2013

Issued July 2013

# Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

## Reporting Period: January 1 – March 31, 2013

Healthcare Provider Version

N.C. Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Program
N.C. Communicable Disease Branch

# Introduction

The prevention of healthcare-associated infections is a public health priority in North Carolina and is a collaborative effort among the healthcare and public health communities. This July 2013 Healthcare-Associated Infections report is an important product of this collaboration. Included in this report is information about infections occurring in North Carolina short-term acute care hospitals, long-term acute care hospitals, and inpatient rehabilitation facilities from January 1 through March 31, 2013. Data included in this report are preliminary and subject to change.

This report focuses on three important types of healthcare-associated infections that may occur while patients are hospitalized: central line-associated bloodstream infections, catheter-associated urinary tract infections, and surgical site infections (specifically those following abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries). These three infections account for a large proportion of infections and deaths attributed to healthcare, although they do not represent the full spectrum of healthcare-associated infections.

This report was prepared by the Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Program located in the Communicable Disease Branch of the Epidemiology Section of the North Carolina Division of Public Health. The N.C. Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Program works to eliminate preventable infections in health care settings by:

1. Conducting statewide surveillance for selected HAIs;
2. Providing useful, unbiased information to health care providers and consumers;
3. Promoting and coordinating prevention efforts; and
4. Responding to outbreaks in health care settings.

We hope that the information in this report will be useful to providers. Data are intended to provide an understanding of the burden of healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina. Furthermore, providers can use these data to assess their hospital's healthcare-associated infections burden in conjunction with other healthcare facilities. This may help to identify potential resources and opportunities to strengthen their hospital's healthcare-associated infections prevention program. Prevention tips on healthcare-associated infections are also provided (Appendix C). A separate healthcare consumer version is also available at http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.

We welcome your feedback to improve the usefulness of future reports (nchai@dhhs.nc.gov). For more information on Healthcare-Associated Infections and the N.C. Healthcare-Associated Infections Prevention Program, please visit http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.

# Acknowledgements

The North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infection Prevention Program would like to acknowledge and thank hospital infection preventionists across the state who work tirelessly to protect patients from infection. These preventionists provided the data used to create this report and worked with their hospital colleagues to identify and reconcile any potential problems with the data. This acknowledgement and gratitude extends to the hospital. While reporting of healthcare-associated infections is required, their support for healthcare-associated infections reporting and efforts to assure accurate reporting of infections is appreciated. The recent successes in fighting healthcare-associated infections would not have been possible without the continuing efforts, dedication and collaboration of hospitals and hospital infection preventionists.

The Healthcare-Associated Infection Prevention Program would also like to recognize the contributions of the Healthcare-Associated Infections Advisory Group members listed in Appendix D. In particular, the program is grateful to the Subgroup on Reporting and Surveillance for their thoughtful feedback on the presentation and content of the Quarterly Reports.

Finally, the program would like to acknowledge our partners, who have been important leaders and strong supporters of surveillance and prevention programs for healthcare-associated infections in North Carolina. These include the North Carolina Hospital Association, the North Carolina Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology, the North Carolina Chapter of the Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology, the Carolinas Center for Medical Excellence, and the Adult Care Licensure and Nursing Home Licensure and Certification sections of the North Carolina Division of Health Service Regulation.

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# I. Success Story: Working Toward Eliminating Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

### Wayne Memorial Hospital's Journey to Zero CLABSI

Leaders at Wayne Memorial Hospital (WMH) have collaborated to develop several strategies to overcome the challenge of bloodstream infections associated with central lines (CLABSIs). In 2011, WMH detected a total of 30 CLABSIs. At the beginning of 2011, the rate of CLABSI was 4.75 infections per 1,000 central line days; significantly exceeding the Duke Infection Control Outreach Network (DICON) benchmark of 2.6 infections per 1,000 central line days. Data review demonstrated that 13 of 30 (43%) CLABSIs were from Port-A-Catheters*. Their goal of the intervention was to reduce CLABSIs to zero to prevent patient harm.

A multi-disciplinary performance improvement team collaborated on potential areas for improvement. The following recommendations for house-wide implementation for the insertion and care of central lines were made:

- Utilization of sterile maximum barrier equipment during central line insertion;
- Implementation of the use of a low profile Port-A-Catheter needle;
- Replacement of current central line dressing with a more adhesive version;
- Incorporation of a chlorhexidine gluconate impregnated antimicrobial dressing;
- Evaluation and improvement of the central line blood draw process;
- Implementation of disinfecting end caps for IV access ports;
- Decreasing the frequency of intravenous (IV) tubing changes.

Also instituted was increased central line surveillance. Unit level directors performed a daily review and validated the necessity of the device. Technology was a vital component in this surveillance. A clinical panel was created within the electronic medical record, providing a snapshot overview of the type of IV access each patient had on a particular unit. Additionally, as a staff engagement practice, unit directors utilized a "Days Since" application for Smartphone devices to track and post the number of days since their last CLABSI. Patient safety huddles and bi-weekly patient care conferences have promoted a shift in focus to include early invasive device removal.

Notable improvements have been made in reducing the prevalence of central lines and resulting infections. Overall CLABSI rates have shown a steady decline from 2.83 infections per 1,000 central line days in 2010 to 0.98 infections per 1,000 central line days in 2012, a reduction of 66%. Additionally, WMH has a lower percentage of central line use compared to peer organizations in the DICON benchmarking group.

Multidisciplinary collaboration was the key driver in developing effective CLABSI reduction strategies which aligned with the organization's mission. The use of multifaceted approaches has been shown to provide significant reductions in preventable infections and provide great potential for overall mortality reduction.

*A **port-a-cath(eter)** is a small medical appliance that is implanted beneath the skin. A catheter connects the port-a-cath to a vein. Under the skin, the port-a-cath has a resealing rubber center through which drugs can be injected and blood samples can be drawn, usually with less discomfort for the patient than a more typical "needle stick".

# II. Surveillance for Healthcare-Associated Infections in North Carolina

Healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) are infections caused by a variety of organisms – including bacteria, viruses and fungi – while receiving medical care. As part of the concerted effort to reduce such types of infections, hospitals report specific types of HAIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health (DPH) as required by law (General Statute 130A-150). Since 2012, they have been reporting central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), and surgical site infections (SSI) occurring after inpatient abdominal hysterectomies or colon surgeries. Beginning in January 2013, short-term acute care hospitals began reporting of laboratory-confirmed (LabID) bloodstream infections caused by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) and infections caused by *Clostridium difficile (C. diff)*.

By North Carolina law, hospital reporting requirements are based on the reporting requirements established by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).

HAI information is entered into the CDC web-based surveillance system called the National Healthcare Safety Network (NSHN). The N.C. HAI Program works with hospitals on a monthly basis to ensure their data are accurate and timely. All data in NHSN are entered and modified by hospitals; the N.C. HAI Program cannot change data in NHSN.

To learn more about CLABSIs, CAUTIs, SSIs, MRSA, *Clostridium difficile* and other HAIs, please visit the N.C. Healthcare-Associated Infections website at http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/diseases/hai.html. In addition to information about specific infections, there is a link to the "Facts and Figures" webpage (http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html), which includes current and previous reports. The Healthcare-Associated Infection in North Carolina - Reference Report issued in October 2012 and revised in June 2013 contains background information on HAIs, HAI surveillance in North Carolina, and detailed information on statistics commonly used to describe and summarize HAIs. Subsequent reports, published quarterly, cover timely state-level and facility-specific data on the incidence of healthcare associated infections in hospitals across the state, as well as information on the creation and progress of various initiatives to reduce HAIs.

According to N.C. Administrative Code rules (10A North Carolina Administrative Code 41A .0106), North Carolina hospitals are required to report the healthcare-associated infections listed in the CMS-IPPS Rule[1]. A list of these conditions and the starting dates for reporting are included in Table 1.

**Table 1: Requirements for Reporting of Healthcare-Associated Infections from N. C. Hospitals[1]**

| HAI Event | Facility Type | Reporting Start Date |
|---|---|---|
| Central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI) | Short-term Acute Care Hospitals: Adult, Pediatric, and Neonatal ICUs | January 2011 |
| Catheter-associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI) | Short-term Acute Care Hospitals: Adult and Pediatric ICUs | January 2012 |
| Surgical site infections (SSI) | Short-term Acute Care Hospitals: Colon and abdominal hysterectomy procedures | January 2012 |
| CLABSI | Long-Term Care Hospitals* | October 2012 |
| CAUTI | Long-Term Care Hospitals* | October 2012 |
| CAUTI | Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities | October 2012 |
| MRSA bacteremia (laboratory identified) | Short-term Acute Care Hospitals including Specialty Hospitals | January 2013 |
| *Clostridium difficile* (laboratory identified) | Short-term Acute Care Hospitals including Specialty Hospitals | January 2013 |

**Long-Term Care Hospitals are called Long-Term Acute Care Hospitals in the National Healthcare Safety Network.*

[1] Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Acute Inpatient Prospective Payment System. www.cms.gov/AcuteInpatientPPS/FR2012/list.asp. Accessed September 25, 2012.

# III. Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

## A. Explanation of the Hospital-Specific Summary Reports

Each hospital-specific summary report contains up to five sections: 1) general hospital information, 2) central line-associated bloodstream infections (CLABSI), 3) catheter associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI), 4) surgical site infections (SSI) after abdominal hysterectomies and colon surgeries, and 5) commentary from the hospital. These sections are described below. Note: Data on LabID events will be published in the October 2013 quarterly report.

These reports cover the first three months of 2013 and data were downloaded from NHSN on June 6, 2013; any changes made to the data after this date are not reflected in this report. Before reviewing this report, a few clarifications about the data need to be made:

1. The data are preliminary. Although efforts were made by hospitals and the N.C. HAI Program to ensure that the data were accurate and complete, a formal validation of the data has not yet been performed. Until data validation is completed, data should be interpreted with caution.

2. The data were self-reported. Although efforts were made through education and training to improve understanding of NHSN surveillance guidelines, definitions, and criteria, there can be variability in interpretation and application, leading to differences in reporting practices among hospitals. This issue will be addressed by data validation.

3. The rates of infections were not included for HAIs in a few facilities. Calculating rates with small numbers in the denominator will lead to an unstable estimate. Therefore the N.C. HAI Program chose not to present rates for units, procedures or hospitals that did not meet a minimum threshold value for the reporting period. The minimum threshold numbers are based on CDC recommendations for reporting healthcare-associated infection data:
    - Central line-associated bloodstream infections: 50 central line days;
    - Catheter-associated urinary tract infections: 50 catheter days; and
    - Surgical site infections: 20 surgeries.

### 1. 2012 Hospital Survey Information

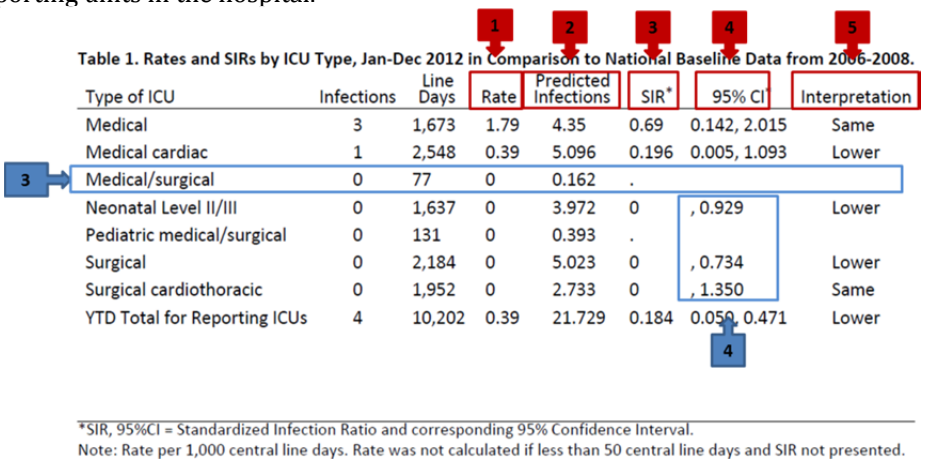
This section contains general information about the hospital and includes a map of where the hospital (blue "H" icon) is located in North Carolina. Data in this section are from the NSHN 2012 Annual Hospital Survey.

### 2. Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

Short-term acute care hospitals

CLABSIs are reported from hospitals with ICUs (adult, pediatric, and neonatal). This section of the report includes a table and figure about CLABSIs.

The below table summarizes the number of infections, central line days, rates, predicted infections, standardized infection ratio (SIR) and corresponding 95% confidence interval (CI) with interpretation by type of unit. There may be more than one reporting unit for a given classification. At the bottom of table is the "YTD Total for Reporting ICUs" that summarizes the year-to-date total for the reporting units in the hospital.



1. The rate is the number of CLABSIs divided by the number of central line days multiplied by 1,000 to get "per 1,000 central line days."
2. The predicted number of infections is calculated using CLABSI rates from a standard population during a baseline time period. For CLABSI, the predicted number of infections is based on 2006-2008 NSHN national data.
3. The SIR is calculated by dividing the observed number of infections by the predicted number of infections. If the number of predicted infections is less than 1, the SIR is not calculated.
4. The 95% CI corresponds to the SIR presented in the table. When the number of infections is 0, the lower bound of the 95% CI is not calculated.
5. The column "Interpretation" details the results of hypothesis testing.
    a. Same: no statistically significant difference between the numbers of observed and predicted infections in a unit (or hospital).
    b. Higher: observed number of infections in a unit (or hospital) was significantly higher than predicted.
    c. Lower: observed number of infections in a unit (or hospital) was significantly lower than predicted.

Long-term acute care hospitals

CLABSIs are reported from adult and pediatric ICUs and wards. As with short-term acute care hospitals, this section includes a table and a figure about CLABSIs. The data included in the table are at the unit-level as well as a year-to-date summary for the hospital. Only the number of CLABSIs, central line days, and rate are included; no SIRs are presented because baseline data are unavailable for calculation. The figure in this section includes the hospital CLABSI rate in comparison to all other long-term acute care hospitals in N.C.

## 3. Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

Short-term acute care hospitals

CAUTIs are reported from adult and pediatric ICUs and inpatient rehabilitation wards. Like the section on CLABSIs, this section includes a table and figure about CAUTIs.

Long-term acute care hospitals

CAUTIs are reported from adult and pediatric ICUs and wards. The content of the CAUTI section for long-term acute care hospitals is similar to CLABSIs in long-term acute care hospitals.

Inpatient rehabilitation facilities

CAUTIs are reported from adult and pediatric rehabilitation wards. Hospital-specific summary reports are only generated for free-standing inpatient rehabilitation facilities; data from inpatient rehabilitation wards within short-term acute care hospitals are included in their respective hospital-specific summary reports.

Data in the tables are at the unit-level as well as a year-to-date summary for the facility. Only the number of CAUTIs, catheter days, and rate are included; no SIRs are presented because baseline data are unavailable for calculation. The figure includes the CAUTI rate for the facility in comparison to all other rehabilitation wards in N.C., both free-standing and within short-term acute care hospitals.

## 4. Surgical Site Infections (SSI) – Abdominal Hysterectomies and Colon Surgeries

### Abdominal Hysterectomies

Short-term acute care hospitals

SSIs are reported among female adults 18 years or older following inpatient abdominal hysterectomies. Only SSIs that occurred at the primary incision site within 30 days of the surgery are included in the report. Infections are not included if they occurred after 30 days post-operation or if they involved only the skin or subcutaneous tissues. Finally, if patient age or the American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) score was missing for a surgery, it was classified as an "incomplete procedure" and is not included in the final count of surgeries. The content for this section is similar to the CLABSI section.

### Colon Surgeries

Short-term acute care hospitals

SSIs are reported among adults 18 years or older following inpatient colon surgeries. Only SSIs that occurred at the primary incision site within 30 days of surgery are included in the report. Infections are not included if they occurred after 30 days post-operation or if they involved only the skin or subcutaneous tissues. Finally, if patient age or the American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) score was missing for a surgery, it was classified as an "incomplete procedure" and is not included in the final count of surgeries. The content for this section is similar to the CLABSI section.

## 5. Commentary from Hospital

This section includes hospital comments on their HAI data and current infection control activities. Hospitals can provide a link to their hospital website to provide lengthier comments.

## Statistics

For a detailed explanation of statistics included in the HAI reports, see the N.C.DHHS HAI in N.C. report issued October 2012 and revised June 2013 (http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html). Explanations on concepts such as statistical significance and computation of measures including rates and standardized infection ratios (SIRs) are provided.

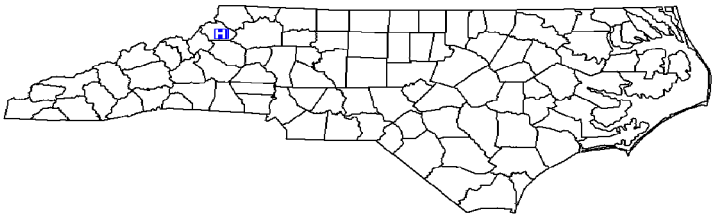
For further explanation of the HAI tables and graphs presented for each hospital, consult Chapter II of the January 2013 N.C. HAI report for Healthcare Providers, pages 2-7 (http://epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## ARHS-Watauga Medical Center, Boone, Watauga County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Undergraduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,016 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,424 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 110 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.91 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

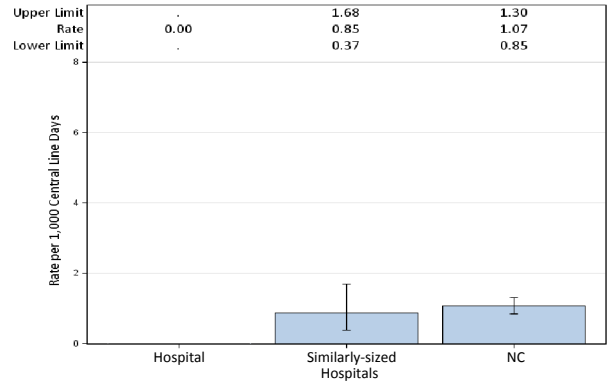



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 225 | 0 | 0.338 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 225 | 0 | 0.338 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 324 | 3.09 | 0.421 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 324 | 3.09 | 0.421 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

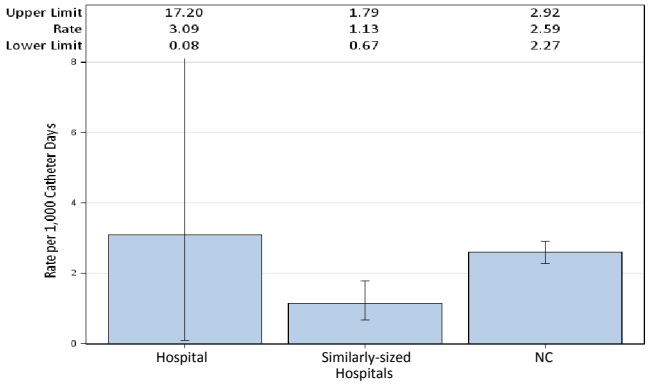



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

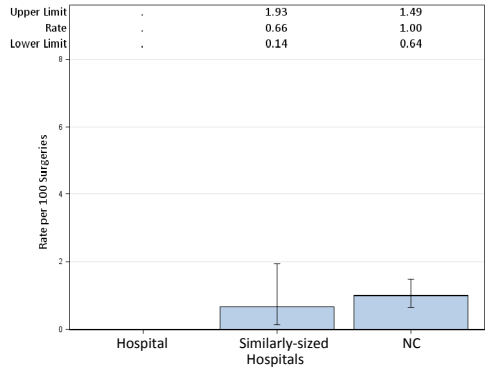



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 8 | 11 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

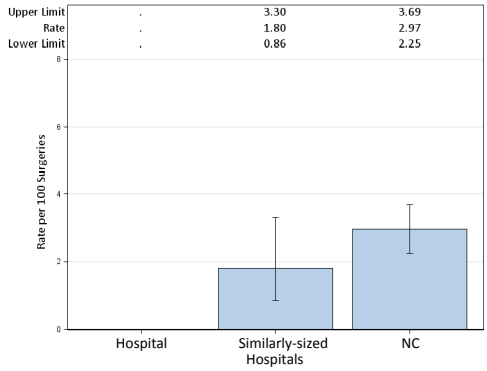



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

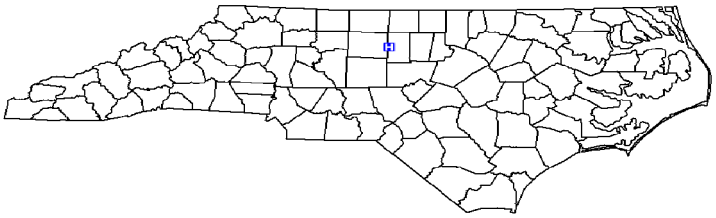
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Alamance Regional Medical Center, Burlington, Alamance County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 11,708 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 43,684 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 202 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 32 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.50 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

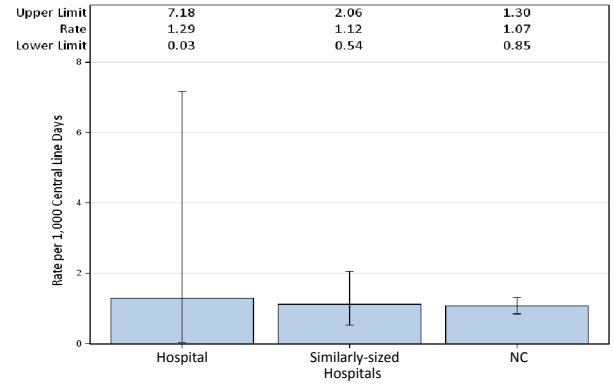



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 756 | 1.32 | 1.134 | 0.882 | 0.022, 4.913 | Same |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 20 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 776 | 1.29 | 1.156 | 0.865 | 0.022, 4.820 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 6 | 875 | 6.86 | 1.05 | 5.714 | 2.097, 12.438 | Higher |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 6 | 875 | 6.86 | 1.05 | 5.714 | 2.097, 12.438 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

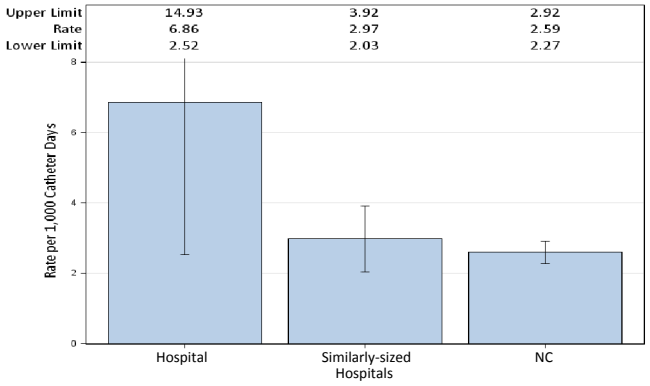



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

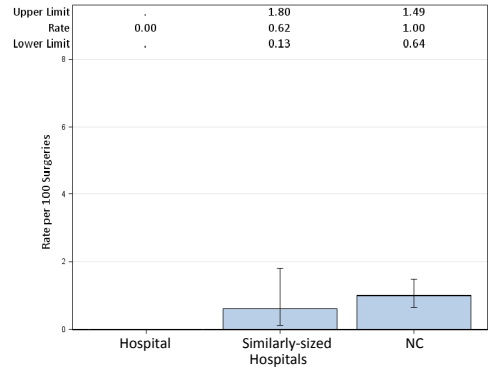



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 46 | 25 |
| Rate | 0 | 4 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.42 | 0.85 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

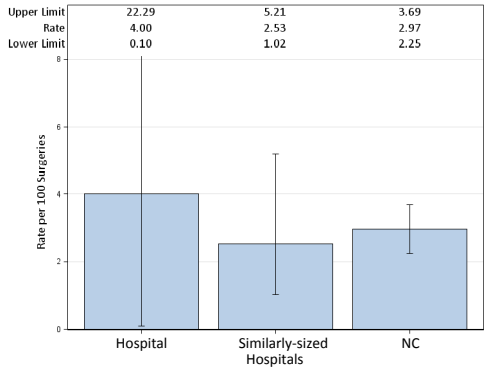



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

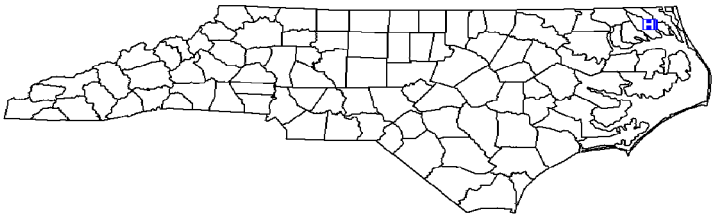
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Albemarle Health Authority, Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,969 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 20,641 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 135 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.74 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

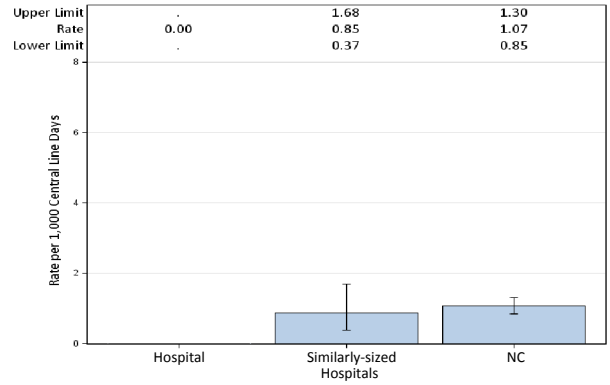



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 264 | 0 | 0.396 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 264 | 0 | 0.396 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 444 | 0 | 0.577 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 444 | 0 | 0.577 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

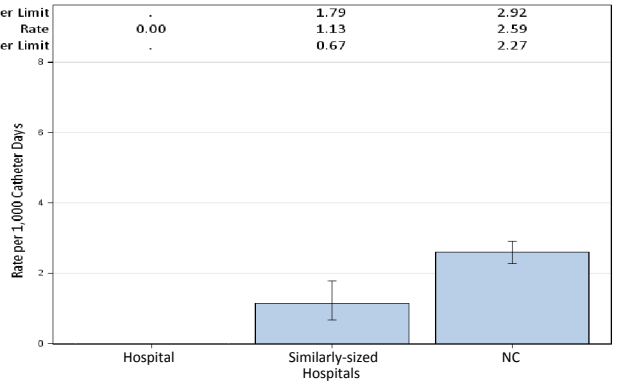



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

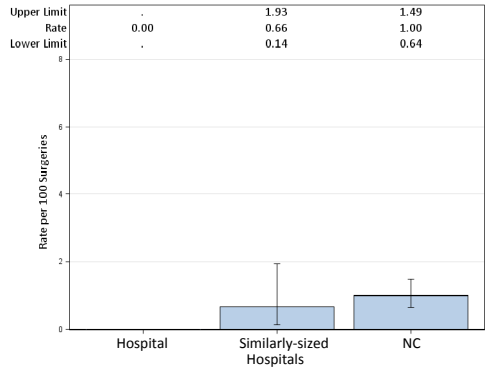



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 22 | 21 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.19 | 0.72 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

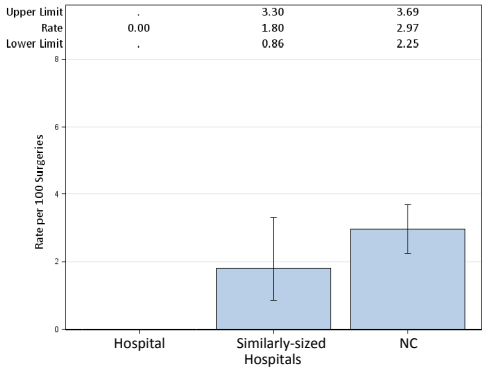



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

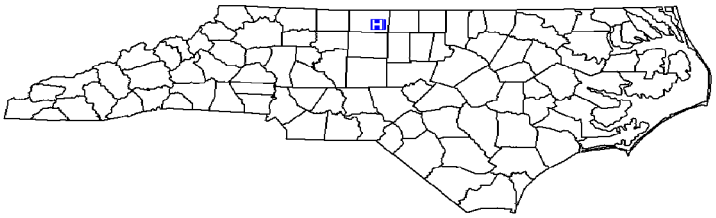
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Annie Penn Hospital, Reidsville, Rockingham County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 3,528 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 14,348 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 110 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.91 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

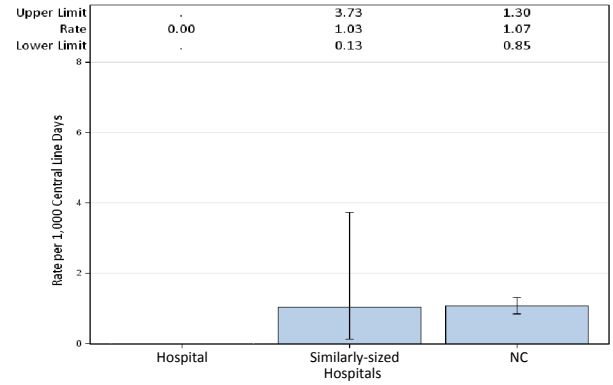



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 142 | 0 | 0.213 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 142 | 0 | 0.213 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 312 | 0 | 0.406 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 312 | 0 | 0.406 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

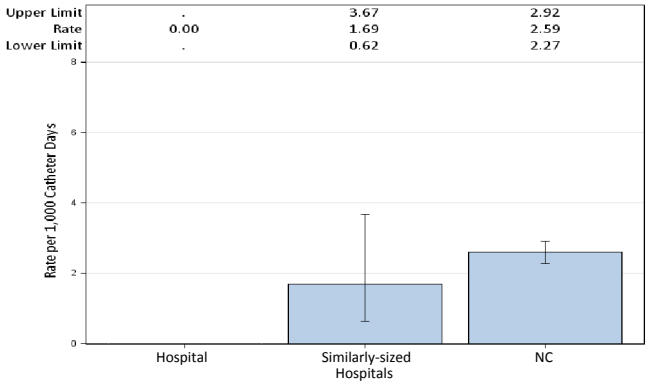



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

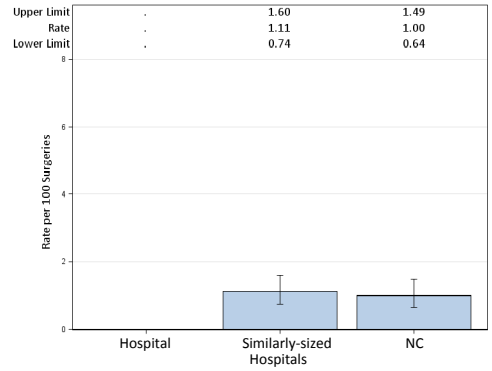



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 10 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

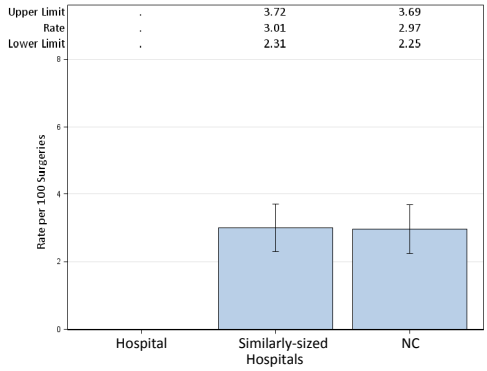



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

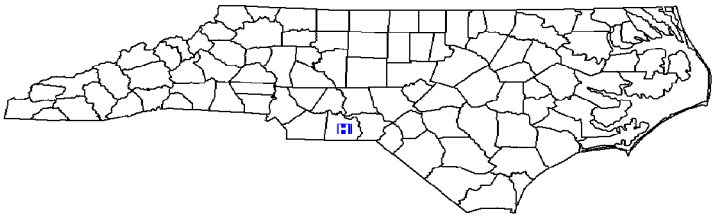
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
Cone Health is committed to preventing Healthcare Associated Infections. We have dedicated teams of experts focused on process improvements to improve our patient outcomes. Please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention if you would like further information.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Anson Community Hospital, Wadesboro, Anson County

## 2011 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 558 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 1,778 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 30 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 0 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.38 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.25 |



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

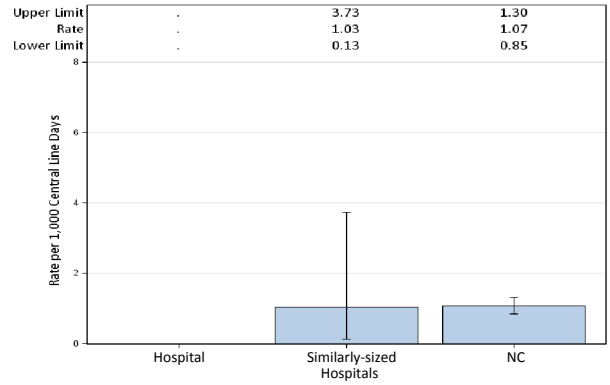



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

This hospital does not have intensive care units (ICUs).

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

This hospital does not have intensive care units (ICUs).

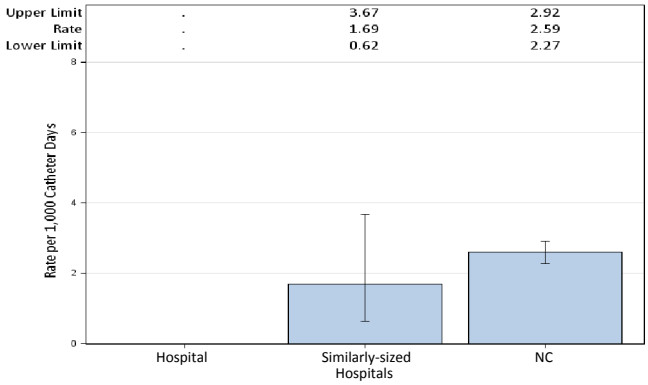



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

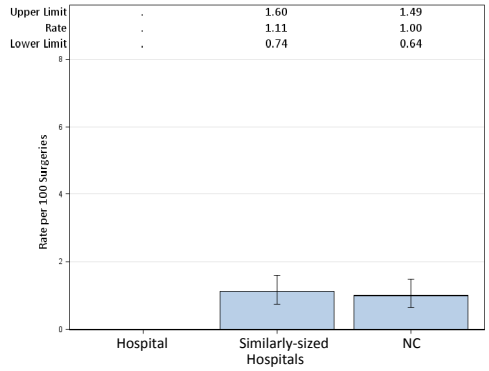



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 0 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

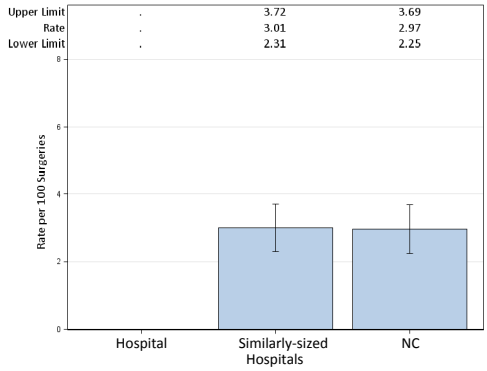


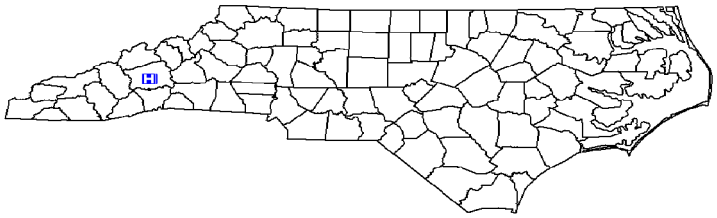

**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Asheville Specialty Hospital, Asheville, Buncombe County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 363 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 9,314 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 34 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 2.94 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

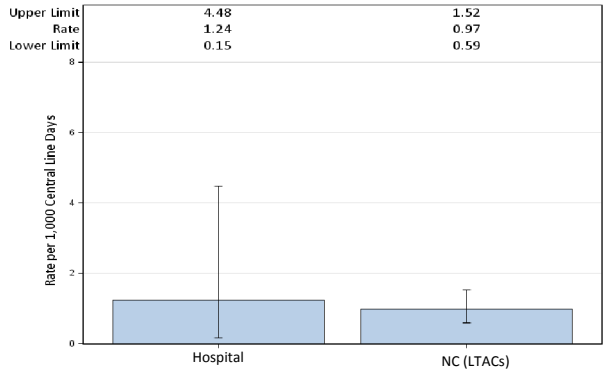



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 1 | 453 | 2.21 |
| Adult ward | 1 | 1,158 | 0.86 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 2 | 1,611 | 1.24 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 0 | 417 | 0.00 |
| Adult ward | 1 | 381 | 2.62 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 1 | 798 | 1.25 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

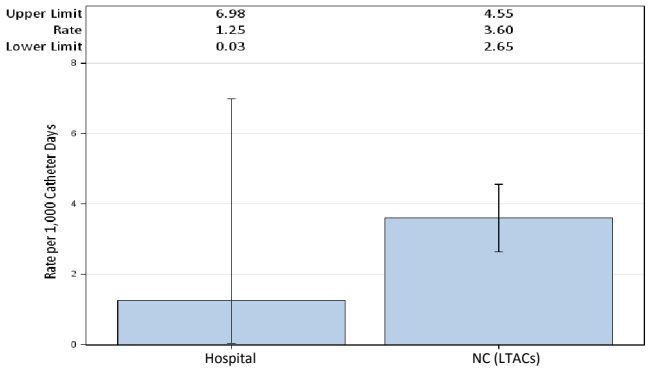



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

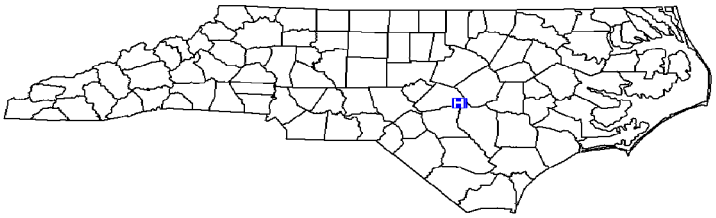
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Betsy Johnson Regional, Dunn, Harnett County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,936 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 27,243 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 101 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.99 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

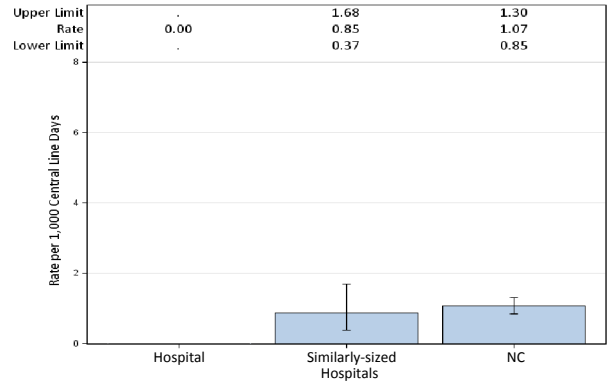



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0.164 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0.164 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 251 | 0 | 0.326 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 251 | 0 | 0.326 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

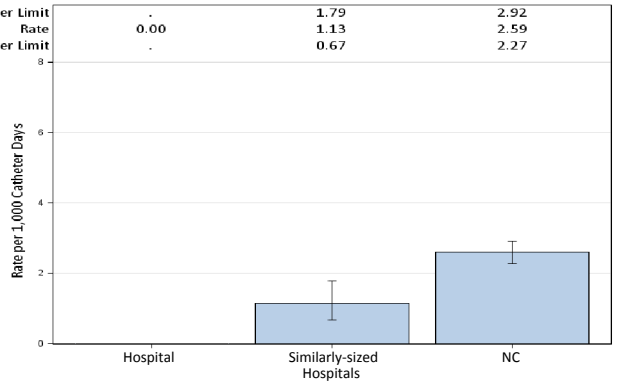



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

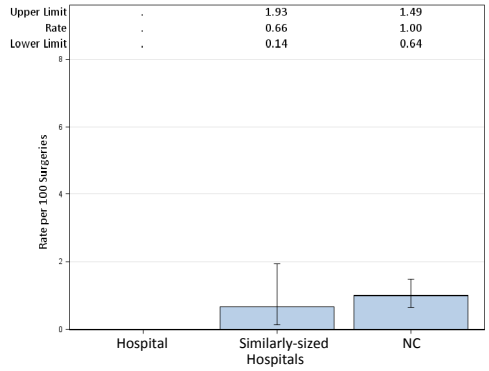



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 9 | 6 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

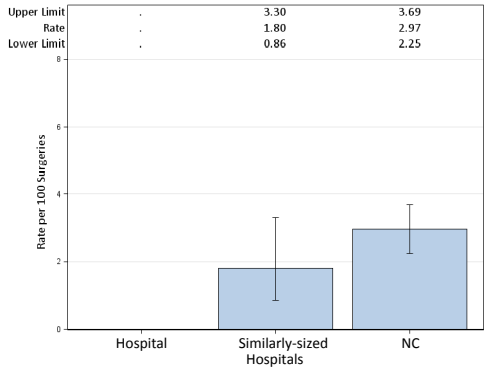



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

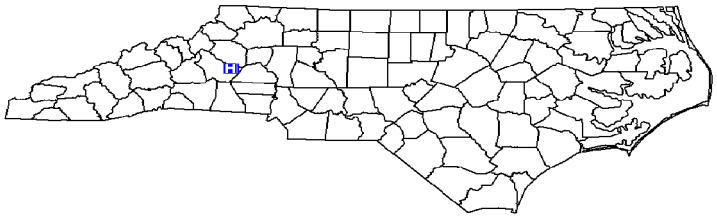
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Blue Ridge Healthcare Hospitals - Valdese Campus, Valdese, Burke County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,103 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 8,193 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 131 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.76 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

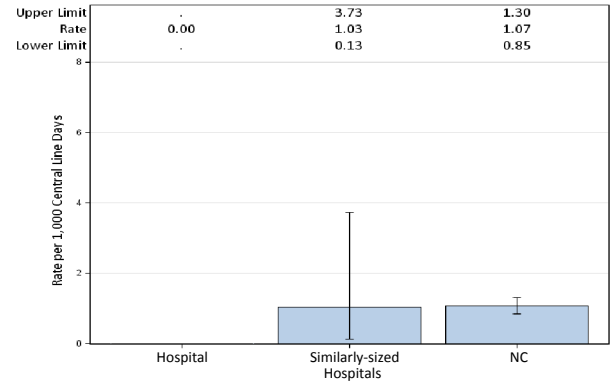



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 94 | 0 | 0.179 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 94 | 0 | 0.179 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 223 | 0 | 0.446 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 223 | 0 | 0.446 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

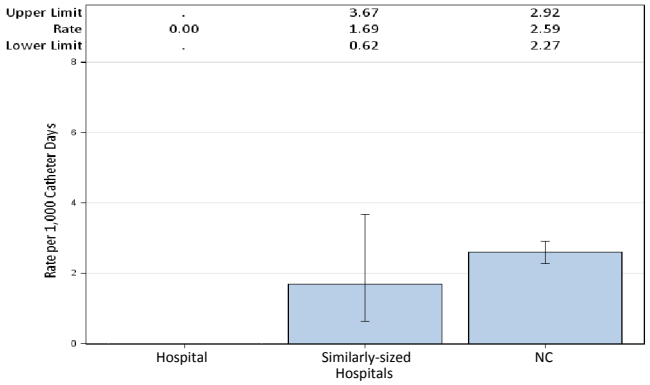



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

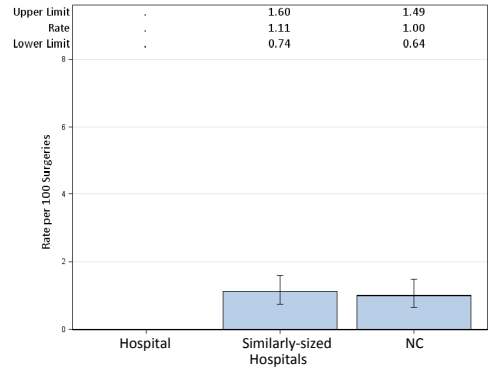



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 17 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

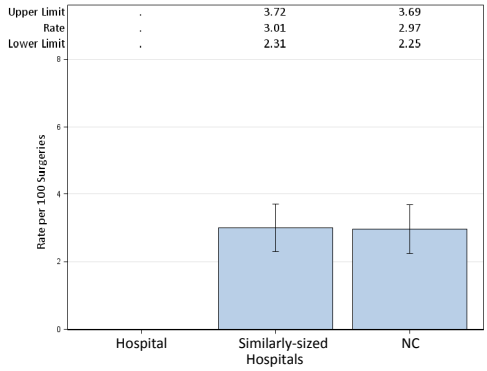



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Blue Ridge Healthcare Hospitals Valdese. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

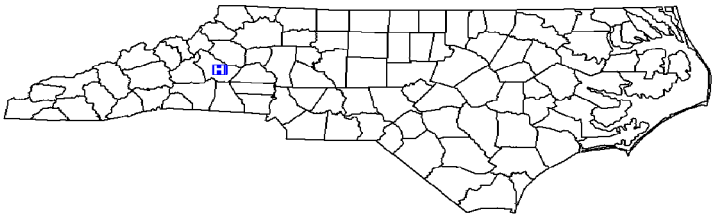
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Blue Ridge Healthcare Hospitals, Inc. - Morganton Campus, Morganton, Burke County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,178 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 25,269 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 184 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.54 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

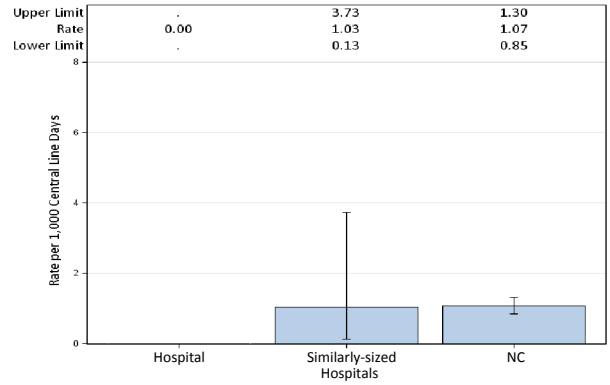



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 101 | 0 | 0.192 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 101 | 0 | 0.192 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 354 | 0 | 0.708 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 354 | 0 | 0.708 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

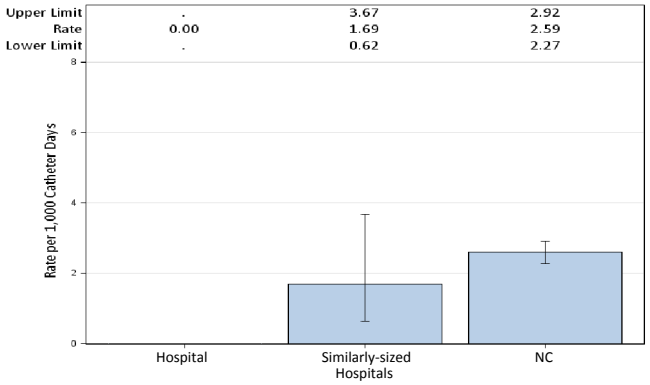



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

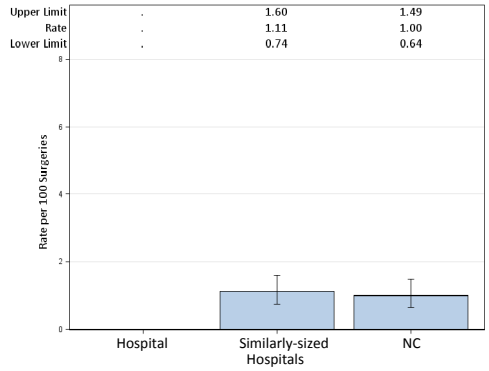



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 3 | 15 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

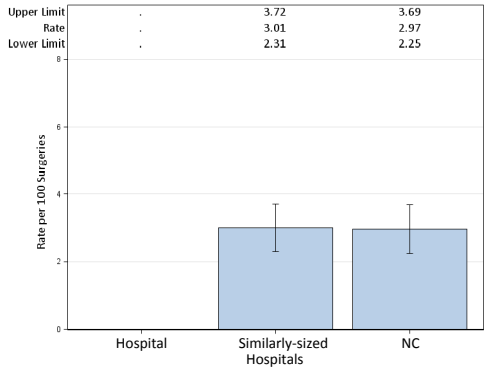



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Blue Ridge Healthcare Hospitals Morganton. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

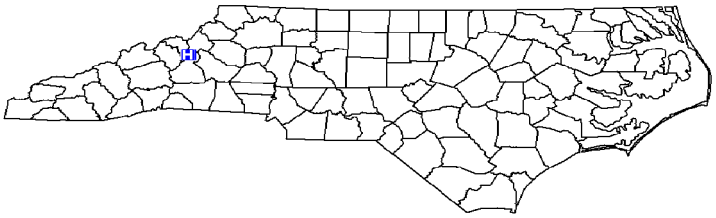
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Blue Ridge Regional Hospital, Spruce Pine, Mitchell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,177 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 6,545 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 46 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.88 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.90 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

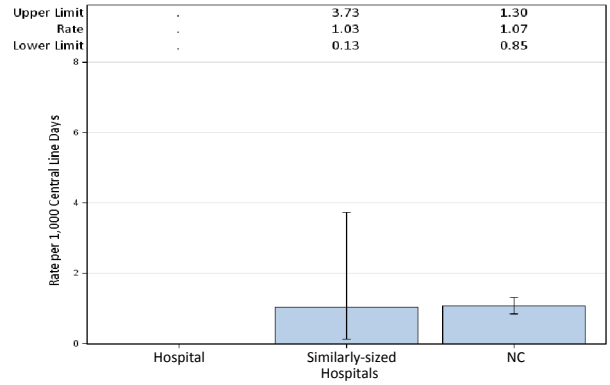



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 17 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 17 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0.16 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 80 | 0 | 0.16 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

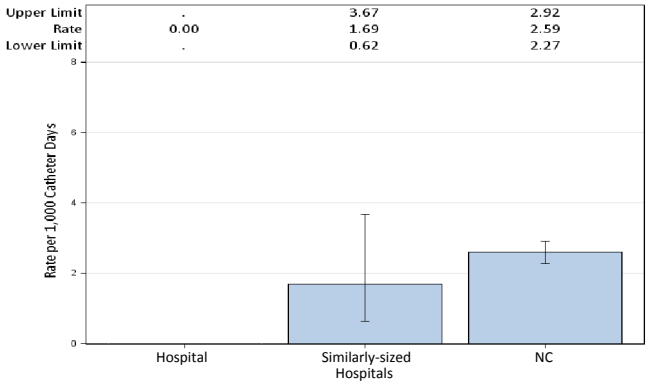



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

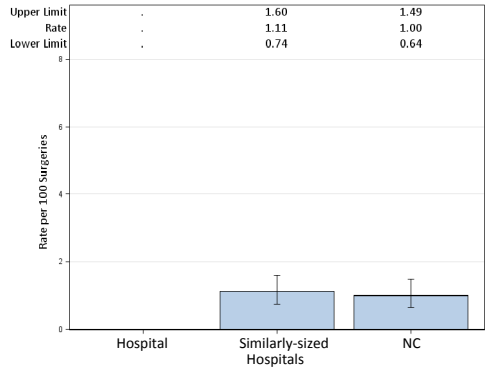



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 0 | 3 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

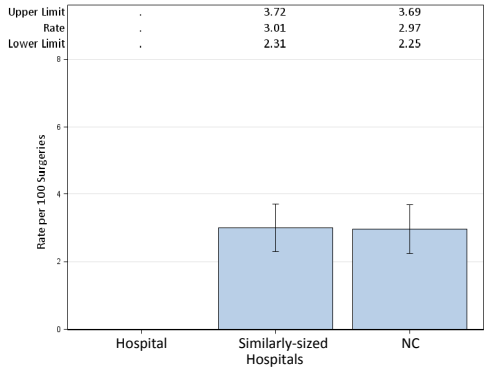



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

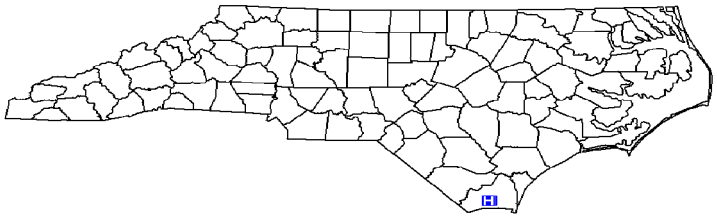
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Brunswick Novant Medical Center, Bolivia, Brunswick County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 3,847 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 13,557 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 74 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 5 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.60 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.81 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

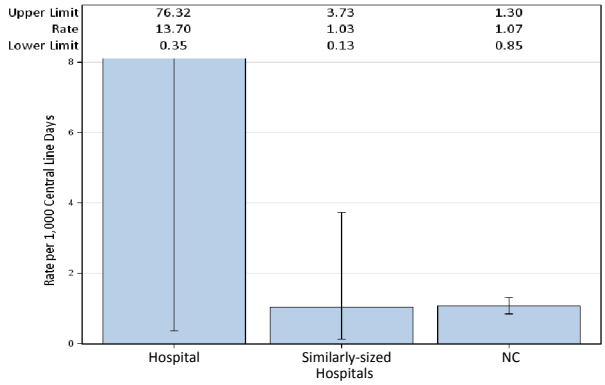



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 73 | 13.7 | 0.11 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 73 | 13.7 | 0.11 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 214 | 0 | 0.278 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 214 | 0 | 0.278 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

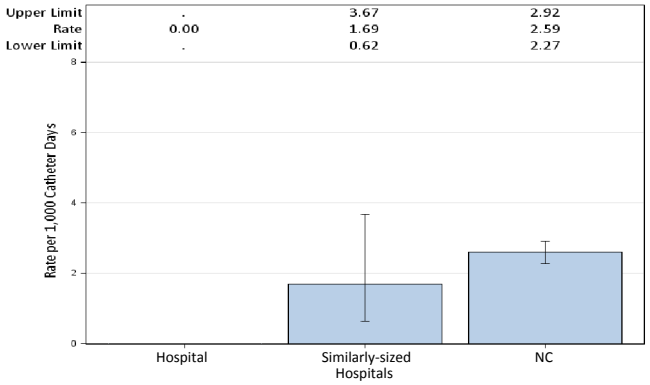



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

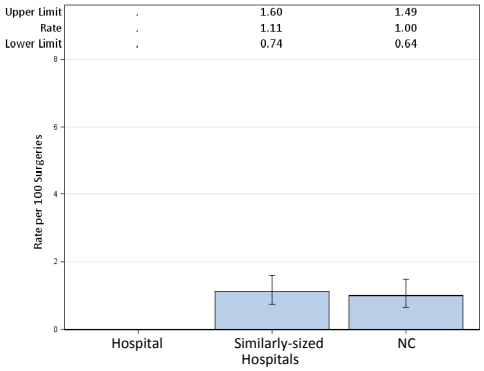



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 8 | 11 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

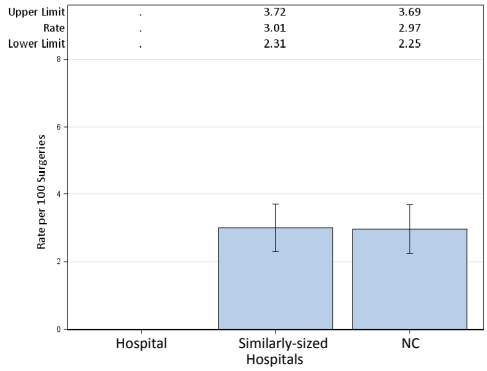



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

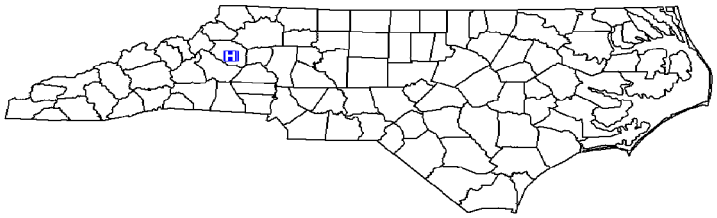
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Caldwell Memorial Hospital, Lenoir, Caldwell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Undergraduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,081 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 21,761 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 82 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.22 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

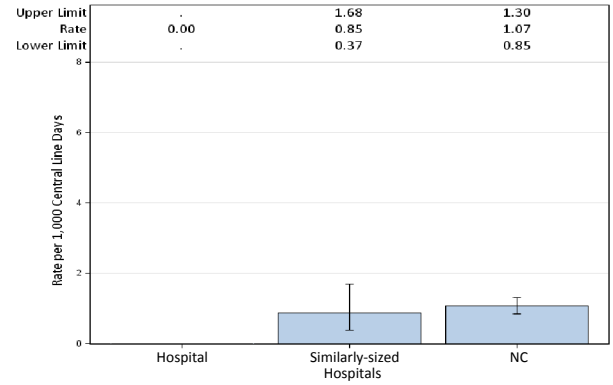



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 444 | 0 | 0.666 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 444 | 0 | 0.666 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 611 | 1.64 | 0.794 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 611 | 1.64 | 0.794 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

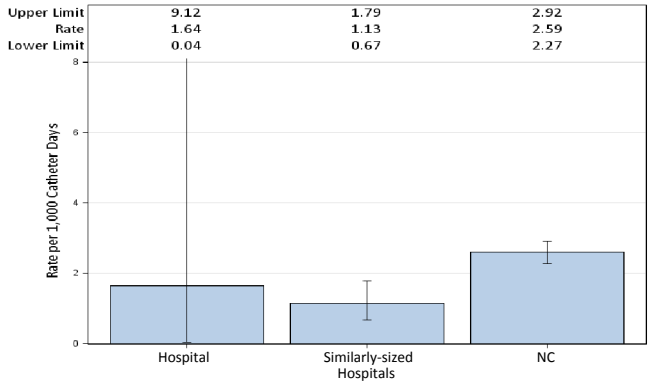



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

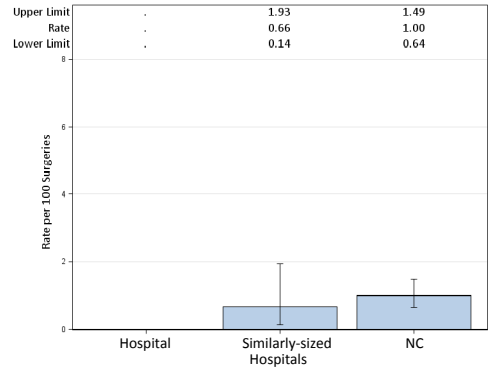



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 5 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

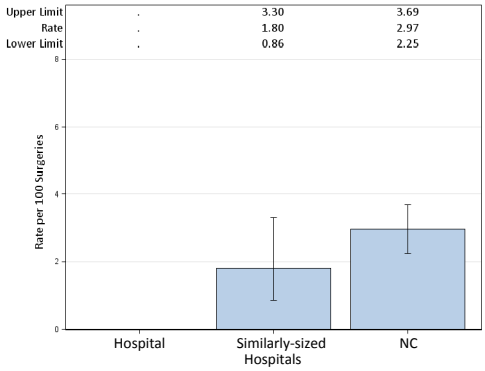



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

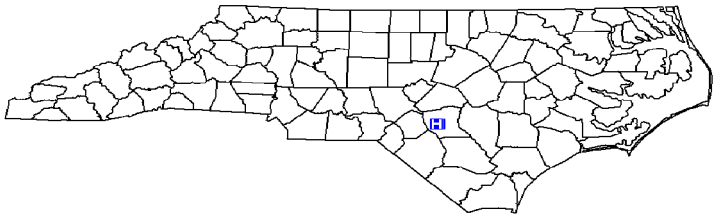
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Cape Fear Valley Health System, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 29,287 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 168,810 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 612 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 90 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.25 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.69 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

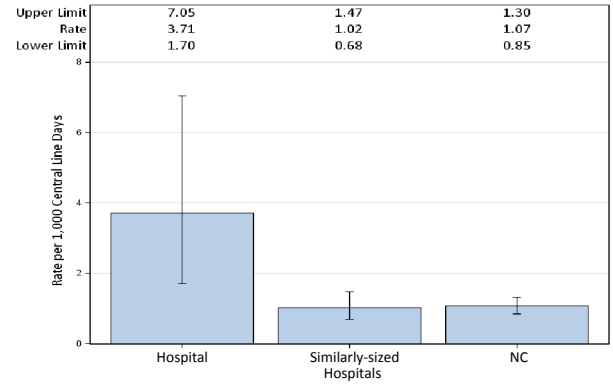



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 6 | 1,661 | 3.61 | 2.492 | 2.408 | 0.884, 5.241 | Higher |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 91 | 0 | 0.274 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0.285 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 3 | 577 | 5.2 | 0.808 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 9 | 2,424 | 3.71 | 3.858 | 2.333 | 1.067, 4.428 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 11 | 1,958 | 5.62 | 2.545 | 4.322 | 2.158, 7.734 | Higher |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0.182 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 179 | 0 | 0.68 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 630 | 1.59 | 1.071 | 0.934 | 0.024, 5.202 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 12 | 2,832 | 4.24 | 4.479 | 2.679 | 1.384, 4.680 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

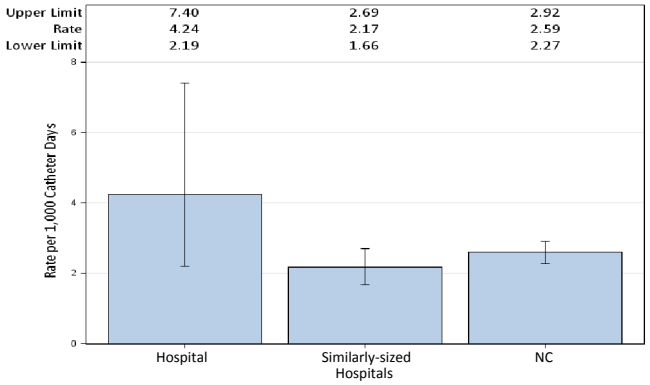



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

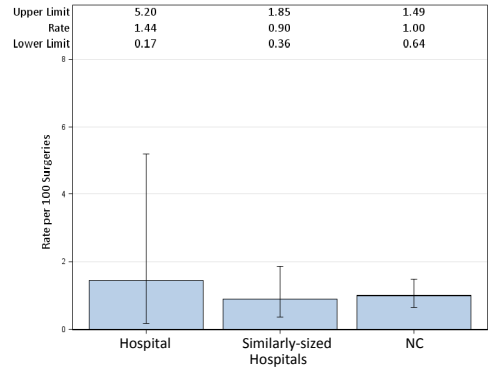



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 2 | 0 |
| Procedures | 139 | 72 |
| Rate | 1.44 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 1.78 | 2.56 |
| SIR** | 1.124 | 0 |
| 95% CI** | 0.136, 4.059 | , 1.441 |
| Interpretation | Same | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

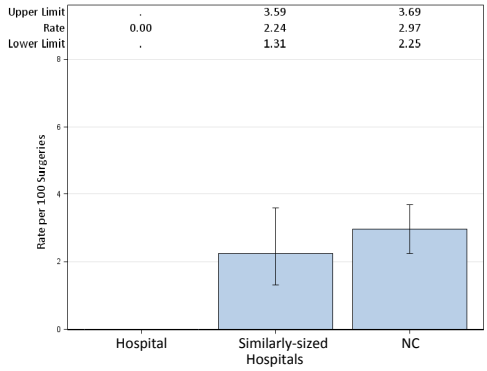



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

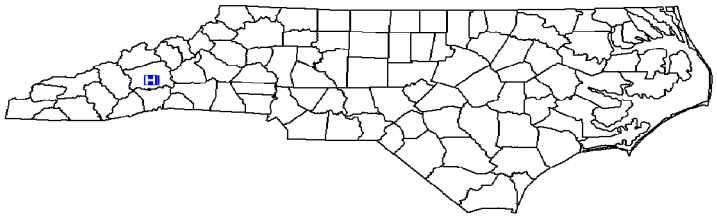
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### CarePartners Health Services, Asheville, Buncombe County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 1,311 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 17,130 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 80 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.30 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.38 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

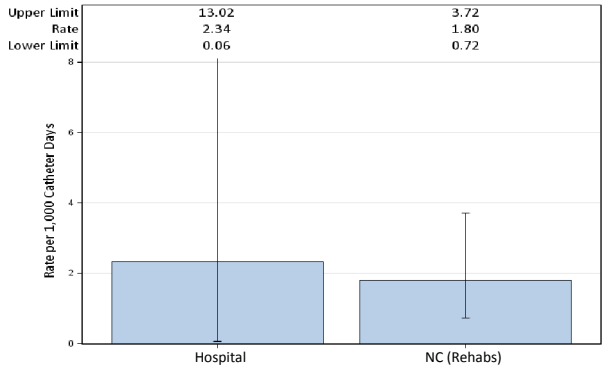



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult rehabilitation ward | 1 | 428 | 2.34 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Wards | 1 | 428 | 2.34 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Inpatient rehabilitation facilities (IRFs) do not report CLABSIs, LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

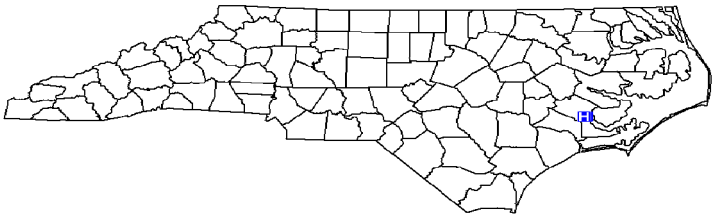
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### CarolinaEast Medical Center, New Bern, Craven County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 15,118 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 61,709 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 350 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 33 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 3.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.86 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

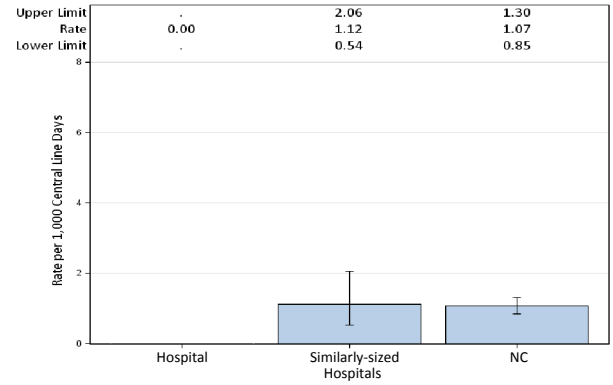



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 49 | . | . | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 497 | 0 | 0.746 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 187 | 0 | 0.262 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 733 | 0 | 1.1 | 0 | , 3.354 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 110 | 0 | 0.22 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 587 | 3.41 | 0.704 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 35 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 174 | 0 | 0.296 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 906 | 2.21 | 1.353 | 1.478 | 0.179, 5.340 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

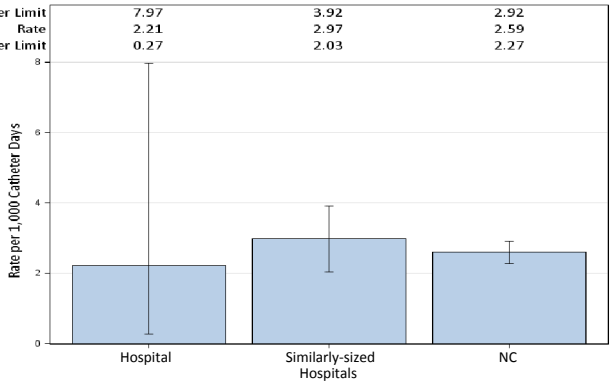



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

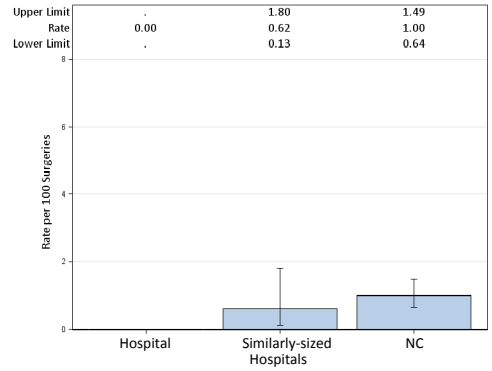



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 2 |
| Procedures | 23 | 37 |
| Rate | 0 | 5.41 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.19 | 1.12 |
| SIR** | . | 1.779 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.215, 6.428 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

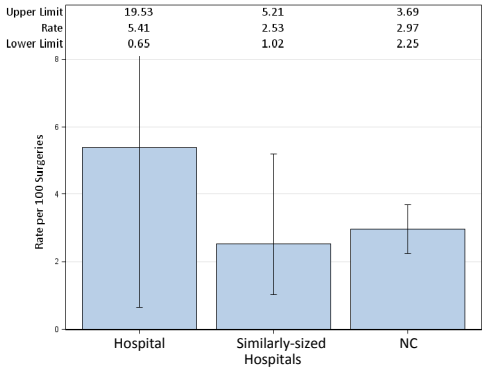



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

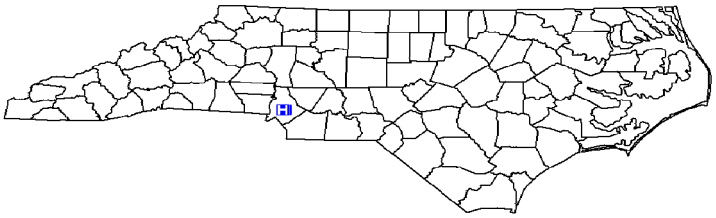
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Carolinas Medical Center, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 47,478 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 260,098 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 880 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 218 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 5.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.57 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

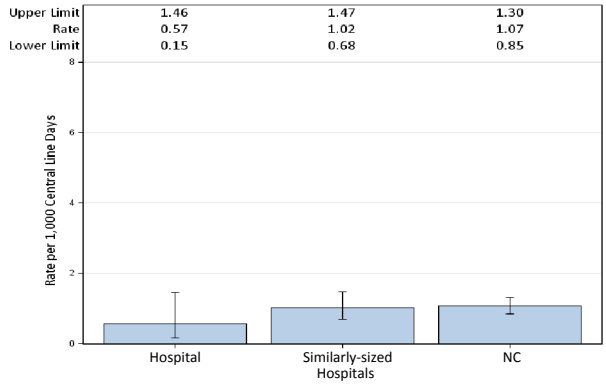



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 1,240 | 1.61 | 3.224 | 0.62 | 0.075, 2.241 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 733 | 0 | 1.466 | 0 | , 2.516 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 0 | 1,621 | 0 | 3.71 | 0 | , 0.994 | Lower |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 703 | 0 | 1.758 | 0 | , 2.098 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 772 | 0 | 2.316 | 0 | , 1.593 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 689 | 0 | 0.965 | . | | |
| Trauma | 2 | 1,277 | 1.57 | 4.597 | 0.435 | 0.053, 1.572 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 4 | 7,035 | 0.57 | 18.035 | 0.222 | 0.060, 0.568 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 10 | 1,737 | 5.76 | 3.995 | 2.503 | 1.200, 4.603 | Higher |
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 883 | 2.27 | 1.766 | 1.133 | 0.137, 4.091 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 11 | 1,359 | 8.09 | 5.98 | 1.839 | 0.918, 3.291 | Higher |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 334 | 2.99 | 0.935 | . | | |
| Pediatric rehabiliation | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 2 | 705 | 2.84 | 1.199 | 1.668 | 0.202, 6.026 | Same |
| Trauma | 7 | 1,868 | 3.75 | 6.351 | 1.102 | 0.443, 2.271 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 33 | 6,886 | 4.79 | 20.226 | 1.632 | 1.123, 2.291 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

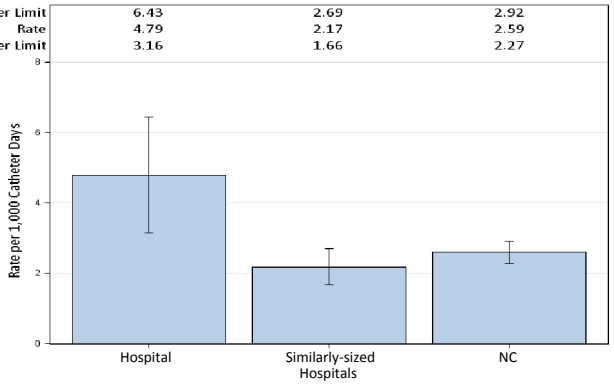



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

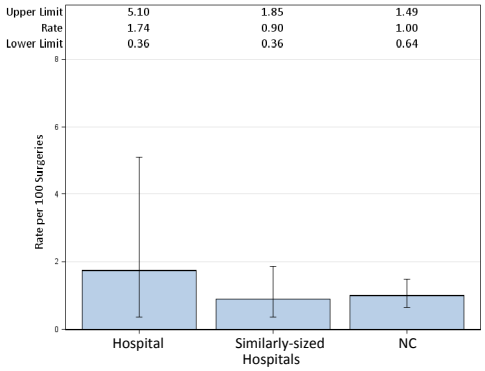



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 3 | 4 |
| Procedures | 172 | 102 |
| Rate | 1.74 | 3.92 |
| Predicted Infections | 1.55 | 3.38 |
| SIR** | 1.935 | 1.183 |
| 95% CI** | 0.399, 5.656 | 0.322, 3.030 |
| Interpretation | Same | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

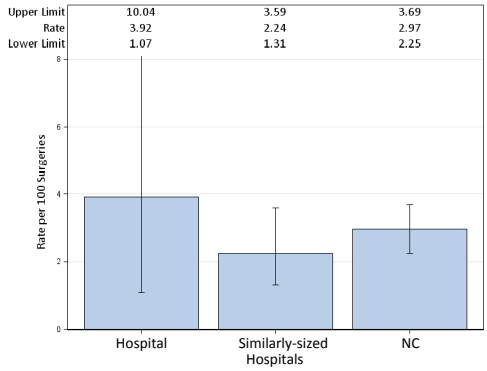



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

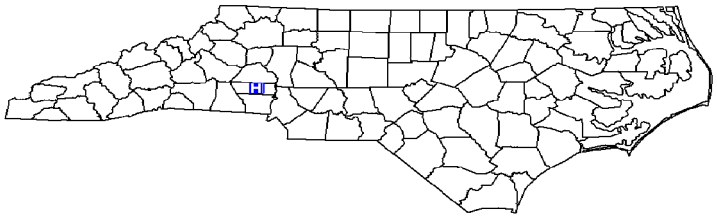
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Carolinas Medical Center-Lincoln, Lincolnton, Lincoln County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,060 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 15,160 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 101 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.50 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

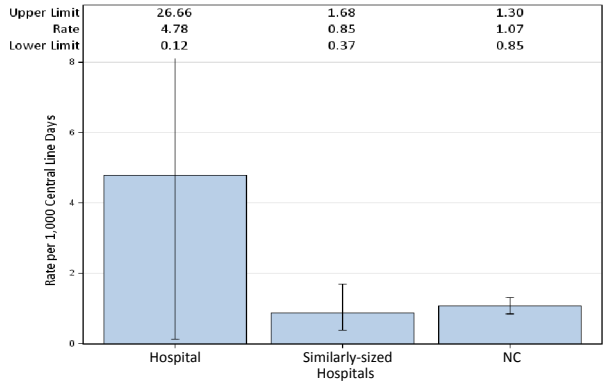



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 209 | 4.78 | 0.314 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 209 | 4.78 | 0.314 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 437 | 2.29 | 0.568 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 437 | 2.29 | 0.568 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

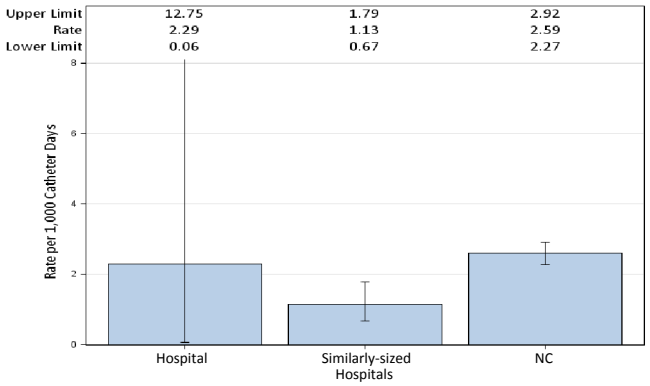



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

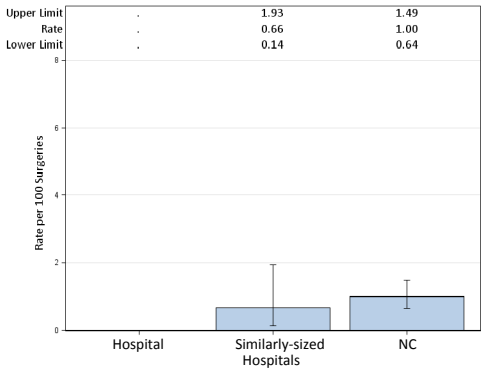



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 10 | 7 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

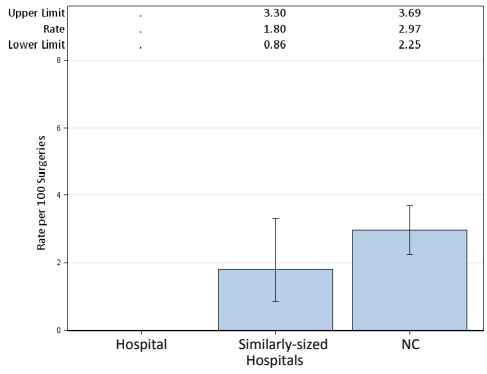



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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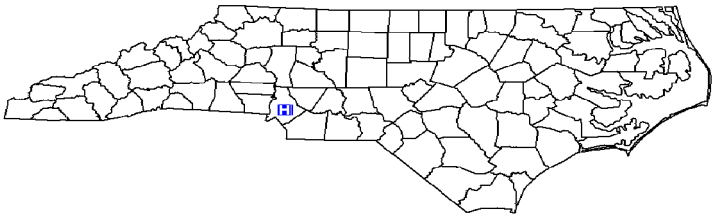
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 8,119 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 37,889 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 162 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.62 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

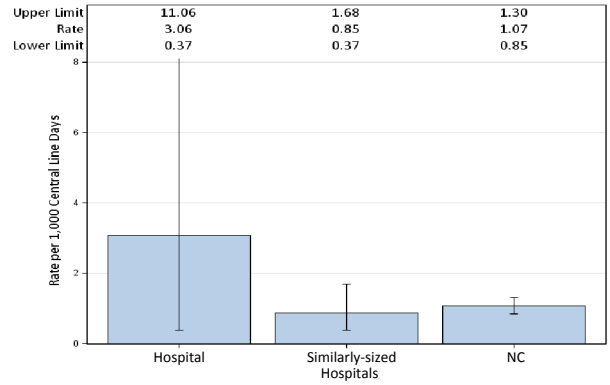



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 653 | 3.06 | 1.241 | 1.612 | 0.195, 5.822 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 653 | 3.06 | 1.241 | 1.612 | 0.195, 5.822 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 4 | 870 | 4.6 | 1.74 | 2.299 | 0.626, 5.886 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 4 | 870 | 4.6 | 1.74 | 2.299 | 0.626, 5.886 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

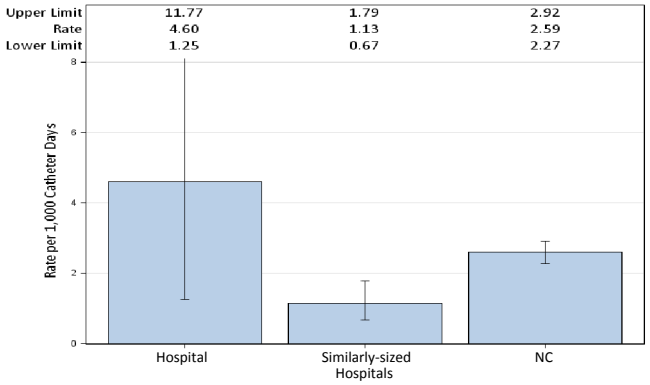



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

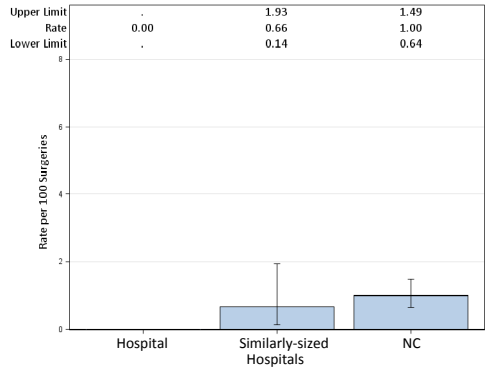



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 21 | 24 |
| Rate | 0 | 4.17 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.17 | 0.75 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

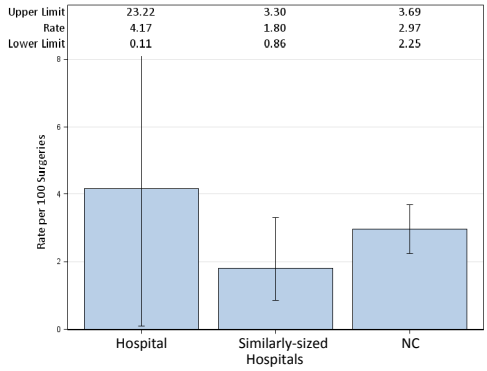



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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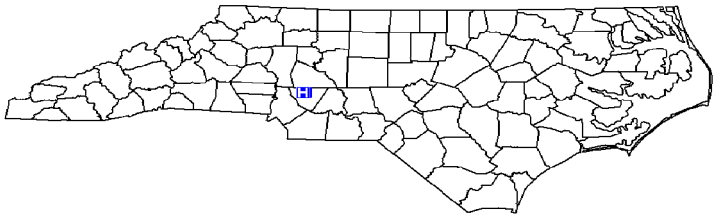
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Medical Center- Northeast, Concord, Cabarrus County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 24,359 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 115,302 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 457 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 52 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 3.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.66 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

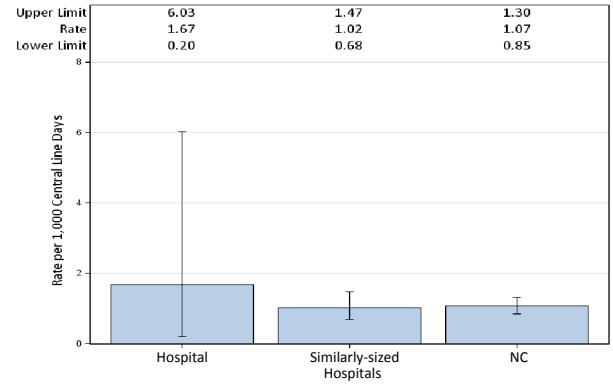



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 733 | 1.36 | 1.1 | 0.909 | 0.023, 5.065 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 0 | 54 | 0 | 0.131 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 49 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 363 | 2.75 | 0.508 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 1,199 | 1.67 | 1.886 | 1.06 | 0.128, 3.831 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 8 | 1,091 | 7.33 | 1.418 | 5.642 | 2.436, 11.116 | Higher |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 20 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 688 | 0 | 1.17 | 0 | , 3.153 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 8 | 1,799 | 4.45 | 2.644 | 3.026 | 1.306, 5.962 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

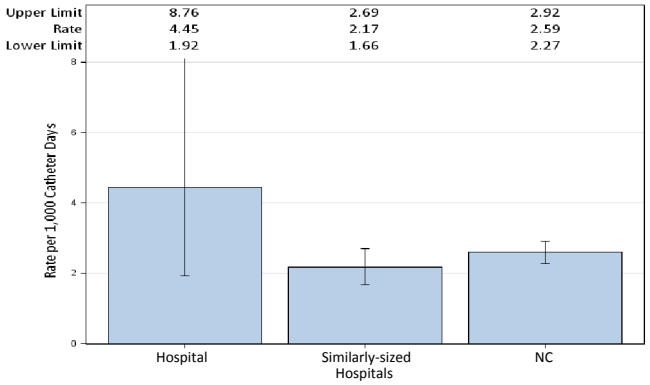



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

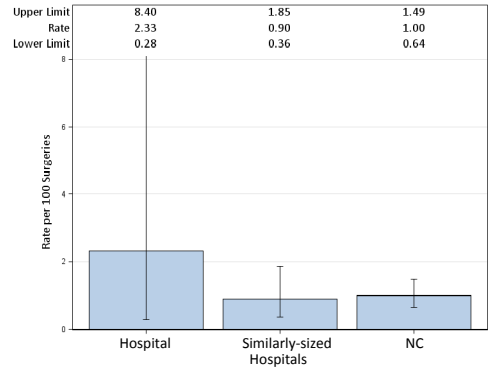



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 2 | 3 |
| Procedures | 86 | 60 |
| Rate | 2.33 | 5 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.86 | 1.91 |
| SIR** | . | 1.574 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.325, 4.600 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

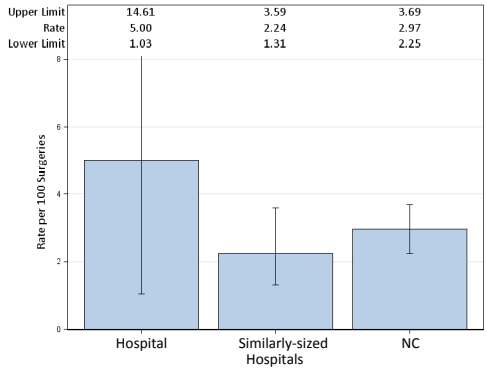



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

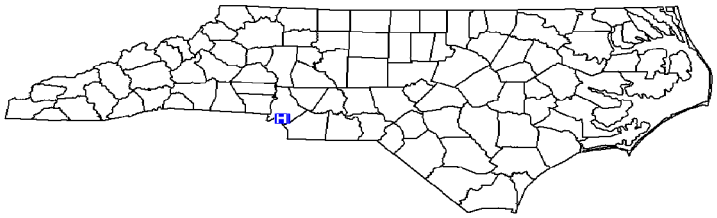
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 13,072 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 48,692 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 206 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 40 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.49 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

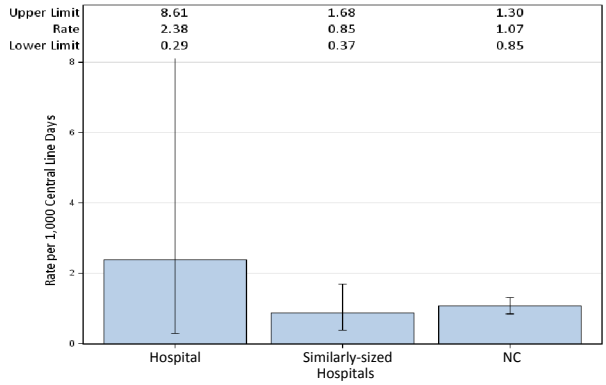



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 489 | 4.09 | 0.929 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 72 | 0 | 0.113 | . | | |
| Surgical | 0 | 278 | 0 | 0.639 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 839 | 2.38 | 1.682 | 1.189 | 0.144, 4.295 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 795 | 2.52 | 1.59 | 1.258 | 0.152, 4.544 | Same |
| Surgical | 1 | 315 | 3.17 | 0.819 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 1,110 | 2.7 | 2.409 | 1.245 | 0.257, 3.639 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

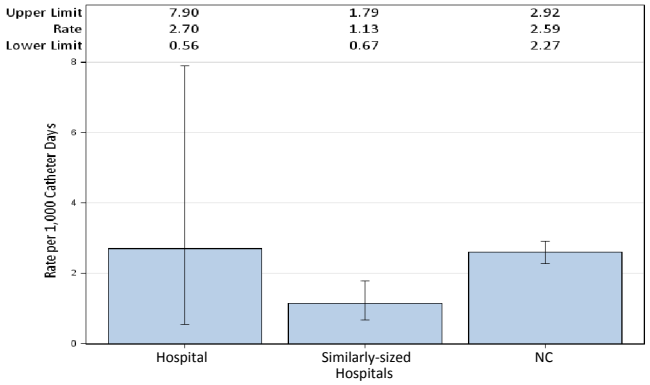



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

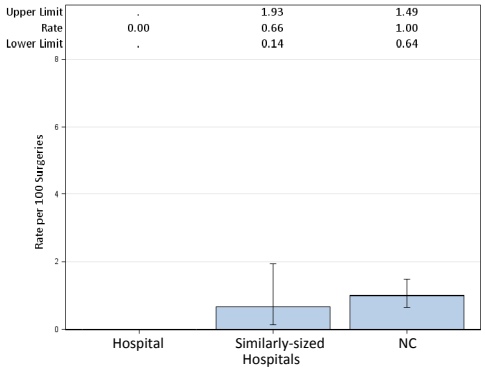



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 93 | 32 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.82 | 1.02 |
| SIR** | . | 0 |
| 95% CI** | | , 3.617 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

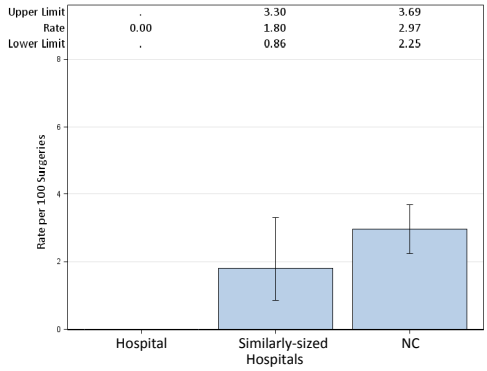



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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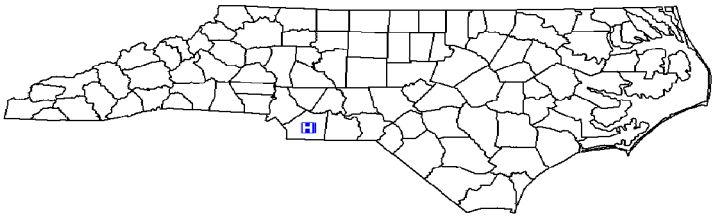
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Carolinas Medical Center-Union, Monroe, Union County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 8,306 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 36,527 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 171 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 14 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.17 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

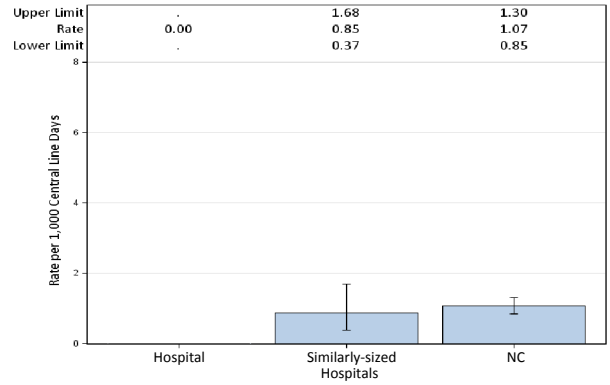



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 363 | 0 | 0.545 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 363 | 0 | 0.545 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 654 | 3.06 | 0.85 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 654 | 3.06 | 0.85 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

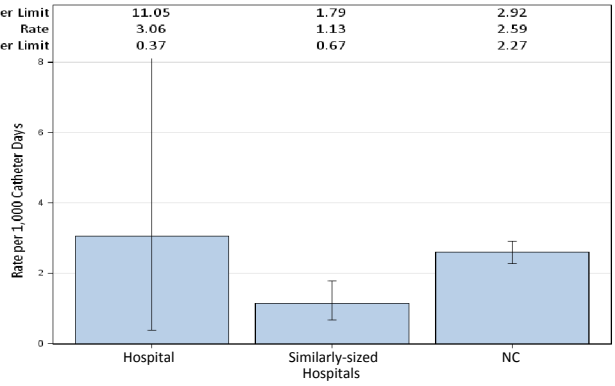



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

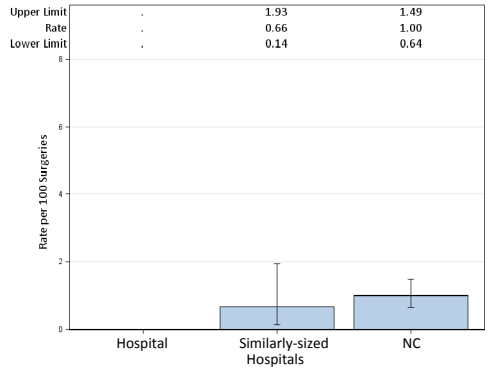



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 0 |
| Procedures | 16 | 22 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 0.74 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

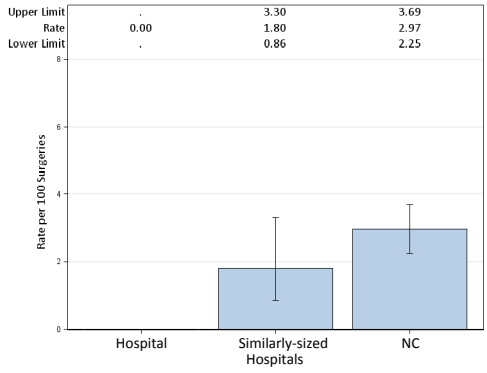



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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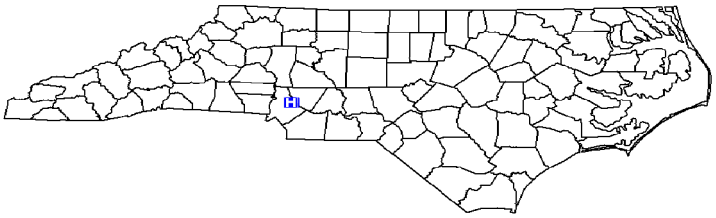
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Medical Center-University, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 7,200 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 27,710 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 94 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 15 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.06 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

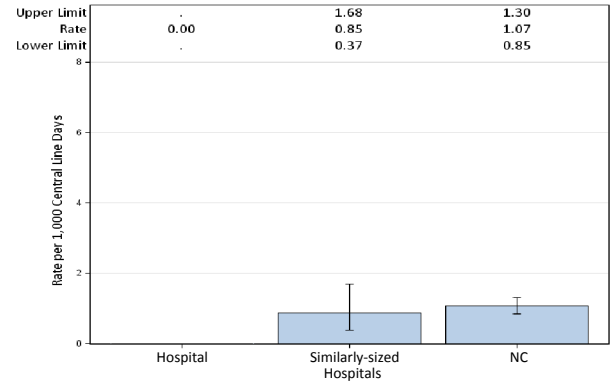



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 334 | 0 | 0.501 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 31 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 365 | 0 | 0.554 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 4 | 425 | 9.41 | 0.553 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 4 | 425 | 9.41 | 0.553 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

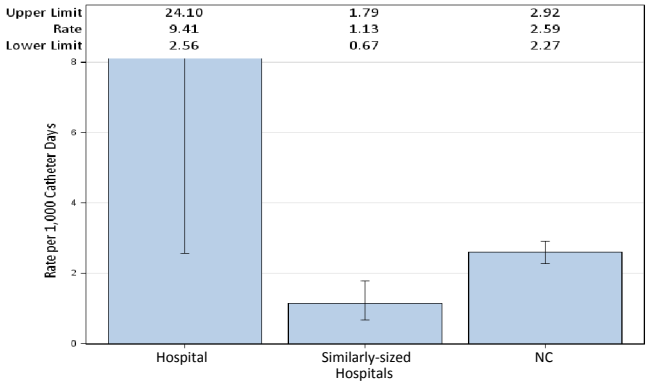



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

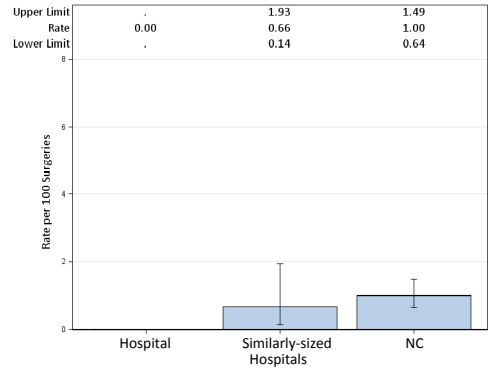



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 22 | 25 |
| Rate | 0 | 4 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.23 | 0.83 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

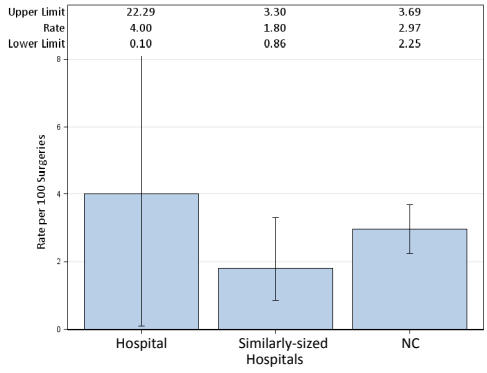



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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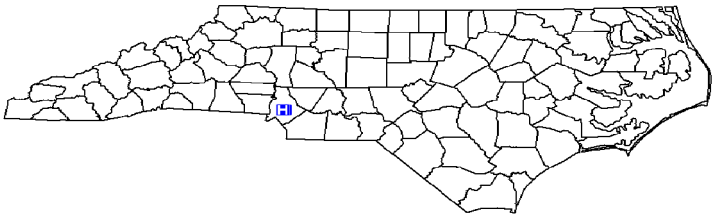
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Rehabilitation, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,858 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 43,580 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 159 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.63 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

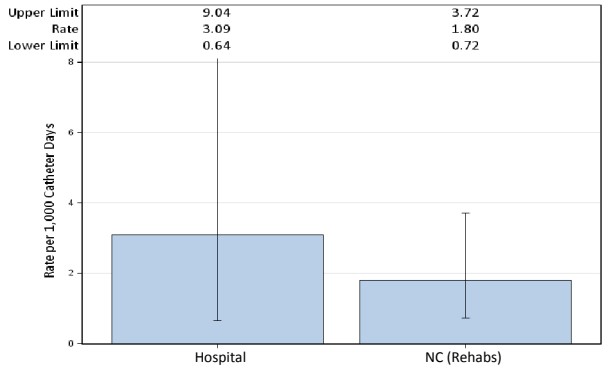



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult rehabilitation ward | 3 | 970 | 3.09 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Wards | 3 | 970 | 3.09 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Inpatient rehabilitation facilities (IRFs) do not report CLABSIs, LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Carolinas Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

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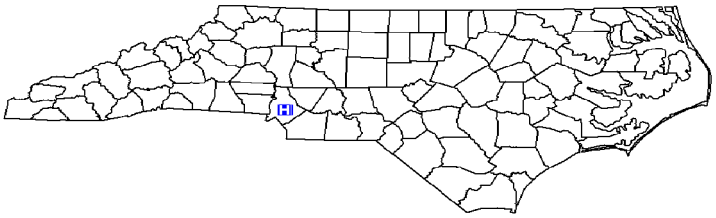
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carolinas Specialty Hospital, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 418 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 12,155 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 40 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 2.50 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

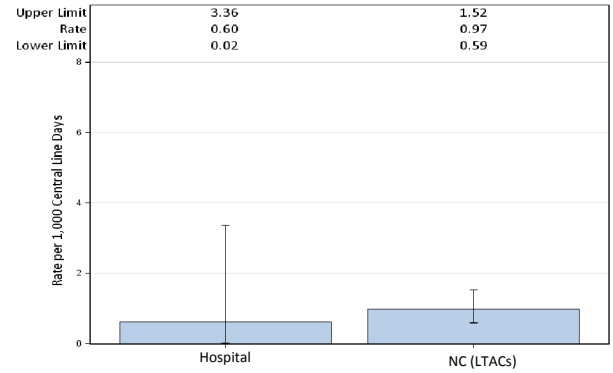



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 1 | 1,658 | 0.6 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 1 | 1,658 | 0.6 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 3 | 1,766 | 1.7 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 3 | 1,766 | 1.7 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

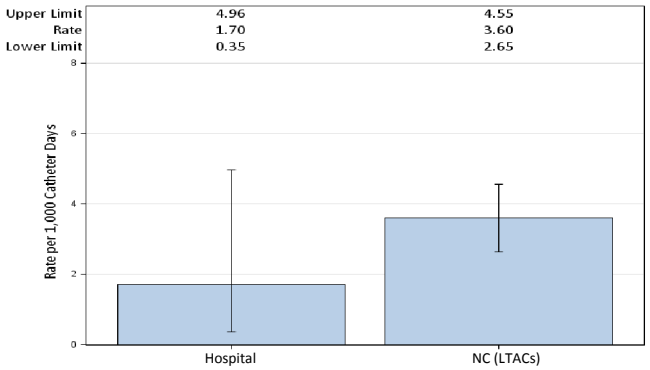



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

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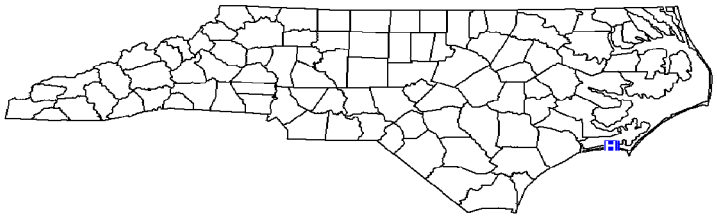
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Carteret General Hospital, Morehead City, Carteret County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,938 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 24,581 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 135 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.11 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

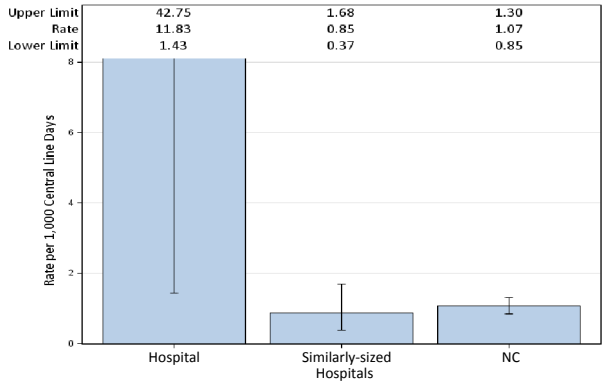



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 169 | 11.8 | 0.254 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 169 | 11.8 | 0.254 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 274 | 3.65 | 0.356 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 274 | 3.65 | 0.356 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

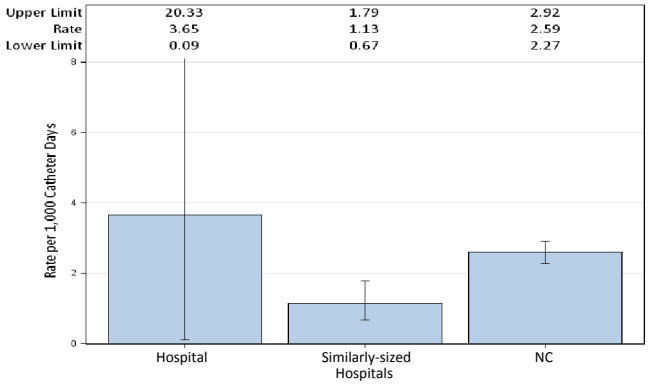



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

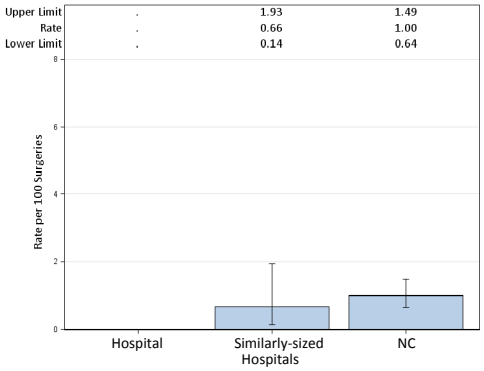



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 0 |
| Procedures | 5 | 24 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 0.73 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

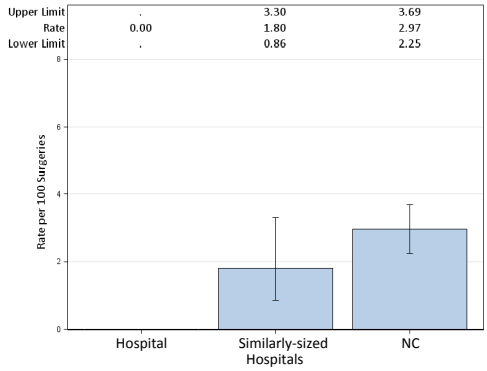



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

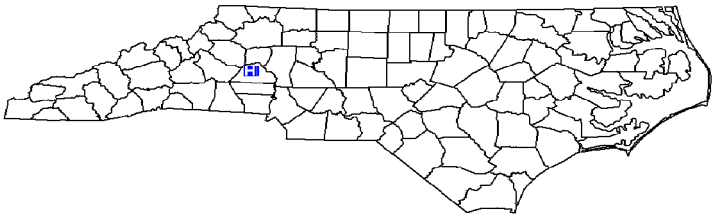
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Catawba Valley Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 11,936 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 50,246 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 190 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 32 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.79 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

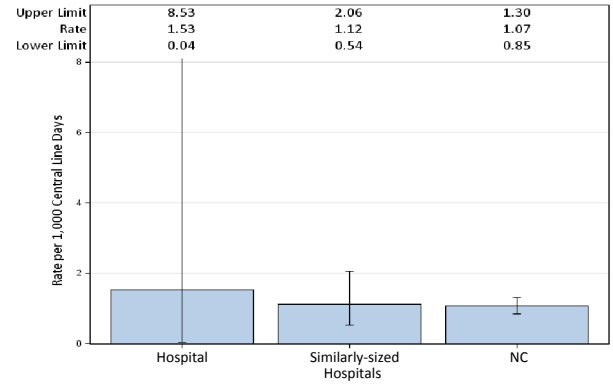



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 531 | 1.88 | 0.797 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 122 | 0 | 0.432 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 653 | 1.53 | 1.228 | 0.814 | 0.021, 4.537 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 800 | 2.5 | 0.96 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 19 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 819 | 2.44 | 1.032 | 1.938 | 0.235, 7.001 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

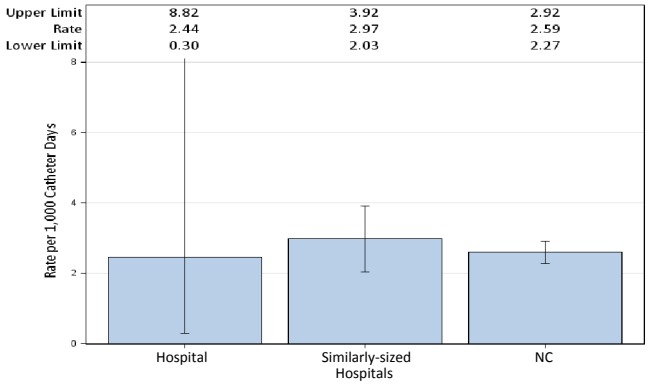



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

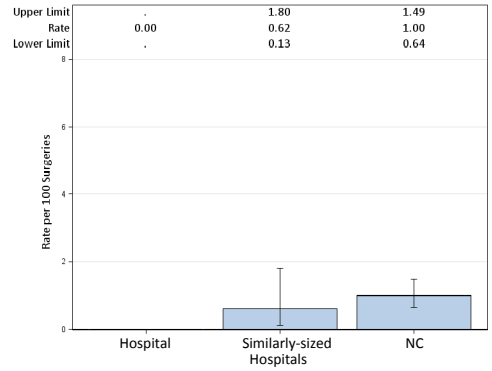



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 20 | 18 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.18 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

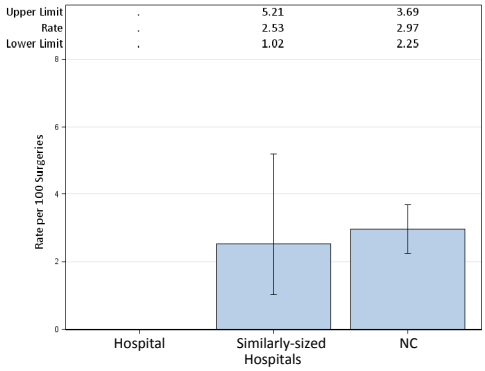



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

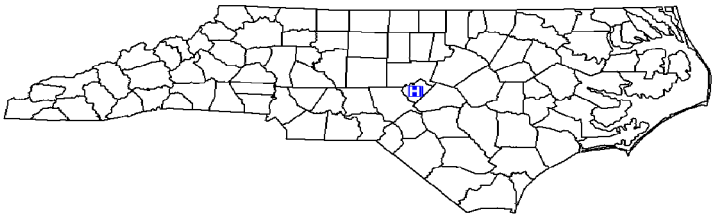
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Central Carolina Hospital, Sanford, Lee County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,073 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 20,184 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 108 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.46 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

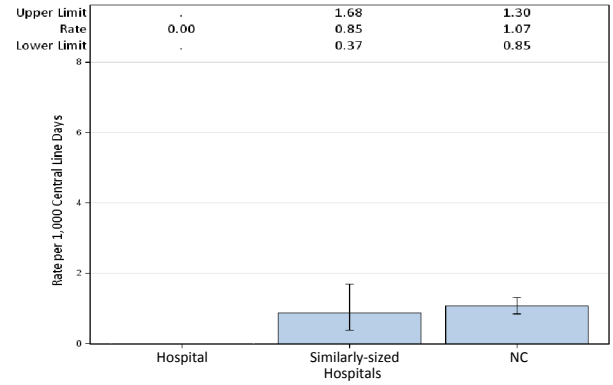



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 240 | 0 | 0.36 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 240 | 0 | 0.36 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 348 | 0 | 0.452 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 348 | 0 | 0.452 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

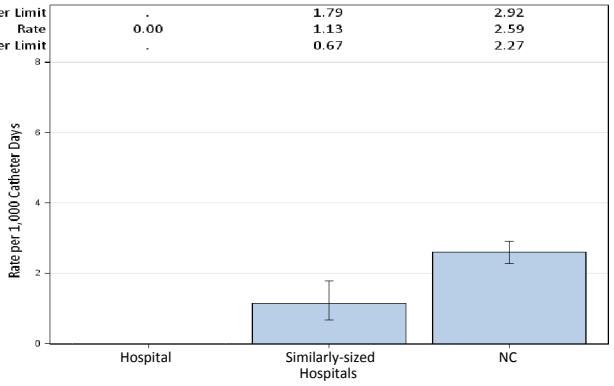



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

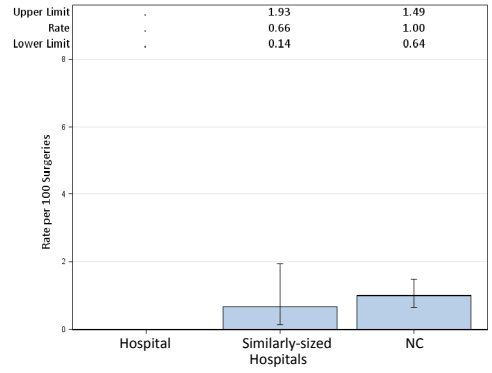



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 8 | 10 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

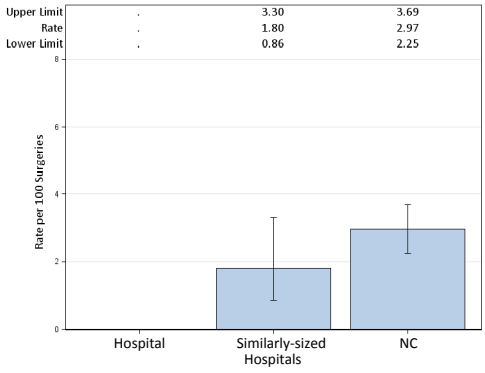



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

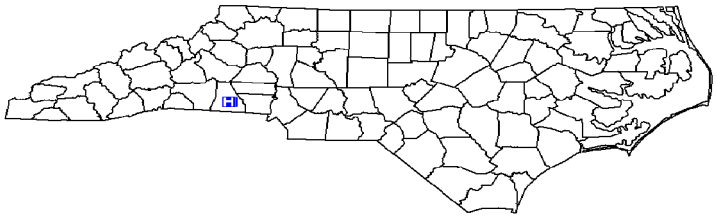
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Cleveland Regional Medical Center, Shelby, Cleveland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 9,479 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 34,460 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 241 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 18 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.62 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

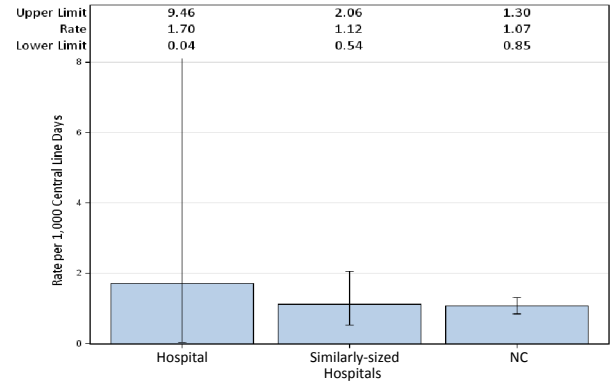



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 589 | 1.7 | 0.884 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 589 | 1.7 | 0.884 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 942 | 1.06 | 1.13 | 0.885 | 0.022, 4.931 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 942 | 1.06 | 1.13 | 0.885 | 0.022, 4.931 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

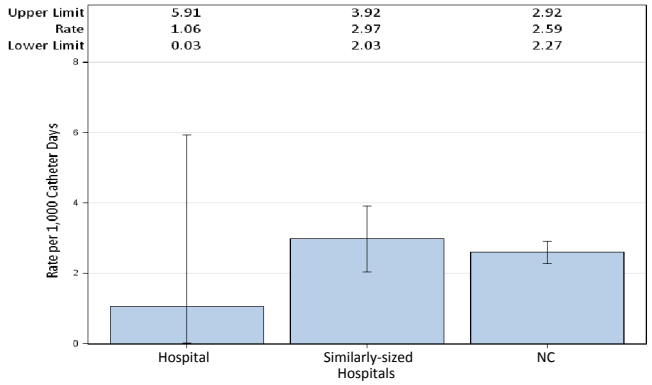



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

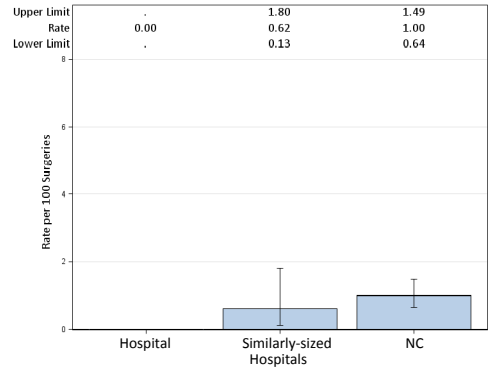



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 28 | 21 |
| Rate | 0 | 4.76 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.31 | 0.69 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

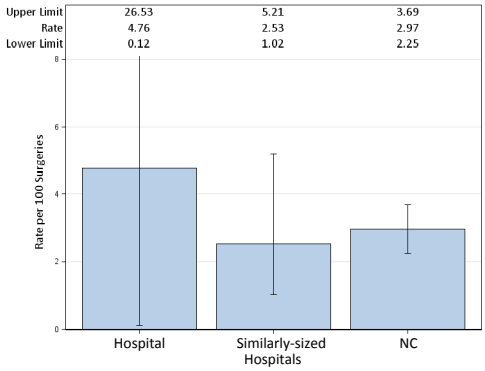



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Cleveland County Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

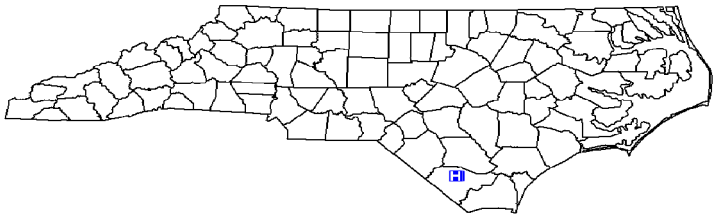
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Columbus Regional Healthcare System, Whiteville, Columbus County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,000 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 21,864 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 106 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.94 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

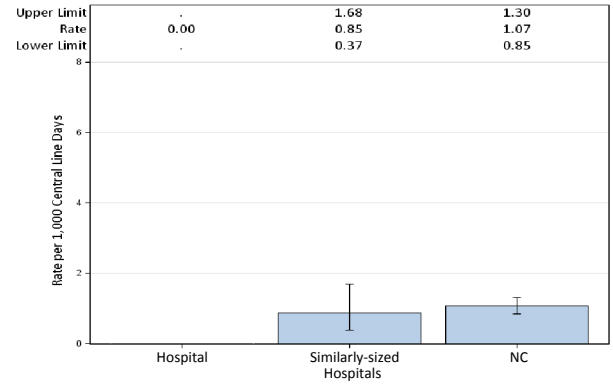



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 143 | 0 | 0.215 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 143 | 0 | 0.215 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 245 | 0 | 0.319 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 245 | 0 | 0.319 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

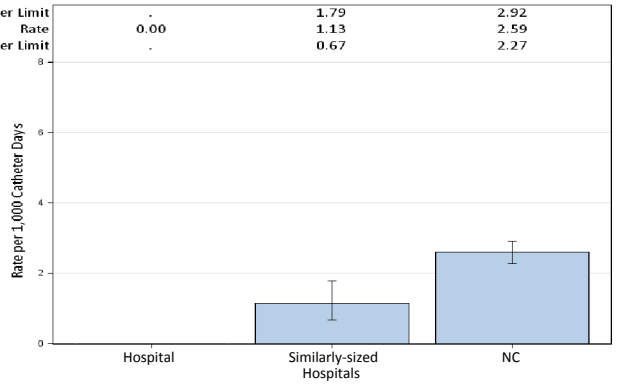



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

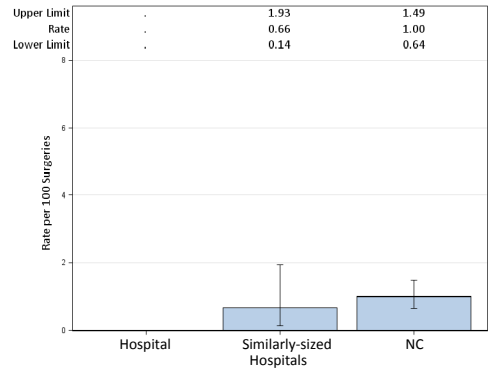



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 12 | 20 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 0.74 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

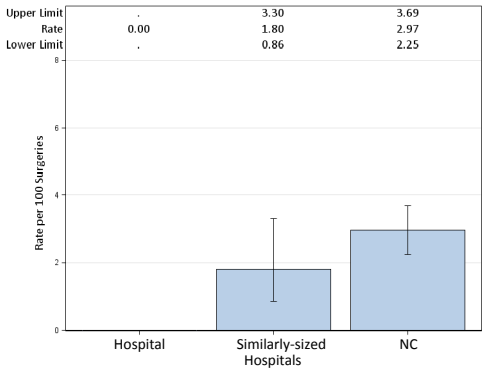



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

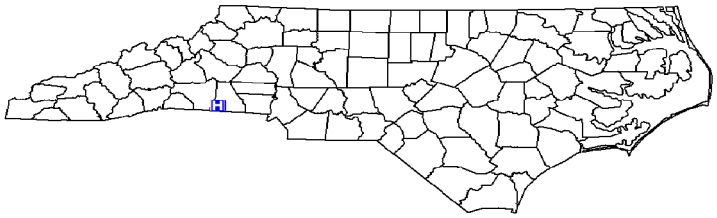
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Columbus Regional Healthcare System. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Crawley Memorial Hospital, Shelby, Cleveland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 146 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 3,914 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 41 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.80 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.95 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

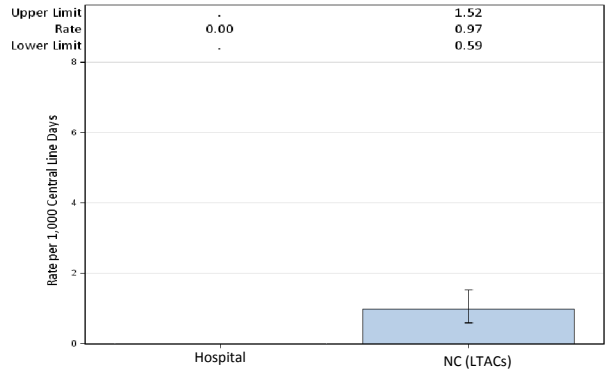



**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 306 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 306 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 631 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 631 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

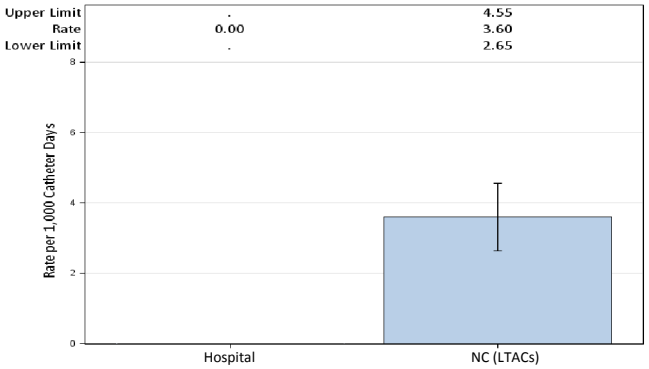



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

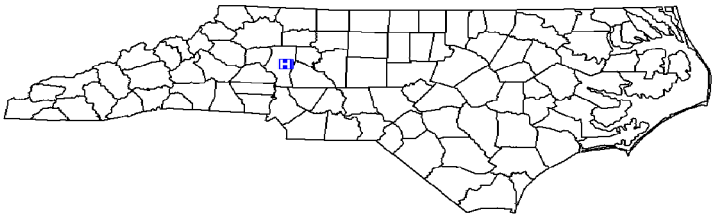
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Davis Regional Medical Center, Statesville, Iredell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,817 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 32,874 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 130 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.77 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

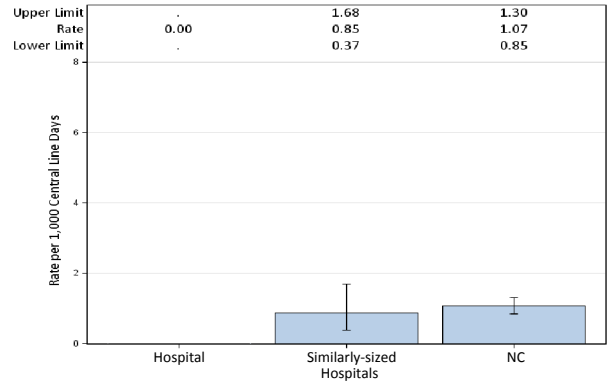



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0.222 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0.222 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 348 | 0 | 0.696 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 348 | 0 | 0.696 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

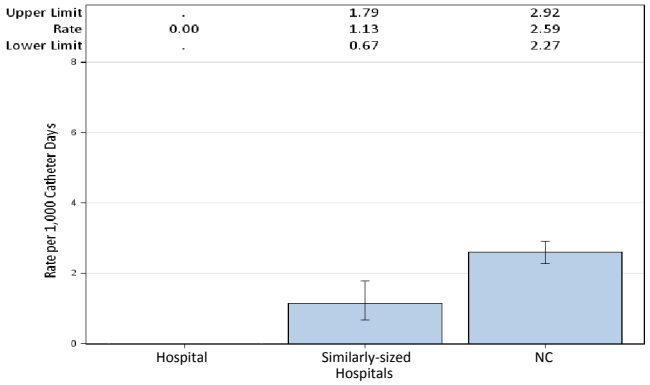



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

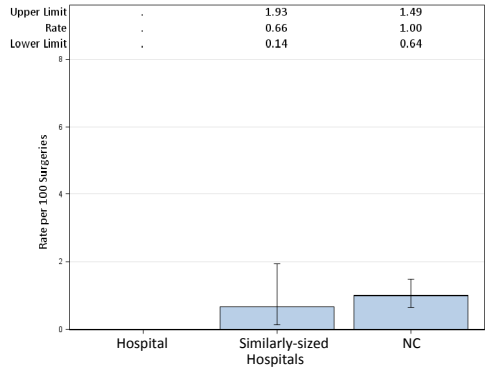



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 12 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

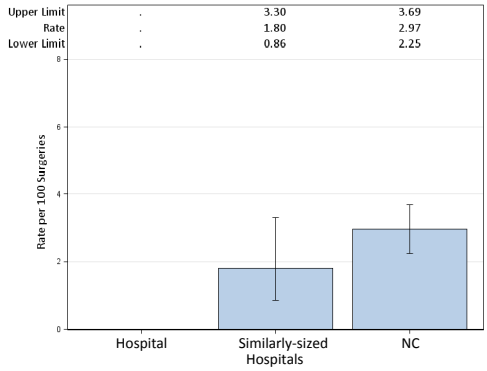



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

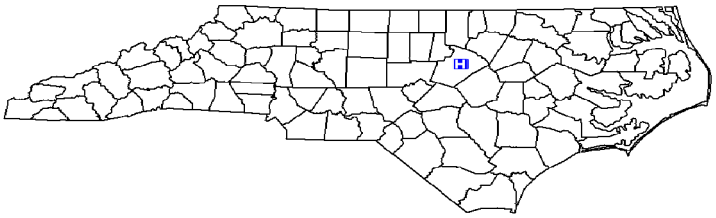
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Duke Raleigh Hospital, Raleigh, Wake County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 7,762 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 33,489 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 148 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 15 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.35 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

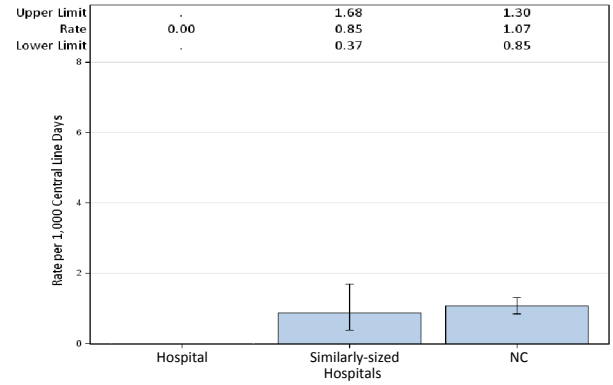



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 347 | 0 | 0.521 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 347 | 0 | 0.521 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 618 | 0 | 0.803 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 618 | 0 | 0.803 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

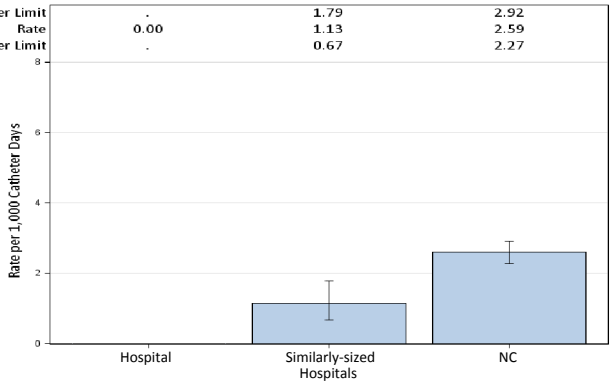



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

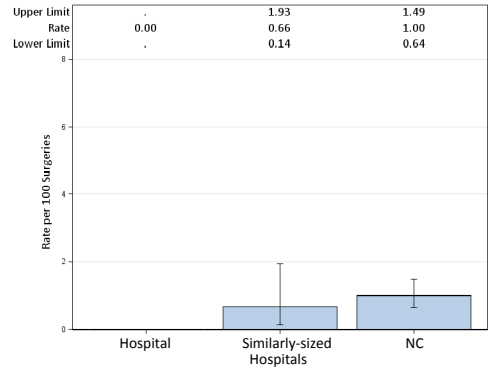



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 28 | 52 |
| Rate | 0 | 1.92 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.30 | 1.66 |
| SIR** | . | 0.602 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.015, 3.356 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

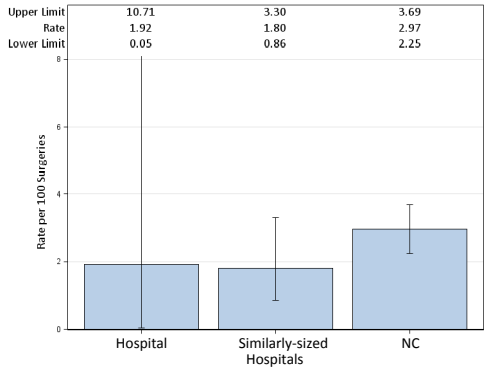



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

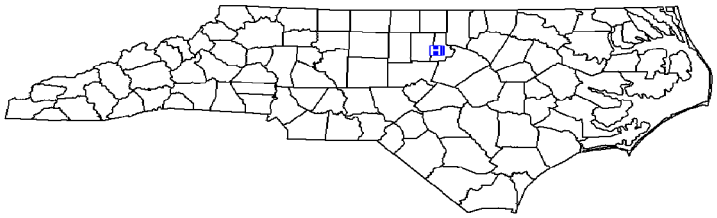
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Duke University Hospital, Durham, Durham County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 32,524 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 269,913 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 850 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 128 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.12 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

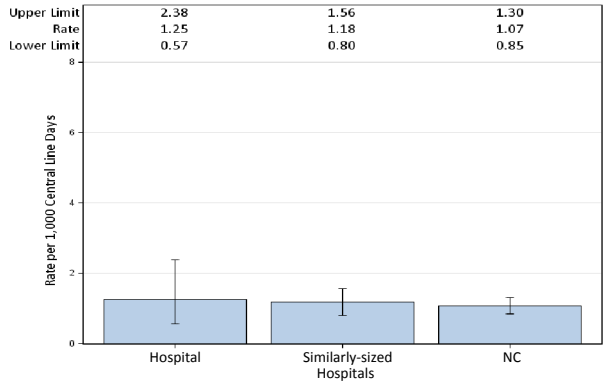



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 1 | 1,139 | 0.88 | 2.961 | 0.338 | 0.009, 1.882 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 870 | 2.3 | 1.74 | 1.149 | 0.139, 4.152 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 2 | 1,235 | 1.62 | 2.971 | 0.673 | 0.082, 2.432 | Same |
| Neurologic | 1 | 672 | 1.49 | 0.941 | . | | |
| Pediatric cardiothoracic | 1 | 502 | 1.99 | 1.657 | 0.604 | 0.015, 3.362 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 693 | 1.44 | 2.079 | 0.481 | 0.012, 2.680 | Same |
| Surgical | 1 | 866 | 1.15 | 1.992 | 0.502 | 0.013, 2.797 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 1,199 | 0 | 1.679 | 0 | , 2.197 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 9 | 7,176 | 1.25 | 16.019 | 0.562 | 0.257, 1.067 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 908 | 2.2 | 2.088 | 0.958 | 0.116, 3.460 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 746 | 2.68 | 1.492 | 1.34 | 0.162, 4.842 | Same |
| Neurologic | 1 | 1,126 | 0.89 | 4.279 | 0.234 | 0.006, 1.302 | Same |
| Pediatric cardiothoracic | 1 | 145 | 6.9 | 0.392 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 466 | 0 | 1.305 | 0 | , 2.827 | Same |
| Surgical | 3 | 803 | 3.74 | 2.088 | 1.437 | 0.296, 4.199 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 2 | 1,105 | 1.81 | 1.879 | 1.064 | 0.129, 3.845 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 11 | 5,299 | 2.08 | 13.522 | 0.813 | 0.406, 1.456 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

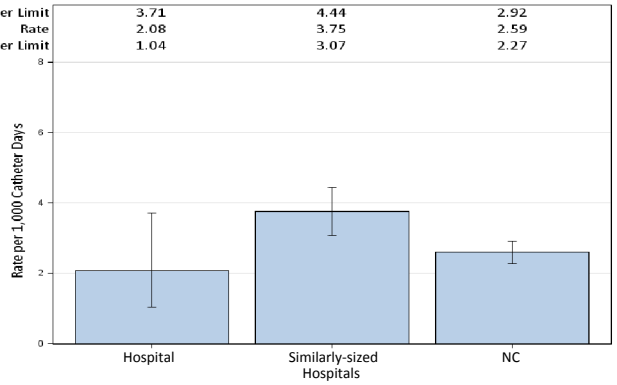



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

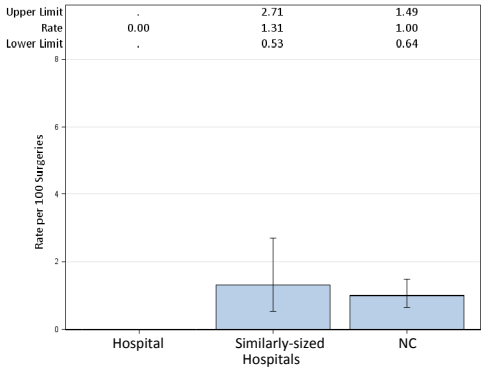



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 3 |
| Procedures | 99 | 69 |
| Rate | 0 | 4.35 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.90 | 2.25 |
| SIR** | . | 1.333 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.275, 3.897 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

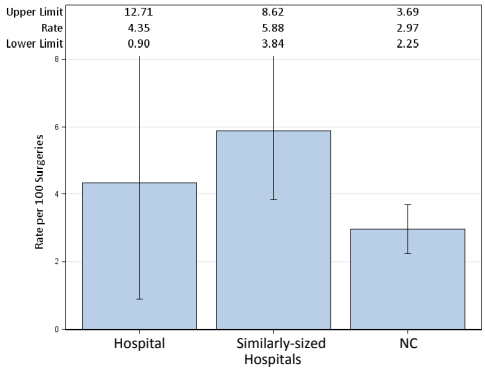



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

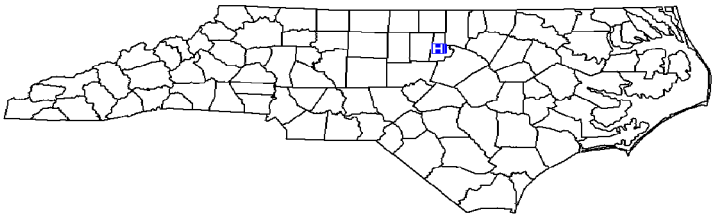
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Durham Regional Hospital, Durham, Durham County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 13,513 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 71,069 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 301 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 22 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.83 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

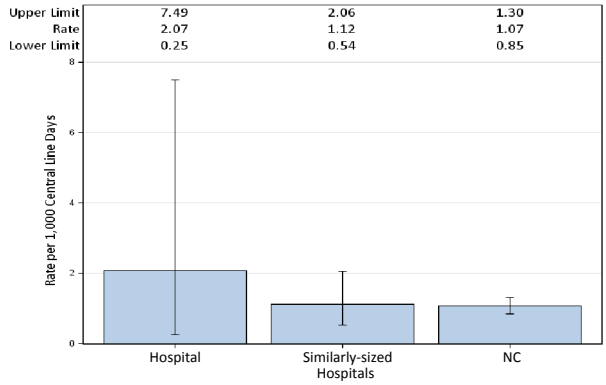



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 964 | 2.07 | 2.024 | 0.988 | 0.120, 3.570 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 964 | 2.07 | 2.024 | 0.988 | 0.120, 3.570 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 3 | 1,130 | 2.65 | 2.599 | 1.154 | 0.238, 3.373 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.293 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 1,207 | 2.49 | 2.892 | 1.037 | 0.214, 3.032 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

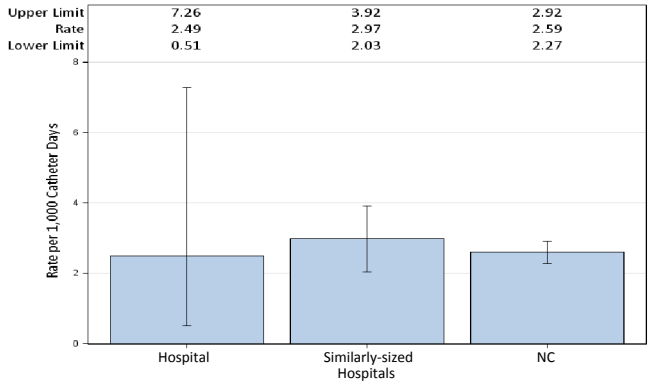



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

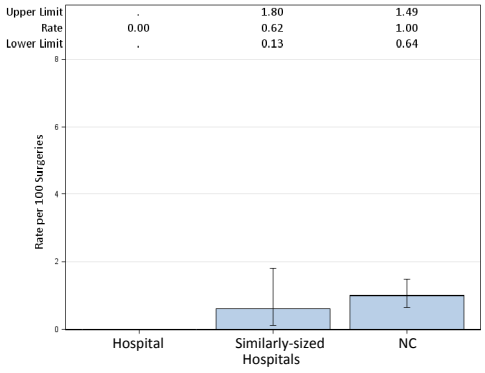



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 78 | 14 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.63 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

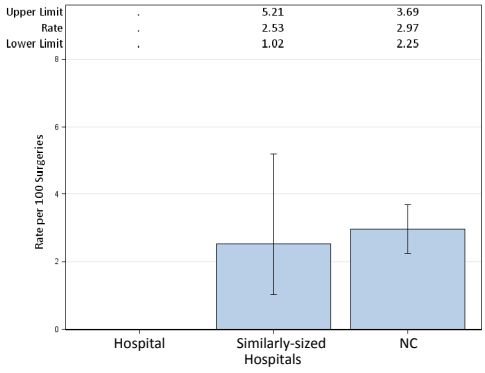



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

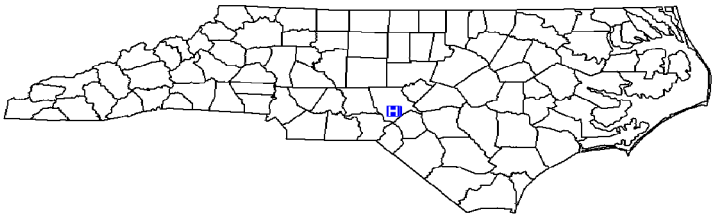
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital, Pinehurst, Moore County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 28,040 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 113,623 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 528 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 69 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.76 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

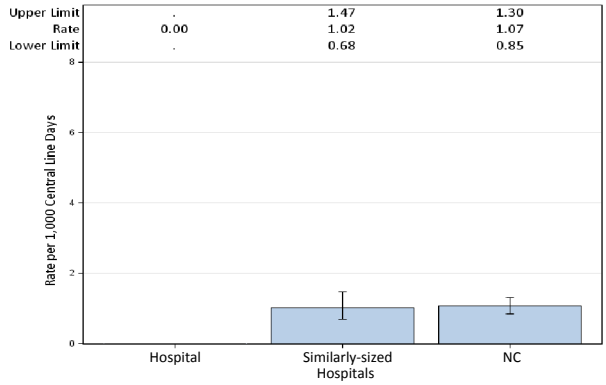



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 335 | 0 | 0.67 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 700 | 0 | 1.05 | 0 | , 3.513 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 0 | 35 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 380 | 0 | 0.532 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 1,450 | 0 | 2.316 | 0 | , 1.593 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 504 | 3.97 | 1.008 | 1.984 | 0.240, 7.167 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 1,025 | 1.95 | 1.24 | 1.613 | 0.195, 5.826 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 10 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 3 | 443 | 6.77 | 0.753 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 7 | 1,982 | 3.53 | 3.039 | 2.303 | 0.926, 4.746 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

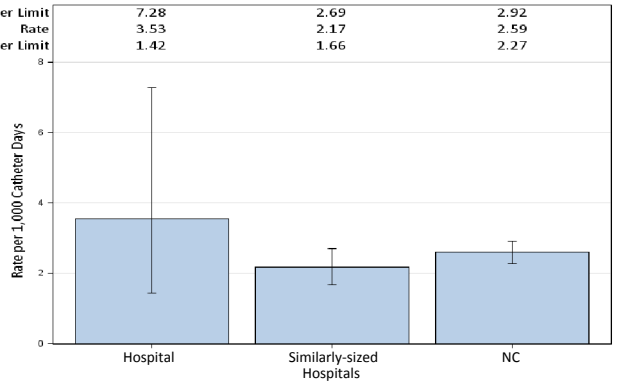



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

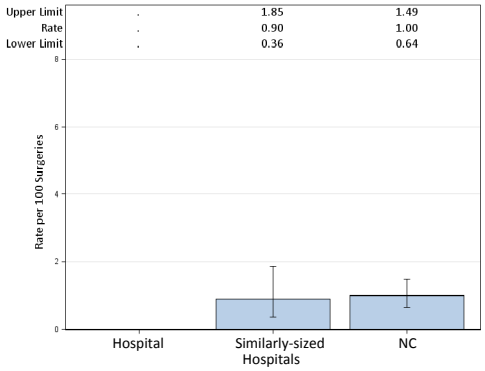



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 13 | 40 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 1.13 |
| SIR** | . | 0 |
| 95% CI** | | , 3.256 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

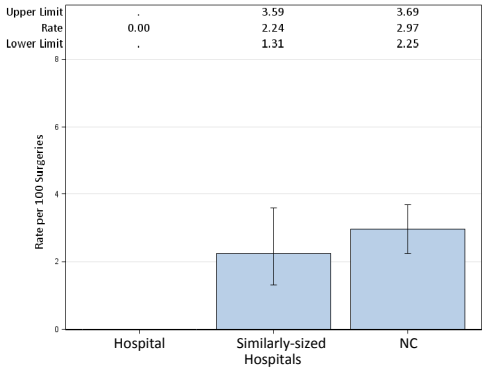



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
Over the past year, FirstHealth has strived to continue to reduce our infections by continuing to educate staff on infection prevention, emphasizing hand hygiene, and following all evidence based practices to reduce infections. We have worked to decrease use of urinary catheters and worked with our operating room to assure all measures are taken to prevent surgical site infections such as appropriate use of antibiotics. We are also participating in the Partnership for Patients Collaborative with the North Carolina Quality Center.

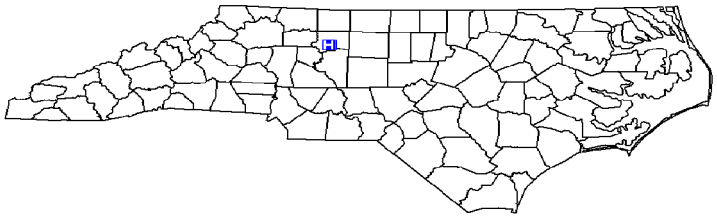
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Forsyth Medical Center, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 44,597 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 224,879 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 861 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 128 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.46 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

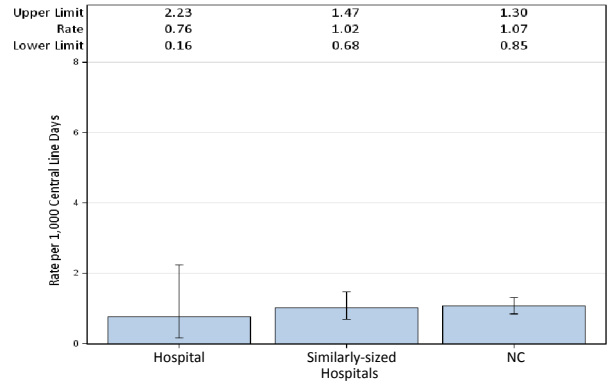



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 1 | 116 | 8.62 | 0.22 | . | | |
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 800 | 1.25 | 1.6 | 0.625 | 0.016, 3.482 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 1,943 | 0.51 | 2.915 | 0.343 | 0.009, 1.911 | Same |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 378 | 0 | 1.069 | 0 | , 3.451 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 247 | 0 | 0.618 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 448 | 0 | 0.627 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 3,932 | 0.76 | 7.049 | 0.426 | 0.088, 1.244 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 180 | 0 | 0.36 | . | | |
| Medical cardiac | 3 | 1,040 | 2.88 | 2.08 | 1.442 | 0.297, 4.215 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 5 | 2,132 | 2.35 | 2.558 | 1.955 | 0.635, 4.562 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 1 | 473 | 2.11 | 2.081 | 0.481 | 0.012, 2.677 | Same |
| Pediatric rehabiliation | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0.23 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 47 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 480 | 0 | 0.816 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 9 | 4,437 | 2.03 | 8.304 | 1.084 | 0.496, 2.057 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

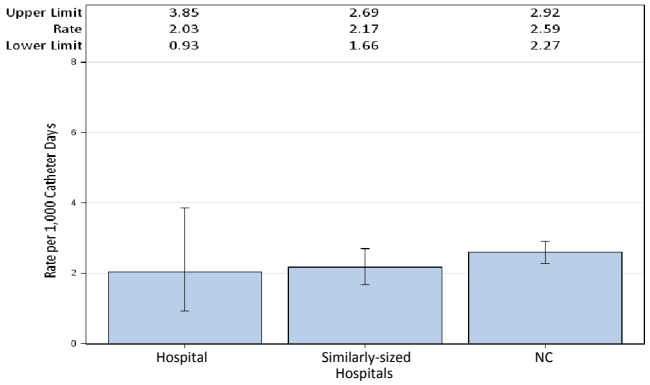



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

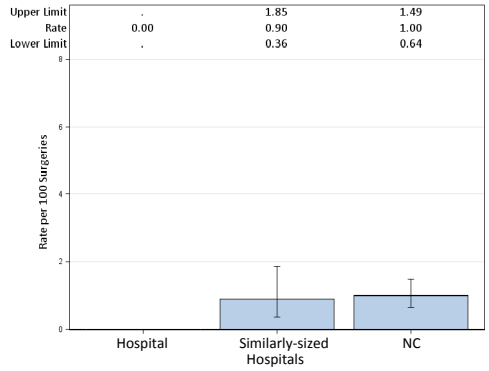



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 2 |
| Procedures | 44 | 61 |
| Rate | 0 | 3.28 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.40 | 2.02 |
| SIR** | . | 0.989 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.120, 3.571 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

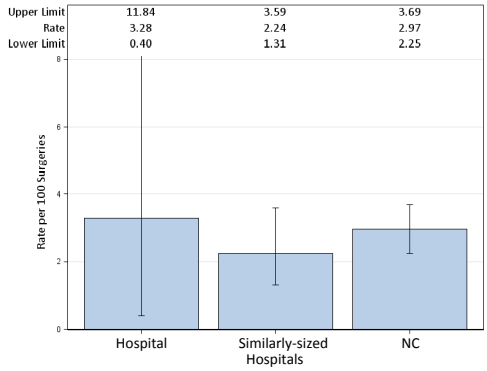



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

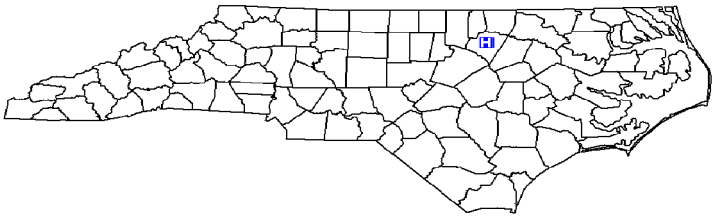
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Franklin Regional Medical Center, Louisburg, Franklin County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,000 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 4,539 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 70 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.71 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

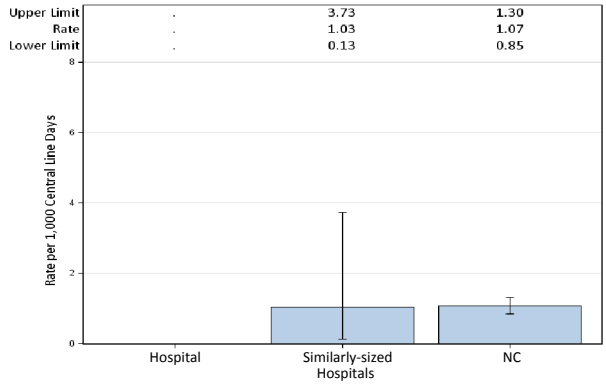



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 38 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 38 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

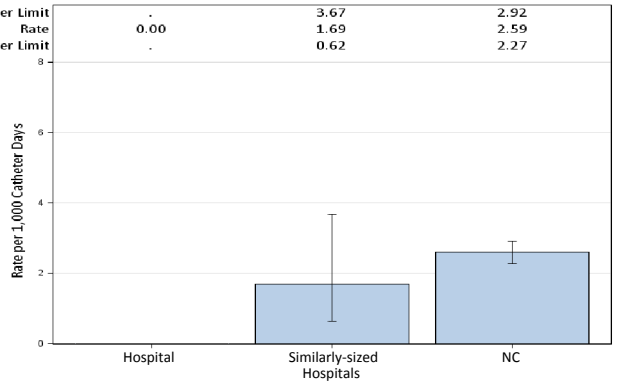



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

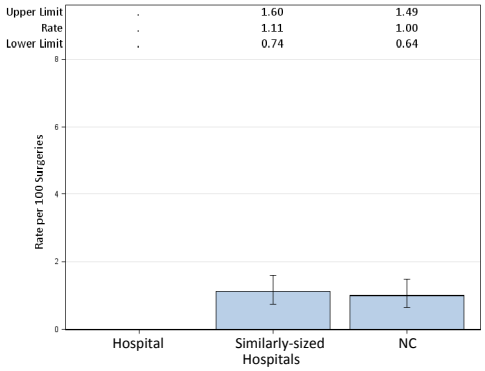



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 0 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

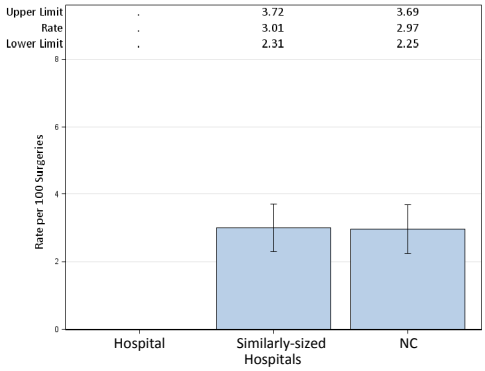



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

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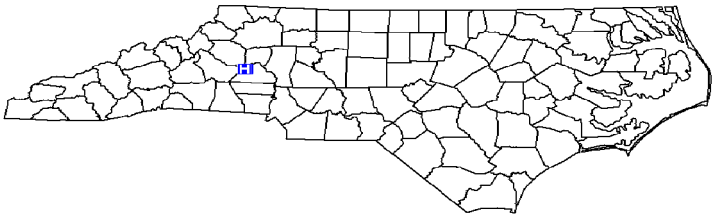
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Frye Regional Medical Center, Hickory, Catawba County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 11,799 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 62,357 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 355 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.90 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.54 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

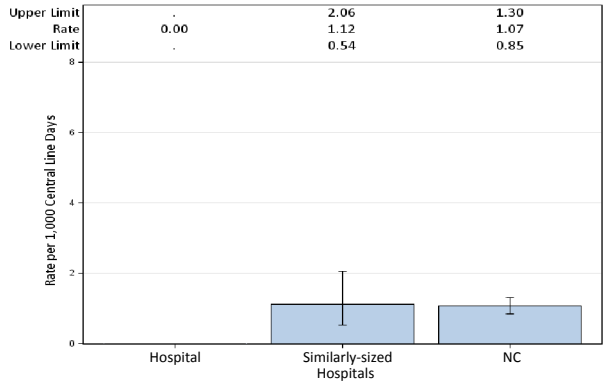



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 302 | 0 | 0.604 | . | | |
| Neurologic | 0 | 177 | 0 | 0.248 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 380 | 0 | 0.532 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 859 | 0 | 1.384 | 0 | , 2.665 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 447 | 0 | 0.894 | . | | |
| Neurologic | 2 | 271 | 7.38 | 1.03 | 1.942 | 0.235, 7.014 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 32 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 3 | 465 | 6.45 | 0.791 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 5 | 1,215 | 4.12 | 2.836 | 1.763 | 0.572, 4.114 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

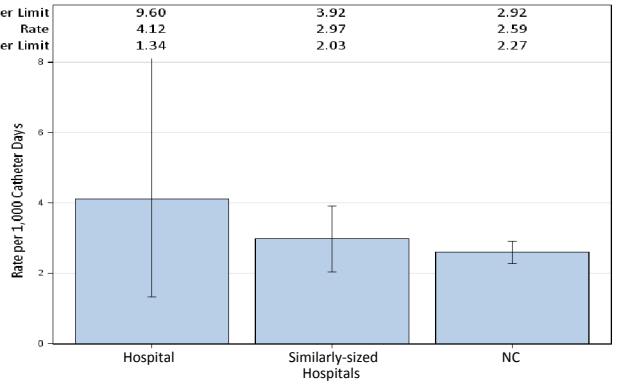



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

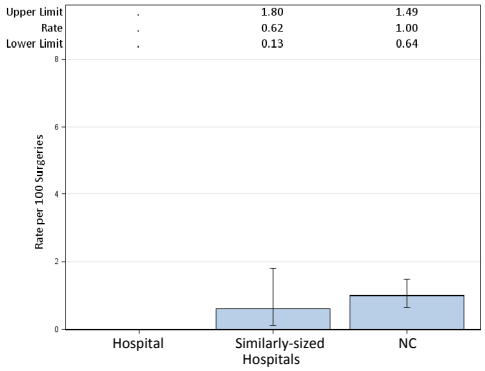



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 15 | 21 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 0.61 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

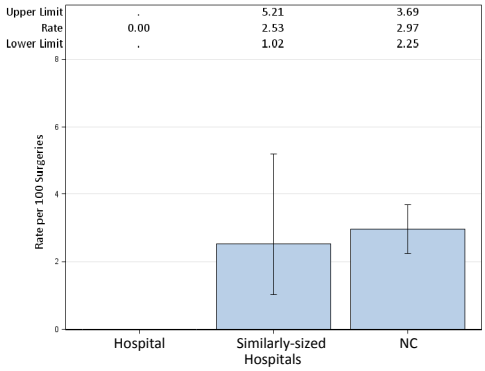



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
FRMC has zero central line blood stream infections. We implemented an alcohol impregnated port protector that guards against infection by keeping the needleless valves of central lines protected and clean. Foley catheter related urinary tract infection is a challenge and we continue to work on removing the catheter when not necessary. Our commitment to the prevention of infections is a goal we take very seriously. Our commitment to our community to make certain our processes and policies are in line with achieving zero infections.

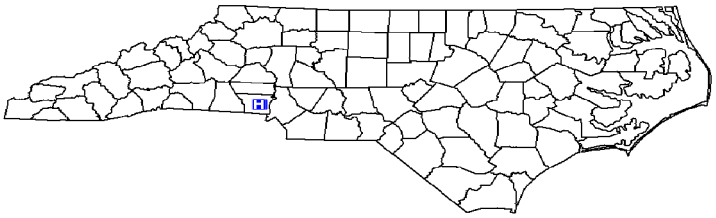
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, Gaston County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 21,494 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 101,419 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 402 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 44 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.00 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

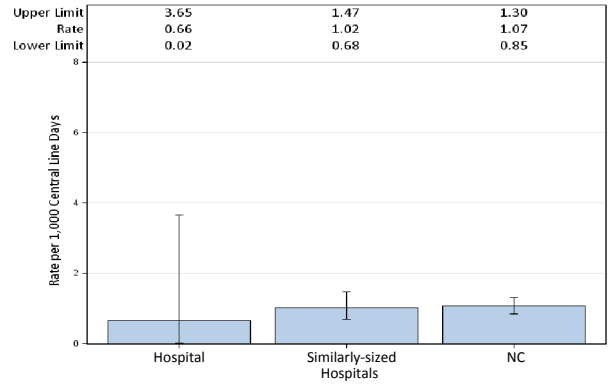



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 492 | 0 | 0.935 | . | | |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 409 | 0 | 0.818 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 107 | 0 | 0.178 | . | | |
| Surgical | 1 | 350 | 2.86 | 0.805 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 168 | 0 | 0.235 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 1,526 | 0.66 | 2.971 | 0.337 | 0.009, 1.875 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 1 | 477 | 2.1 | 0.954 | . | | |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 456 | 0 | 0.912 | . | | |
| Surgical | 1 | 387 | 2.58 | 1.006 | 0.994 | 0.025, 5.538 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 212 | 0 | 0.36 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 1,532 | 1.31 | 3.233 | 0.619 | 0.075, 2.235 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

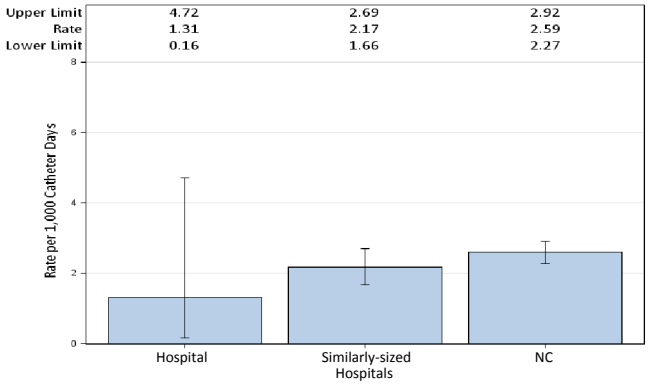



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

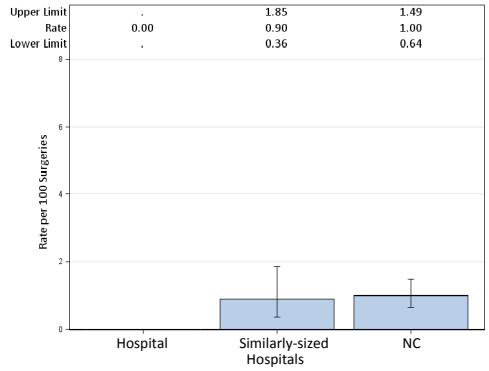



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 2 |
| Procedures | 34 | 36 |
| Rate | 0 | 5.56 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.32 | 1.16 |
| SIR** | . | 1.718 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.208, 6.207 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

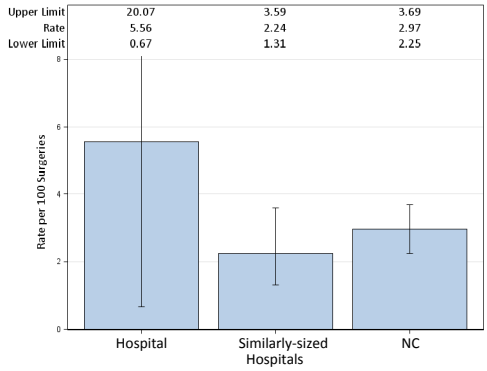



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

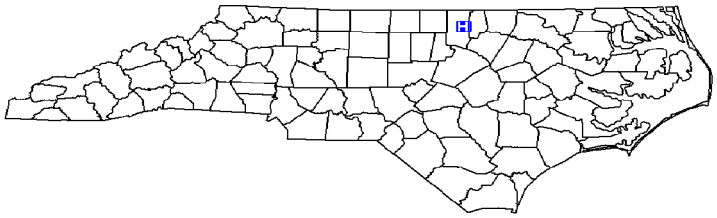
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Granville Medical Center, Oxford, Granville County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Government |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,177 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 12,080 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 62 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.81 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

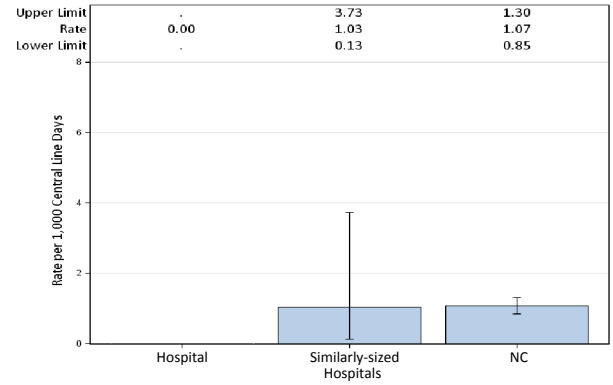



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 116 | 0 | 0.174 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 116 | 0 | 0.174 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 181 | 0 | 0.235 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 181 | 0 | 0.235 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

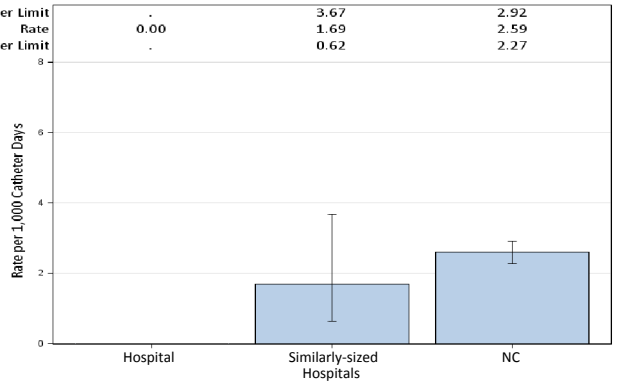



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

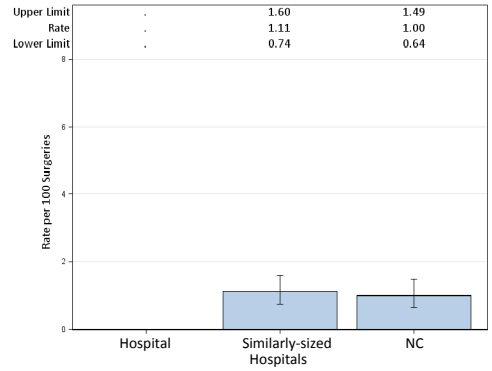



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 2 | 4 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

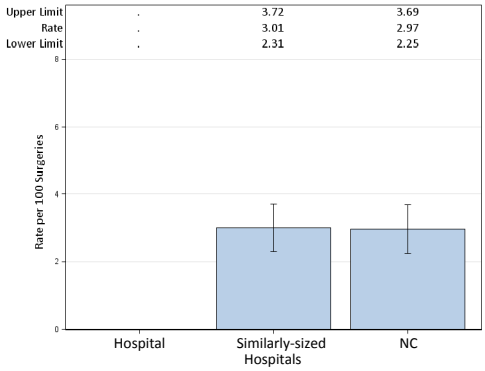



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

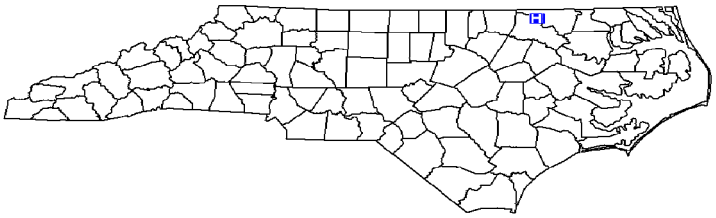
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Halifax Regional Medical Center, Roanoke Rapids, Halifax County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,098 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 26,128 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 128 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.78 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

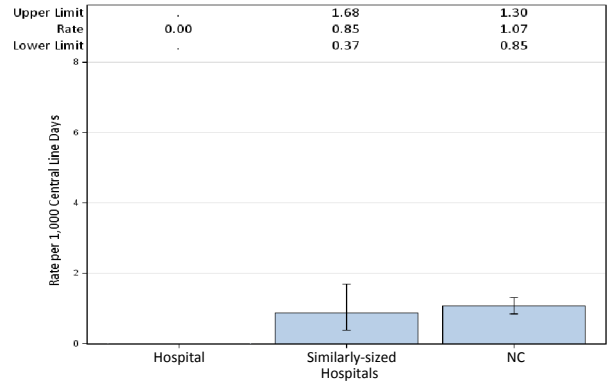



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 102 | 0 | 0.153 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 102 | 0 | 0.153 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 387 | 0 | 0.503 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 387 | 0 | 0.503 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

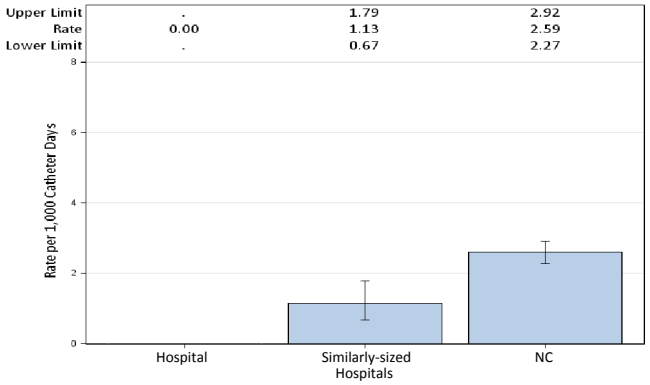



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

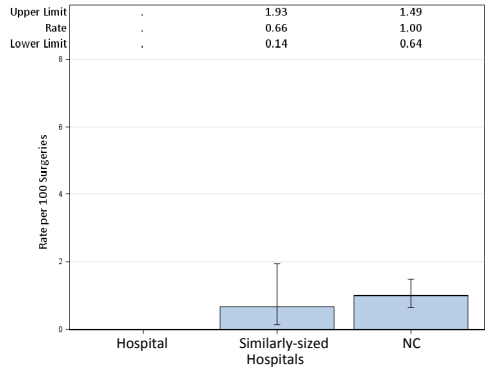



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 11 | 5 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

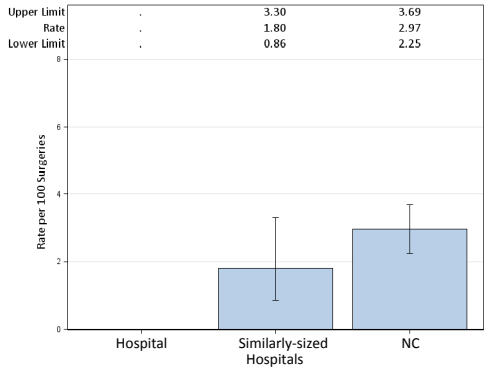



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

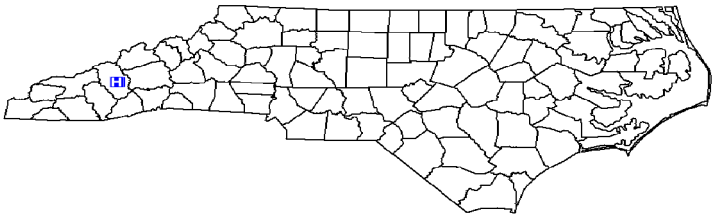
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Haywood Regional Medical Center, Clyde, Haywood County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,758 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 23,556 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 100 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.00 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

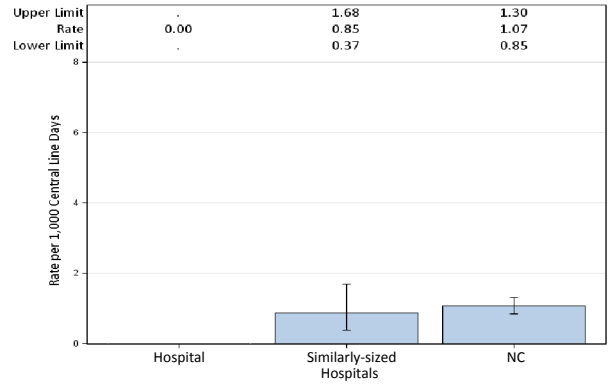



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0.177 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0.177 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 204 | 0 | 0.265 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 204 | 0 | 0.265 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

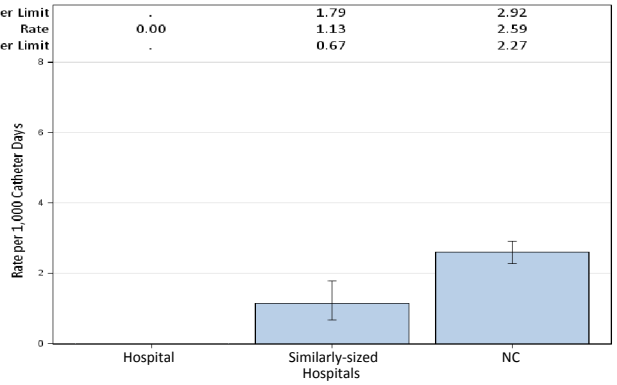



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

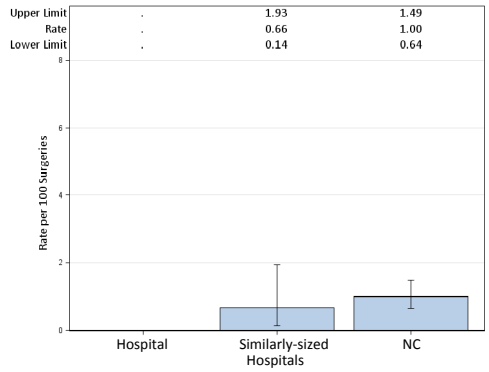



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 8 | 5 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

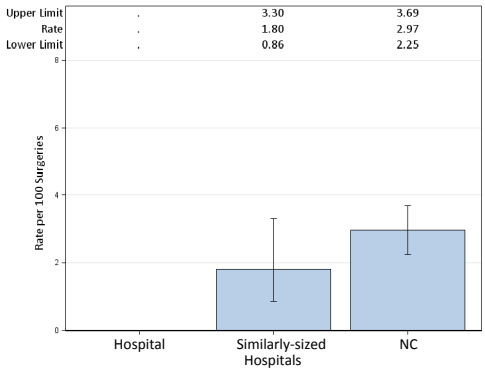



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at MedWest-Haywood, an affiliation of Carolinas Healthcare System. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

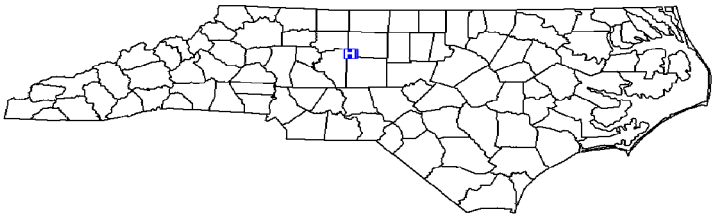
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### High Point Regional Health System, High Point, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 17,719 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 70,226 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 363 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 32 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.55 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

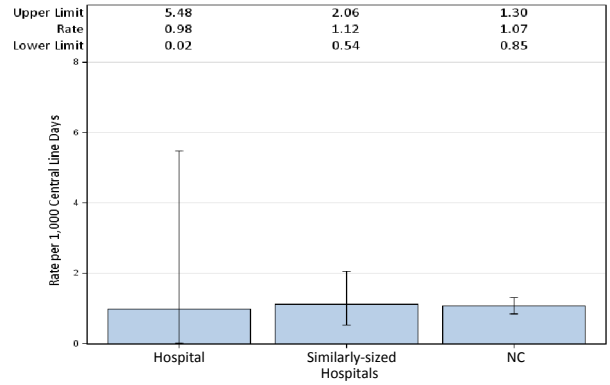



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 202 | 4.95 | 0.404 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 647 | 0 | 0.971 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 168 | 0 | 0.235 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 1,017 | 0.98 | 1.61 | 0.621 | 0.016, 3.461 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 323 | 0 | 0.646 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 1,113 | 1.8 | 1.336 | 1.497 | 0.181, 5.408 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0.323 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 184 | 0 | 0.313 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 1,705 | 1.17 | 2.617 | 0.764 | 0.093, 2.761 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

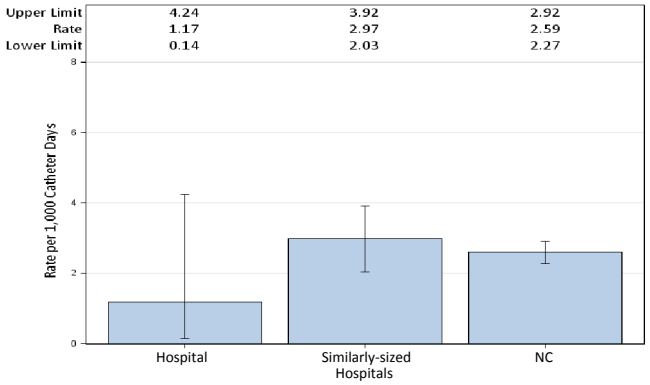



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

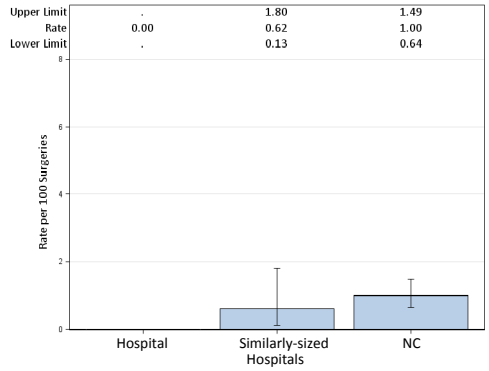



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 42 | 29 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.51 | 0.94 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

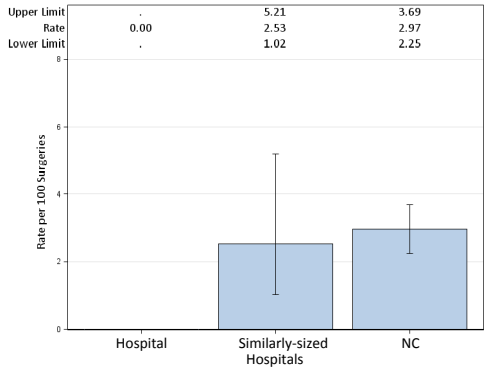



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

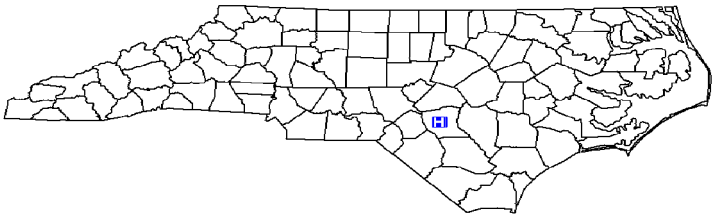
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital, Fayetteville, Cumberland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 369 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 21,542 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 66 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.88 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.33 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

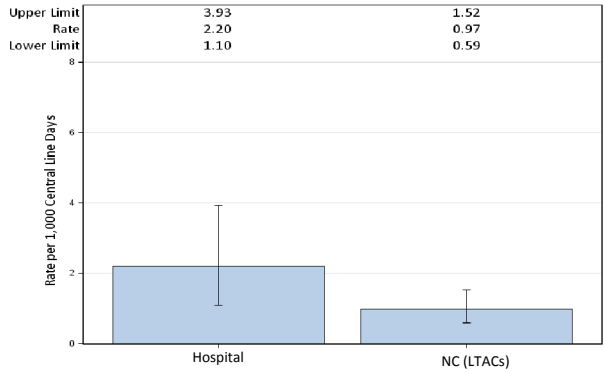



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 2 | 669 | 2.99 |
| Adult ward | 9 | 4,333 | 2.08 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 11 | 5,002 | 2.2 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 9 | 662 | 13.6 |
| Adult ward | 26 | 2,927 | 8.88 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 35 | 3,589 | 9.75 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

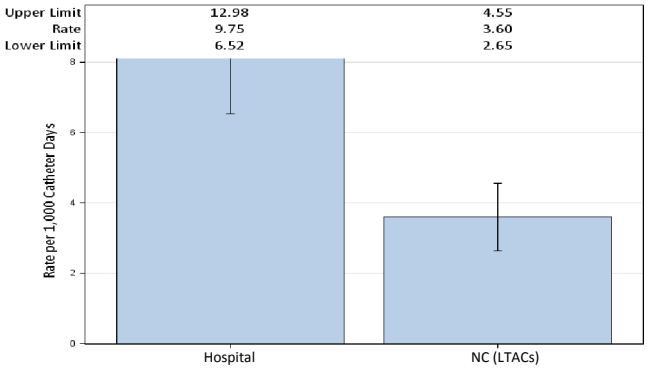



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

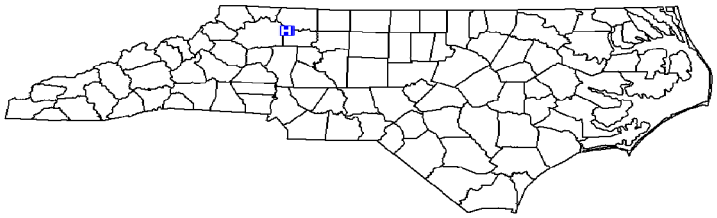
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital, Elkin, Surry County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,405 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 15,974 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 81 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.75 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.93 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

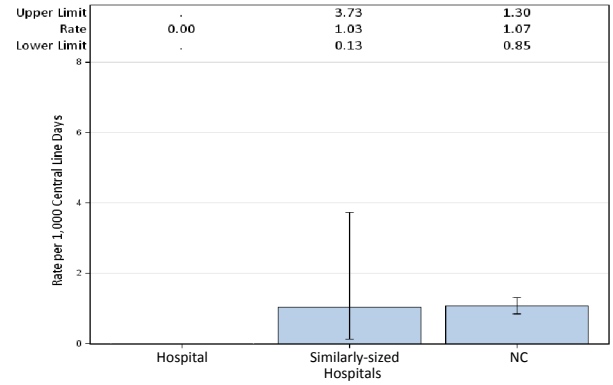



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.116 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.116 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.098 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.098 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

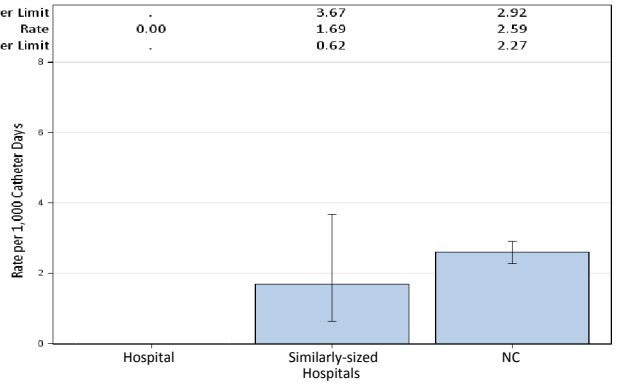



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

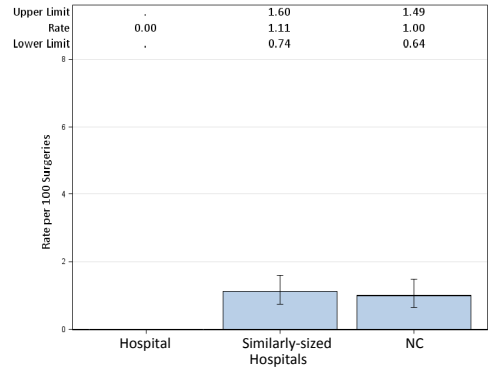



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 25 | 5 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.25 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

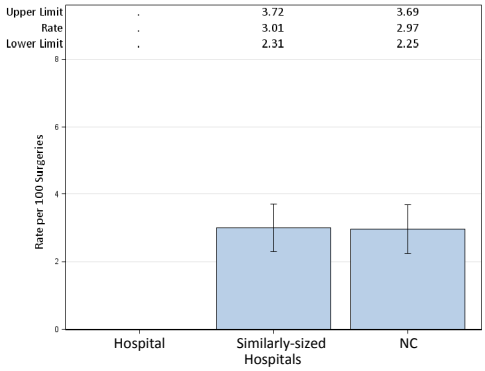



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

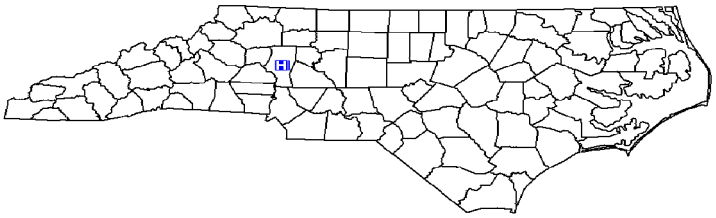
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Iredell Memorial Hospital, Statesville, Iredell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 9,051 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 40,500 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 199 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 16 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.50 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

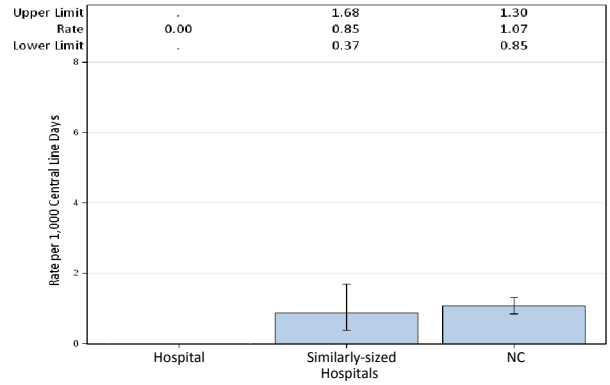



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 412 | 0 | 0.618 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 412 | 0 | 0.618 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 742 | 0 | 0.89 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 742 | 0 | 0.89 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

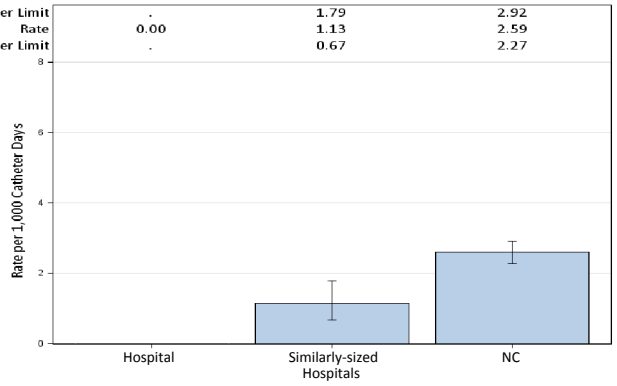



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

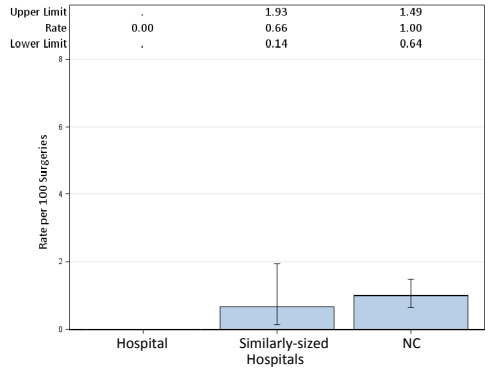



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 21 | 22 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.20 | 0.70 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

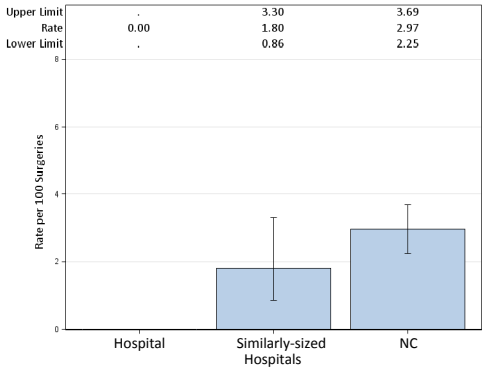



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

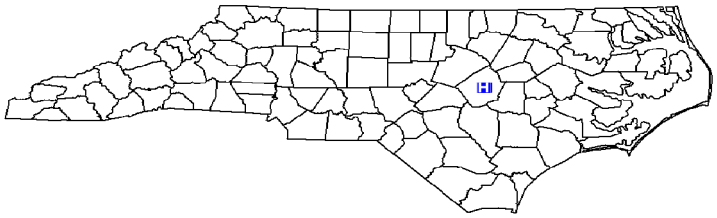
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Johnston Health, Smithfield, Johnston County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 11,098 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 40,182 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 199 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 16 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.50 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

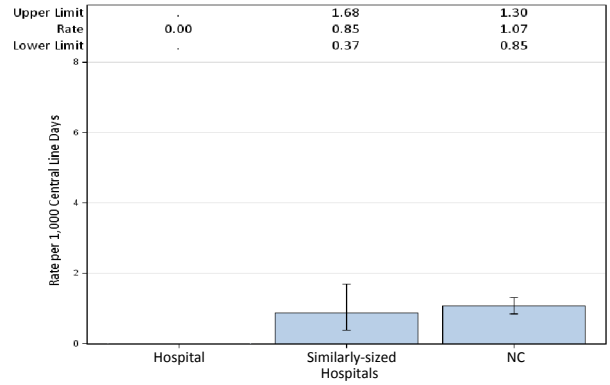



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 333 | 0 | 0.633 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 333 | 0 | 0.633 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 1 | 540 | 1.85 | 1.08 | 0.926 | 0.023, 5.159 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 540 | 1.85 | 1.08 | 0.926 | 0.023, 5.159 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

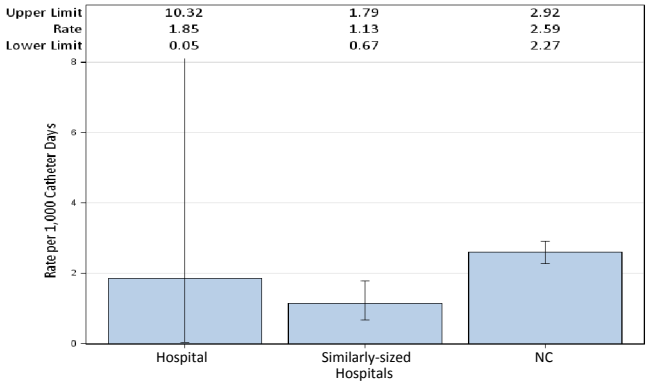



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

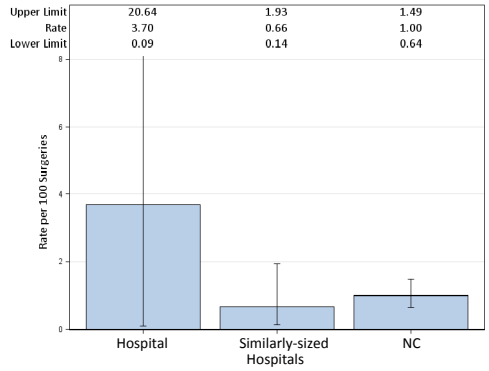



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 0 |
| Procedures | 27 | 11 |
| Rate | 3.7 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.22 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

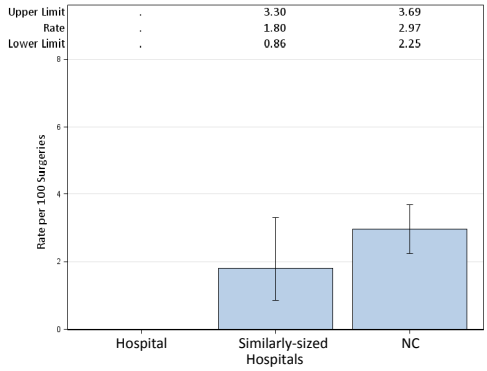


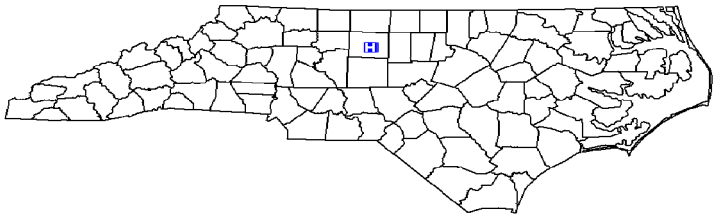

**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Kindred Hospital Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 470 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,442 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 101 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.99 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

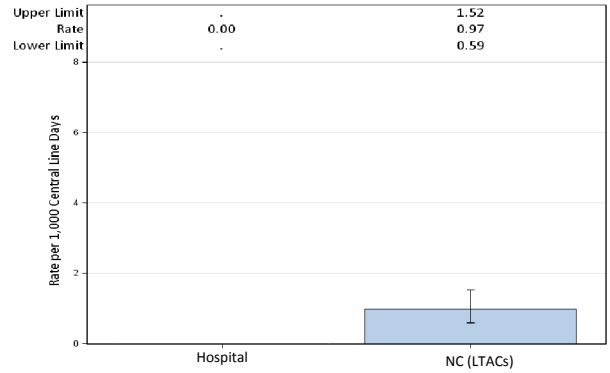



**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 4,846 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 4,846 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 1 | 3,119 | 0.32 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 1 | 3,119 | 0.32 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

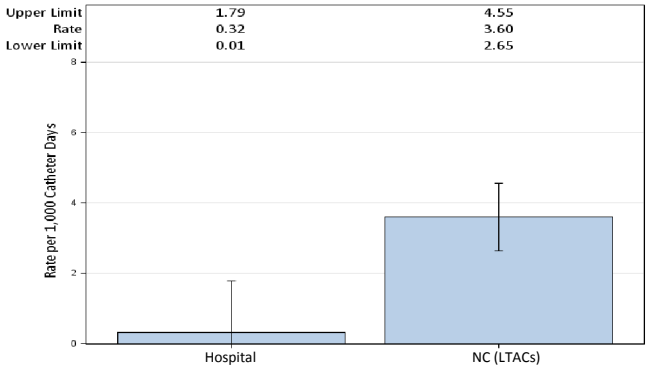



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

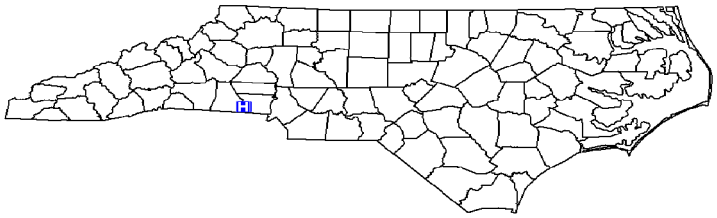
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Kings Mountain Hospital, Kings Mountain, Cleveland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,274 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 12,000 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 102 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.49 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

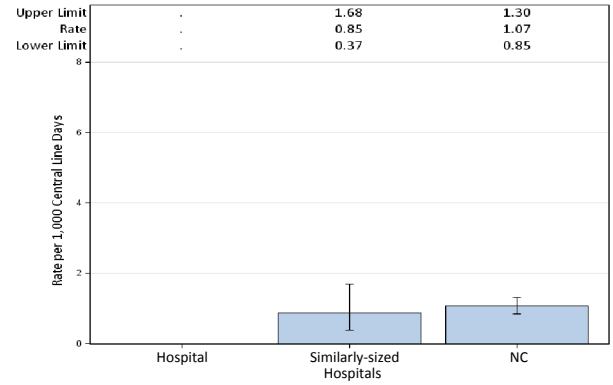



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 48 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 48 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 202 | 0 | 0.404 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 202 | 0 | 0.404 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

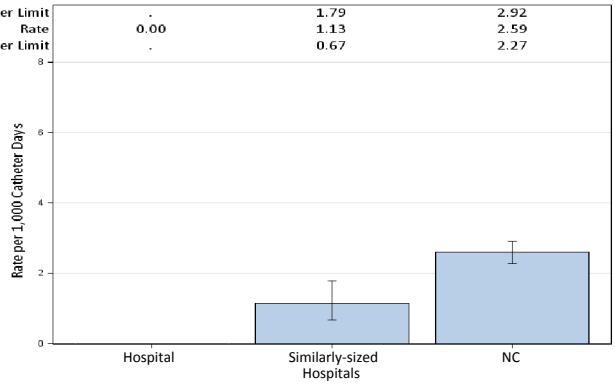



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

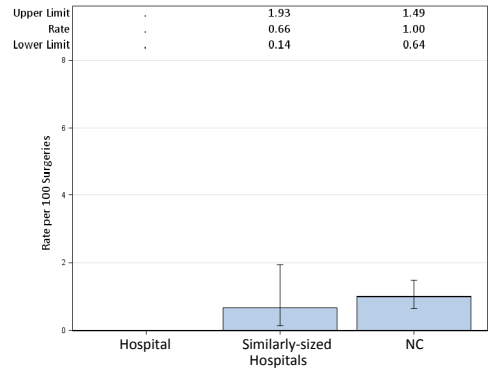



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 2 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

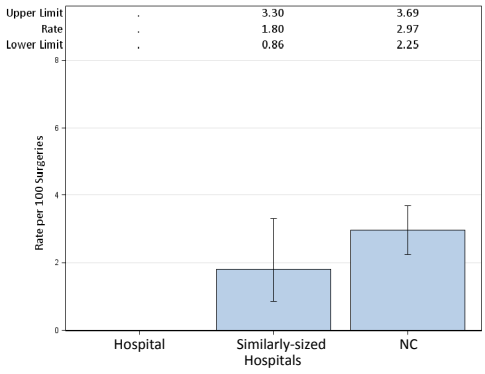



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Cleveland County Healthcare System hospitals. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

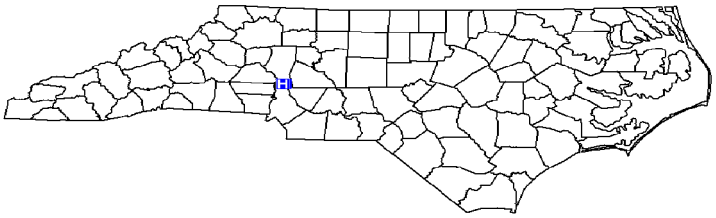
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Lake Norman Regional Medical Center, Mooresville, Iredell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,428 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,569 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 123 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.81 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

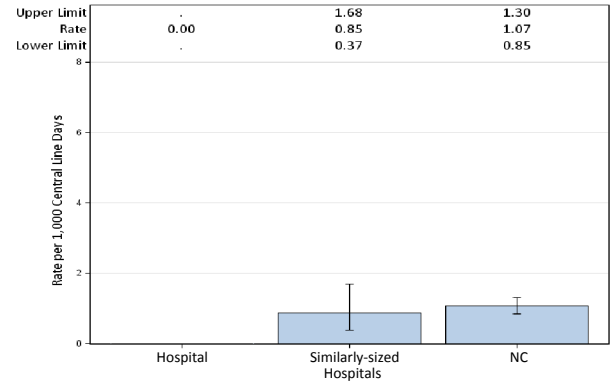



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 309 | 0 | 0.587 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 310 | 0 | 0.588 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 429 | 0 | 0.858 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 429 | 0 | 0.858 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

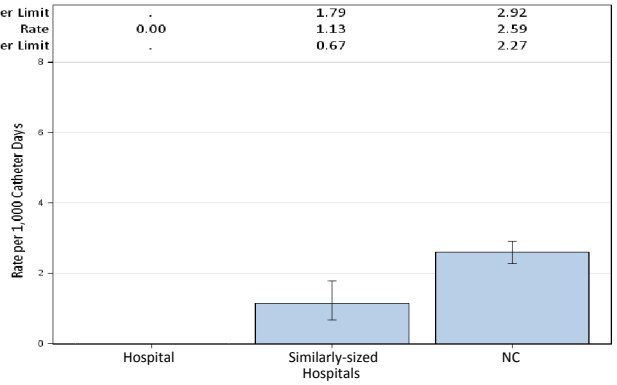



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

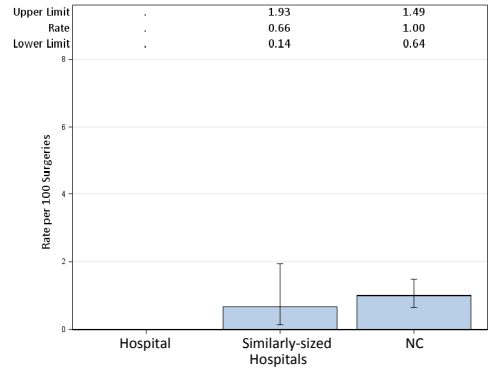



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 16 | 9 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

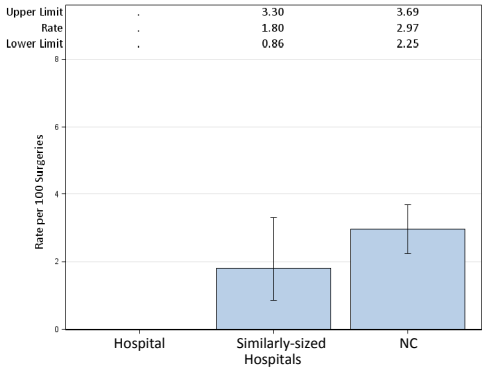



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

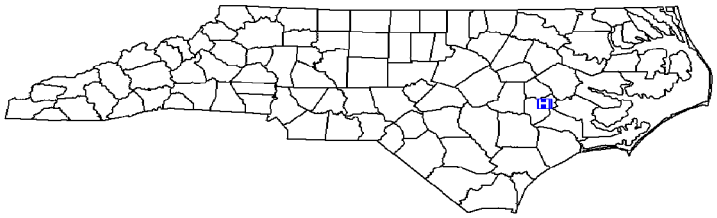
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Inc, Kinston, Lenoir County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 7,155 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 34,517 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 216 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 14 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.46 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

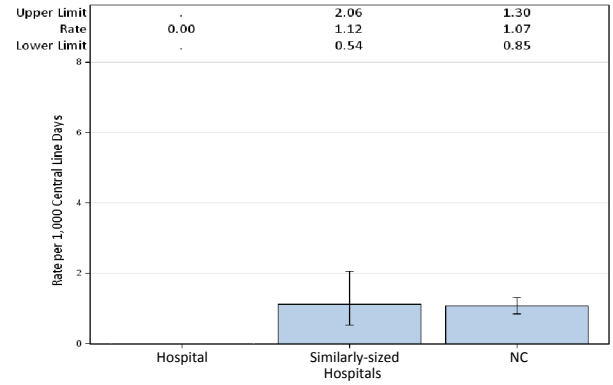



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 391 | 0 | 0.587 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 391 | 0 | 0.587 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 663 | 0 | 0.862 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 663 | 0 | 0.862 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

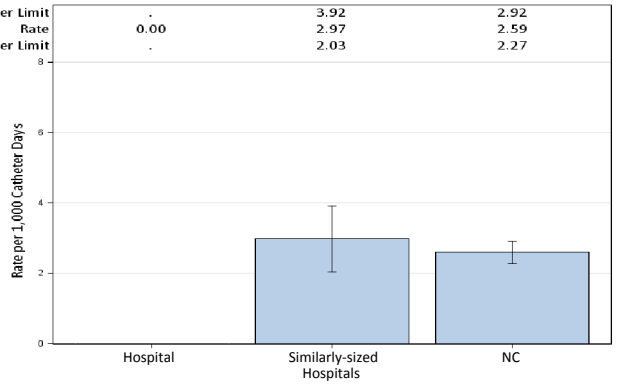



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

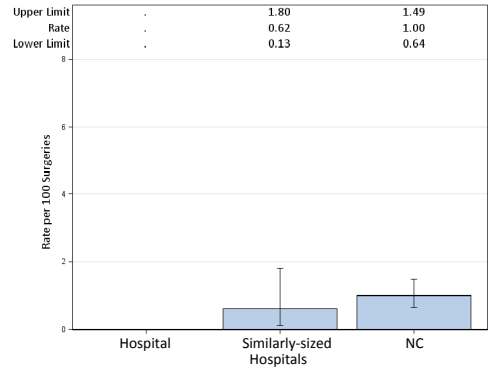



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 0 |
| Procedures | 9 | 8 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

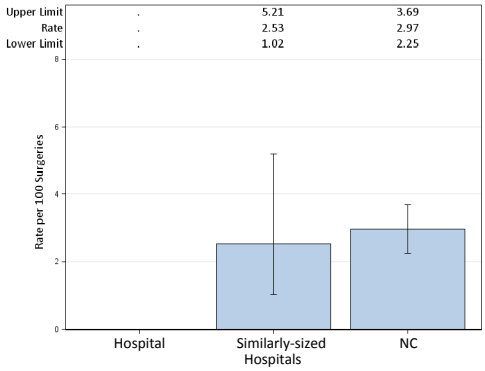



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

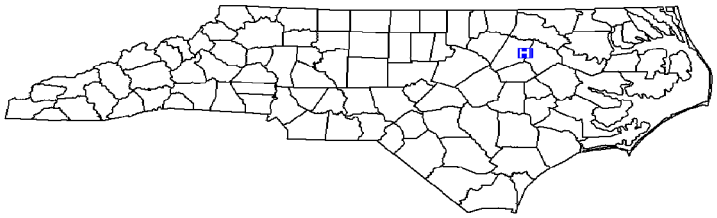
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Lifecare Hospitals Of North Carolina, Rocky Mount, Nash County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 485 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 14,268 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 50 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 2.00 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

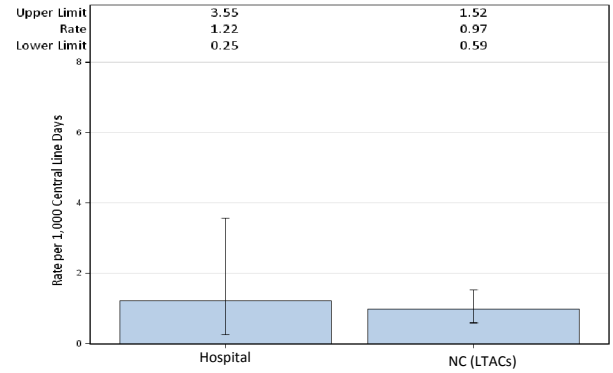



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 3 | 2,469 | 1.22 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 3 | 2,469 | 1.22 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult intensive care unit | 3 | 1,846 | 1.63 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 3 | 1,846 | 1.63 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

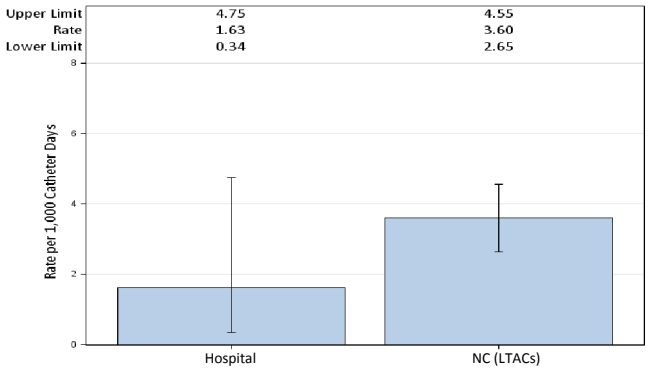



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

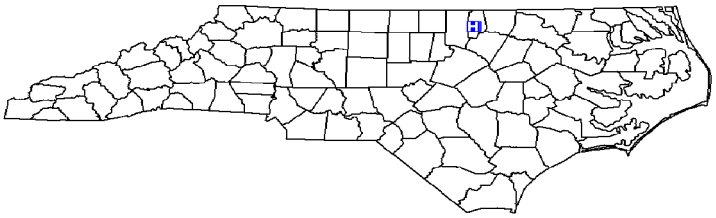
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Maria Parham Medical Center, Henderson, Vance County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,576 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 20,886 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 102 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.98 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

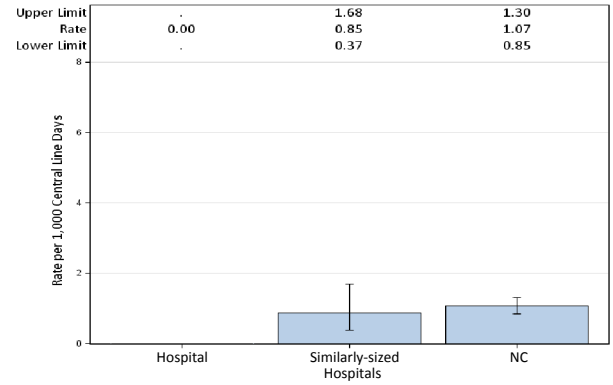



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 390 | 0 | 0.585 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 390 | 0 | 0.585 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 478 | 0 | 0.621 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 42 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 520 | 0 | 0.781 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

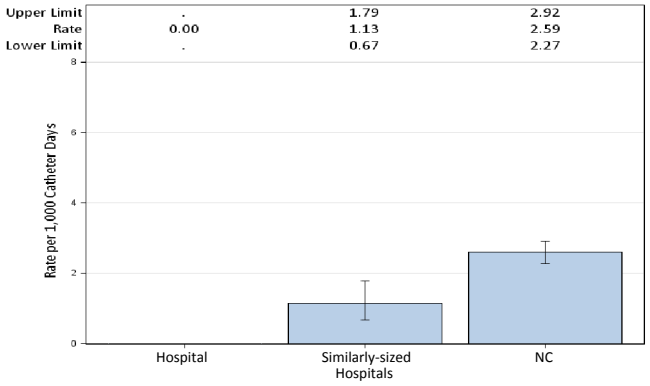



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

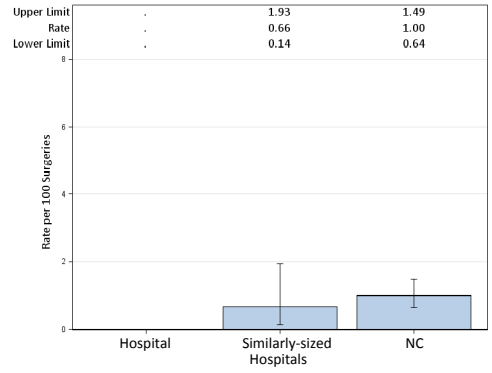



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 16 | 10 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

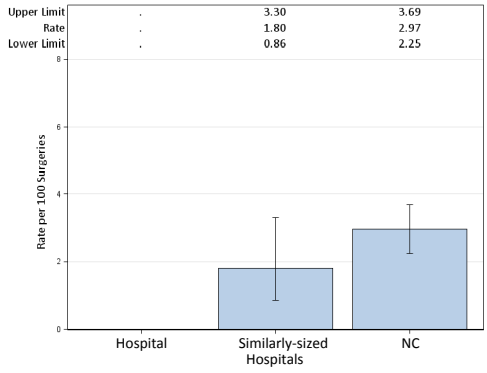



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

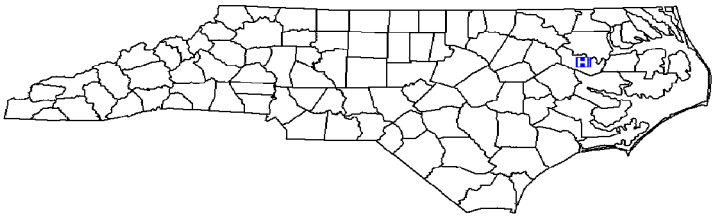
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Martin General Hospital, Williamston, Martin County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,230 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 7,223 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 49 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 2.04 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

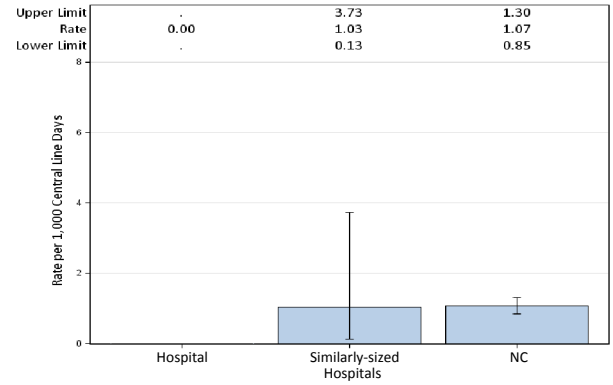



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 86 | 0 | 0.129 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 86 | 0 | 0.129 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 234 | 0 | 0.304 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 234 | 0 | 0.304 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

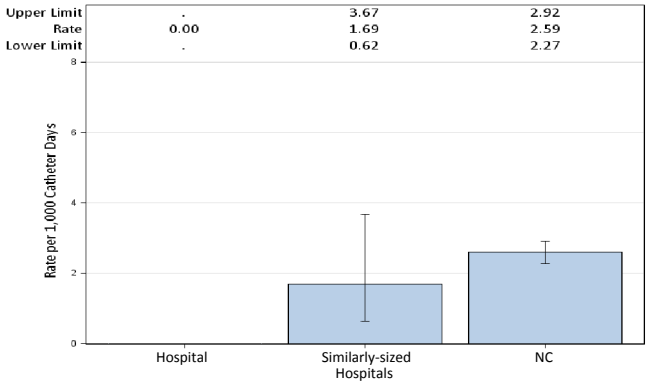



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

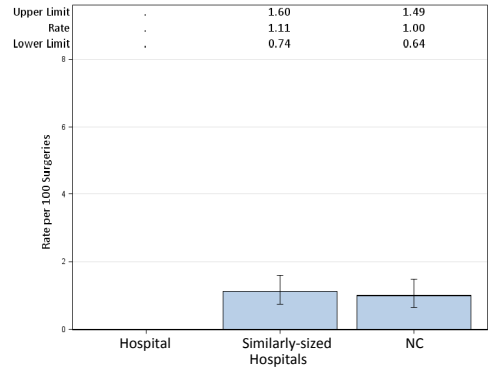



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 1 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

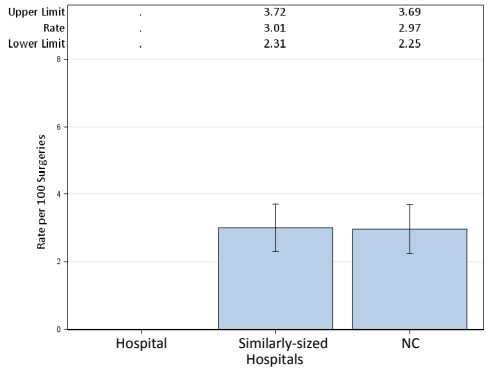



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

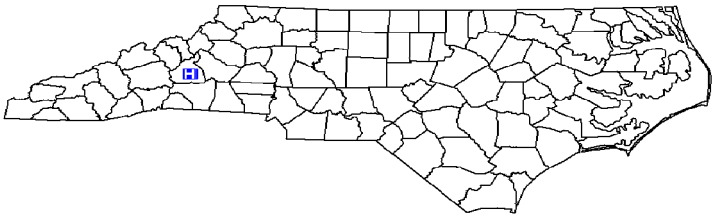
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## McDowell Hospital, Marion, McDowell County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,805 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 6,373 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 52 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.92 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

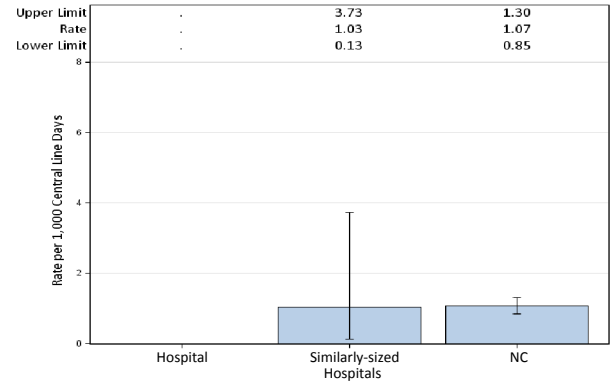



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 39 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 39 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 227 | 4.41 | 0.295 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 227 | 4.41 | 0.295 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

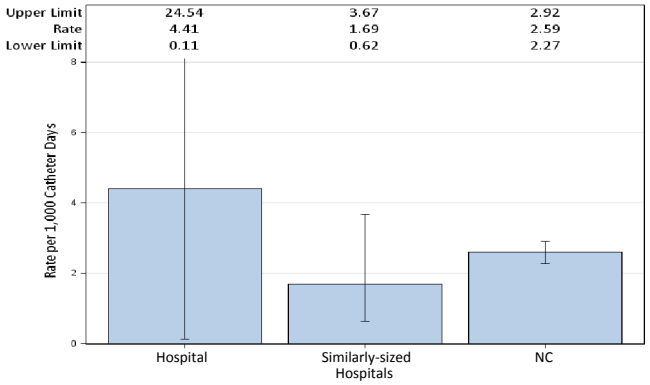



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

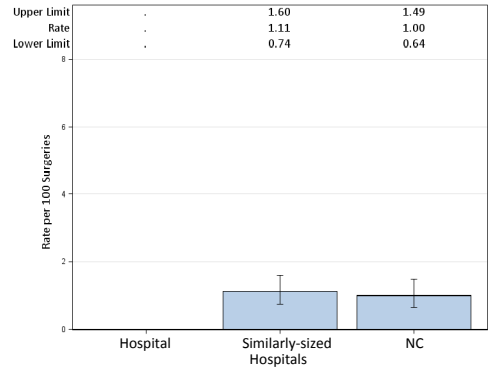



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 9 | 1 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

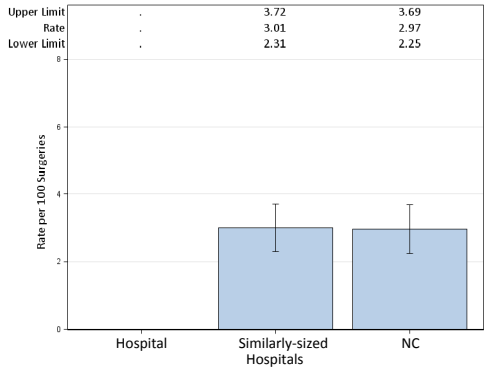



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

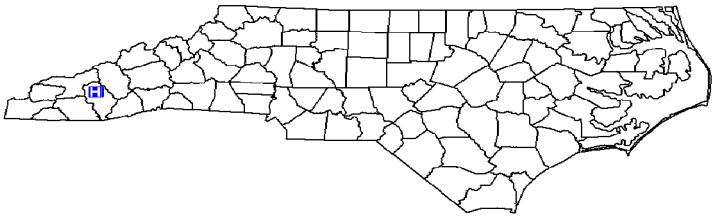
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## MedWest-Harris Regional Hospital, Sylva, Jackson County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,274 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 12,831 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 94 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.06 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

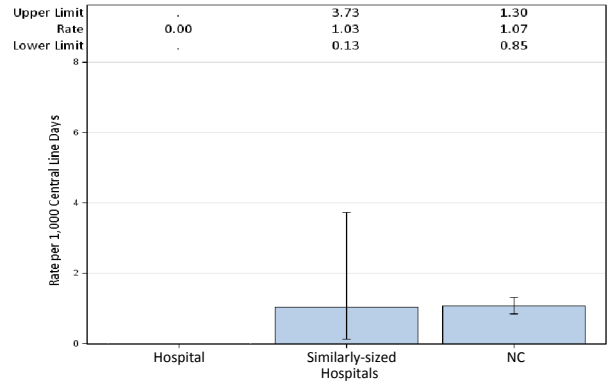



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 138 | 0 | 0.207 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 138 | 0 | 0.207 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 296 | 0 | 0.385 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 296 | 0 | 0.385 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

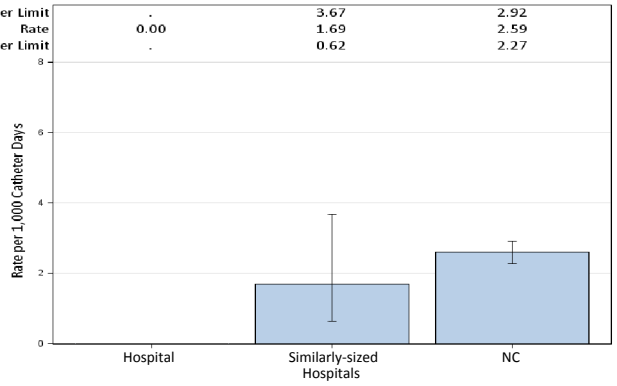



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

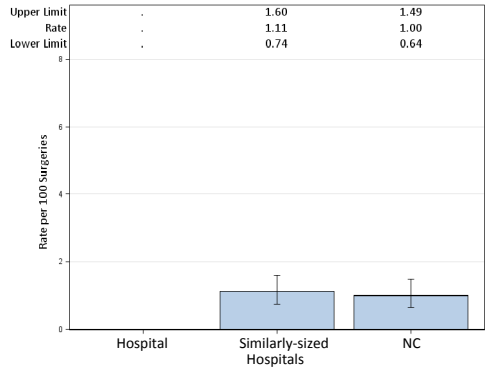



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 4 | 3 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

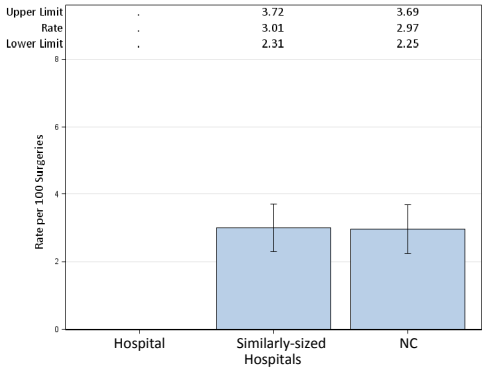


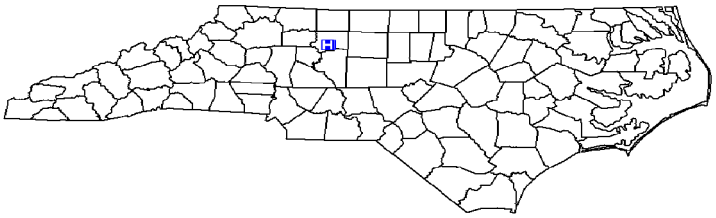

**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

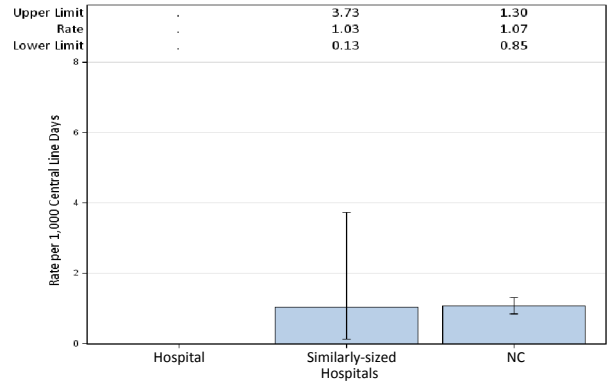
# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Medical Park Hospital, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

## 2011 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 720 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 2,600 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 22 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 0 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 2.27 |



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)




This hospital does not have intensive care units (ICUs).

**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

This hospital does not have intensive care units (ICUs).

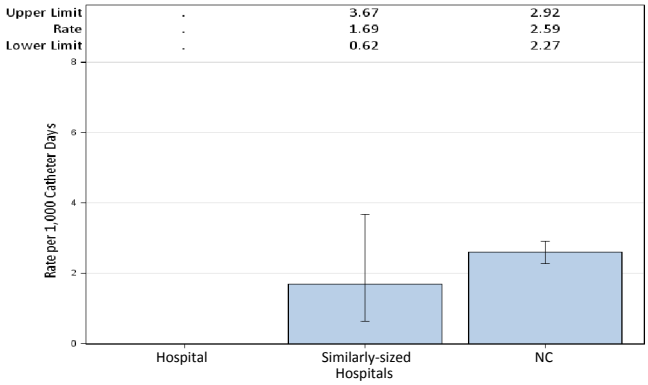



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

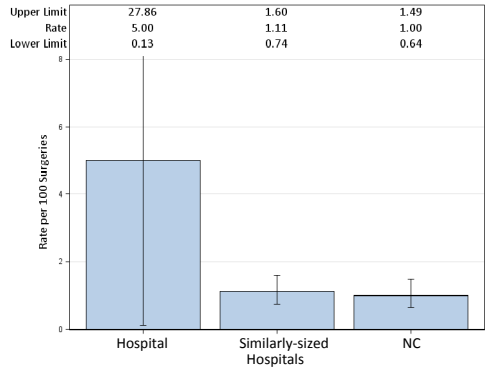



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 3 |
| Procedures | 20 | 49 |
| Rate | 5 | 6.12 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.17 | 1.53 |
| SIR** | . | 1.96 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.404, 5.727 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

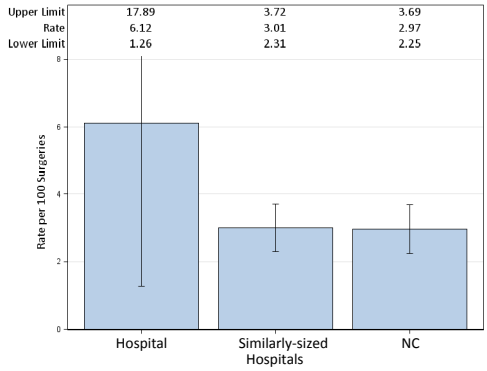



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

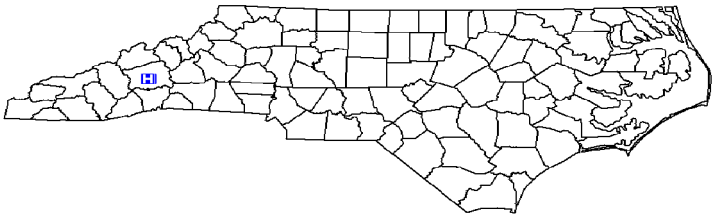
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Mission Hospitals, Inc, Asheville, Buncombe County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 56,272 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 213,678 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 763 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 131 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 6.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.79 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

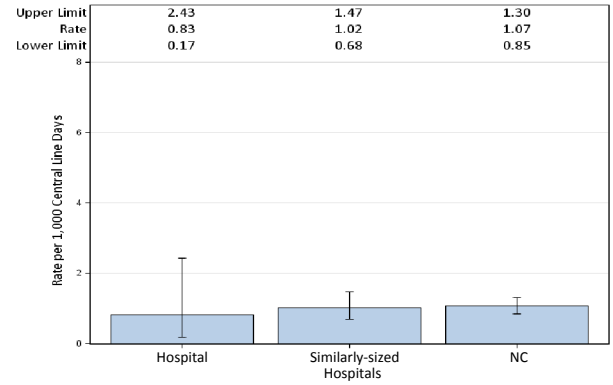



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 268 | 0 | 0.536 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 1,290 | 1.55 | 1.935 | 1.034 | 0.125, 3.734 | Same |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 551 | 0 | 1.206 | 0 | , 3.059 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 1 | 648 | 1.54 | 1.62 | 0.617 | 0.016, 3.439 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0.327 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 743 | 0 | 1.04 | 0 | , 3.547 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 3,609 | 0.83 | 6.665 | 0.45 | 0.093, 1.315 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 474 | 2.11 | 0.948 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 1,913 | 1.05 | 2.487 | 0.804 | 0.097, 2.905 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 3 | 1,069 | 2.81 | 4.704 | 0.638 | 0.132, 1.864 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 16 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 871 | 0 | 1.481 | 0 | , 2.491 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 6 | 4,343 | 1.38 | 9.664 | 0.621 | 0.228, 1.351 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

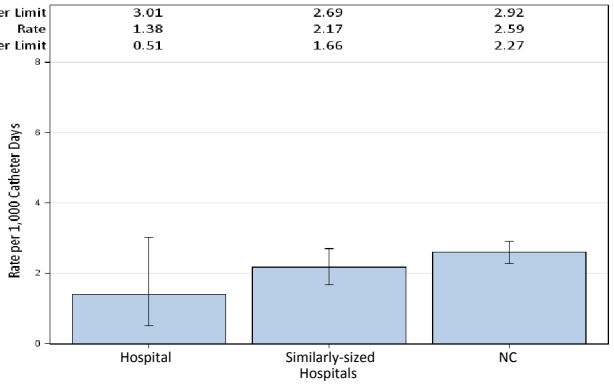



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

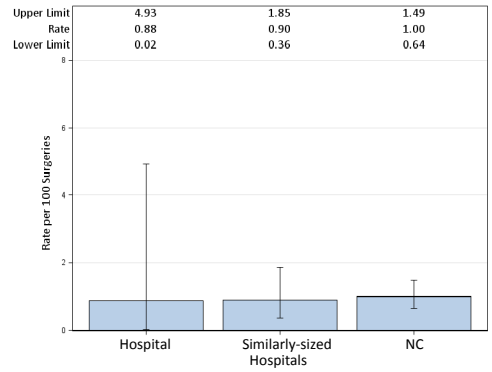



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 2 |
| Procedures | 113 | 118 |
| Rate | 0.88 | 1.69 |
| Predicted Infections | 1.13 | 3.62 |
| SIR** | 0.885 | 0.552 |
| 95% CI** | 0.022, 4.931 | 0.067, 1.995 |
| Interpretation | Same | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

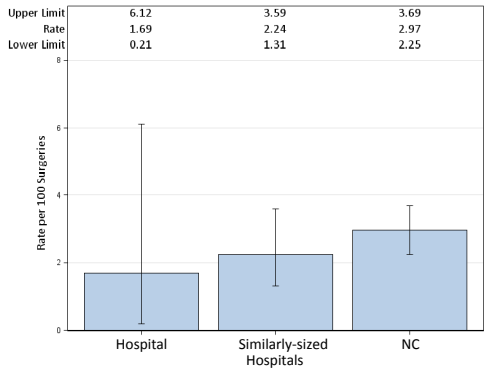



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

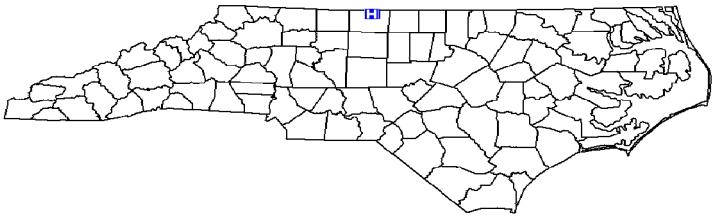
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Morehead Memorial Hospital, Eden, Rockingham County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,372 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,924 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 108 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.93 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

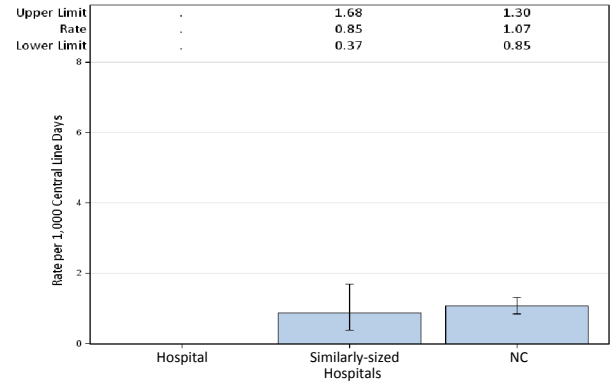



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 35 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 35 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 321 | 0 | 0.417 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 321 | 0 | 0.417 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

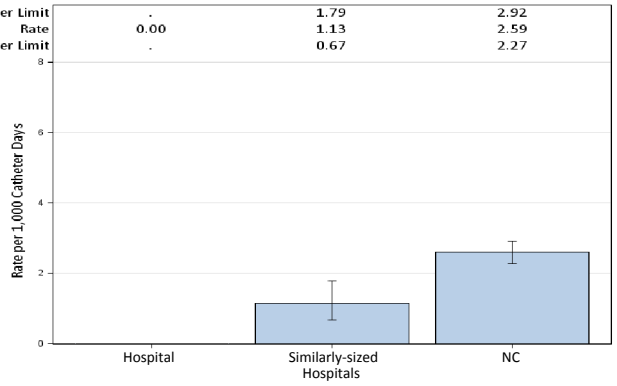



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

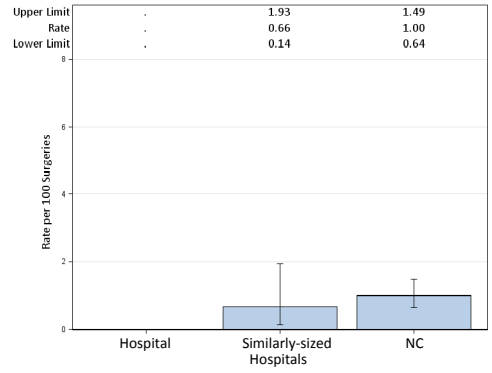



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 9 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

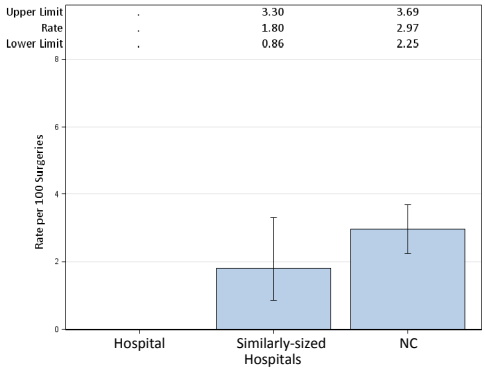



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

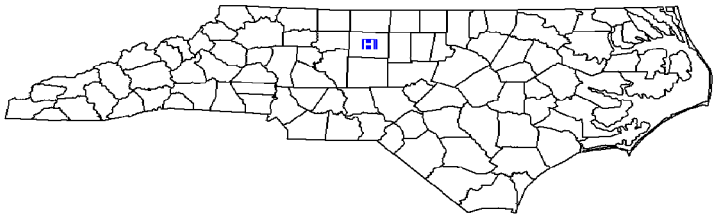
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Moses Cone Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 25,719 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 121,023 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 536 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 66 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 3.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.56 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

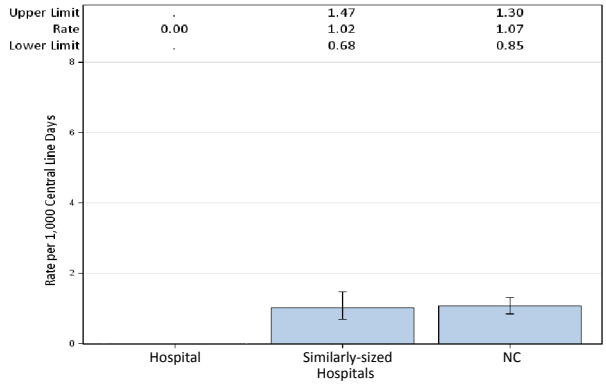



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 578 | 0 | 1.156 | 0 | , 3.191 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 687 | 0 | 1.031 | 0 | , 3.578 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 290 | 0 | 0.725 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 14 | . | . | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 905 | 0 | 1.267 | 0 | , 2.912 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 2,474 | 0 | 4.221 | 0 | , 0.874 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 527 | 0 | 1.054 | 0 | , 3.500 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 775 | 1.29 | 0.93 | . | | |
| Neurosurgical | 1 | 552 | 1.81 | 2.429 | 0.412 | 0.010, 2.294 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 17 | . | . | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 146 | 0 | 0.555 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 860 | 0 | 1.462 | 0 | , 2.523 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 2,877 | 0.7 | 6.477 | 0.309 | 0.037, 1.115 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

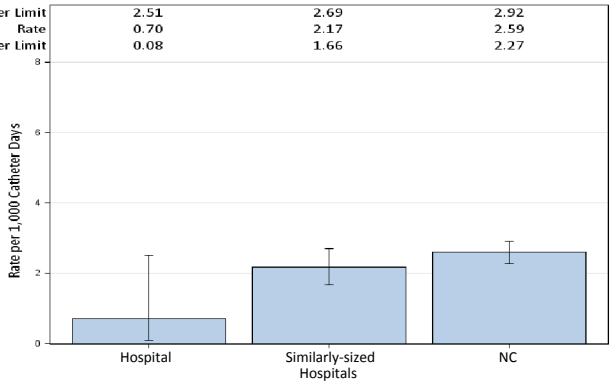



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

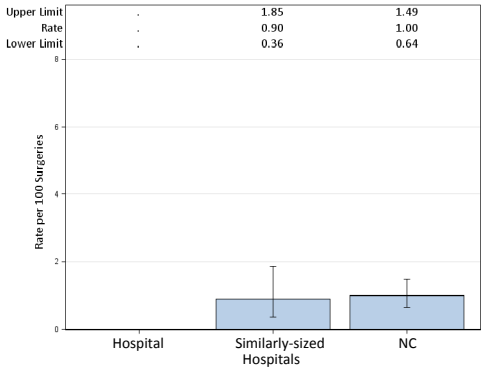



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 31 |
| Rate | . | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 1.07 |
| SIR** | . | 0 |
| 95% CI** | | , 3.435 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

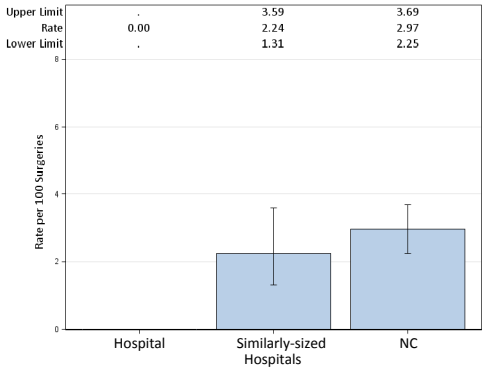



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
Cone Health is committed to preventing Healthcare Associated Infections. We have dedicated teams of experts focused on process improvements to improve our patient outcomes. Please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention if you would like further information.

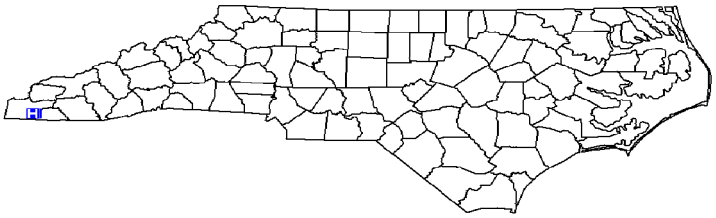
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Murphy Medical Center, Murphy, Cherokee County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,176 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 7,512 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 57 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.75 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

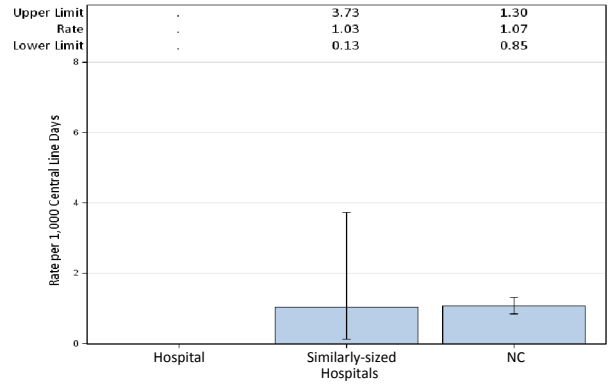



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 43 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 43 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 128 | 0 | 0.166 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 128 | 0 | 0.166 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

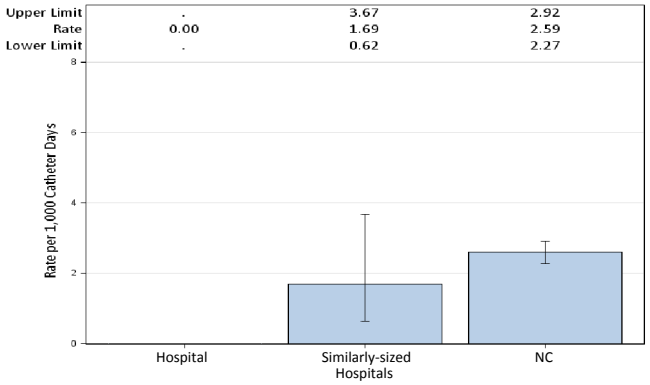



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

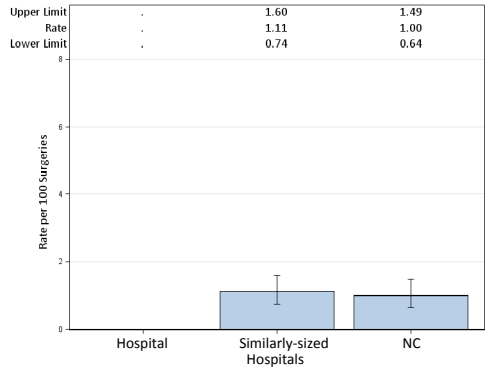



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 0 |
| Procedures | 3 | 3 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

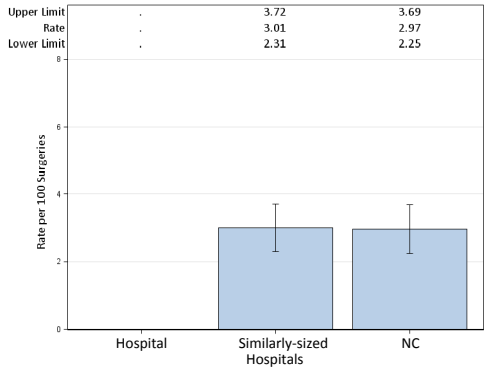



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

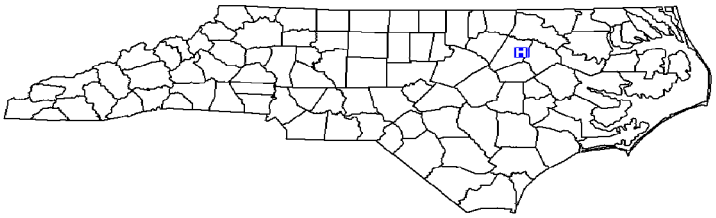
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Nash Health Care Systems, Rocky Mount, Nash County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 13,583 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 62,057 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 237 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.84 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

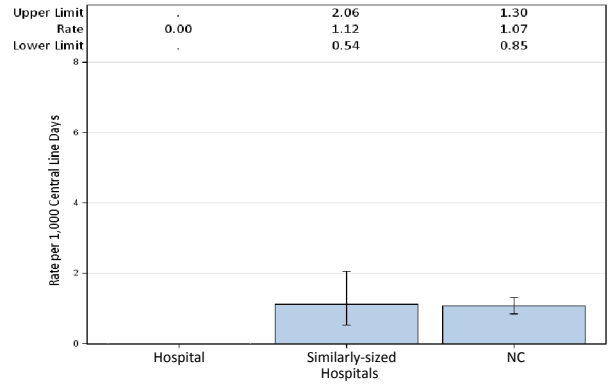



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 684 | 0 | 1.026 | 0 | , 3.595 | Same |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 6 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 690 | 0 | 1.034 | 0 | , 3.568 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 3 | 833 | 3.6 | 1 | 3 | 0.619, 8.767 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 1 | 208 | 4.81 | 0.79 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 4 | 1,041 | 3.84 | 1.79 | 2.235 | 0.609, 5.722 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

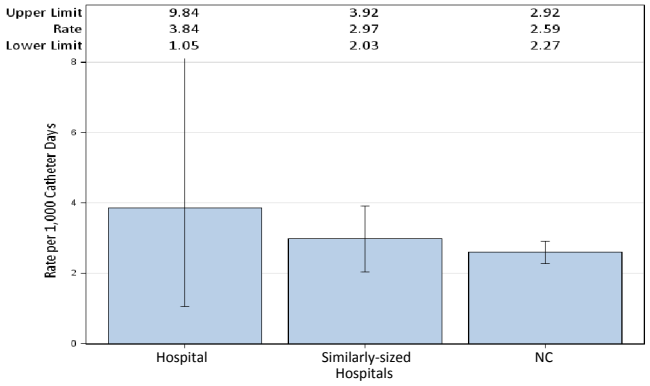



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

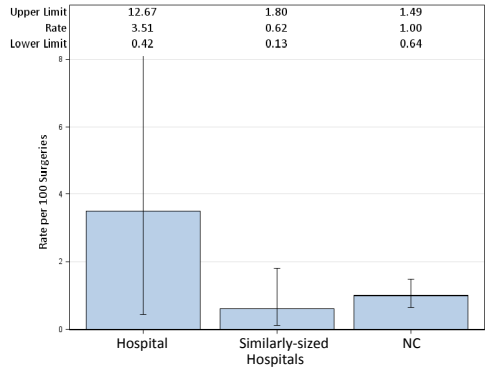



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 2 | 1 |
| Procedures | 57 | 16 |
| Rate | 3.51 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.57 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

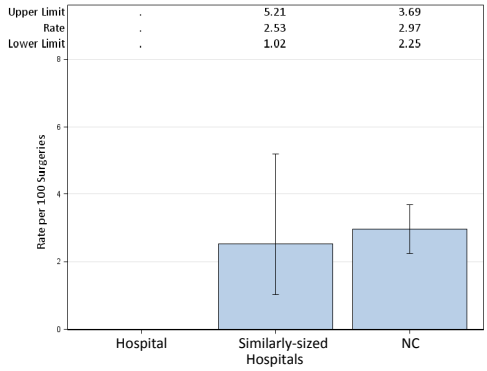



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

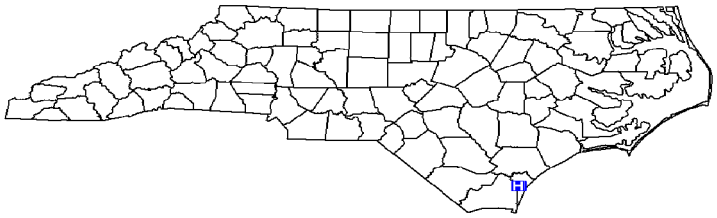
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### New Hanover Regional Medical Center, Wilmington, New Hanover County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 36,683 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 182,697 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 579 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 112 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.69 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

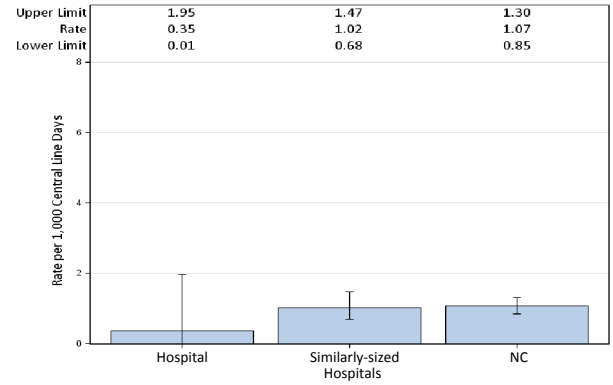



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 455 | 0 | 1.183 | 0 | , 3.118 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 738 | 0 | 1.476 | 0 | , 2.499 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 12 | . | . | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 384 | 0 | 1.098 | 0 | , 3.360 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0.177 | . | | |
| Surgical | 0 | 648 | 0 | 1.49 | 0 | , 2.476 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 566 | 1.77 | 0.792 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 2,862 | 0.35 | 6.242 | 0.16 | 0.004, 0.893 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 532 | 3.76 | 1.224 | 1.634 | 0.198, 5.903 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 983 | 0 | 1.966 | 0 | , 1.876 | Same |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0.276 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 39 | . | . | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.293 | . | | |
| Surgical | 1 | 899 | 1.11 | 2.337 | 0.428 | 0.011, 2.384 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 530 | 0 | 0.901 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 3,180 | 0.94 | 7.106 | 0.422 | 0.087, 1.234 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

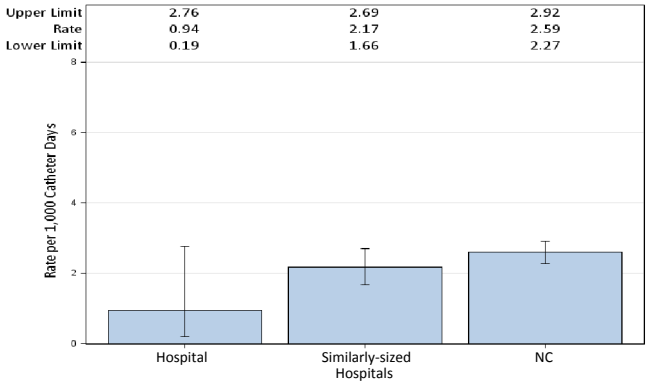



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

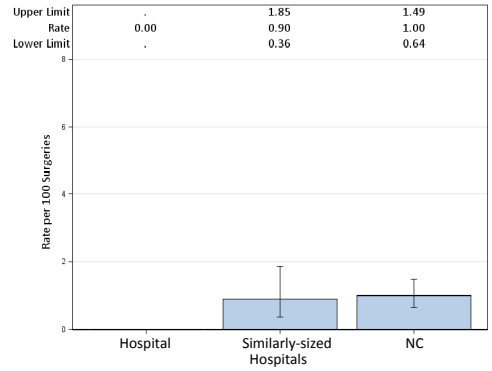



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 128 | 111 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 1.30 | 3.53 |
| SIR** | 0 | 0 |
| 95% CI** | , 2.846 | , 1.045 |
| Interpretation | Same | Lower |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

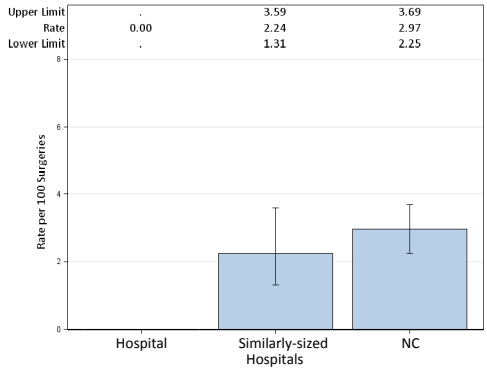



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At New Hanover Regional Medical Center we take patient safety and quality care extremely seriously. We implement the latest science-based protocols to prevent hospital-acquired infection. We study and adopt best practices, evidence-based medicine and recommendations from national agencies to deliver the best possible outcomes for our patients. We encourage patients and their families to take an active role in helping prevent infections. Our team of infection preventionists works with all staff to ensure they are focused on delivering the highest quality of care possible. We are proud of our success and our ongoing quest to keep preventable infections to an absolute minimum.

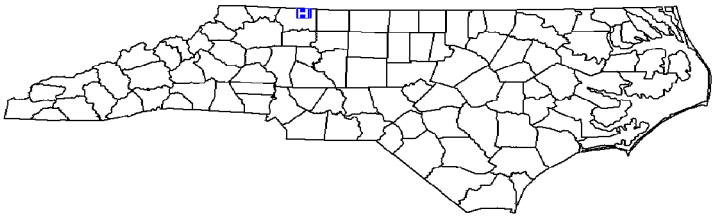
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Northern Hospital Of Surry County, Mount Airy, Surry County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,887 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 15,002 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 100 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.00 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

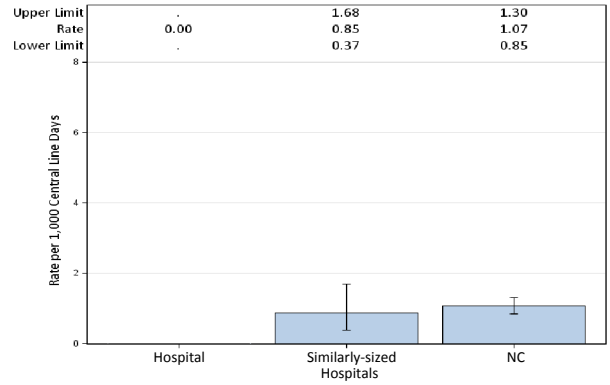



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0.102 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0.102 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 191 | 0 | 0.248 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 191 | 0 | 0.248 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

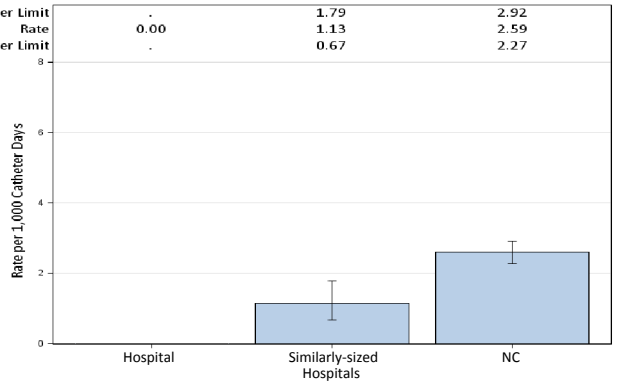



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

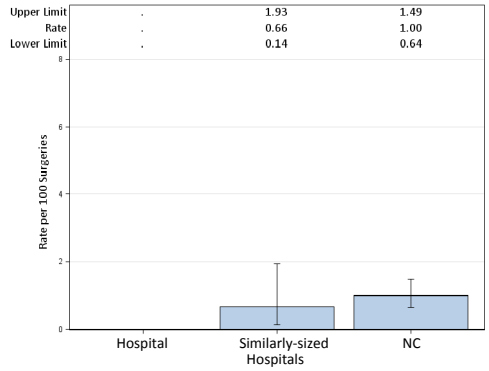



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 7 | 9 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

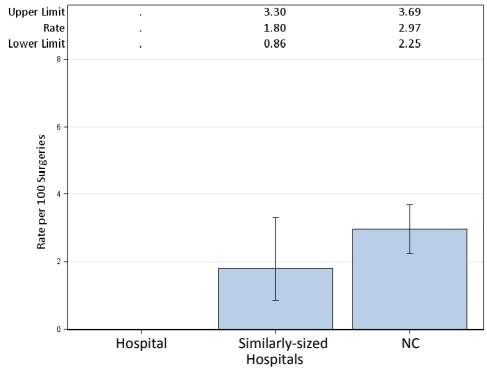



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

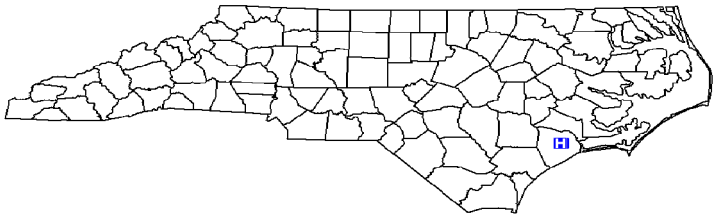
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Onslow Memorial Hospital, Jacksonville, Onslow County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 9,964 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 34,029 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 162 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.62 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

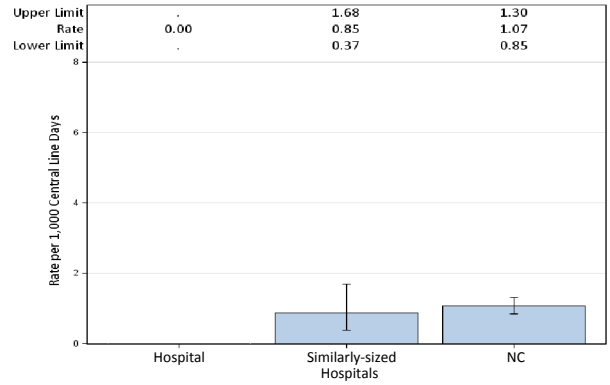



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 278 | 0 | 0.417 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 278 | 0 | 0.417 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 690 | 0 | 0.897 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 690 | 0 | 0.897 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

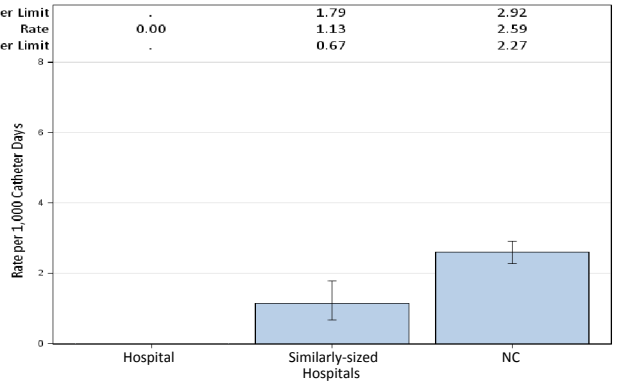



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

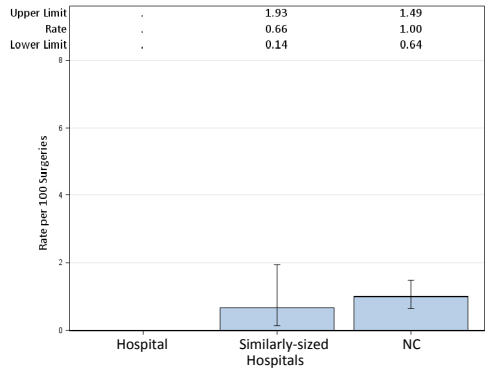



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 7 | 17 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

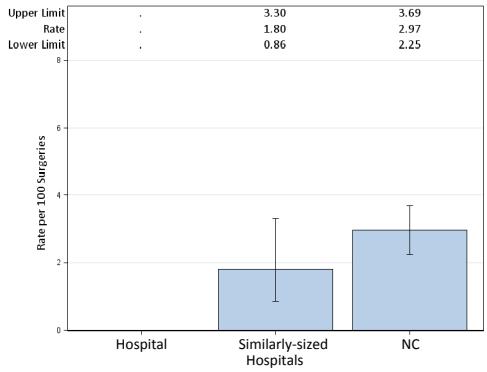



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

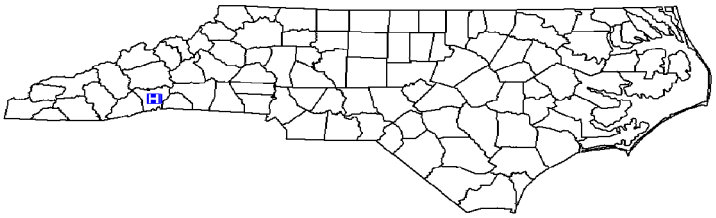
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Pardee Hospital, Hendersonville, Henderson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Graduate |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 7,020 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 28,481 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 222 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.45 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

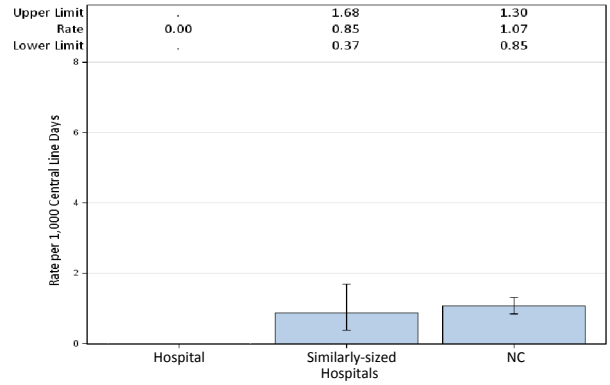



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 99 | 0 | 0.149 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 99 | 0 | 0.149 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 336 | 0 | 0.437 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 336 | 0 | 0.437 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

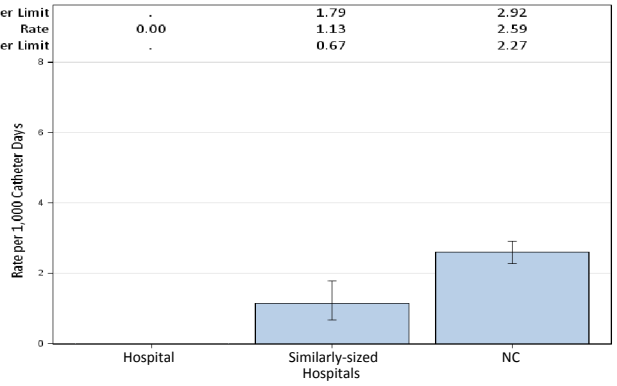



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

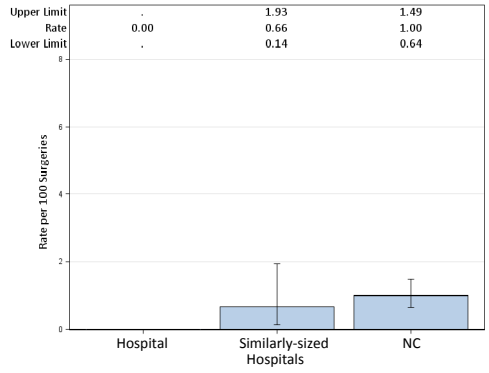



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 24 | 18 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.25 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

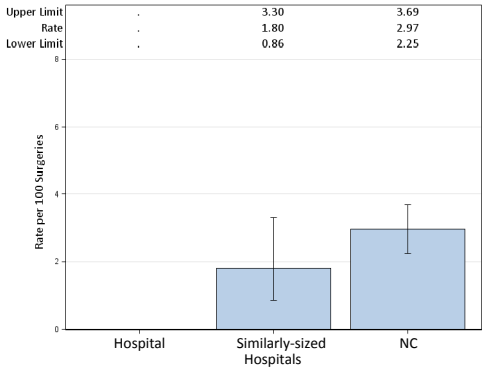



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

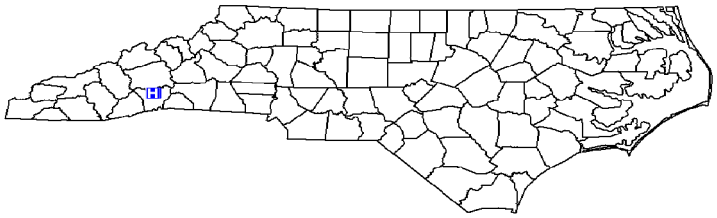
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Park Ridge Health, Hendersonville, Henderson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,862 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 23,135 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 100 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.00 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

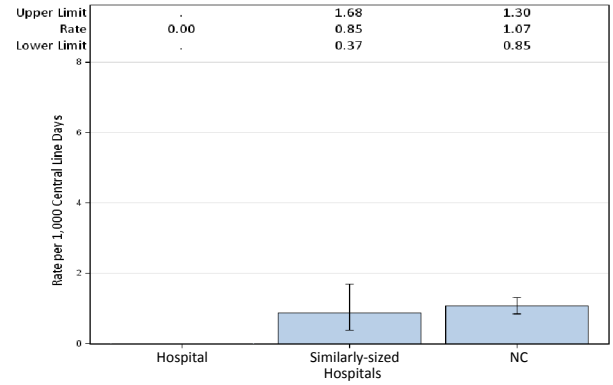



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 73 | 0 | 0.139 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 73 | 0 | 0.139 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 141 | 0 | 0.282 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 141 | 0 | 0.282 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

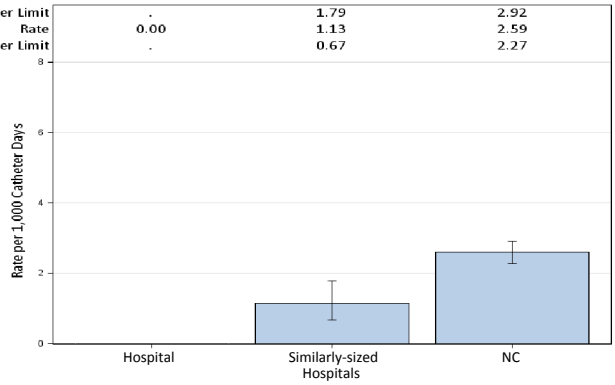



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

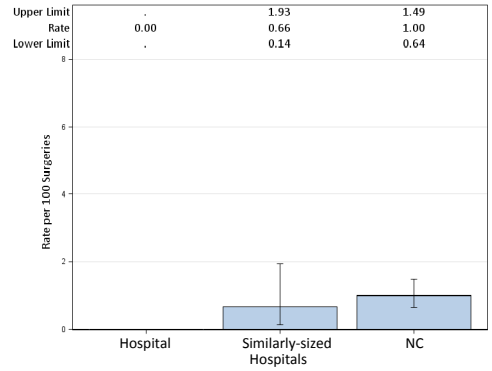



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 21 | 9 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.22 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

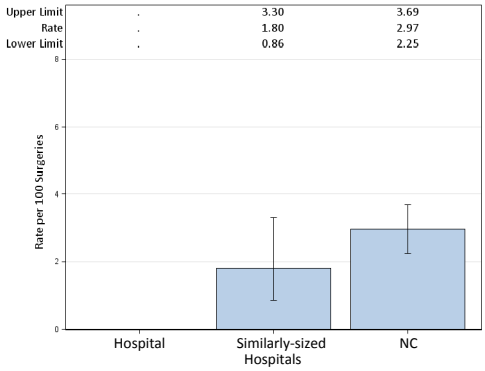



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

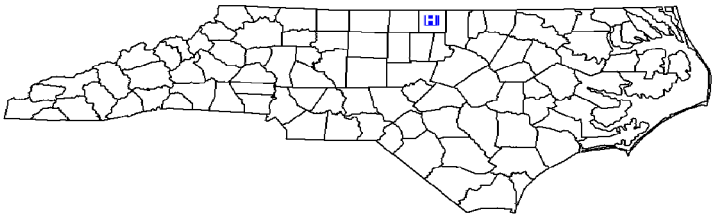
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Person Memorial Hospital, Roxboro, Person County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 1,869 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 7,131 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 38 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.40 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.05 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

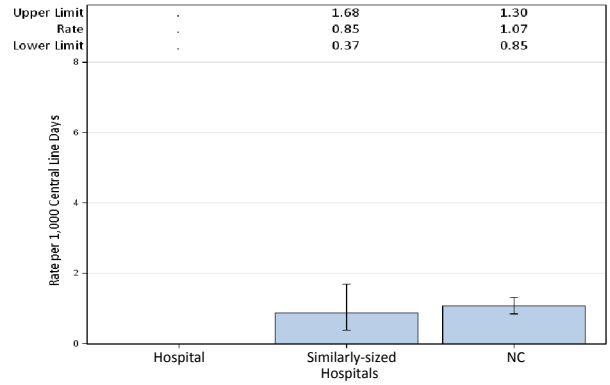



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 18 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 18 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 88 | 0 | 0.114 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 88 | 0 | 0.114 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

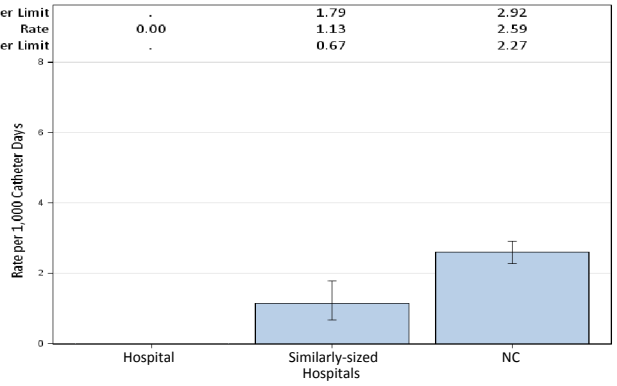



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

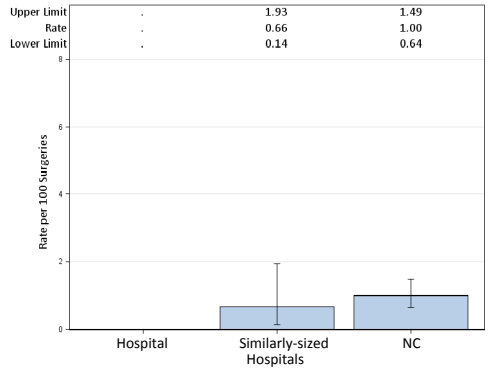



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 0 | 2 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

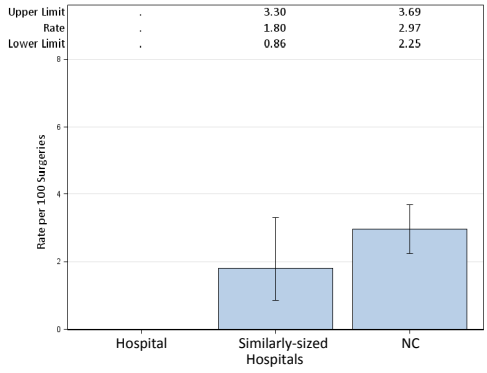



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

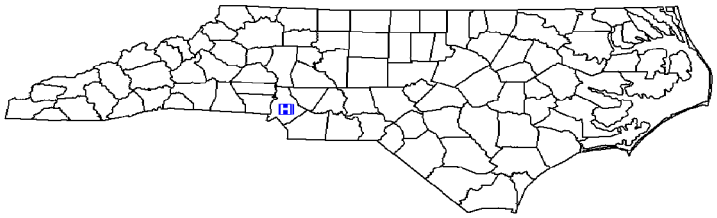
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Presbyterian Hospital Charlotte, Charlotte, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 33,995 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 161,027 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 609 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 86 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.74 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

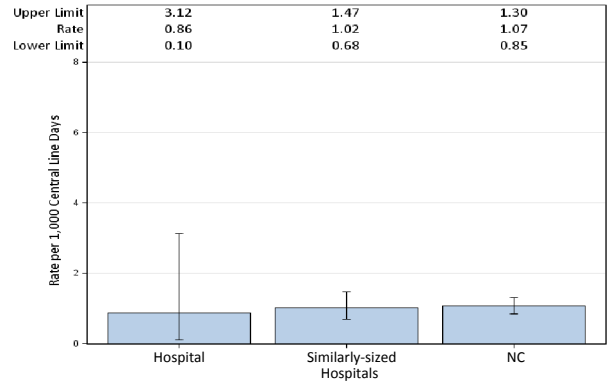



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 488 | 2.05 | 0.976 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 710 | 0 | 1.065 | 0 | , 3.464 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 1 | 694 | 1.44 | 1.743 | 0.574 | 0.015, 3.197 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 188 | 0 | 0.47 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0.327 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 127 | 0 | 0.178 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 2,316 | 0.86 | 4.759 | 0.42 | 0.051, 1.518 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 447 | 4.47 | 0.894 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 570 | 1.75 | 0.741 | . | | |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 233 | 0 | 1.025 | 0 | , 3.599 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 54 | 0 | 0.151 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 51 | 0 | 0.087 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 1,355 | 2.21 | 2.898 | 1.035 | 0.213, 3.025 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

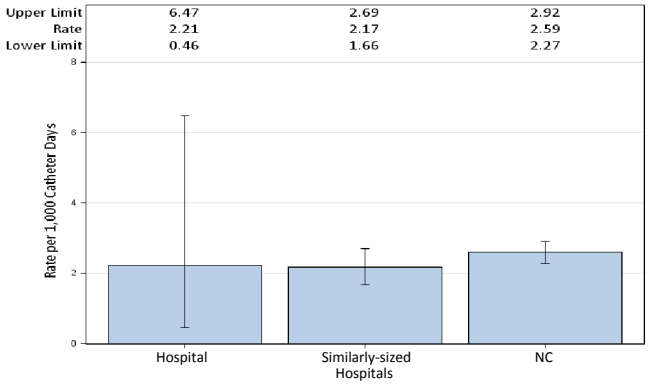



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

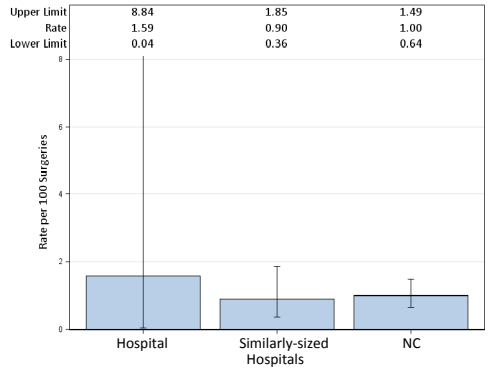



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 2 |
| Procedures | 63 | 67 |
| Rate | 1.59 | 2.99 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.56 | 2.19 |
| SIR** | . | 0.914 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.111, 3.303 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

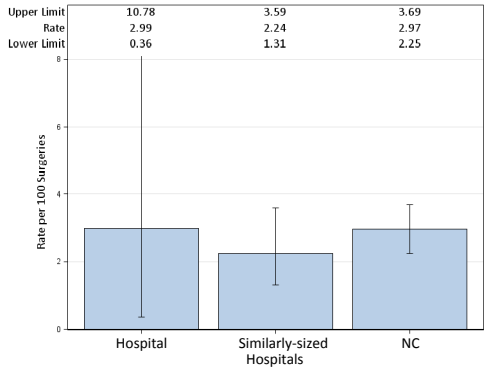



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

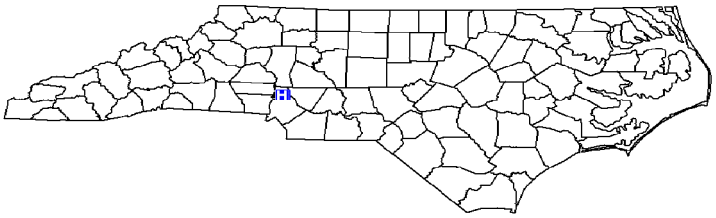
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Presbyterian Hospital Huntersville, Huntersville, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,700 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,849 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 75 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.80 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.07 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

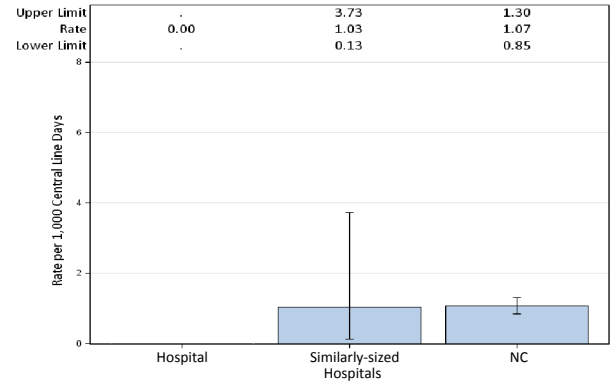



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 211 | 0 | 0.317 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 211 | 0 | 0.317 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 323 | 0 | 0.42 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 323 | 0 | 0.42 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

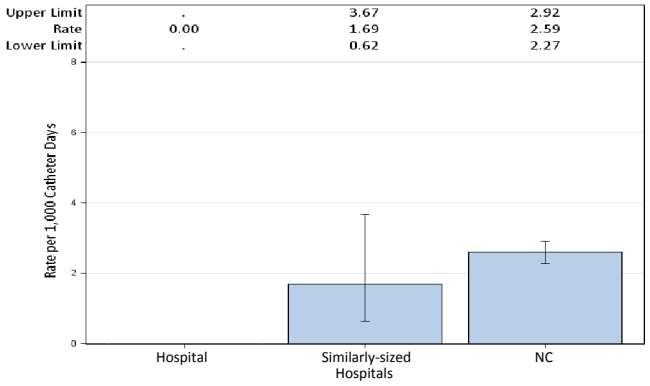



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

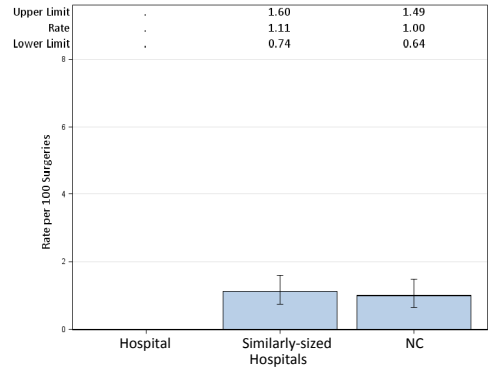



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 3 | 10 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

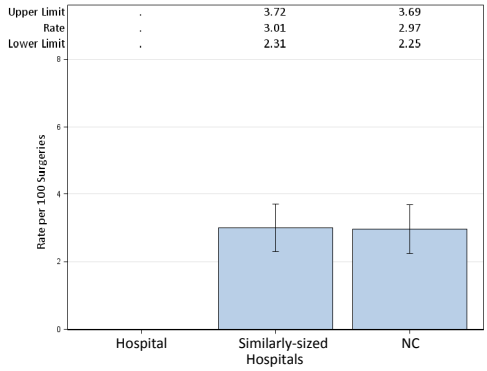



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
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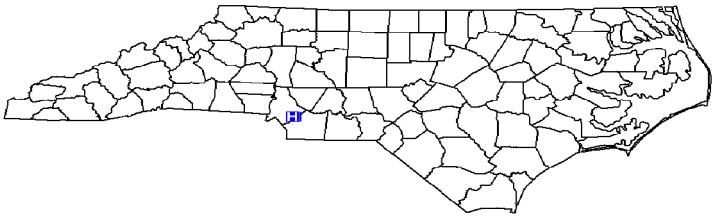
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Presbyterian Hospital Matthews, Matthews, Mecklenburg County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 9,637 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 29,273 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 117 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 14 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.85 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

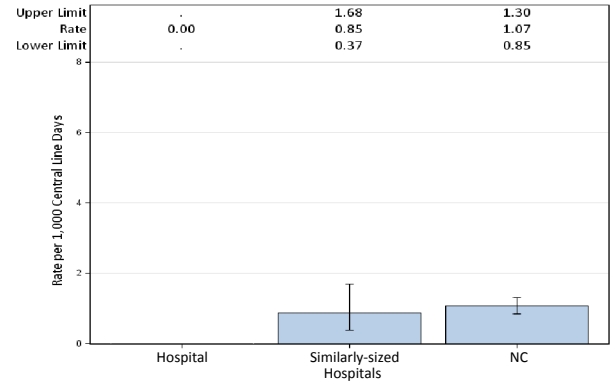



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 252 | 0 | 0.378 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 31 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 283 | 0 | 0.417 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 268 | 3.73 | 0.348 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 268 | 3.73 | 0.348 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

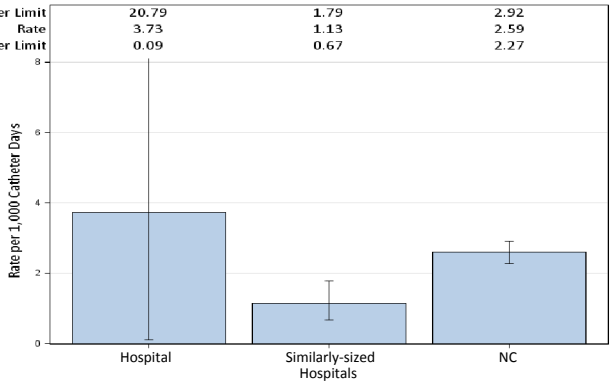



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

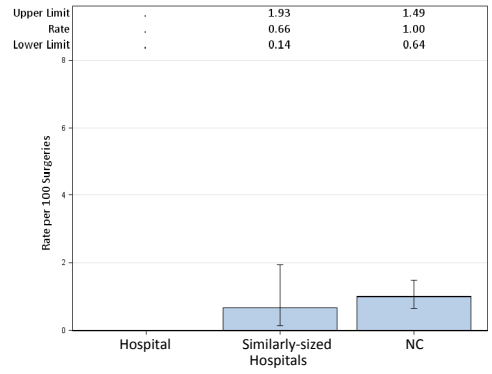



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 14 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

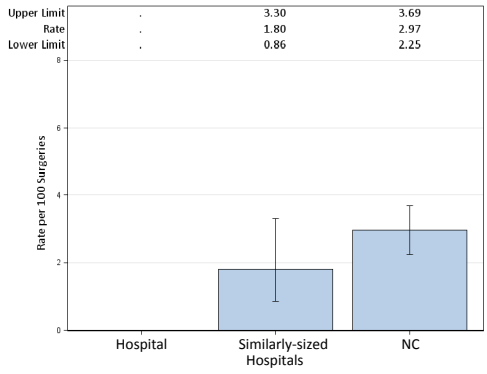



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

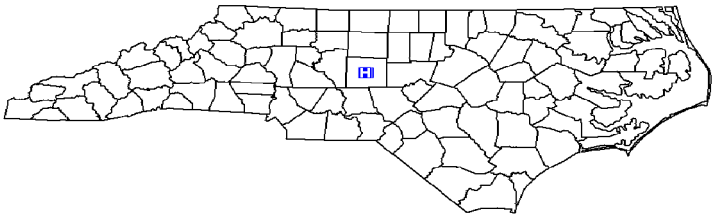
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Randolph Hospital, Asheboro, Randolph County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,518 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 23,970 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 119 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 7 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.84 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

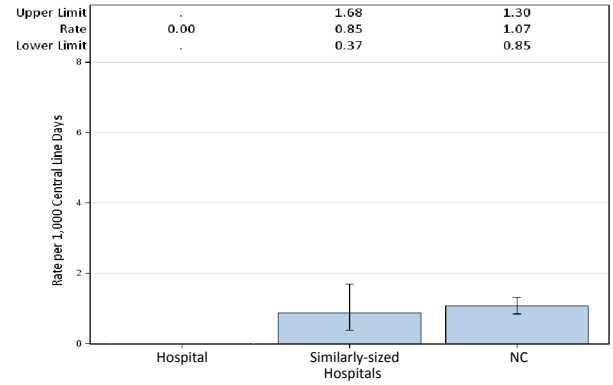



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 185 | 0 | 0.278 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 185 | 0 | 0.278 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 313 | 3.19 | 0.407 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 313 | 3.19 | 0.407 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

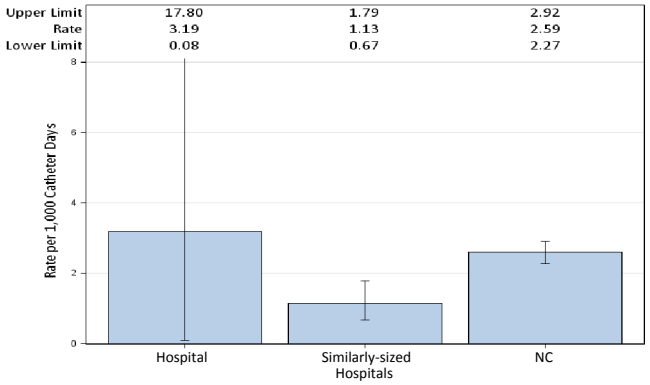



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

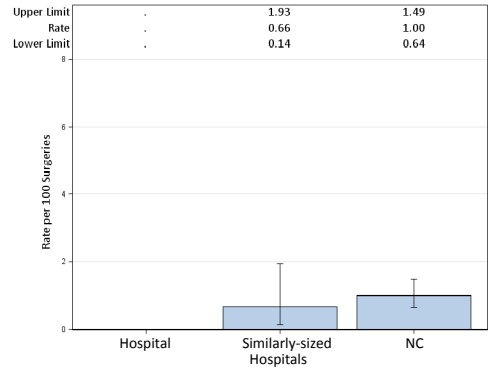



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 19 | 16 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

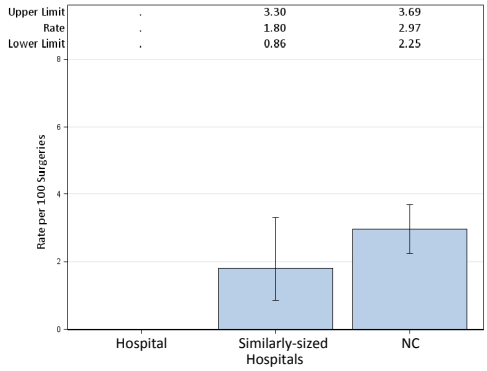



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

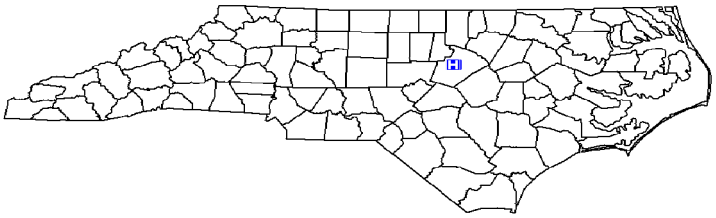
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Rex Healthcare, Raleigh, Wake County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 30,093 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 115,530 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 479 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 38 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 4.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.84 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

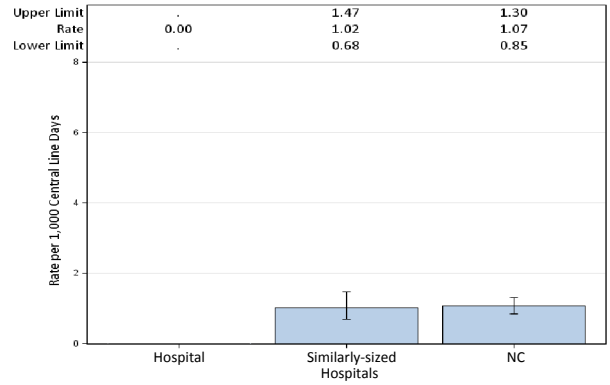



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0.4 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 743 | 0 | 1.115 | 0 | , 3.308 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 212 | 0 | 0.297 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 1,155 | 0 | 1.811 | 0 | , 2.037 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 366 | 0 | 0.732 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 989 | 2.02 | 1.187 | 1.685 | 0.204, 6.087 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 321 | 0 | 0.546 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 1,676 | 1.19 | 2.465 | 0.811 | 0.098, 2.931 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

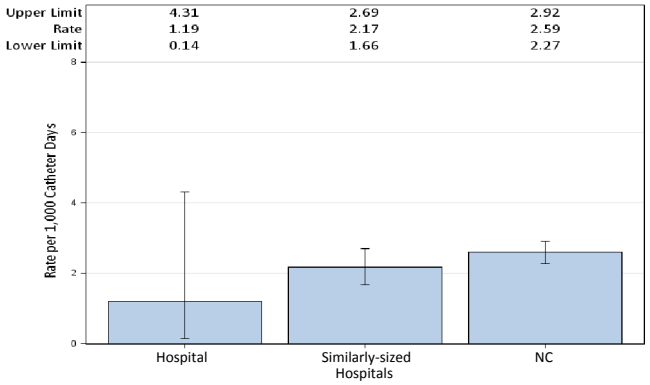



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

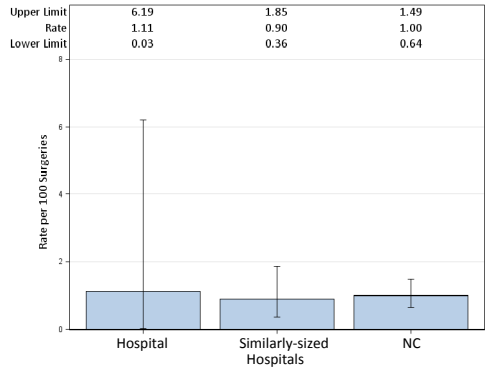



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 1 | 5 |
| Procedures | 90 | 118 |
| Rate | 1.11 | 4.24 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.81 | 3.84 |
| SIR** | . | 1.303 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.423, 3.040 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

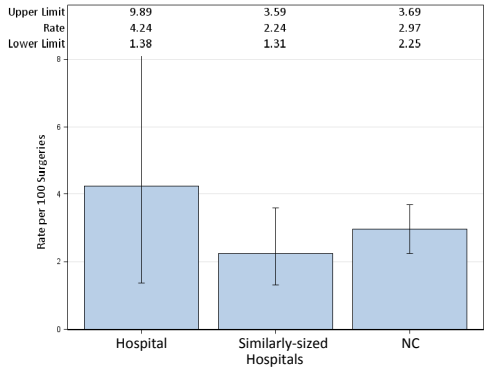



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

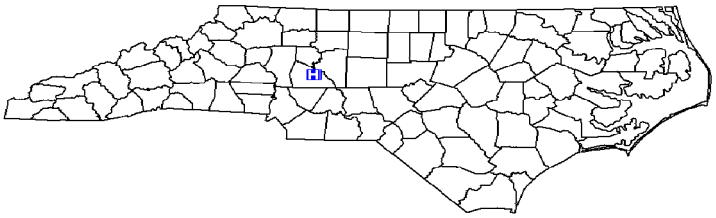
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Rowan Regional Medical Center, Salisbury, Rowan County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 9,152 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 43,840 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 268 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 20 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.75 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.28 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

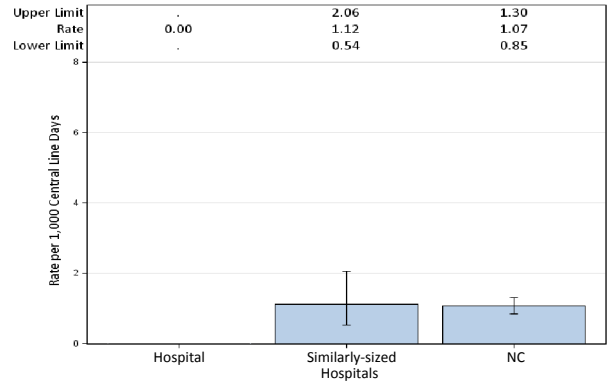



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 487 | 0 | 0.731 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 487 | 0 | 0.731 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 832 | 2.4 | 1.082 | 1.848 | 0.224, 6.677 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 207 | 0 | 0.787 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 1,039 | 1.92 | 1.868 | 1.071 | 0.130, 3.868 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

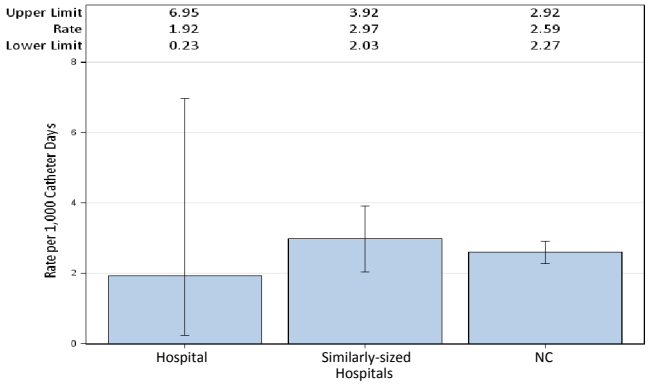



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

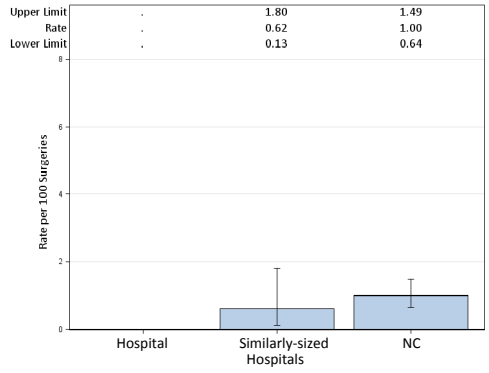



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 3 | 16 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

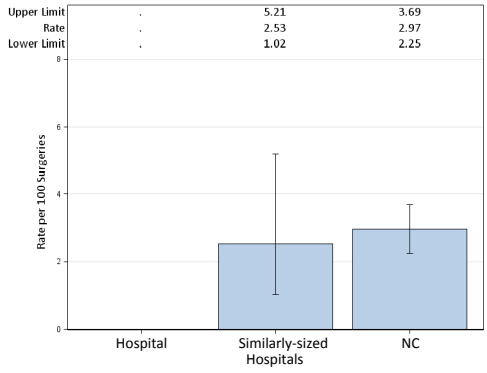



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

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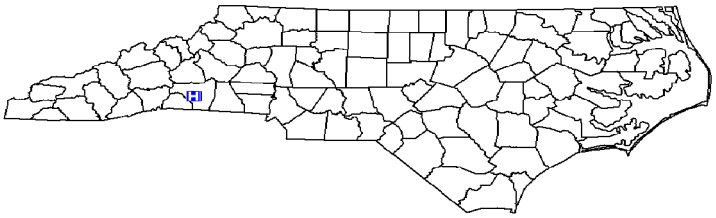
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Rutherford Regional Medical Center, Rutherfordton, Rutherford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,772 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 20,527 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 120 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.83 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

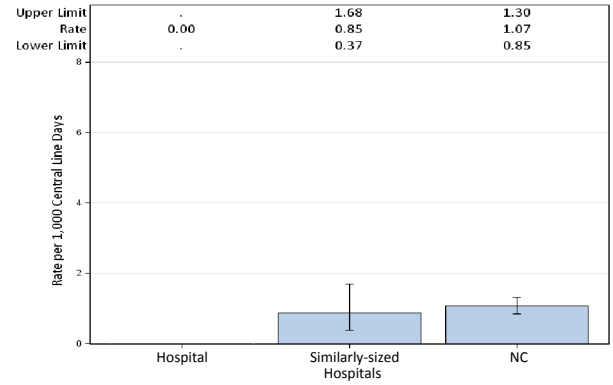



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 76 | 0 | 0.114 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 76 | 0 | 0.114 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 2 | 334 | 5.99 | 0.434 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 2 | 334 | 5.99 | 0.434 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

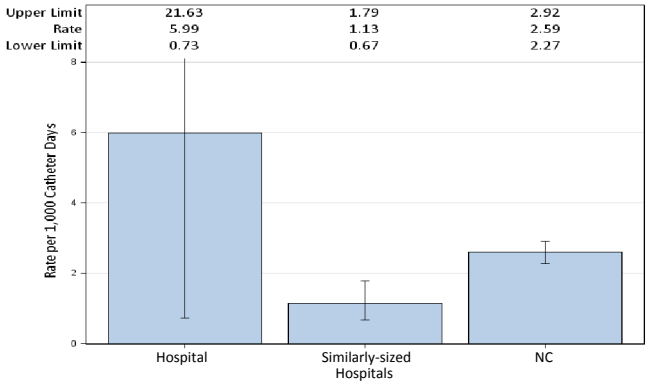



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

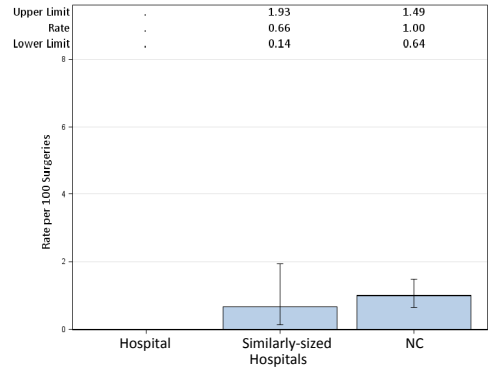



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 2 |
| Procedures | 11 | 15 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

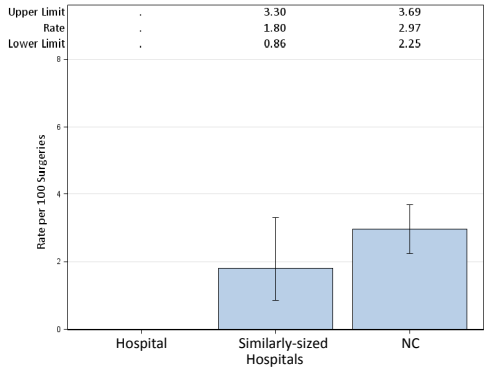



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

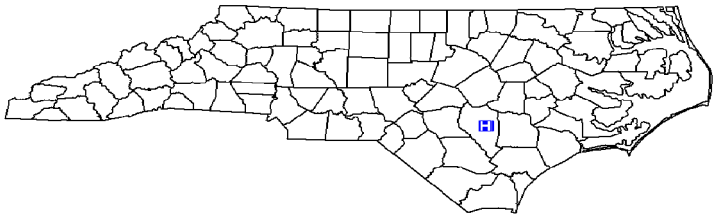
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Sampson Regional Medical Center, Clinton, Sampson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 3,297 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 10,283 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 116 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.86 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

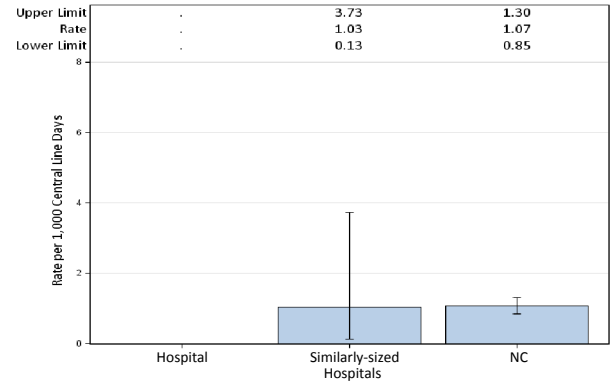



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 22 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 22 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0.291 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0.291 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

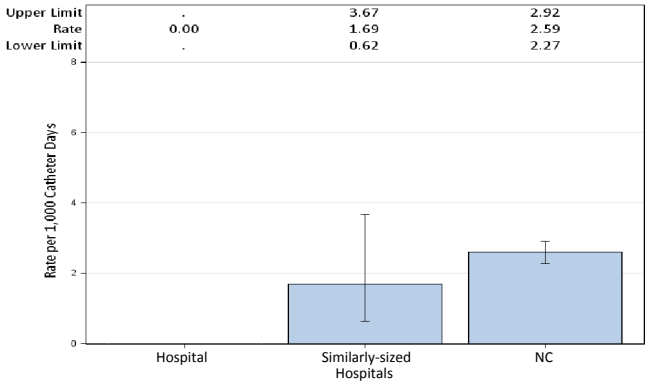



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

**Data on SSIs after abdominal hysterectomies were incomplete and not presented.**

**Data on SSIs after colon surgeries were incomplete and not presented.**

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

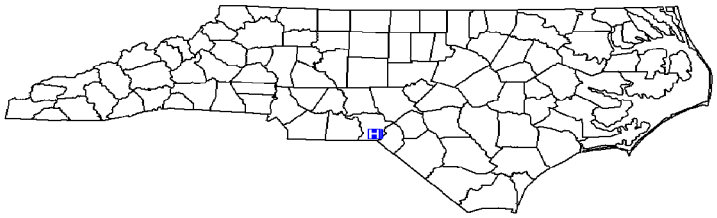
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Sandhills Regional Medical Center, Hamlet, Richmond County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 2,918 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 12,774 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 64 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 6 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.56 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

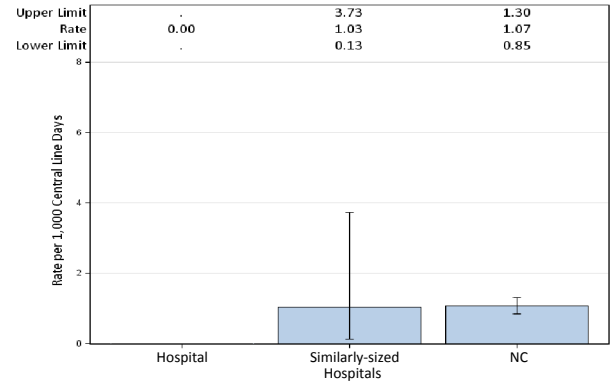



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0.095 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0.095 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

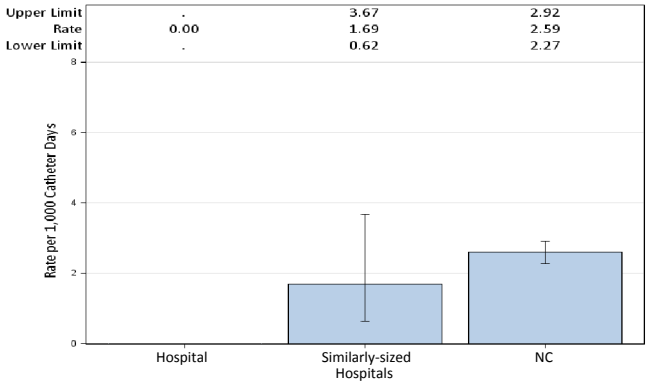



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

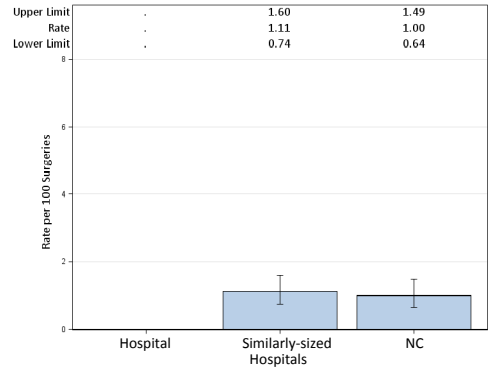



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 7 | 1 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

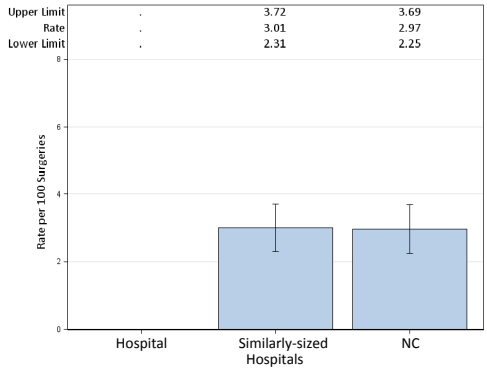



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

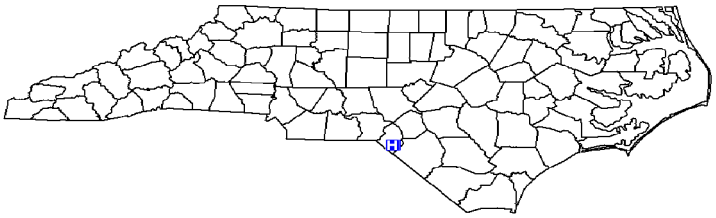
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Scotland Memorial Hospital, Laurinburg, Scotland County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 6,682 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 23,045 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 104 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 7 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.80 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.77 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

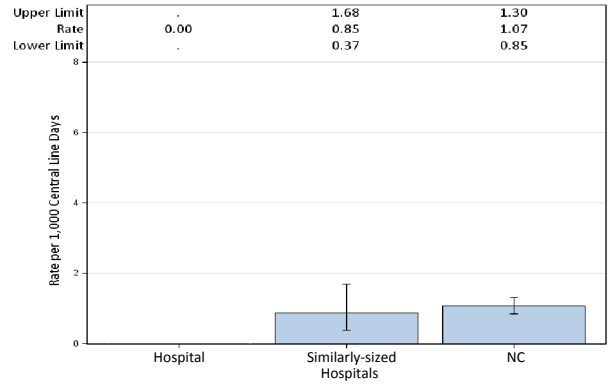



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 130 | 0 | 0.195 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 130 | 0 | 0.195 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 202 | 0 | 0.263 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 2 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 204 | 0 | 0.27 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

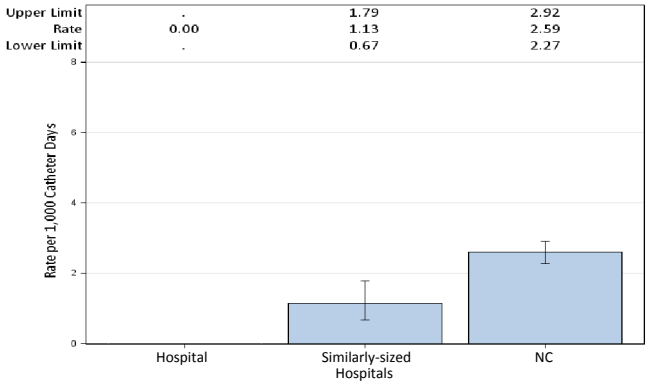



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

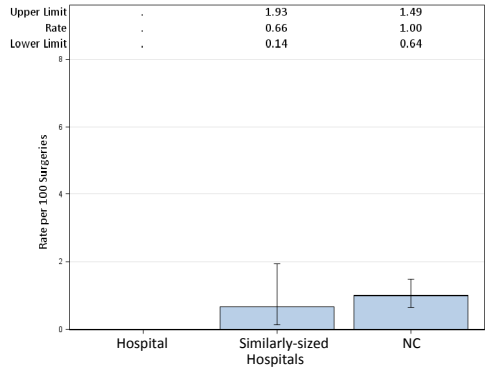



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 7 | 12 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

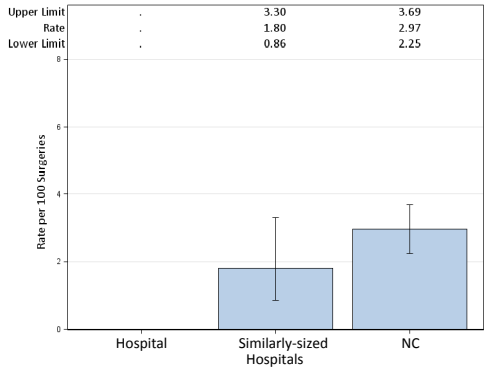


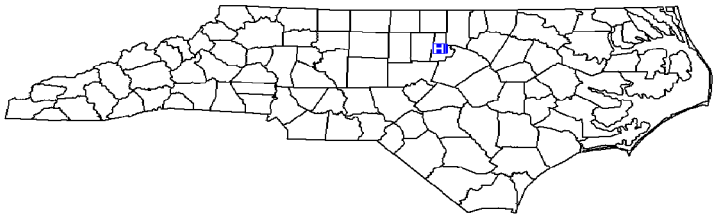

**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Select Specialty Hospital, Durham, Durham, Durham County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 274 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 8,600 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.25 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.83 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

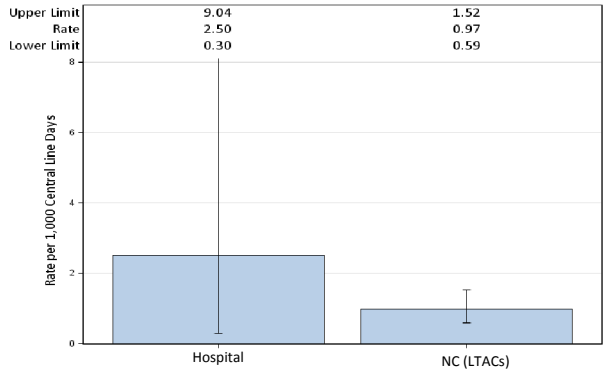



**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 2 | 799 | 2.5 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 2 | 799 | 2.5 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 7 | 794 | 8.82 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 7 | 794 | 8.82 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

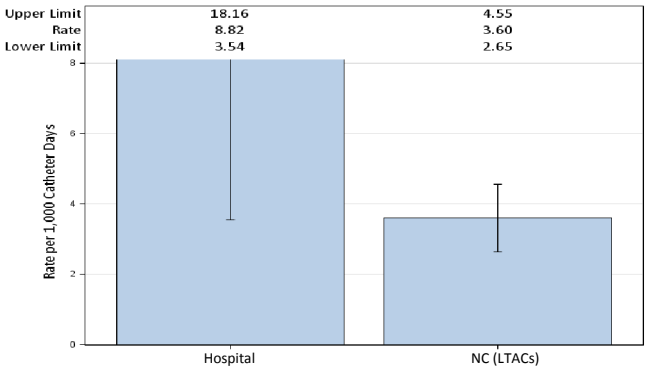



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

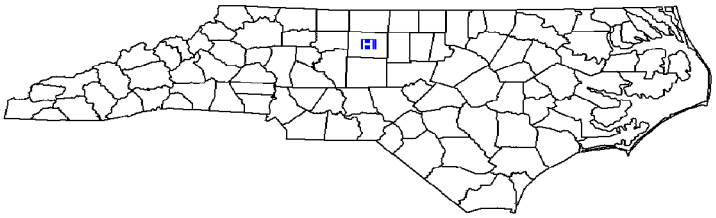
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Select Specialty Hospital, Greensboro, Greensboro, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 321 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 9,083 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 30 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.40 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.33 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

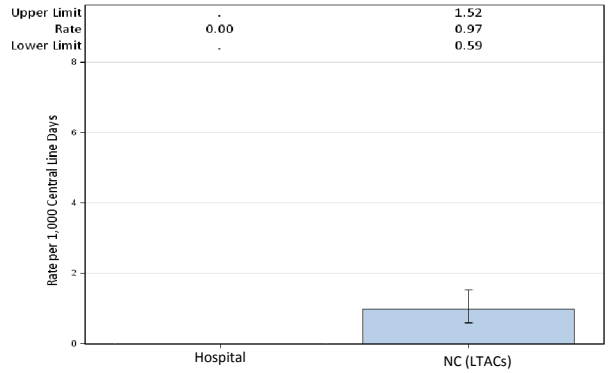



**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 1,259 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 1,259 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 1,172 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 1,172 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

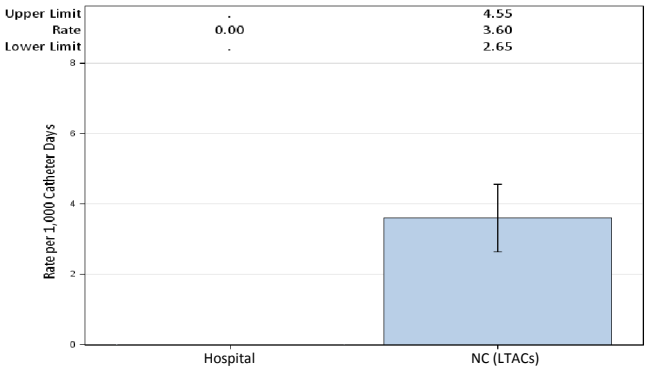



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

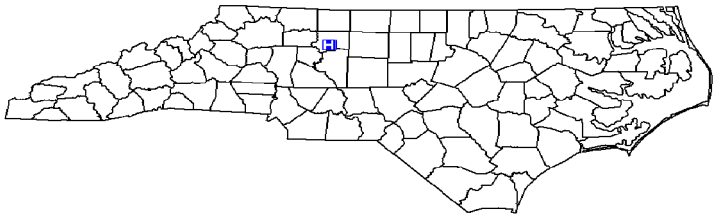
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Select Specialty Hospital-Winston Salem, Winston Salem, Forsyth County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Long-term Acute Care Hospital |
| Profit Status: | For Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 432 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 11,697 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 42 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.35 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.83 |



*FTE = Full-time equivalent

## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

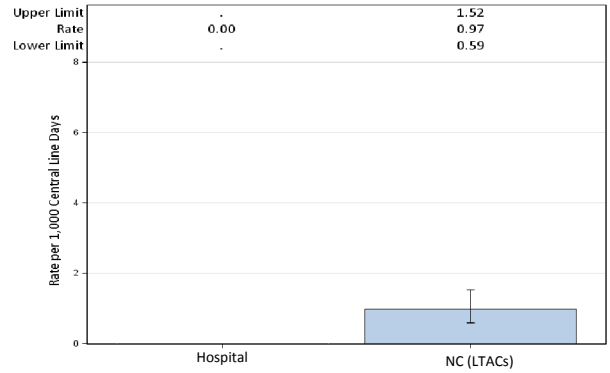



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013.**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Line Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 0 | 1,545 | 0.00 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 0 | 1,545 | 0.00 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates by Location, Jan-Mar 2013**

| Type of Unit | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adult ward | 5 | 1,570 | 3.18 |
| YTD Total for Reporting Units | 5 | 1,570 | 3.18 |

Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days.

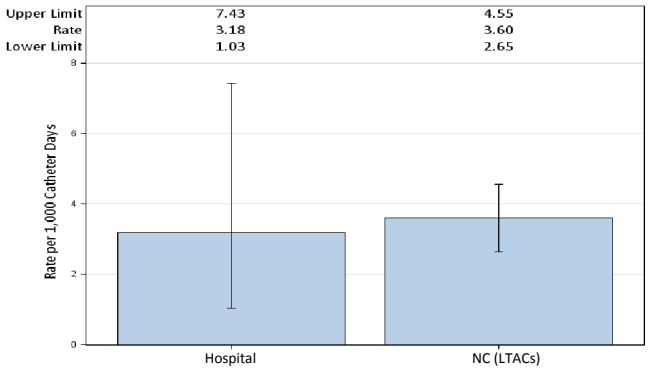



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Other Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs)

**Long-term acute care hospitals (LTACs) do not report LabID C. difficile, LabID MRSA Bacteremia or SSIs to the N.C. Division of Public Health.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

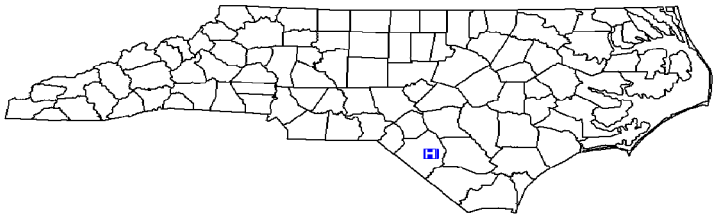
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Southeastern Regional Medical Center, Lumberton, Robeson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 17,159 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 73,335 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 319 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 18 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.63 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

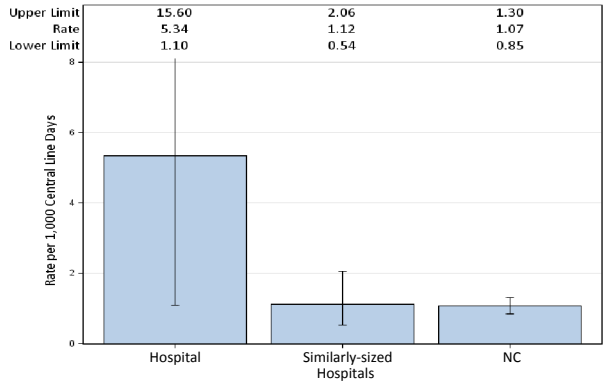



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 3 | 549 | 5.46 | 0.824 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 13 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 3 | 562 | 5.34 | 0.842 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 4 | 688 | 5.81 | 0.894 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 67 | 0 | 0.114 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 4 | 755 | 5.3 | 1.008 | 3.968 | 1.081, 10.160 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

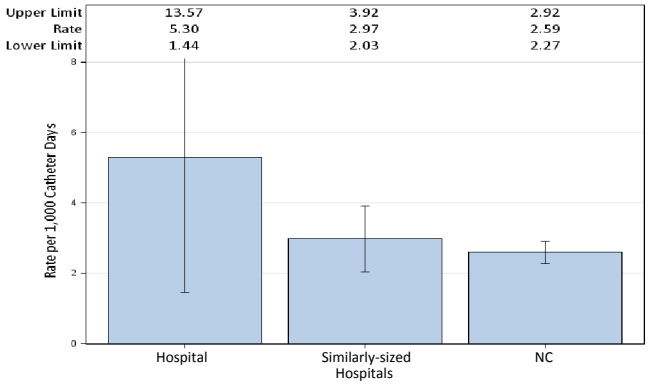



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

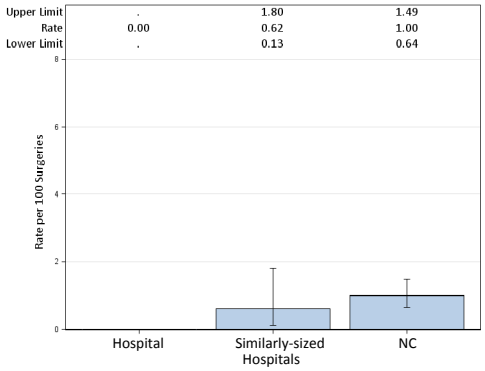



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 32 | 19 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.38 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

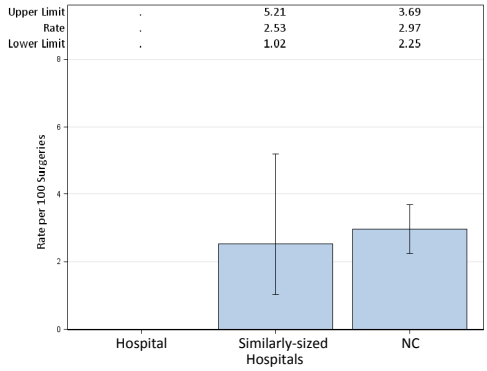



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

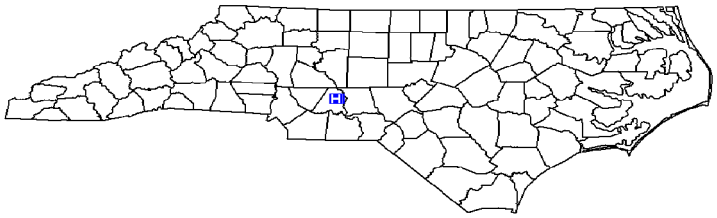
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Stanly Regional Medical Center, Albemarle, Stanly County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,794 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 20,308 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 119 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.88 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.74 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

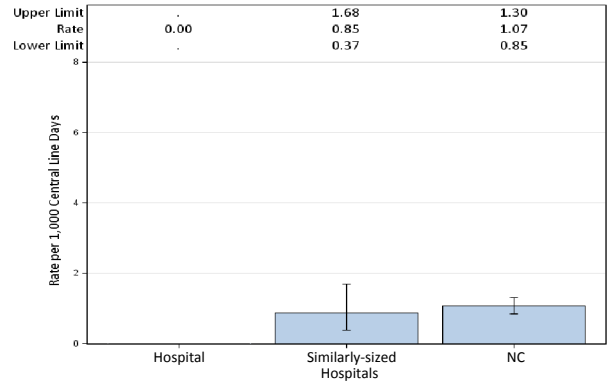



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 179 | 0 | 0.358 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 179 | 0 | 0.358 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 413 | 0 | 0.826 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 14 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 427 | 0 | 0.879 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

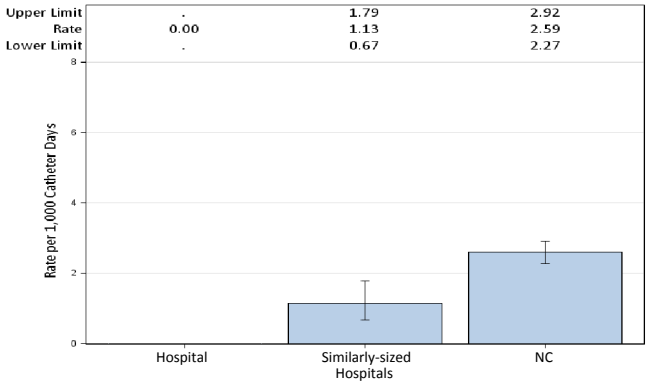



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

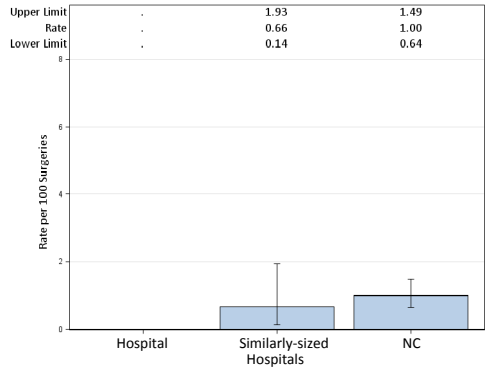



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 3 | 12 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

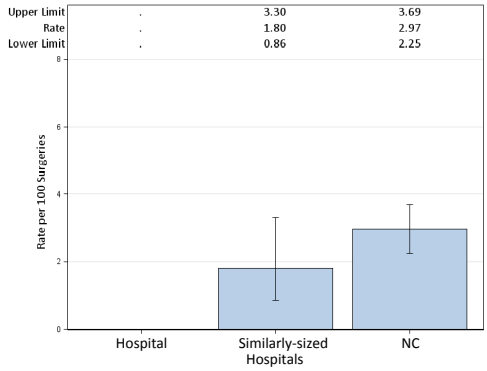



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

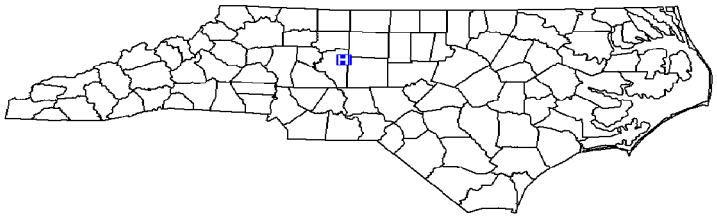
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Thomasville Medical Center, Thomasville, Davidson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,236 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 22,605 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 149 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 11 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.34 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

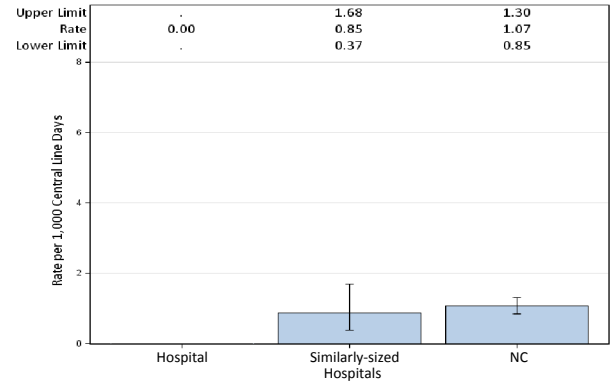



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0.128 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 85 | 0 | 0.128 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 302 | 0 | 0.393 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 302 | 0 | 0.393 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

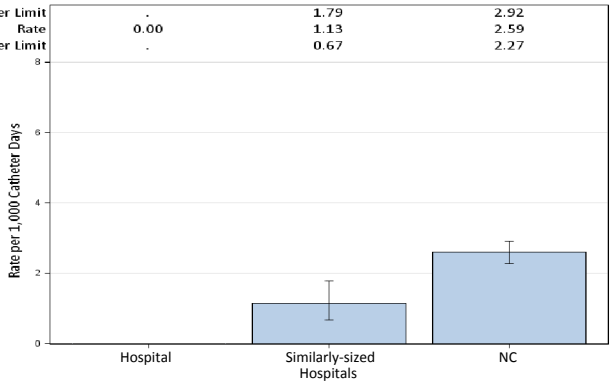



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

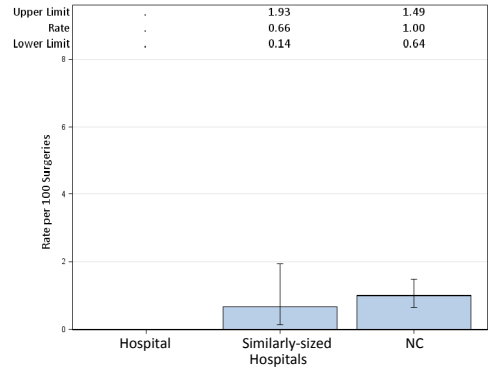



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 4 | 13 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

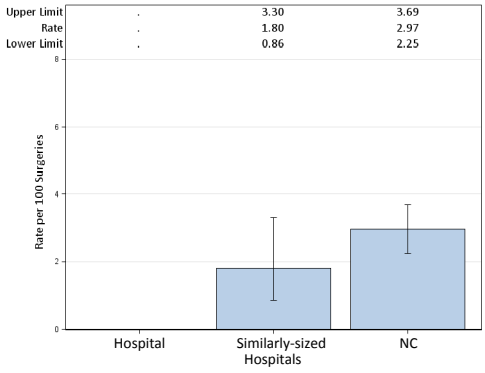



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
At Novant Health, the safety of our patients comes first. Our goal is to have the lowest possible infection rates and we continually monitor infection prevention tactics for improvement opportunities. We support transparency in reporting infection rates and make common infection data available on our website. More information can be found under 'quality' on NovantHealth.org.

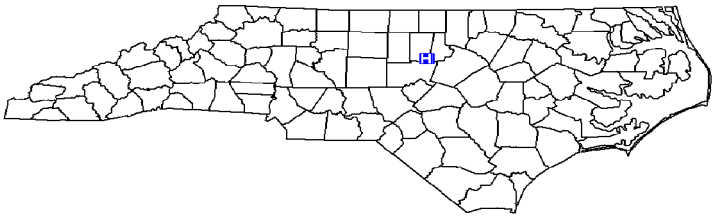
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## UNC Health Care, Chapel Hill, Orange County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Government |
| Admissions in 2012: | 43,191 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 248,498 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 848 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 171 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 5.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.65 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

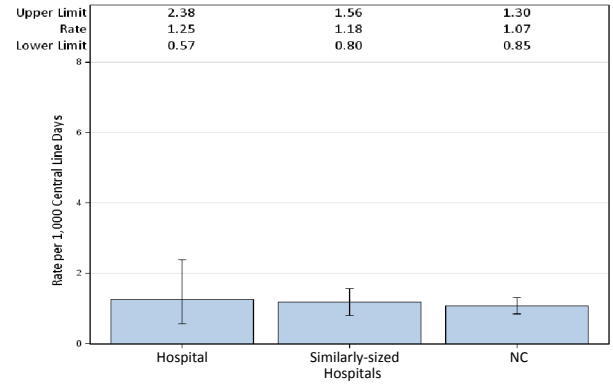



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burn | 2 | 877 | 2.28 | 4.824 | 0.415 | 0.050, 1.498 | Same |
| Medical | 1 | 1,372 | 0.73 | 3.567 | 0.28 | 0.007, 1.562 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 769 | 1.3 | 1.538 | 0.65 | 0.016, 3.623 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 1 | 1,165 | 0.86 | 2.765 | 0.362 | 0.009, 2.015 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 1 | 474 | 2.11 | 1.185 | 0.844 | 0.021, 4.702 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 892 | 1.12 | 2.676 | 0.374 | 0.009, 2.082 | Same |
| Surgical | 2 | 880 | 2.27 | 2.024 | 0.988 | 0.120, 3.570 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 756 | 0 | 1.058 | 0 | , 3.487 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 9 | 7,185 | 1.25 | 19.637 | 0.458 | 0.210, 0.870 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burn | 3 | 1,325 | 2.26 | 5.83 | 0.515 | 0.106, 1.504 | Same |
| Medical | 6 | 1,399 | 4.29 | 3.218 | 1.865 | 0.684, 4.058 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 2 | 640 | 3.13 | 1.28 | 1.563 | 0.189, 5.644 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 7 | 785 | 8.92 | 3.454 | 2.027 | 0.815, 4.176 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 416 | 2.4 | 1.165 | 0.858 | 0.022, 4.783 | Same |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 188 | 0 | 0.714 | . | | |
| Surgical | 4 | 1,238 | 3.23 | 3.219 | 1.243 | 0.339, 3.182 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 780 | 0 | 1.326 | 0 | , 2.782 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 23 | 6,771 | 3.4 | 20.206 | 1.138 | 0.721, 1.708 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

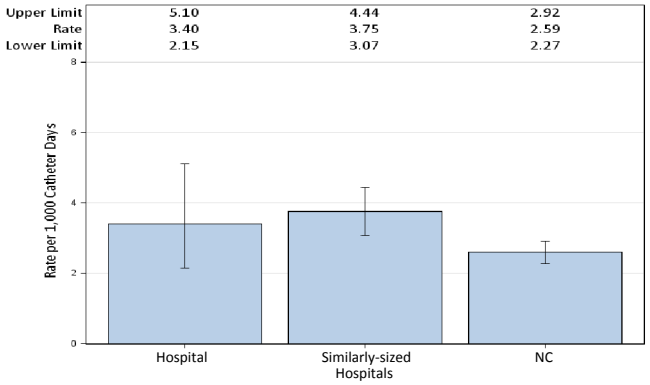



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

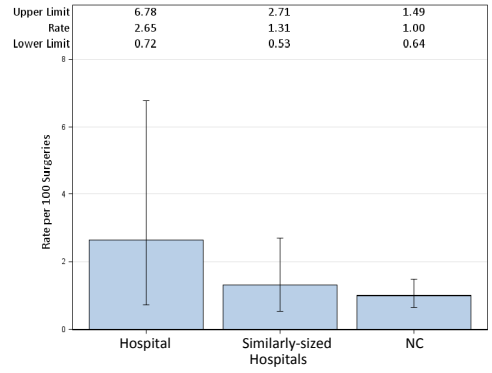



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 4 | 10 |
| Procedures | 151 | 97 |
| Rate | 2.65 | 10.3 |
| Predicted Infections | 1.84 | 3.52 |
| SIR** | 2.17 | 2.845 |
| 95% CI** | 0.591, 5.557 | 1.364, 5.232 |
| Interpretation | Same | Higher |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

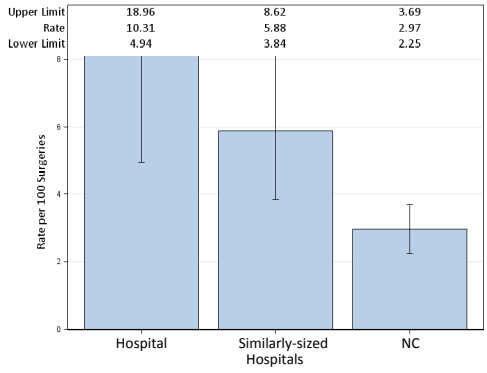



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
UNC Health Care is pleased that our rates of all reported healthcare-associated infections are statistically similar to similarly-sized hospitals despite care in a tertiary referral hospital for highly vulnerable populations (e.g., organ transplant, HIV infected, cancer, severely burned, and very premature infants). NC residents should be aware that the reported information is NOT corrected for the severity of illness of the hospital's patients. UNC Health Care supports the need for the data presented in this report to be validated (i.e., demonstration by independent monitors that the submitted data is correct).

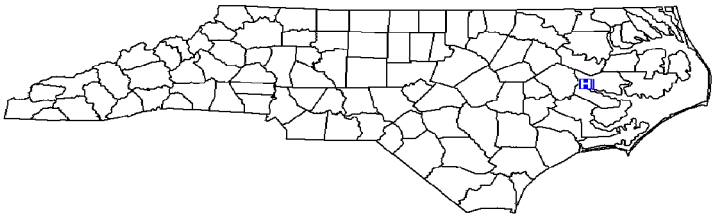
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Vidant Beaufort Hospital, Washington, Beaufort County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 3,482 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 13,764 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 83 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.20 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

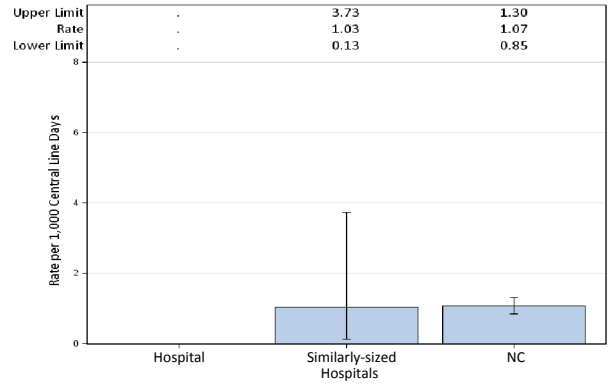



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 29 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 29 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.1 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0.1 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

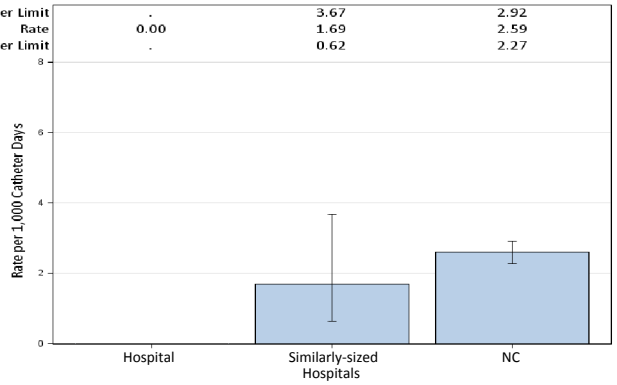



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

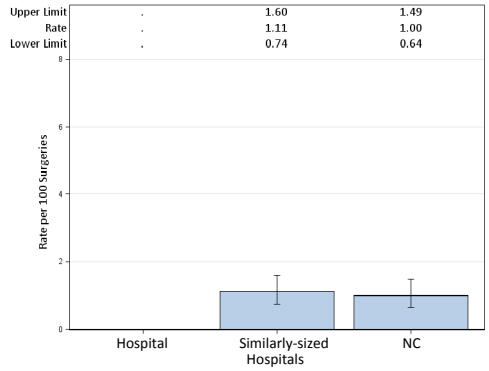



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 2 | 0 |
| Procedures | 8 | 4 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

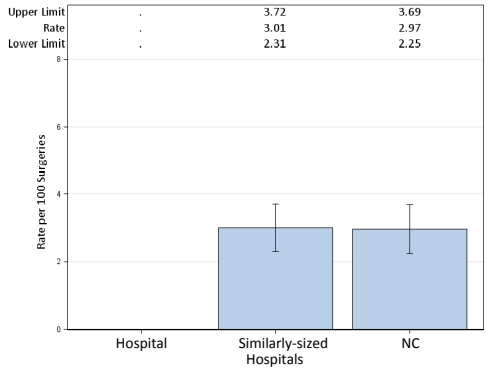



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

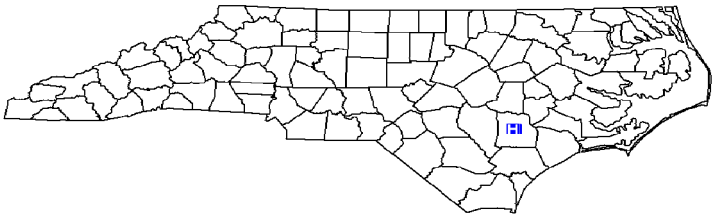
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Vidant Duplin Hospital, Kenansville, Duplin County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 3,270 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 15,641 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 89 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 9 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.12 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

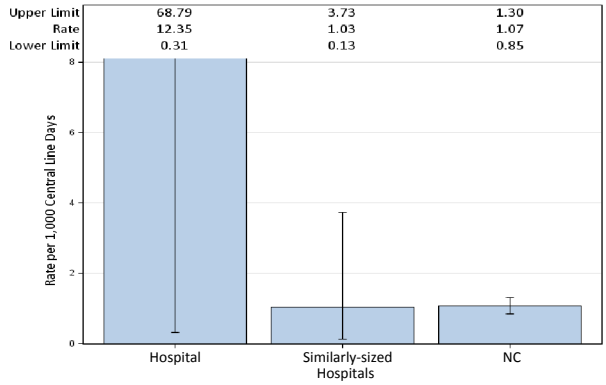



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 81 | 12.3 | 0.122 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 81 | 12.3 | 0.122 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 148 | 0 | 0.192 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 148 | 0 | 0.192 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

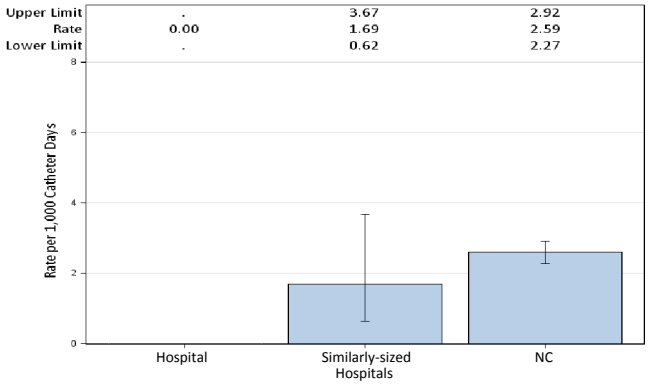



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

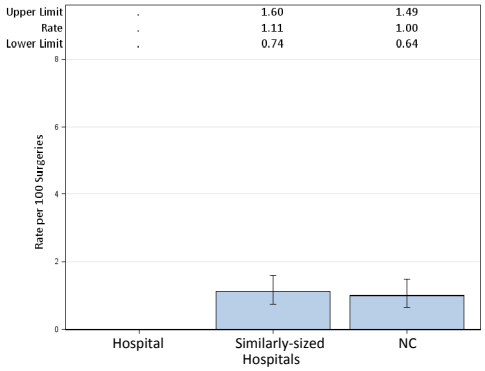



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 2 | 1 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

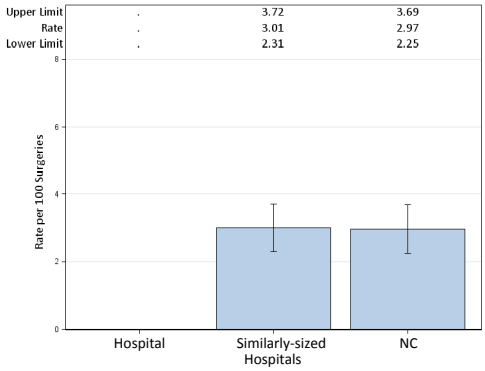



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

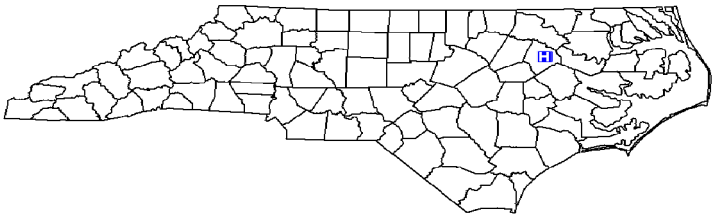
**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Tarboro, Edgecombe County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,660 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 18,001 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 117 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.85 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

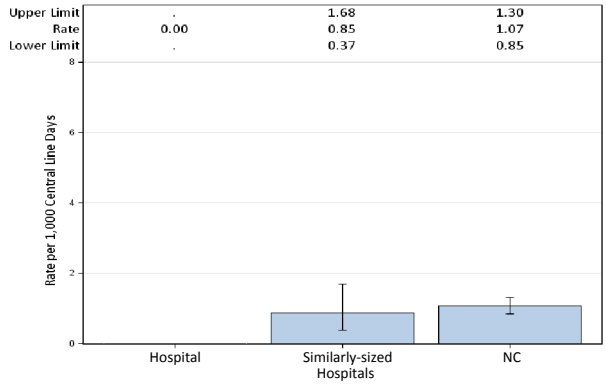



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 308 | 0 | 0.647 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 308 | 0 | 0.647 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 314 | 3.18 | 0.722 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 20 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 334 | 2.99 | 0.798 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

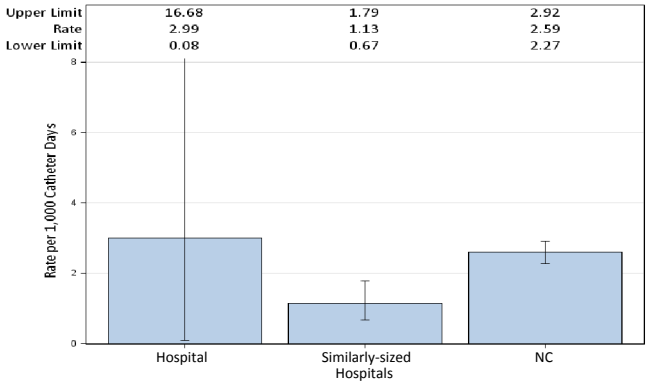



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

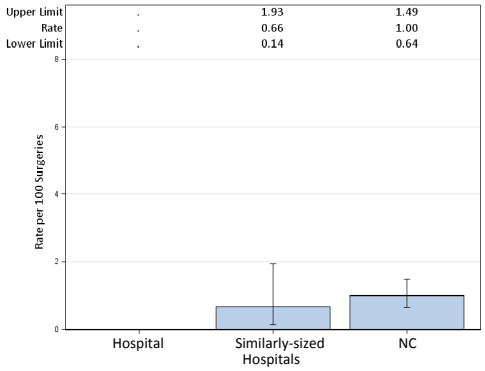



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 7 | 13 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

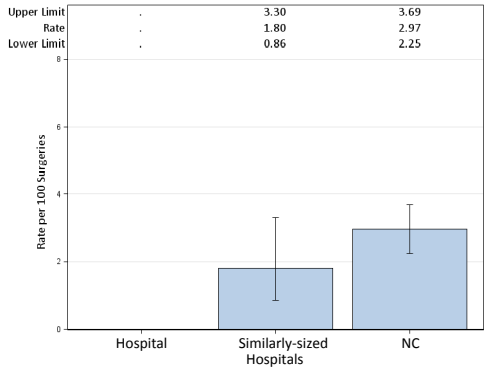



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

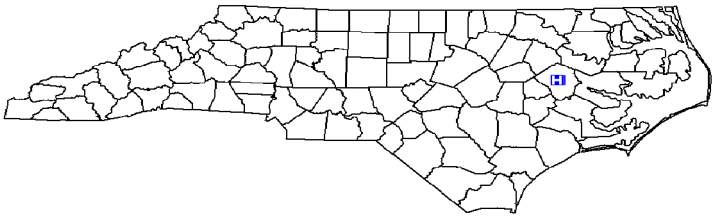
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Vidant Medical Center, Greenville, Pitt County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 46,920 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 265,015 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 870 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 164 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 8.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.92 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

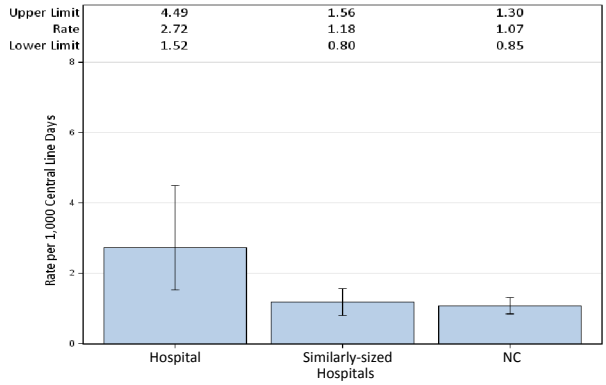



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 1,266 | 1.58 | 3.292 | 0.608 | 0.074, 2.195 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 3 | 853 | 3.52 | 1.706 | 1.758 | 0.363, 5.139 | Same |
| Neonatal Level III | 2 | 532 | 3.76 | 1.332 | 1.502 | 0.182, 5.424 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 229 | 0 | 0.573 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 219 | 0 | 0.657 | . | | |
| Surgical | 4 | 1,074 | 3.72 | 2.47 | 1.619 | 0.441, 4.146 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 4 | 1,338 | 2.99 | 1.873 | 2.136 | 0.582, 5.468 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 15 | 5,511 | 2.72 | 11.903 | 1.26 | 0.705, 2.079 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 5 | 1,154 | 4.33 | 2.654 | 1.884 | 0.612, 4.397 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 3 | 871 | 3.44 | 1.742 | 1.722 | 0.355, 5.033 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 5 | 319 | 15.7 | 1.404 | 3.561 | 1.156, 8.311 | Higher |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 128 | 7.81 | 0.358 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 168 | 0 | 0.638 | . | | |
| Surgical | 15 | 1,145 | 13.1 | 2.977 | 5.039 | 2.818, 8.311 | Higher |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 4 | 804 | 4.98 | 1.367 | 2.926 | 0.797, 7.492 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 33 | 4,589 | 7.19 | 11.14 | 2.962 | 2.039, 4.160 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

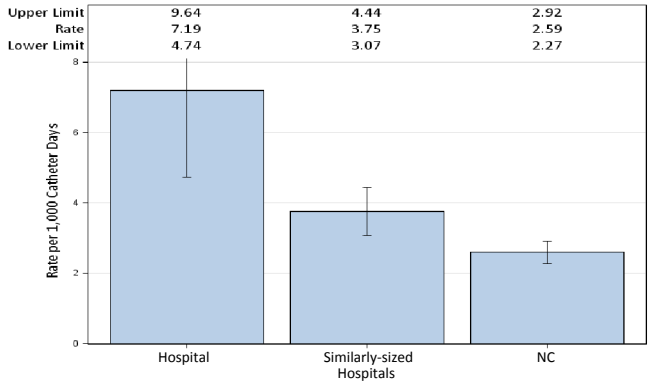



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

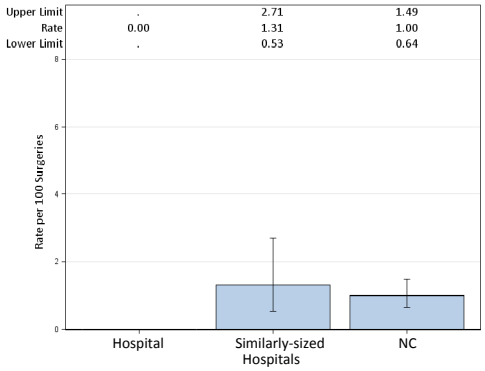



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 5 |
| Procedures | 71 | 95 |
| Rate | 0 | 5.26 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.78 | 3.15 |
| SIR** | . | 1.587 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.515, 3.704 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

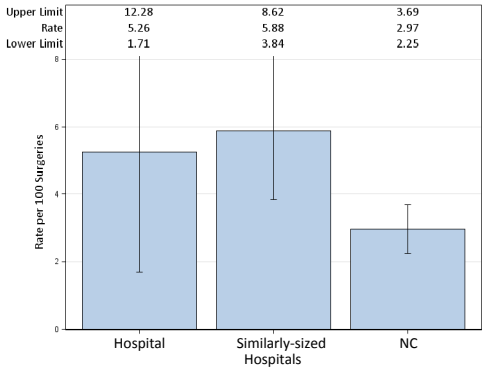



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The infection rates above reflect our initiatives to make patient care at Vidant Medical Center safe for all of our patients, and those efforts are ongoing.

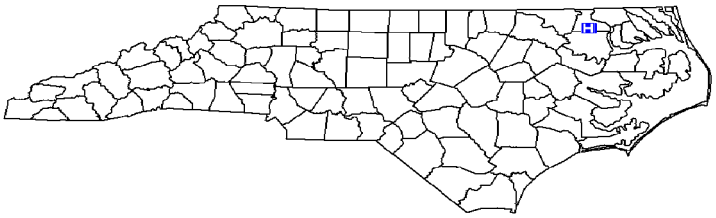
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital, Ahoskie, Hertford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,787 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 21,244 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 144 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 10 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.75 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.52 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

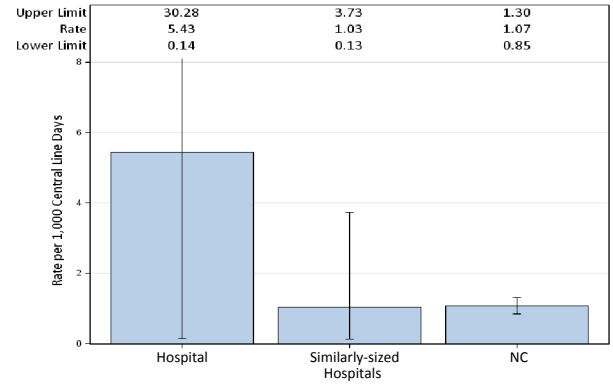



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 184 | 5.43 | 0.276 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 184 | 5.43 | 0.276 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 222 | 0 | 0.289 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 222 | 0 | 0.289 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

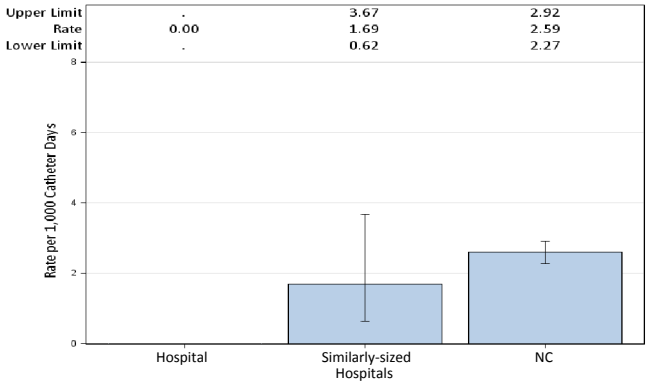



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

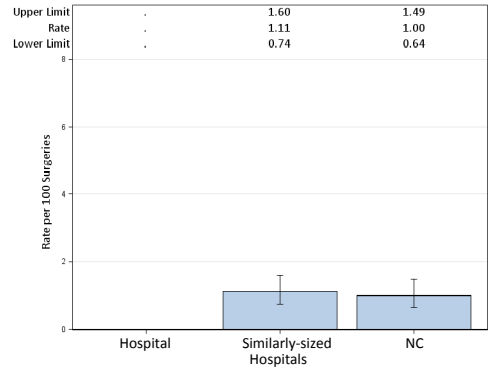



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 6 | 7 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

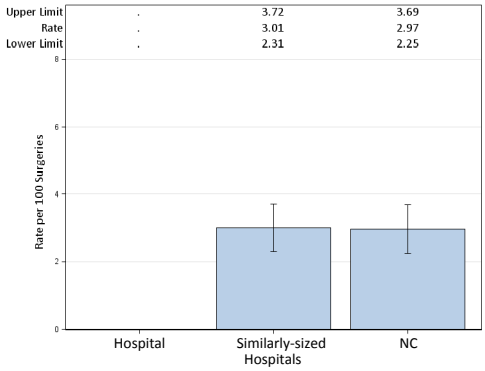



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

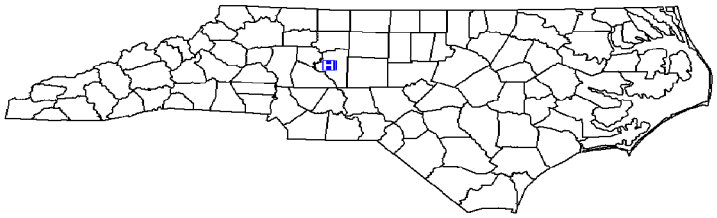
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington Medical Center, Lexington, Davidson County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 4,027 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 10,615 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 85 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 21 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.18 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

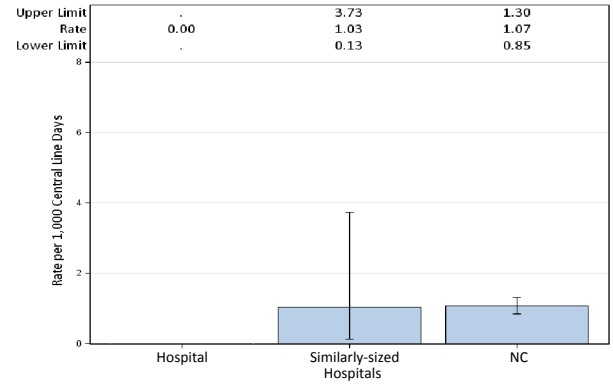



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0.167 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0.167 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 273 | 0 | 0.328 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 273 | 0 | 0.328 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

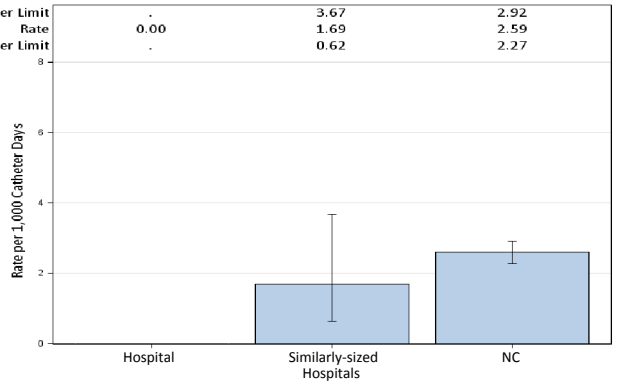



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

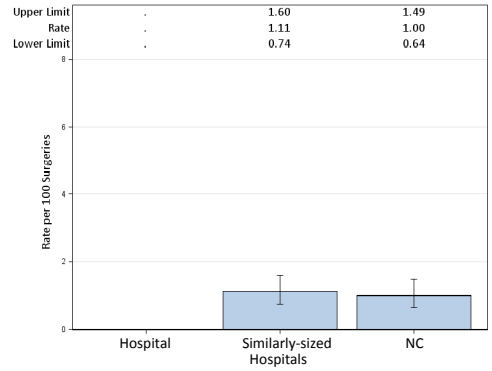



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 12 | 7 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

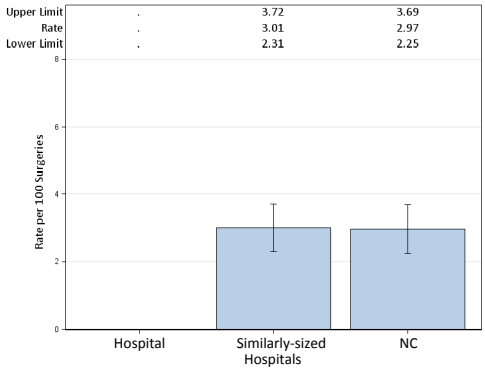



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

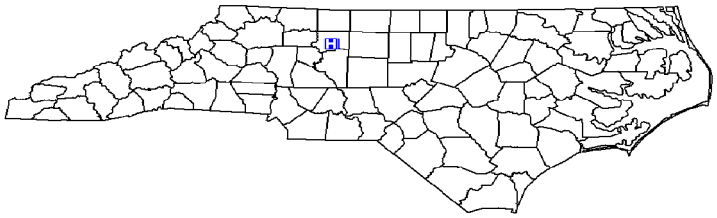
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, Winston-Salem, Forsyth County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 38,711 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 241,669 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 885 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 176 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 7.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.79 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

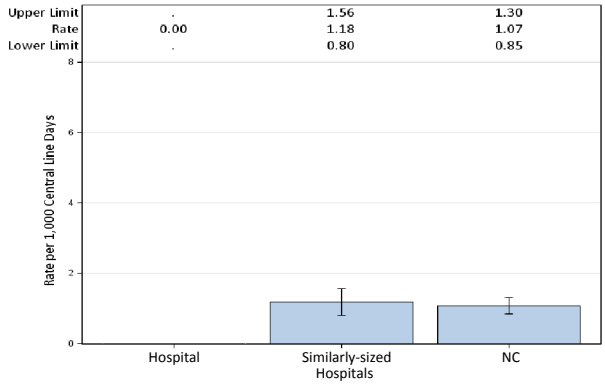



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burn | 0 | 163 | 0 | 0.897 | . | | |
| Medical | 0 | 1,103 | 0 | 2.868 | 0 | , 1.286 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 0 | 307 | 0 | 0.614 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 340 | 0 | 0.714 | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 827 | 0 | 2.126 | 0 | , 1.735 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 0 | 269 | 0 | 0.673 | . | | |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 503 | 0 | 1.509 | 0 | , 2.445 | Same |
| Surgical | 0 | 195 | 0 | 0.449 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 0 | 512 | 0 | 0.717 | . | | |
| Trauma | 0 | 160 | 0 | 0.576 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 4,379 | 0 | 11.141 | 0 | , 0.331 | Lower |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Burn | 0 | 320 | 0 | 1.408 | 0 | , 2.620 | Same |
| Medical | 6 | 2,133 | 2.81 | 4.906 | 1.223 | 0.449, 2.662 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 1 | 474 | 2.11 | 0.948 | . | | |
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 727 | 1.38 | 1.672 | 0.598 | 0.015, 3.332 | Same |
| Neurosurgical | 2 | 758 | 2.64 | 3.335 | 0.6 | 0.073, 2.166 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 1 | 297 | 3.37 | 0.832 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 0 | 133 | 0 | 0.505 | . | | |
| Surgical | 2 | 543 | 3.68 | 1.412 | 1.416 | 0.172, 5.117 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 662 | 1.51 | 1.125 | 0.889 | 0.023, 4.953 | Same |
| Trauma | 0 | 769 | 0 | 2.615 | 0 | , 1.411 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 14 | 6,816 | 2.05 | 18.758 | 0.746 | 0.408, 1.252 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

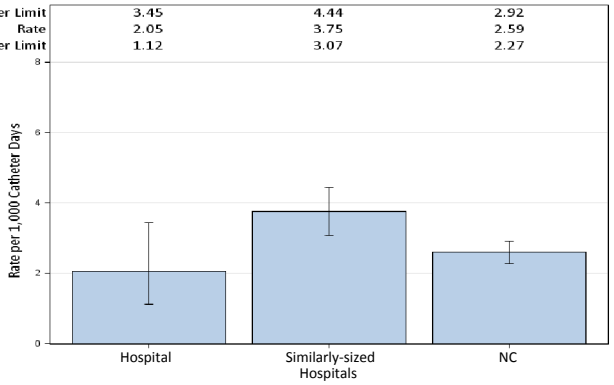



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

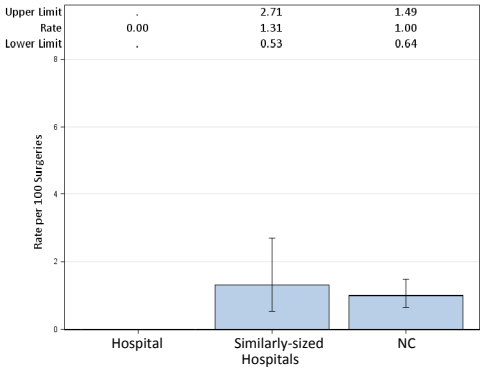



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 4 |
| Procedures | 40 | 79 |
| Rate | 0 | 5.06 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.46 | 2.84 |
| SIR** | . | 1.41 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.384, 3.610 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

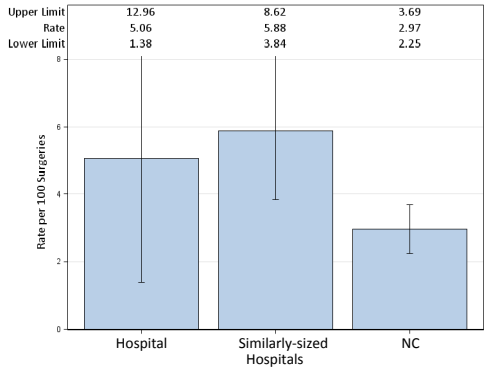



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

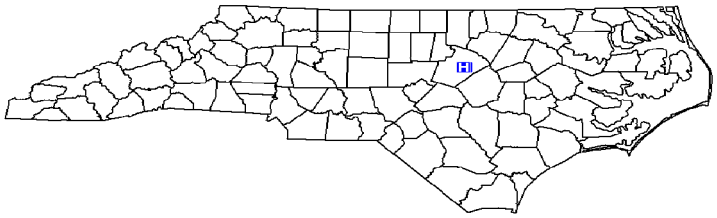
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### WakeMed, Raleigh, Wake County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | Major |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 72,523 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 178,434 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 596 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 116 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 7.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 1.17 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

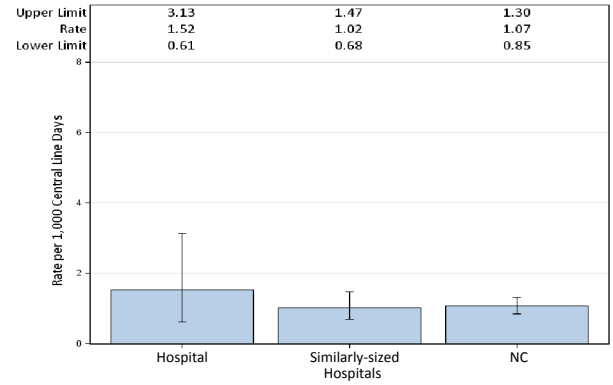



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 1 | 567 | 1.76 | 1.474 | 0.678 | 0.017, 3.780 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 4 | 1,587 | 2.52 | 3.174 | 1.26 | 0.343, 3.227 | Same |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 590 | 0 | 1.604 | 0 | , 2.300 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 220 | 0 | 0.66 | . | | |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 639 | 1.56 | 0.895 | . | | |
| Trauma | 1 | 1,008 | 0.99 | 3.629 | 0.276 | 0.007, 1.535 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 7 | 4,611 | 1.52 | 11.436 | 0.612 | 0.246, 1.261 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical | 2 | 609 | 3.28 | 1.401 | 1.428 | 0.173, 5.157 | Same |
| Medical cardiac | 4 | 1,940 | 2.06 | 3.88 | 1.031 | 0.281, 2.640 | Same |
| Pediatric medical/surgical | 0 | 168 | 0 | 0.47 | . | | |
| Rehabiliation | 2 | 710 | 2.82 | 2.698 | 0.741 | 0.090, 2.678 | Same |
| Surgical cardiothoracic | 1 | 678 | 1.47 | 1.153 | 0.867 | 0.022, 4.832 | Same |
| Trauma | 5 | 1,153 | 4.34 | 3.92 | 1.276 | 0.414, 2.977 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 14 | 5,258 | 2.66 | 13.522 | 1.035 | 0.566, 1.737 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

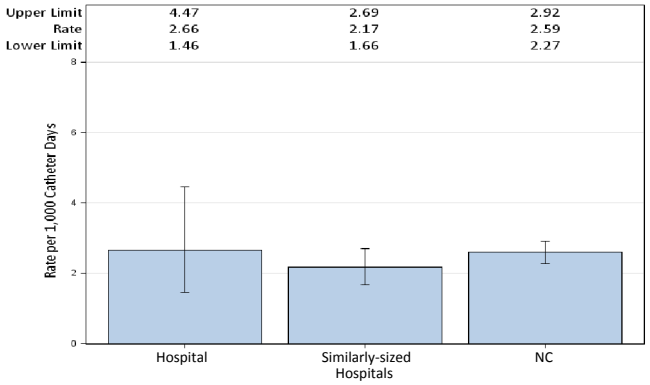



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

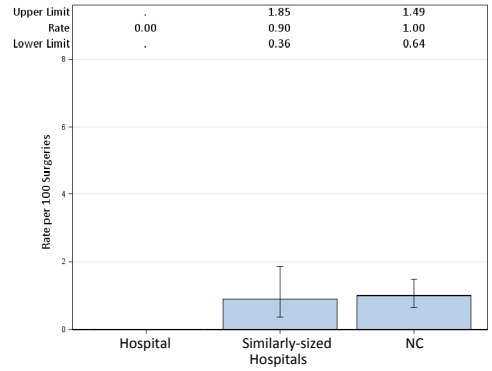



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 70 | 44 |
| Rate | 0 | 2.27 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.75 | 1.50 |
| SIR** | . | 0.665 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.017, 3.707 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

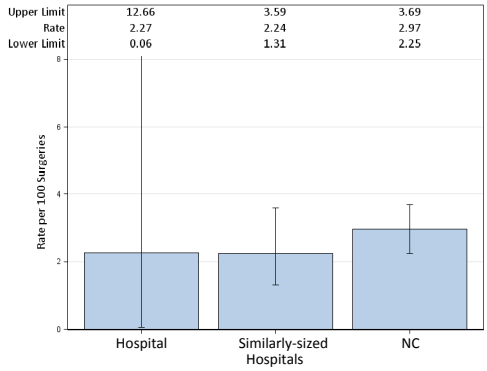



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

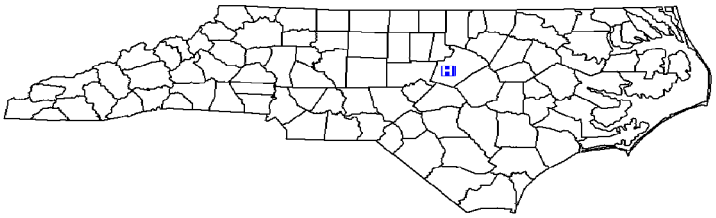
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### WakeMed Cary Hospital, Cary, Wake County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 21,834 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 46,563 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 182 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 12 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.55 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

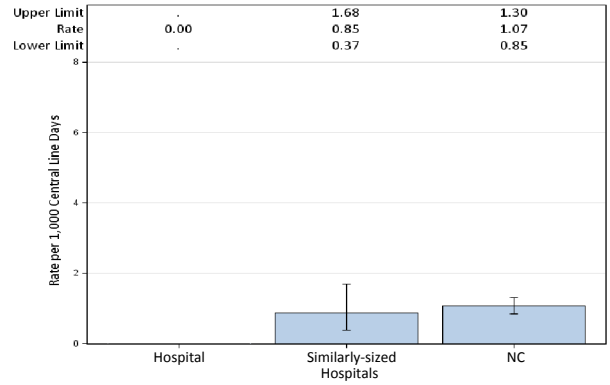



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 402 | 0 | 0.603 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 402 | 0 | 0.603 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 590 | 1.69 | 0.767 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 590 | 1.69 | 0.767 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

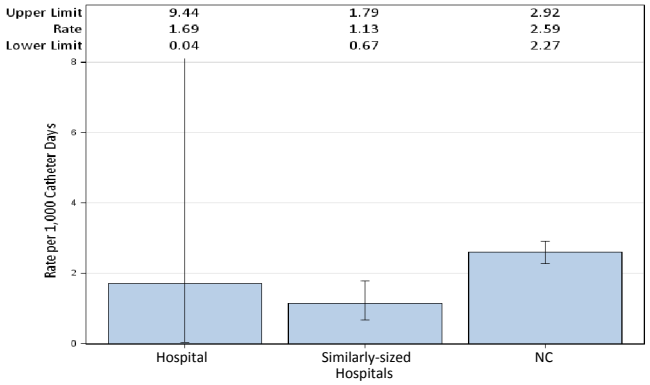



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

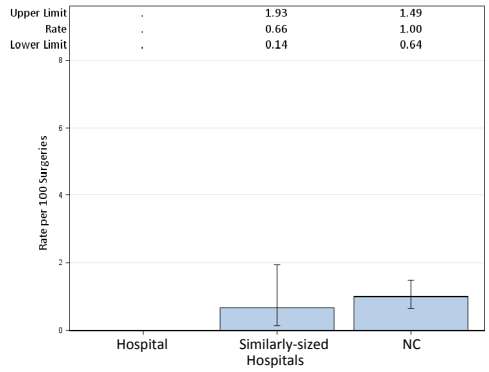



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 2 |
| Procedures | 14 | 49 |
| Rate | . | 4.08 |
| Predicted Infections | . | 1.50 |
| SIR** | . | 1.331 |
| 95% CI** | | 0.161, 4.807 |
| Interpretation | | Same |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

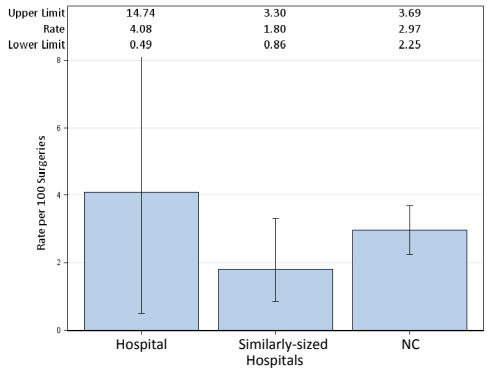



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

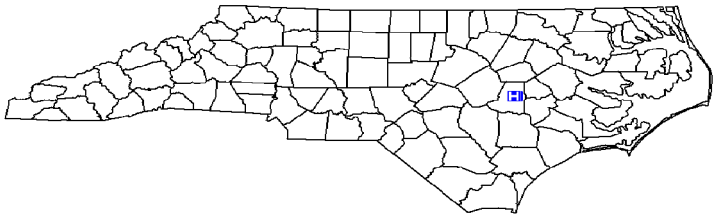
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Wayne Memorial Hospital, Goldsboro, Wayne County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 12,398 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 56,684 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 306 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 16 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 2.13 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.69 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

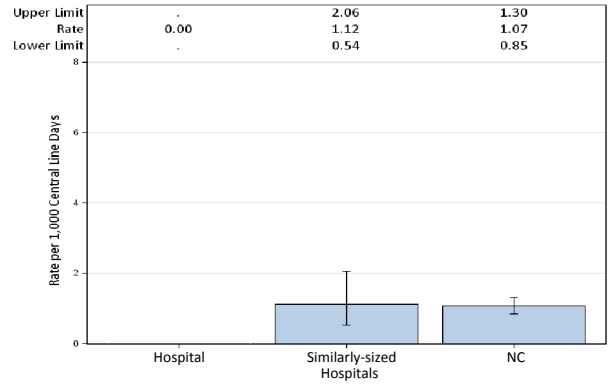



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 934 | 0 | 1.401 | 0 | , 2.633 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 934 | 0 | 1.401 | 0 | , 2.633 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 6 | 994 | 6.04 | 1.193 | 5.029 | 1.846, 10.947 | Higher |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 6 | 994 | 6.04 | 1.193 | 5.029 | 1.846, 10.947 | Higher |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

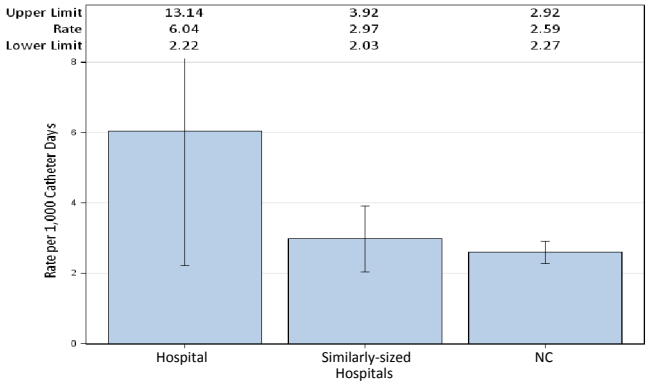



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

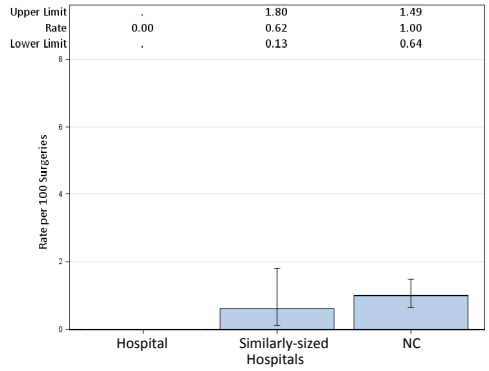



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 37 | 21 |
| Rate | 0 | 0 |
| Predicted Infections | 0.35 | 0.71 |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

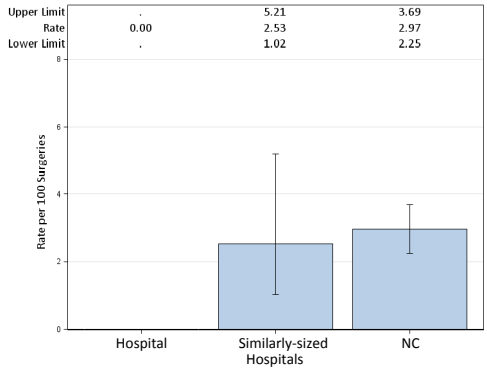



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

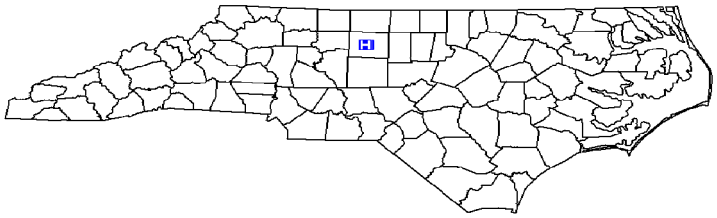
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Wesley Long Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 10,239 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 48,589 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 175 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 20 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.57 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

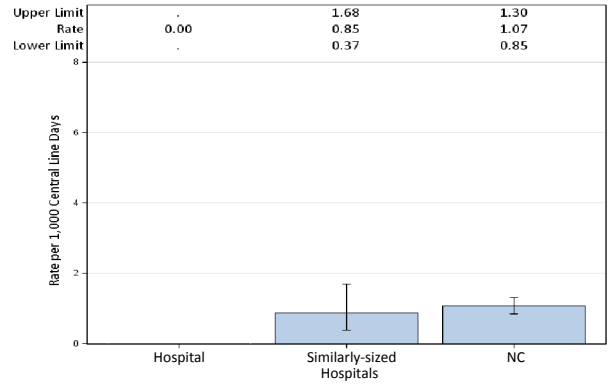



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 607 | 0 | 0.911 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 607 | 0 | 0.911 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 1,023 | 0 | 1.228 | 0 | , 3.004 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 1,023 | 0 | 1.228 | 0 | , 3.004 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

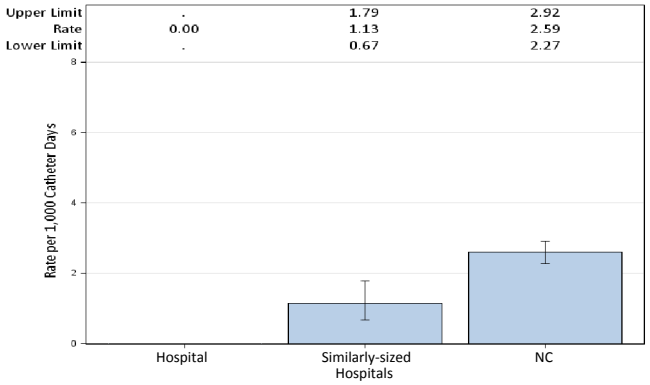



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

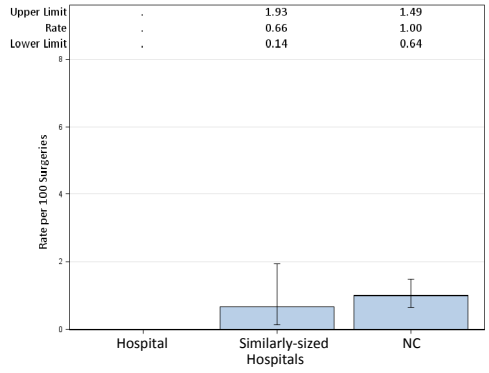



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 3 | 18 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

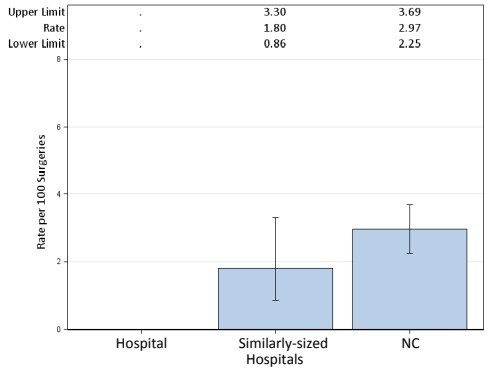



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
Cone Health is committed to preventing Healthcare Associated Infections. We have dedicated teams of experts focused on process improvements to improve our patient outcomes. Please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention if you would like further information.

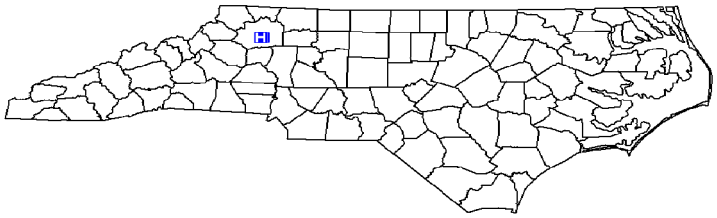
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Wilkes Regional Medical Center, North Wilkesboro, Wilkes County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 5,004 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 19,889 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 130 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 8 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 0.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.38 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

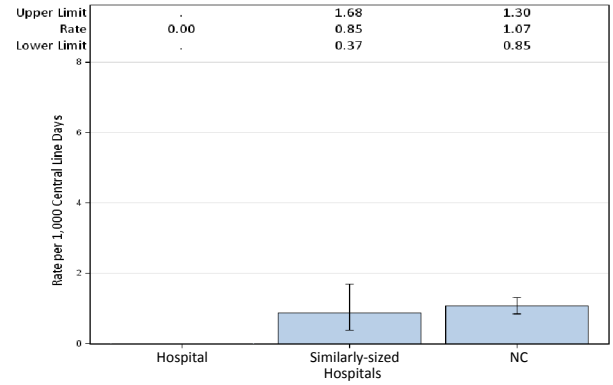



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0.18 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 320 | 0 | 0.416 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 320 | 0 | 0.416 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

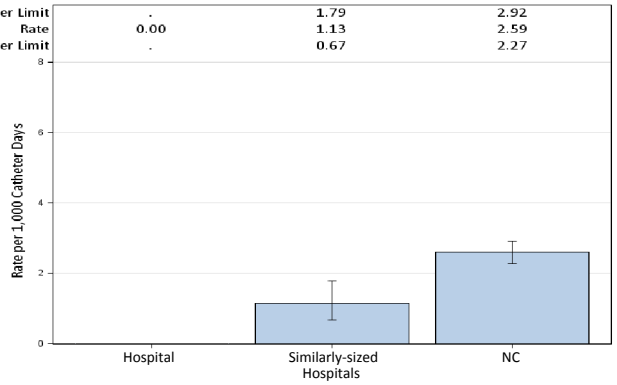



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

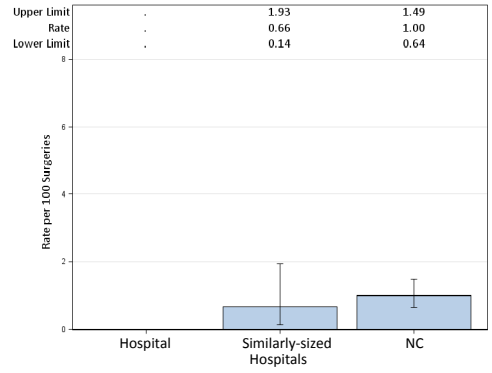



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 1 | 4 |
| Rate | . | . |
| Predicted Infections | . | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

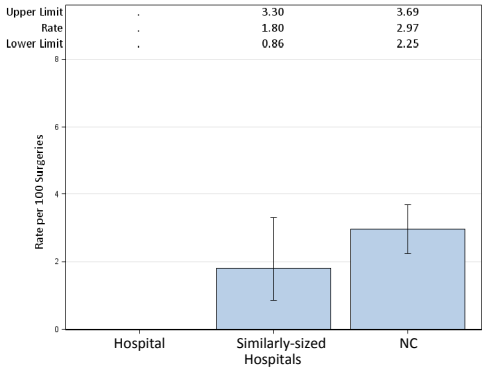



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
The prevention and reduction of healthcare associated infections is a top priority at Wilkes Regional Medical Center. To accomplish this, infection prevention strategies are continually assessed and measures implemented to decrease the risk for infection. These measures are based on evidence based practices and clinical guidelines. A comprehensive program is provided that encompasses patient care and patient safety.

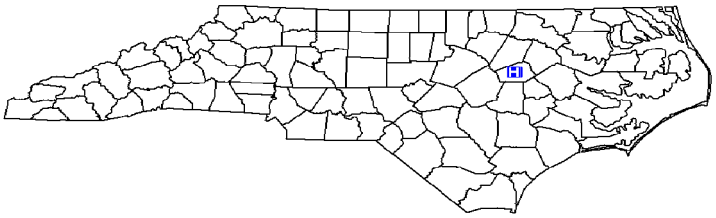
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
# Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
## Wilson Medical Center, Wilson, Wilson County

### 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 8,125 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 34,756 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 193 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 14 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.50 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.78 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



### Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

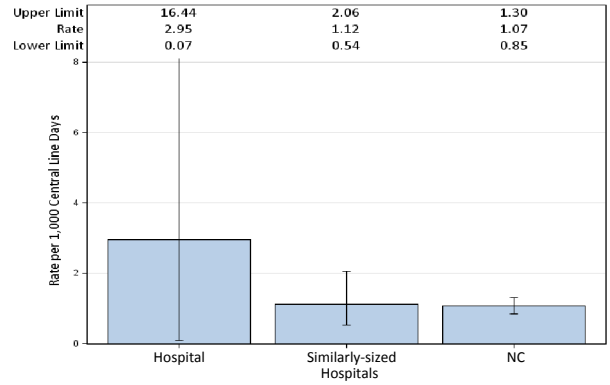



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 1 | 339 | 2.95 | 0.509 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 1 | 339 | 2.95 | 0.509 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

### Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 429 | 0 | 0.558 | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 429 | 0 | 0.558 | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

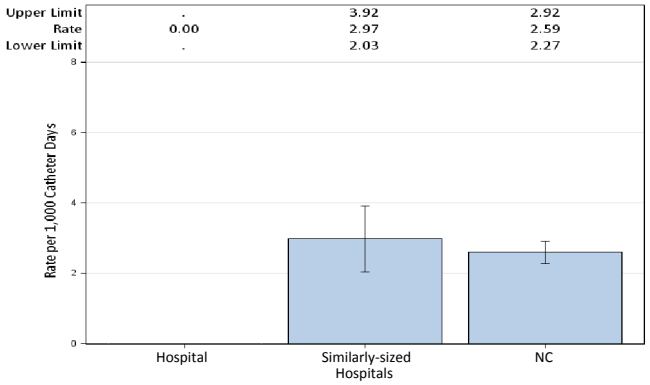



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

### Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

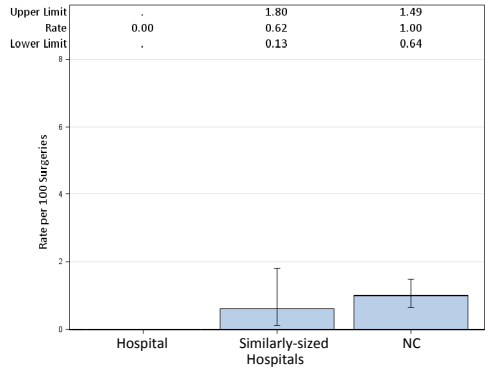



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 1 |
| Procedures | 31 | 7 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.26 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

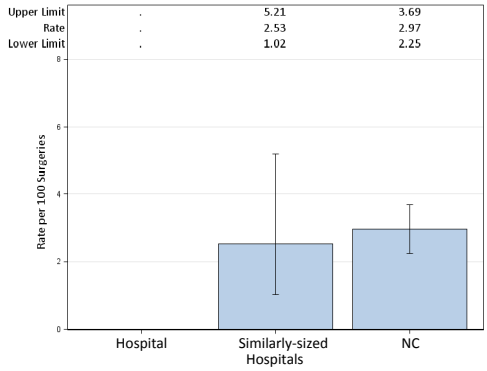



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
No comments provided.

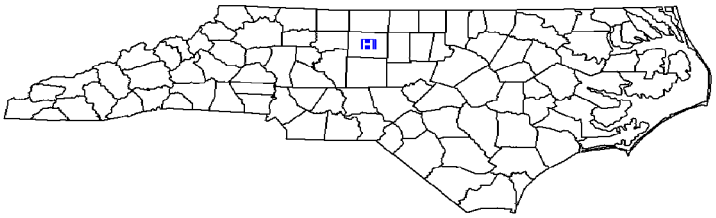
**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# North Carolina Healthcare-Associated Infections Report
## Data from January 1 – March 31, 2013
### Women's Hospital, Greensboro, Guilford County

## 2012 Hospital Survey Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Hospital Type: | Acute Care Hospital - Women's |
| Medical Affiliation: | No |
| Profit Status: | Not for Profit |
| Admissions in 2012: | 7,861 |
| Patient Days in 2012: | 42,713 |
| Total Number of Beds: | 134 |
| Number of ICU Beds: | 40 |
| FTE* Infection Preventionists: | 1.00 |
| Number of FTEs* per 100 beds: | 0.75 |

*FTE = Full-time equivalent



## Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

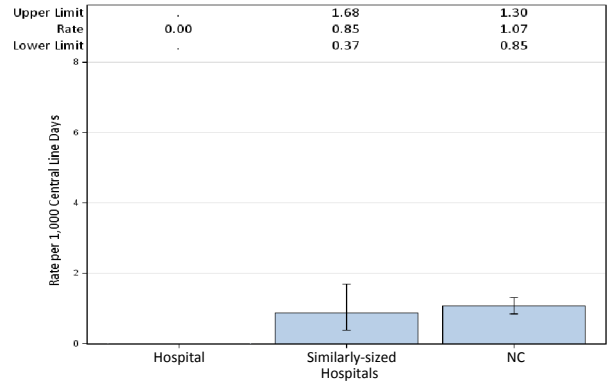



**Figure 1. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 1. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Line Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | | |
| Neonatal Level II/III | 0 | 455 | 0 | 1.059 | 0 | , 3.483 | Same |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 455 | 0 | 1.059 | 0 | , 3.483 | Same |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 central line days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 central line days and SIR not presented.

## Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

**Table 2. Rates and SIRs by ICU Type, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2009.**

| Type of ICU | Infections | Catheter Days | Rate | Predicted Infections | SIR* | 95% CI* | Interpretation |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Medical/surgical | 0 | 42 | . | . | . | | |
| YTD Total for Reporting ICUs | 0 | 42 | . | . | . | | |

*SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 1,000 catheter days. Rate was not calculated if less than 50 catheter days and SIR not presented.

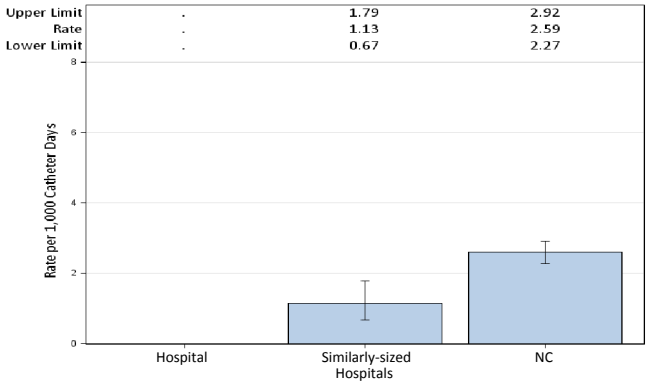



**Figure 2. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals, Jan-Mar 2013.**

## Surgical Site Infections (SSI)

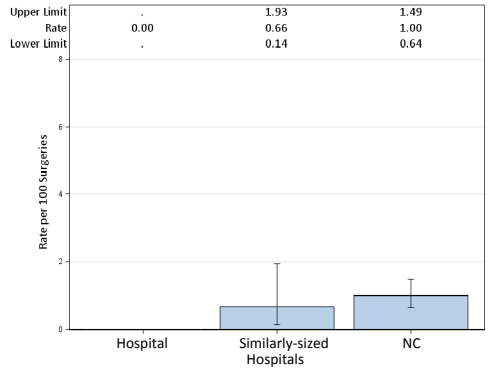



**Figure 3. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Abdominal Hysterectomies, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Table 3. Rates and SIRs by Surgery, Jan-Mar 2013 in Comparison to National Baseline Data from 2006-2008.**

| | Abdominal hysterectomy | Colon surgery |
|---|---|---|
| Infections* | 0 | 0 |
| Procedures | 28 | 0 |
| Rate | 0 | . |
| Predicted Infections | 0.33 | . |
| SIR** | . | . |
| 95% CI** | | |
| Interpretation | | |

*Infections from deep incisional and/or organ space.
**SIR, 95%CI = Standardized Infection Ratio and corresponding 95% Confidence Interval.
Note: Rate per 100 inpatient surgeries. Rate not calculated if less than 20 inpatient surgeries were performed and SIR not presented.

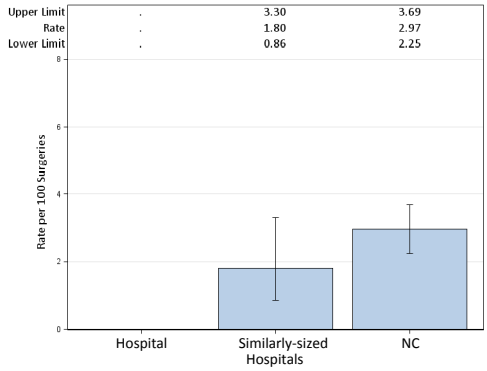



**Figure 4. Rates and 95% Confidence Intervals for Colon Surgeries, Jan-Mar 2013.**

**Commentary from Hospitals:**
Cone Health is committed to preventing Healthcare Associated Infections. We have dedicated teams of experts focused on process improvements to improve our patient outcomes. Please contact Cone Health Infection Prevention if you would like further information.

**Refer to the HAI in NC Reference Report - October 2012 (rev June 2013) for further explanation of presented statistics (epi.publichealth.nc.gov/cd/hai/figures.html).**
**Data as of June 6, 2013.**

# APPENDICES

## APPENDIX A. Definitions

| Term | Definition |
|---|---|
| Acute care hospital | A hospital that provides acute medical care due to illness, injury or following surgery to patients hospitalized for a brief period of time. |
| ASA Class | Anesthesiologist's pre-operative assessment of the patient's physical condition, using the American Society of Anesthesiologists' (ASA) Classification of Physical Status.<br>1. Normally healthy patient<br>2. Patient with mild systemic disease<br>3. Patient with severe systemic disease that is not incapacitating<br>4. Patient with an incapacitating systemic disease, constant threat to life<br>5. Patient not expected to survive for 24 hours with or without the operation |
| Bacteremia | Bloodstream infection (BSI). |
| Beds | The number of staffed beds in a facility or patient care location. This may be different from the number of licensed beds. |
| Catheter days | A daily count of the number of patients with an indwelling urinary catheter. For example, one patient with an indwelling catheter in place for two days or two patients with indwelling catheters in place for one day each would both result in two catheter days. This number is used when presenting rates of catheter-associated urinary tract infections. |
| Catheter-associated urinary tract infection | Urinary tract infection (UTI) that occurs in a patient who had an indwelling urinary catheter in place within the 48-hour period before the onset of the UTI. |
| Central line | A catheter (tube) that doctors place in a large vein in the neck, chest, or groin ending in a large vein near the heart. It is used to give medication or fluids or to collect blood for medical tests. Also known as a central venous catheter. |
| Central line-associated bloodstream infection | A bloodstream infection (BSI) that occurs in a patient who had a central line within the 48-hour period before the onset of the BSI and is not related to an infection at another site. |
| Central line days | A daily count of the number of patients with a central line. For example, one patient with a central line in place for two days or two patients with central lines in place for one day each would both result in two central line days. This number is used when presenting rates of central line-associated bloodstream infections. |
| Device days | A daily count of the number of patients with a specific device (*e.g.,* central line, umbilical catheter, or urinary catheter) in the patient care location. For example, one patient with a device in place for two days or two patients with devices in place for one day each would both result in two device days. This number is used when presenting rates of infections associated with the use of devices. |
| Full-time equivalent | The equivalent of one person working full time for one year: 8 hour per day at 5 days per week for 52 weeks per year = 2080 hours per year |
| Hand hygiene | A general term that applies to routine hand washing, antiseptic hand wash, antiseptic hand rub, or surgical hand antisepsis.<br><br>*Routine hand washing* is the use of clean water and non-antimicrobial soap to remove germs, soil and other debris from the hands.<br><br>*Antiseptic hand washing* is the use of water and antimicrobial soap to remove or kill germs on the hands. |

| Term | Definition |
|---|---|
| Hand hygiene (cont) | *Antiseptic hand rub* is the use of alcohol-based hand rubs to remove or destroy susceptible germs from the hands. Antiseptic hand rubs are less effective when hands are visibly dirty and against some viruses.<br><br>*Surgical hand antisepsis* is the use of water, antimicrobial soap and a brush to remove or kill germs and takes 2-6 minutes to complete as both hands and forearms are cleaned. Water and non-antimicrobial soap can also be used but must be followed with an alcohol-based surgical hand scrub. |
| Healthcare-associated infections | Healthcare-associated infections (HAI) are infections caused by a wide variety of common and unusual bacteria, fungi, and viruses that occur during the course of receiving medical care. |
| Inpatient rehabilitation facility | A facility that provides rehabilitation services after injury, illness, or surgery. These may be free-standing facilities or specialized units within a hospital. |
| Intensive care unit | A nursing care area that provides intensive observation, diagnosis, and therapeutic procedures for adults and/or children who are critically ill. Also referred to as critical care unit. |
| Laboratory-identified *Clostridium difficile* | A positive laboratory test result for *Clostridium difficile.* |
| Laboratory-identified Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) bacteremia | *Staphylococcus aureus* cultured from blood specimens that is oxacillin-resistant, cefoxitin-resistant, or methicillin-resistant by standard susceptibility testing methods, or by a laboratory test that is FDA-approved for MRSA detection from isolated colonies. |
| Long term acute care hospital | A hospital that provides acute medical care due to illness, injury or following surgery but the average length of patient stay is greater than 25 days. |
| Medical affiliation | Affiliation with a medical school. There are four categories:<br><br>*Major* - Facility has a program for medical students and post-graduate medical training.<br><br>*Graduate* - Facility has a program for post-graduate medical training (i.e., residency and/or fellowships).<br><br>*Undergraduate* - Facility has a program for medical students only.<br><br>*No* – Hospital not affiliated with a medical school. |
| Patient days | A daily count of the number of patients in the patient care location during a specified time period. |
| Rate | Describes the speed with which disease or events occur. The number of diseases or events per unit of time. |
| Standardized infection ratio | A ratio of observed to expected (or predicted) numbers of events that is adjusted for selected risk factors. |
| Surgical site infection | Infection that occurs after surgery, in the part of the body where the surgery took place. |
| Umbilical catheter | Long, thin plastic tubes that travel from the stump of a newborn baby's umbilical cord into the large vessels near the heart |
| Urinary catheter | A drainage tube that is inserted into the urinary bladder through the urethra, is left in place, and is connected to a closed collection system. |

| Term | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| Validity (data) | The extent to which reported cases of a disease or event correspond accurately to cases of a disease event that actually occurred. |

## APPENDIX B. Acronyms

| | |
|---|---|
| ACH | Acute care hospital (short-term) |
| ASA | American Society of Anesthesiologists |
| CAUTI | Catheter-associated urinary tract infection |
| CCME | Carolinas Center for Medical Excellence |
| CCU | Critical care unit |
| CDB | Communicable Disease Branch |
| CDC | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention |
| *C. diff* | *Clostridium difficile* |
| CI | Confidence interval |
| CMS | Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services |
| CLABSI | Central line-associated bloodstream infection |
| CRE | Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae |
| DHHS | Department of Health and Human Services |
| DPH | Division of Public Health |
| FTE | Full-time equivalent |
| HAI | Healthcare-associated Infections |
| ICU | Intensive care unit |
| IPs | Infection preventionists |
| IRF | Inpatient rehabilitation facility |
| LTAC | Long-term acute care hospital |
| MRSA | Methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* |
| NCHA | North Carolina Hospital Association |
| NHSN | National Healthcare Safety Network |
| NICU | Neonatal intensive (critical) care unit |
| SIR | Standardized infection ratio |
| SSI | Surgical site infection |
| VRE | Vancomycin-resistant *Enterococcus* |

# FAQs
(frequently asked questions)

about

# "Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infections"

(also known as "Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections")

*What is a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?*

A "central line" or "central catheter" is a tube that is placed into a patient's large vein, usually in the neck, chest, arm, or groin. The catheter is often used to draw blood, or give fluids or medications. It may be left in place for several weeks. A bloodstream infection can occur when bacteria or other germs travel down a "central line" and enter the blood. If you develop a catheter-associated bloodstream infection you may become ill with fevers and chills or the skin around the catheter may become sore and red.

*Can a catheter-related bloodstream infection be treated?*

A catheter-associated bloodstream infection is serious, but often can be successfully treated with antibiotics. The catheter might need to be removed if you develop an infection.

*What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections?*

To prevent catheter-associated bloodstream infections doctors and nurses will:

- Choose a vein where the catheter can be safely inserted and where the risk for infection is small.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before putting in the catheter.
- Wear a mask, cap, sterile gown, and sterile gloves when putting in the catheter to keep it sterile. The patient will be covered with a sterile sheet.
- Clean the patient's skin with an antiseptic cleanser before putting in the catheter.
- Clean their hands, wear gloves, and clean the catheter opening with an antiseptic solution before using the catheter to draw blood or give medications. Healthcare providers also clean their hands and wear gloves when changing the bandage that covers the area where the catheter enters the skin.
- Decide every day if the patient still needs to have the catheter. The catheter will be removed as soon as it is no longer needed.
- Carefully handle medications and fluids that are given through the catheter.

*What can I do to help prevent a catheter-associated bloodstream infection?*

- Ask your doctors and nurses to explain why you need the catheter and how long you will have it.
- Ask your doctors and nurses if they will be using all of the prevention methods discussed above.
- Make sure that all doctors and nurses caring for you clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for you.

**If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.**

- If the bandage comes off or becomes wet or dirty, tell your nurse or doctor immediately.
- Inform your nurse or doctor if the area around your catheter is sore or red.
- Do not let family and friends who visit touch the catheter or the tubing.
- Make sure family and friends clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you.

*What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?*

Some patients are sent home from the hospital with a catheter in order to continue their treatment. If you go home with a catheter, your doctors and nurses will explain everything you need to know about taking care of your catheter.

- Make sure you understand how to care for the catheter before leaving the hospital. For example, ask for instructions on showering or bathing with the catheter and how to change the catheter dressing.
- Make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- Make sure you wash your hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before handling your catheter.
- Watch for the signs and symptoms of catheter-associated bloodstream infection, such as soreness or redness at the catheter site or fever, and call your healthcare provider immediately if any occur.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

Co-sponsored by:

SHEA The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America · IDSA · American Hospital Association · APIC Spreading knowledge. Preventing infection. · CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention · The Joint Commission

# FAQs
(frequently asked questions)

about
# *"Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection"*

*What is "catheter-associated urinary tract infection"?*

A urinary tract infection (also called "UTI") is an infection in the urinary system, which includes the bladder (which stores the urine) and the kidneys (which filter the blood to make urine). Germs (for example, bacteria or yeasts) do not normally live in these areas; but if germs are introduced, an infection can occur.

If you have a urinary catheter, germs can travel along the catheter and cause an infection in your bladder or your kidney; in that case it is called a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (or "CA-UTI").

*What is a urinary catheter?*

A urinary catheter is a thin tube placed in the bladder to drain urine. Urine drains through the tube into a bag that collects the urine. A urinary catheter may be used:

- If you are not able to urinate on your own
- To measure the amount of urine that you make, for example, during intensive care
- During and after some types of surgery
- During some tests of the kidneys and bladder

People with urinary catheters have a much higher chance of getting a urinary tract infection than people who don't have a catheter.

*How do I get a catheter-associated urinary tract infection (CA-UTI)?*

If germs enter the urinary tract, they may cause an infection. Many of the germs that cause a catheter-associated urinary tract infection are common germs found in your intestines that do not usually cause an infection there. Germs can enter the urinary tract when the catheter is being put in or while the catheter remains in the bladder.

*What are the symptoms of a urinary tract infection?*

Some of the common symptoms of a urinary tract infection are:

- Burning or pain in the lower abdomen (that is, below the stomach)
- Fever
- Bloody urine may be a sign of infection, but is also caused by other problems
- Burning during urination or an increase in the frequency of urination after the catheter is removed.

Sometimes people with catheter-associated urinary tract infections do not have these symptoms of infection.

*Can catheter-associated urinary tract infections be treated?*

Yes, most catheter-associated urinary tract infections can be treated with antibiotics and removal or change of the catheter. Your doctor will determine which antibiotic is best for you.

*What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent catheter-associated urinary tract infections?*

To prevent urinary tract infections, doctors and nurses take the following actions.

**Catheter insertion**

- o Catheters are put in only when necessary and they are removed as soon as possible.
- o Only properly trained persons insert catheters using sterile ("clean") technique.
- o The skin in the area where the catheter will be inserted is cleaned before inserting the catheter.
- o Other methods to drain the urine are sometimes used, such as
- External catheters in men (these look like condoms and are placed over the penis rather than into the penis)
- Putting a temporary catheter in to drain the urine and removing it right away. This is called intermittent urethral catheterization.

**Catheter care**

- o Healthcare providers clean their hands by washing them with soap and water or using an alcohol-based hand rub before and after touching your catheter.

  If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.
- o Avoid disconnecting the catheter and drain tube. This helps to prevent germs from getting into the catheter tube.
- o The catheter is secured to the leg to prevent pulling on the catheter.
- o Avoid twisting or kinking the catheter.
- o Keep the bag lower than the bladder to prevent urine from backflowing to the bladder.
- o Empty the bag regularly. The drainage spout should not touch anything while emptying the bag.

*What can I do to help prevent catheter-associated urinary tract infections if I have a catheter?*

- Always clean your hands before and after doing catheter care.
- Always keep your urine bag below the level of your bladder.
- Do not tug or pull on the tubing.
- Do not twist or kink the catheter tubing.
- Ask your healthcare provider each day if you still need the catheter.

*What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?*

- If you will be going home with a catheter, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of the catheter. Make sure you understand how to care for it before you leave the hospital.
- If you develop any of the symptoms of a urinary tract infection, such as burning or pain in the lower abdomen, fever, or an increase in the frequency of urination, contact your doctor or nurse immediately.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.

If you have questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

# FAQs
(frequently asked questions)

about
# *"Surgical Site Infections"*

*What is a Surgical Site Infection (SSI)?*

A surgical site infection is an infection that occurs after surgery in the part of the body where the surgery took place. Most patients who have surgery do not develop an infection. However, infections develop in about 1 to 3 out of every 100 patients who have surgery.

Some of the common symptoms of a surgical site infection are:

- Redness and pain around the area where you had surgery
- Drainage of cloudy fluid from your surgical wound
- Fever

*Can SSIs be treated?*

Yes. Most surgical site infections can be treated with antibiotics. The antibiotic given to you depends on the bacteria (germs) causing the infection. Sometimes patients with SSIs also need another surgery to treat the infection.

*What are some of the things that hospitals are doing to prevent SSIs?*

To prevent SSIs, doctors, nurses, and other healthcare providers:

- Clean their hands and arms up to their elbows with an antiseptic agent just before the surgery.
- Clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after caring for each patient.
- May remove some of your hair immediately before your surgery using electric clippers if the hair is in the same area where the procedure will occur. They should not shave you with a razor.
- Wear special hair covers, masks, gowns, and gloves during surgery to keep the surgery area clean.
- Give you antibiotics before your surgery starts. In most cases, you should get antibiotics within 60 minutes before the surgery starts and the antibiotics should be stopped within 24 hours after surgery.
- Clean the skin at the site of your surgery with a special soap that kills germs.

*What can I do to help prevent SSIs?*

***Before your surgery:***

- Tell your doctor about other medical problems you may have. Health problems such as allergies, diabetes, and obesity could affect your surgery and your treatment.
- Quit smoking. Patients who smoke get more infections. Talk to your doctor about how you can quit before your surgery.
- Do not shave near where you will have surgery. Shaving with a razor can irritate your skin and make it easier to develop an infection.

***At the time of your surgery:***

- Speak up if someone tries to shave you with a razor before surgery. Ask why you need to be shaved and talk with your surgeon if you have any concerns.
- Ask if you will get antibiotics before surgery.

***After your surgery:***

- Make sure that your healthcare providers clean their hands before examining you, either with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub.

  If you do not see your providers clean their hands, please ask them to do so.

- Family and friends who visit you should not touch the surgical wound or dressings.
- Family and friends should clean their hands with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand rub before and after visiting you. If you do not see them clean their hands, ask them to clean their hands.

*What do I need to do when I go home from the hospital?*

- Before you go home, your doctor or nurse should explain everything you need to know about taking care of your wound. Make sure you understand how to care for your wound before you leave the hospital.
- Always clean your hands before and after caring for your wound.
- Before you go home, make sure you know who to contact if you have questions or problems after you get home.
- If you have any symptoms of an infection, such as redness and pain at the surgery site, drainage, or fever, call your doctor immediately.

If you have additional questions, please ask your doctor or nurse.

Co-sponsored by:

SHEA The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America · IDSA · American Hospital Association · APIC Spreading knowledge. Preventing infection.™ · CDC Centers for Disease Control and Prevention · The Joint Commission

## APPENDIX D. Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAI) Advisory Group, February 2013

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Duke Infection Control Outreach Network
Duke University Medical Center

**Margaret A. Comin, RN, BSN, MPA**
Division of Medical Assistance

**Evelyn Cook, RN, CIC**
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Duke Infection Control Outreach Network

**Megan Davies, MD (Chair)**
N.C. Division of Public Health

**Chris DeRienzo, MD, MPP**
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**Evelyn Foust, MPH, CPM**
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**Teresa M. Gilbert, MT (AMT), CIC**
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Consumer/patient advocate

**Millie R. Harding, CPA**
North Carolina Hospital Association

**Debbie S. Holloman, CSSBB**
Consumer/patient advocate

**G. Mark Holmes, PhD**
UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health

**Kirk Huslage, RN, BSN, MSPH, CIC**
N.C. Statewide Program for Infection Control and Epidemiology

**Representative Verla Insko (Orange County)**
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N.C. Association of Local Health Directors
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**Katie Passaretti, MD**
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**Sylvia I. Pegg, RN, BSN, CIC**
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**Charles Riddick, CEO**
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Durham VAMC

## APPENDIX E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2012 National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey

### Appendix E1. Healthcare Facility Group: Short-term Acute Care Hospitals

| Hospital Groups | Hospital Name | Number of Beds |
|---|---|---|
| 1-99 Beds | Anson Community Hospital | 30 |
| | Blue Ridge Regional Hospital | 46 |
| | Brunswick Novant Medical Center | 74 |
| | Caldwell Memorial Hospital | 82 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center-University | 94 |
| | Franklin Regional Medical Center | 70 |
| | Granville Medical Center | 62 |
| | Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital | 81 |
| | Martin General Hospital | 49 |
| | Mcdowell Hospital | 52 |
| | Medical Park Hospital | 22 |
| | Medwest-Harris Regional Hospital | 94 |
| | Murphy Medical Center | 57 |
| | Person Memorial Hospital | 38 |
| | Presbyterian Hospital Huntersville | 75 |
| | Sandhills Regional Medical Center | 64 |
| | Vidant Beaufort Hospital | 83 |
| | Vidant Duplin Hospital | 89 |
| | Wake Forest Baptist Health-Lexington MC | 85 |
| 100-199 Beds | ARHS-Watauga Medical Center | 110 |
| | Albemarle Health Authority | 135 |
| | Annie Penn Hospital | 110 |
| | Betsy Johnson Regional | 101 |
| | Blue Ridge Healthcare-Morganton | 184 |
| | Blue Ridge Healthcare-Valdese | 131 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center-Lincoln | 101 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center-Mercy | 162 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center-Union | 171 |
| | Carteret General Hospital | 135 |
| | Catawba Valley Medical Center | 190 |
| | Central Carolina Hospital | 108 |
| | Columbus Regional Healthcare System | 106 |
| | Davis Regional Medical Center | 130 |
| | Duke Raleigh Hospital | 148 |
| | Halifax Regional Medical Center | 128 |
| | Haywood Regional Medical Center | 100 |
| | Iredell Memorial Hospital | 199 |
| | Johnston Health | 199 |
| | Kings Mountain Hospital | 102 |
| | Lake Norman Regional Medical Center | 123 |
| | Maria Parham Medical Center | 102 |
| | Morehead Memorial Hospital | 108 |
| | Northern Hospital Of Surry County | 100 |
| | Onslow Memorial Hospital | 162 |
| | Park Ridge Health | 100 |

## APPENDIX E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2012 National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey

### Appendix E1. Healthcare Facility Group: Short-term Acute Care Hospitals

| Hospital Groups | Hospital Name | Number of Beds |
|---|---|---|
| | Presbyterian Hospital Matthews | 117 |
| | Randolph Hospital | 119 |
| | Rutherford Regional Medical Center | 120 |
| | Sampson Regional Medical Center | 116 |
| | Scotland Memorial Hospital | 104 |
| | Stanly Regional Medical Center | 119 |
| | Thomasville Medical Center | 149 |
| | Vidant Edgecombe Hospital | 117 |
| | Vidant Roanoke Chowan Hospital | 144 |
| | WakeMed Cary Hospital | 182 |
| | Wesley Long Hospital | 175 |
| | Wilkes Regional Medical Center | 130 |
| | Wilson Medical Center | 193 |
| | Women's Hospital | 134 |
| 200-399 Beds | Alamance Regional Medical Center | 202 |
| | CarolinaEast Medical Center | 350 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center-Pineville | 206 |
| | Cleveland Regional Medical Center | 241 |
| | Durham Regional Hospital | 301 |
| | Frye Regional Medical Center | 355 |
| | High Point Regional Health System | 363 |
| | Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Inc | 216 |
| | Nash Health Care Systems | 237 |
| | Pardee Hospital | 222 |
| | Rowan Regional Medical Center | 268 |
| | Southeastern Regional Medical Center | 319 |
| | Wayne Memorial Hospital | 306 |
| 400+ Beds | Cape Fear Valley Health System | 612 |
| | Carolinas Medical Center- Northeast | 457 |
| | FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital | 528 |
| | Forsyth Medical Center | 861 |
| | Gaston Memorial Hospital | 402 |
| | Mission Hospitals, Inc | 763 |
| | Moses Cone Hospital | 536 |
| | New Hanover Regional Medical Center | 579 |
| | Presbyterian Hospital Charlotte | 609 |
| | Rex Healthcare | 479 |
| | WakeMed | 596 |
| Primary Medical School Affiliation | Carolinas Medical Center | 880 |
| | Duke University Hospital | 850 |
| | UNC Health Care | 848 |
| | Vidant Medical Center | 870 |
| | Wake Forest University Baptist MC | 885 |

**APPENDIX E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2012 National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey**

**Appendix E2. Healthcare Facility Group: Long-term Acute Care Hospitals**

| Hospital Name |
|---|
| Asheville Specialty Hospital |
| Carolinas Specialty Hospital |
| Crawley Memorial Hospital |
| Highsmith Rainey Specialty Hospital |
| Kindred Hospital Greensboro |
| Lifecare Hospitals Of North Carolina |
| Select Specialty Hospital-Durham |
| Select Specialty Hospital-Greensboro |
| Select Specialty Hospital-Winston Salem |

**APPENDIX E. Healthcare Facility Groupings, 2012 National Healthcare Safety Network Annual Hospital Survey**

**Appendix E3. Healthcare Facility Group: Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities & Wards**

| Hospital Name | Rehabilitation Facility or Ward |
|---|---|
| Cape Fear Valley Health System | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| CarePartners Health Services | Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility |
| CarolinaEast Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Carolinas Medical Center | Pediatric rehabilitation ward |
| Carolinas Rehabilitation | Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility |
| Catawba Valley Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Durham Regional Hospital | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| FirstHealth Moore Regional Hospital | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Forsyth Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| | Pediatric rehabilitation ward |
| Frye Regional Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| High Point Regional Health System | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Lenoir Memorial Hospital, Inc | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Maria Parham Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Moses Cone Hospital | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Nash Health Care Systems | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| New Hanover Regional Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Rowan Regional Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Scotland Memorial Hospital | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Stanly Regional Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| UNC Health Care | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Vidant Edgecombe Hospital | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Vidant Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center | Adult rehabilitation ward |
| WakeMed | Adult rehabilitation ward |