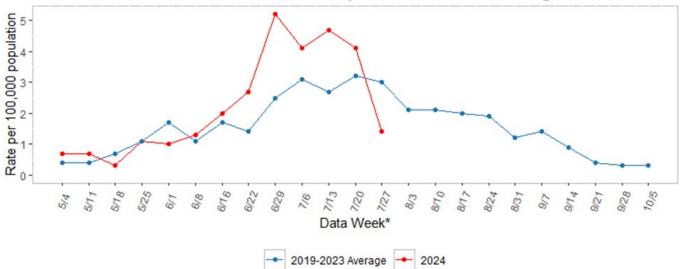


Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Max Heat Index North Carolina: May 1 - July 27, 2024



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University





Week ending dates may vary by a few days for earlier years. For data week definitions see https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/wp-content/uploads/MMWR-Week-Log-2022-2023.pdf.



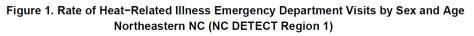


### Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 3.2 per 100,000 population.** 

## This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 12 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.3 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (2.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Lenoir County (3.6 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =5). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **85.8 to 108.2°F** at Pitt-Greenville Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **6** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.



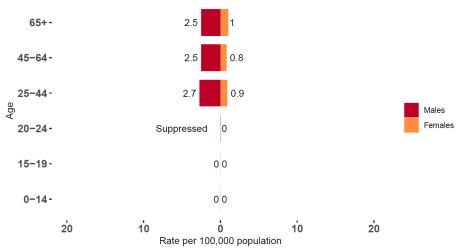
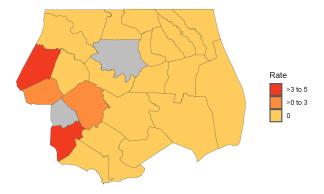
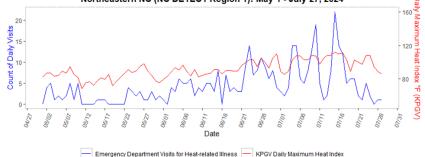


Figure 2. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1): May 1 - July 27, 2024



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 6 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>†</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	5	83.3
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	16.7

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 6

**†** May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) July 21-27, 2024



### Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2.6 per 100,000 population.** 

### This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 18 HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of
  2.2 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (6 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Brunswick County (4.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =6). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **88.4 to 103.2°F** at Wilmington International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

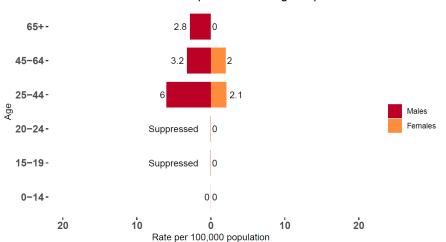
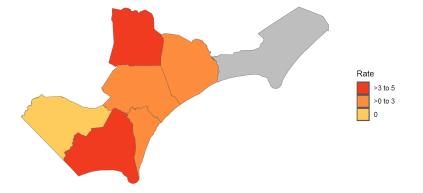
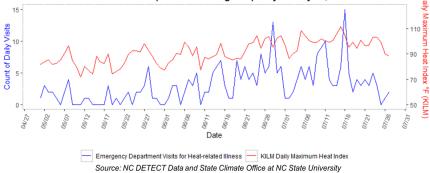


Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

#### Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2): May 1 - July 27, 2024



#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 10 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Cramps	1	10
Heat Exhaustion	6	60
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	3	30

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 8

† May not total 100 due to rounding

|| other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

Figure 2. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) July 21-27, 2024



### Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 3.3 per 100,000 population.** 

This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 35 HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of
  2.7 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (9.8 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Hoke County (7.6 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis codes were **heat exhaustion** and **other effects (n =9**). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **82.3 to 102.2°F** at Fayetteville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)

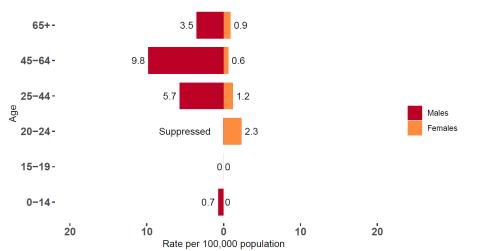
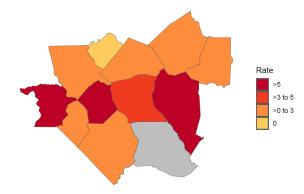
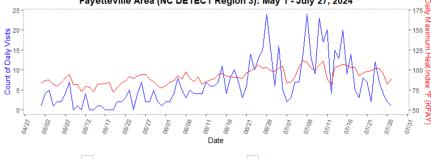


Figure 2. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3): May 1 - July 27, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KFAY Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 20 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	9	45
Heat Syncope	2	10
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	9	45

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 15

+ May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) July 21-27, 2024



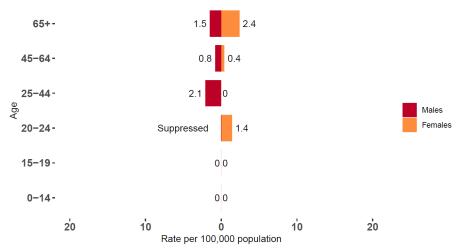
### **RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) Key Messages**

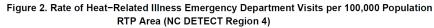
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 1.7 per 100,000 population.** 

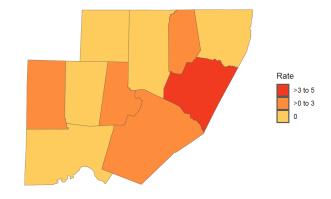
This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 20 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among **females aged 65+ years (2.4 HRI ED** visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Franklin County (4.3 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =4). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **79.7 to 102.2°F** at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **6** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

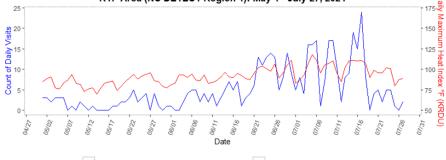
Figure 1. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)







Rates based on counts between 1–4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4): May 1 - July 27, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KRDU Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 6 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	4	66.7
Heat Syncope	1	16.7
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	16.7

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 14

**†** May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) July 21-27, 2024



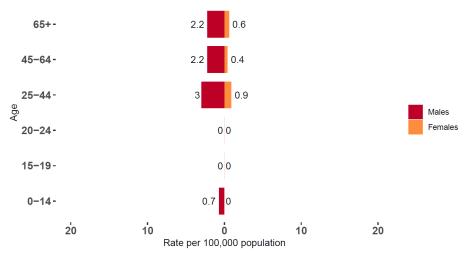
### Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2.3 per 100,000 population.** 

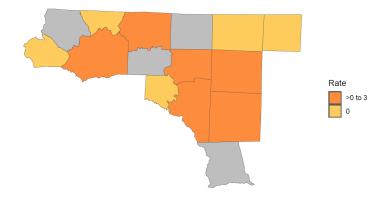
### This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 19 HRI ED visits (0.1% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.1 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (3 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Randolph County (2.1 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =6). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **85.9 to 94.5°F** at Smith Reynolds Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)

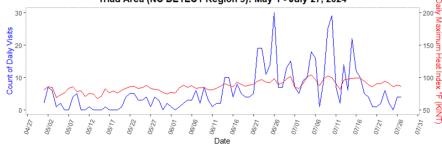






Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5): May 1 - July 27, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KINT Daily Maximum Heat Index
 Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 11 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>†</sup>
Heat Cramps	1	9.1
Heat Exhaustion	6	54.5
Heat Stroke	2	18.2
Heat Syncope	1	9.1
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	1	9.1

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

# Missing severity data = 8

\* May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) July 21-27, 2024



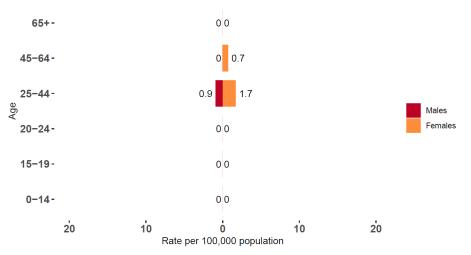
### Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) Key Messages

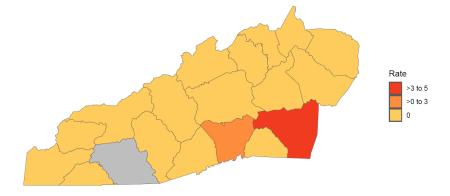
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 1.4 per 100,000 population.** 

## This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 4 HRI ED visits (0% of total ED visits), with a rate of 0.4 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among females aged 25-44 years (1.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Rutherford County (3.1** per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =2). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **82.3 to 86°F** at Asheville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There was **1** day when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

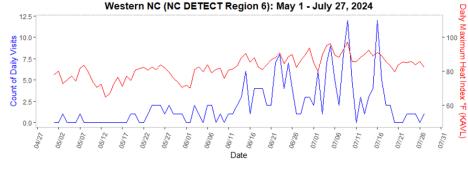
Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)





Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)

Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray. Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Western NC (NC DETECT Region 5), May 4 July 27, 2024



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KAVL Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 3 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>†</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	2	66.7
Heat Syncope	1	33.3

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

# Missing severity data = 1

\* May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) July 21-27, 2024



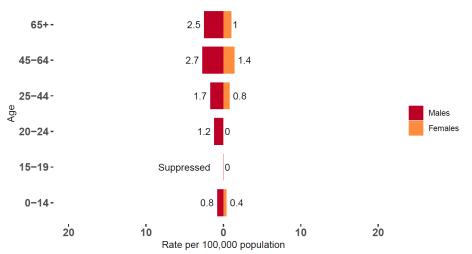
### Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2 per 100,000 population.** 

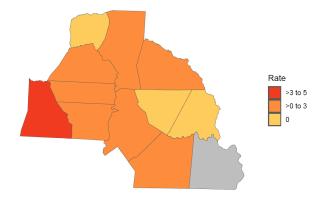
This week (July 21-27, 2024):

- There were 36 HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of 1.4 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (2.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in **Cleveland County (4 per 100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =13). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from **87.9 to 94.7°F** at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

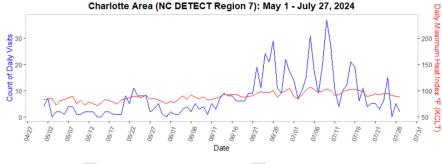
Figure 1. Rate of Heat–Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)







Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray. Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KCLT Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

#### Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 19 <sup>‡</sup> )	Percent <sup>+</sup>
Heat Exhaustion	13	68.4
Heat Syncope	1	5.3
Other Effects <sup>  </sup>	5	26.3

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

**‡** Missing severity data = 17

\* May not total 100 due to rounding





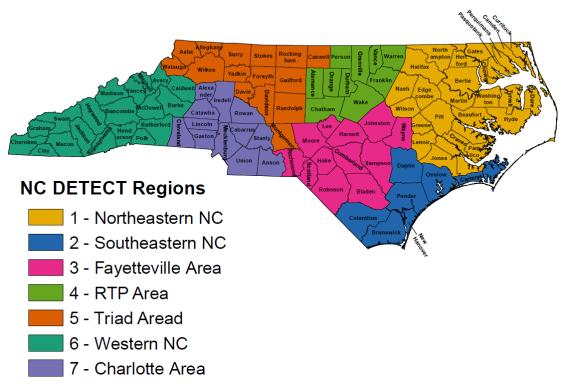
### About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

### **Climate data**

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. One weather station from each NC DETECT region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

# The data in this report is summarized by NC DETECT Region.



Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeastern (NC DETECT Region 1), Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeastern (NC DETECT Region 2), Fayetteville Regional Airport (FAY) – Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3), Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) – RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4), Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) – Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Western Area (NC DETECT Region 6), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

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