CARBON MONOXIDE POISONINGS

April 2016

IF YOU DON'T HAVE ELECTRICITY PREVENT POISONING FROM CARBON MONOXIDE ONLY use a generator outdoors and far from open windows and vents NEVER use a generator indoors, in garages or carports NEVER cook inside on a charcoal or gas grill



Image courtesy of King County (WA) Public Health

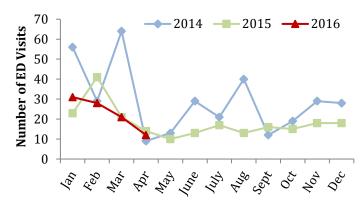
<u>Table.</u> 12 Emergency Department (ED) visits related to unintentional, non-fire related carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning in North Carolina were identified.

	N (%)	
Sex		
Female	8 (67)	
Male	4 (33)	
Age Group (yrs.)		
0–9	5 (42)	
10–24	2 (17)	
25-44	1 (8)	
45–64	3 (25)	
65+	1 (8)	
Disposition		
Discharged	10 (83)	
Transferred	1 (8)	
Other	1 (8)	

	N (%)
Insurance	
Medicaid	4 (33)
Medicare	2 (17)
Private	3 (25)
Self-pay	1 (8)
Other	2 (17)

Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding

Figure. ED visits related to unintentional, non-firerelated CO poisoning by month and year, North Carolina



Carolinas Poison Center (CPC)

The CPC received 13 calls^{1, 2} related to unintentional CO exposure in North Carolina, one call requesting CO information, and one call related to CO alarm use.

- 18 exposed people were mentioned:
 - o 10 (56%) Female
 - o 8 (44%) Male
- Site of exposure:
 - o 12 (67%) Residence
 - o 3 (17%) Workplace
 - o 3 (17%) Public Area

¹We do not have the ability to determine the extent of overlap between CPC calls and ED visits. Therefore, they are analyzed separately.

²We do not have the ability to determine if CPC calls were related to fires.

NOTE: NC DETECT (<u>www.ncdetect.org</u>) search criteria for ED visits: ICD-10-CM code T58 for N.C. residents who visited N.C. hospitals. ED visits related to self-inflicted or fire-related exposures were excluded. CPC calls were filtered by substance and included when unintentional CO exposure, CO alarm use or a request for CO information was documented.

NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the N.C. Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

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